CS770/870 Assignment 2

Due date: Monday, September 21st, 2020, before midnight.

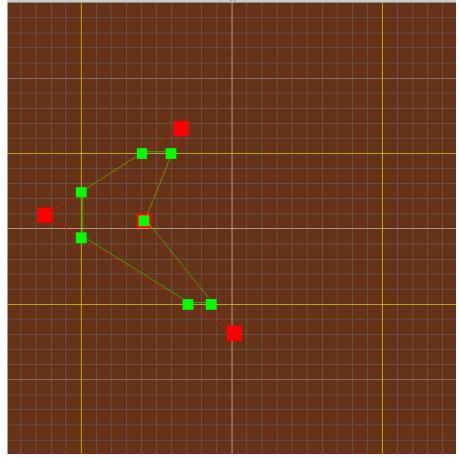
Lateness Penalty: Tue: 5% Wed: 10% Thu: 20% Fri: 50% Sat/Sun/Mon: 100%

Goals

In this assignment, you will gain more experience with the GLFW event model and 2D graphics. You will implement both the Sutherland-Hodgman polygon clipping algorithm, and a pixel-rasterizing algorithmm.

Tasks

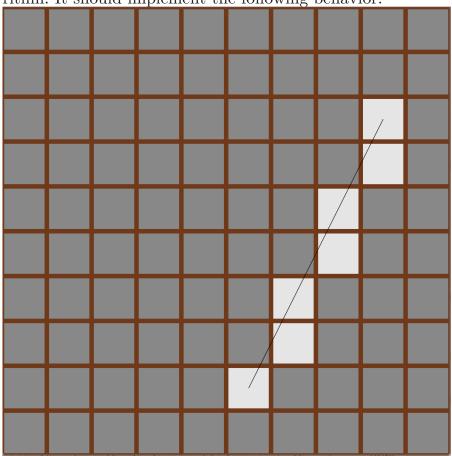
1. [50 points] Write a program that demonstrates the Sutherland-Hodgman clipping algorithm. It should implement the following behavior:



• There is a clipping window from x_left=-1 to x_right=+1, and y_bottom=-0.5 to y_top=+0.5. This window should be drawn with yellow lines that extend past the sides of the window.

- Each click in an empty region will add another (x y) vertex to the current polygon. The polygon is stored as a sequence of (x y) points, and each click adds a point to the end of this sequence.
- \circ Each polygon vertex is drawn as a 0.1×0.1 yellow square, and polygon edges are drawn as red line segments.
- A click on an existing vertex starts dragging it.
- \circ Whenever the polygon is changed (by adding a new vertex, or dragging an existing one), a clipped polygon should be obtained. This polygon should be drawn with green lines and green 0.5×0.5 vertices.

2. [50 points] Implement a program that demonstrates a line rasterization algorithm. It should implement the following behavior:



- \circ The window contains a 10×10 grid of grey squares, each one 0.9×0.9 .
- When the user clicks somewhere, and drags the mouse, the program will draw a black line segment that begins at the mouse-down pixel, and ends at the pixel where the mouse currently is.
- When the user releases the mouse, the line should remain, but should not be updated.
- The endpoints of the line segment should be at the centers of the corre-

sponding pixels.

• Each pixel that the line is closest to should be drawn white, not gray.

New! Improved!

I'm supplying starting code. The code includes these changes:

- The Mesh class now has an update_vertex method, which lets you modify the coordinates of one vertex. You can now re-use Mesh objects, such as ones that are drawn with GL_LINE_STRIPs. You no longer have to re-allocate and delete Mesh objects.
- The add_vertex function (which adds an x y z point to an array of coordinates, with an associated element index), has been moved the util.cpp file.

Submitting Your Work

When you are done, go to mycourses.unh.edu, find the course, and the assignment. Then click Submit, and upload both clipper.cpp and rasterizer.cpp.