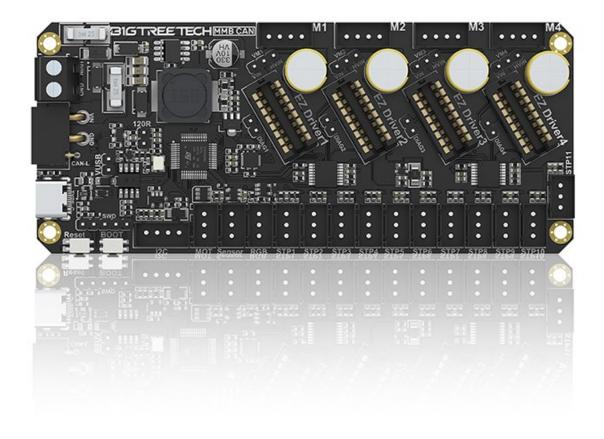
# MMB CAN V1.0

**User Manual** 



# **Revision Log**

Version	Date	Revisions
v1.00	23rd August 2023	Initial Version
V1.01	January 16, 2024	Correct the driver pin description.
V1.02	January 17, 2024	Fix the pin of stop.

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#### **Product Profile**

BIGTREETECH MMB CAN V1.0 is a control board for multi-material 3D printing system, e.g., ERCF. It simplifies wiring by communicating via USB or CAN.

## **Feature Highlights**

- The board has BOOT and RESET buttons, allowing users to update firmware in DFU mode via USB.
- I2C interface reserved for filament run out/clogging detection, or other DIY functions.
- The power interface has reverse polarity protection to prevent the board from being damaged if power cables are connected incorrectly during DIY.
- Supports CAN or USB communication, with selectable 120R terminal resistance for CAN and reserved CAN expansion interface.
- USB port has ESD protection to prevent controller damage from electrostatic discharge.
- Uses XT30 interface for CAN communication and board power supply, simplifying wiring.
- · Stepper motor driver supports high and low voltage selection for DIY use.

## **Specifications**

Dimensions 125mm x 54mm

Refer to

Installation Size <u>BIGTREETECH MMB CAN V1.0-SIZE.pdf</u>
Microprocessor ARM Cortex-M0+ STM32G0B1CBT6 64MHz

Input Voltage DC12V-DC24V 9A

Logic Voltage DC 3.3V

Servo Interface (MOT)

Maximum Output 5V 2A, peak 2.5A

STP1-STP11, I2C, RGB, Sensor (infrared sensor

Expansion Interfaces interface), USB, CAN

Motor Driver Support EZ Drive (supports voltage selection)

Driver Operating Modes STEP/DIR, UART, SPI

Stepper Motor Interfaces M1, M2, M3, M4

USB Communication

Interface USB Type-C

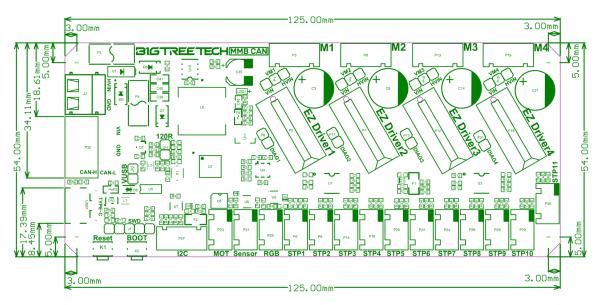
DCDC 5V Output

Maximum Current 3.6A

## **Firmware Support**

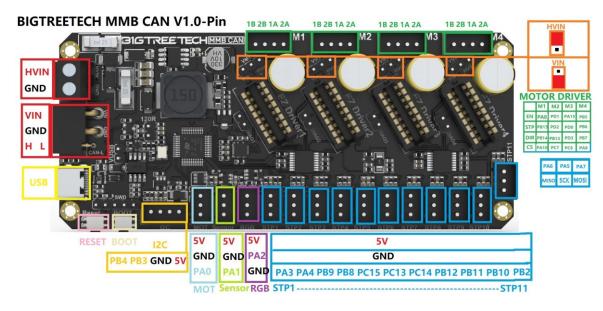
Currently, MMB CAN V1.0 only supports Klipper firmware.

## **Product Dimensions**



# **Peripheral Interfaces**

## **Pin Description**



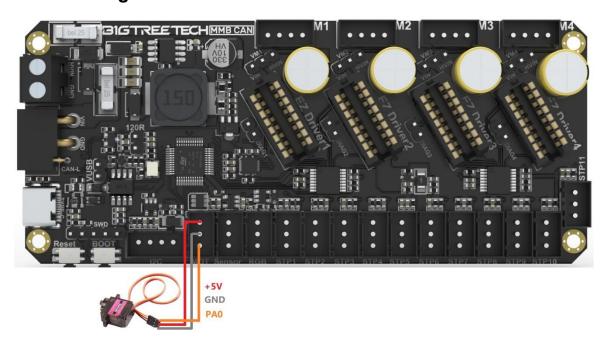
## **Interface Introduction**

## **USB Power Supply**

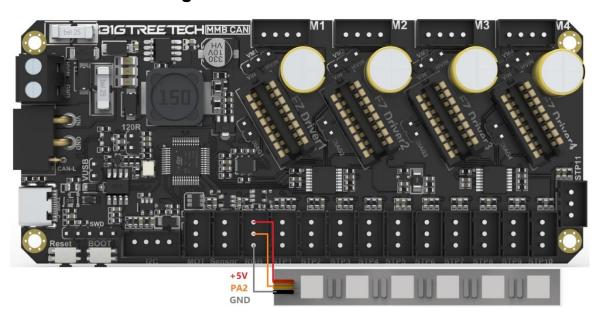
After the board is powered on, the power indicator light will turn on, indicating that the power supply is normal. The VUSB label on the board is the power selection terminal, and a jumper is needed to short VUSB only when using USB to power the board.



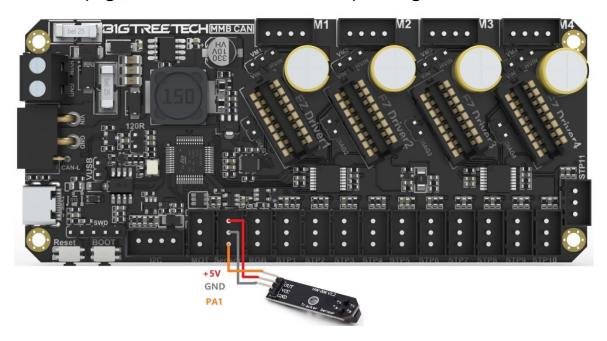
## **Servo Wiring**



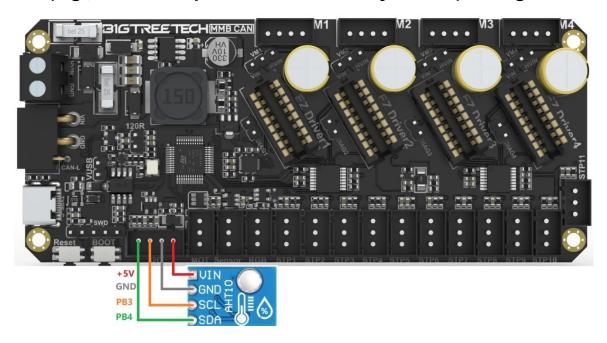
# **RGB-WS2812 Wiring**



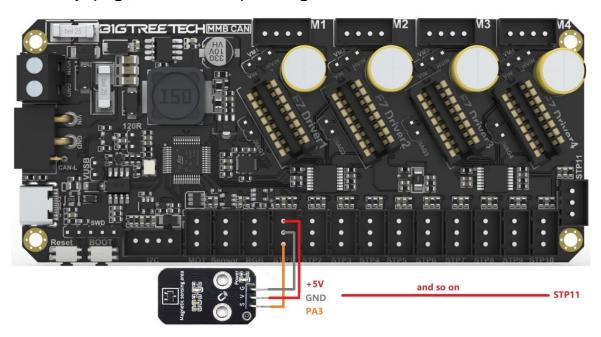
# Sensor (e.g., CRT5000 infrared sensor) Wiring



# I2C (e.g., AHT10 temperature and humidity sensor) Wiring



# Endstop (e.g., Hall sensor) Wiring



## Klipper Firmware

## Flashing CANBOOT

Note: CanBoot is for updating MCU firmware directly via CAN bus. If you prefer DFU, skip this step.

To flash CanBoot on Raspberry Pi or CB1, follow the instructions at <a href="https://github.com/Arksine/CanBoot">https://github.com/Arksine/CanBoot</a>

1. Enter

cd ~

Navigate to the main directory and input git clone <a href="https://github.com/Arksine/CanBoot">https://github.com/Arksine/CanBoot</a> to download the CanBoot project. Then enter

#### cd CanBoot

navigate to the CanBoot directory.

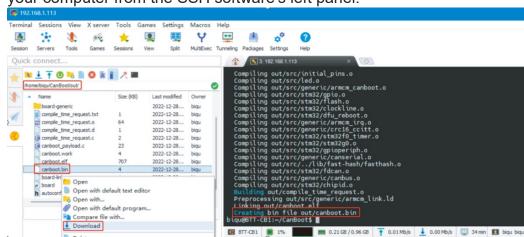
2. Enter

#### make menuconfig

configure as shown in the provided image:

```
Micro-controller Architecture (STMicroelectronics STM32)
    Processor model (STM32G0B1) --->
    Build Katapult deployment application (Do not build) --->
    Clock Reference (8 MHz crystal) --->
    Communication interface (CAN bus (on PB0/PB1)) --->
    Application start offset (8KiB offset) --->
(1000000) CAN bus speed
() GPIO pins to set on bootloader entry
[*] Support bootloader entry on rapid double click of reset button
[ ] Enable bootloader entry on button (or gpio) state
[ ] Enable Status LED
[Space/Enter] Toggle/enter
                             [?] Help
                                                   [/] Search
[O] Quit (prompts for save)
                               [ESC] Leave menu
```

3. Enter **make** to compile the firmware. The resulting **canboot.bin** file will be in the **home/biqu/CanBoot/out** folder. This can be directly downloaded to



your computer from the SSH software's left panel.

- 4. Hold the **Boot** button and connect the board to Raspberry Pi/CB1 via Type-C cable to enter DFU mode.
- 5. Enter **Isusb** in the SSH terminal to query the DFU device ID.

- Enter the following command to flash CanBoot
   make flash FLASH\_DEVICE=0483:df11
   replacing 0483:df11 with the actual device ID found in the previous step.
- 7. After flashing, disconnect the Type-C cable.

## **Compiling Klipper Firmware**

 Connect to CB1/Raspberry Pi via SSH and enter the following commands:

## cd ~/klipper/ make menuconfig

Configure the firmware as shown in the provided image (update Klipper firmware to the latest version if options are not available).

[\*] Enable extra low-level configuration optionsMicro-controller Micro-controller Architecture (STMicroelectronics STM32) ---> Processor model (STM32G0B1) --->

If not using CanBoot

Bootloader offset (No bootloader) --->

If CanBoot is used

Bootloader offset (8KiB bootloader) --->

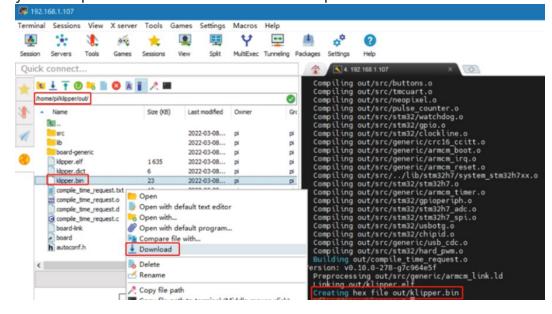
If USB communication on Type-C is used

Communication interface (USB (on PA11/PA12)) --->

If CAN-Bus communication is used

Communication interface (CAN bus (on PB0/PB1)) ---> (1000000) CAN bus speed

- 2. After configuration, press **q** to exit, and select **Yes** when prompted to save.
- Enter make to compile the firmware. The resulting klipper.bin file will be in the home/pi/klipper/out folder. This can be directly downloaded to your computer from the SSH software's left panel.



## Firmware Update via CANBOOT

- 1. Connect the CAN bus cable and plug a jumper at the 120R terminal resistor.
- 2. Enter

#### cd ~/CanBoot/scripts

then enter

#### python3 flash\_can.py -i can0 -q

query the canbus ID (make sure the CAN cable is connected and powered on) as shown in the figure below, the UUID of the device has been found:

```
biqu@BTT-CB1:~/CanBoot/scripts$ python3 flash_can.py -i can0 -q
Resetting all bootloader node IDs...
Checking for canboot nodes
Detected UUID: be69315a613c, Application: CanBoot
Query Complete
biqu@BTT-CB1:~/CanBoot/scripts$
```

3. Enter

# python3 flash\_can.py -i can0 -f ~/klipper/out/klipper.bin -u be69315a613c

The **be69315a613c** is replaced with the actual UUID. Note: **klipper.bin** needs to be generated in advance using the **make** command, and the **application start offset** of CanBoot is **8KiB offset**, so **Klipper's menuconfig Bootloader offset** should also be **8KiB bootloader**, as shown in the following figure.

Query again with

python3 flash can.py -i can0 -q

The Application should now show Klipper, indicating it is running correctly.

```
biqu@BTT-CB1:~/CanBoot/scripts$ python3 flash_can.py -i can0 -q
Resetting all bootloader node IDs...
Checking for canboot nodes...
Detected UUID: be69315a613c, Application: Klipper
Query Complete
biqu@BTT-CB1:~/CanBoot/scripts$
```

## Firmware Update via DFU

Raspberry Pi or CB1 update via DFU.

- Hold the **Boot** button and connect the board to Raspberry Pi/CB1 via Type-C cable to enter DFU mode.
- Enter Isusb in the SSH terminal to query the DFU device ID.

```
pi@fluiddpi:~ $ lsusb
Bus 001 Device 005: ID
Bus 001 Device 004: ID
Bus 001 Device 003: ID
Bus 001 Device 003: ID
Bus 001 Device 003: ID
Bus 001 Device 004: ID
Bus 001 Device 006: ID
Bus 001 Device 007: ID
Bus 001 Device 008: ID
```

3. Enter

#### cd klipper

navigate to the Klipper directory, and enter

#### make flash FLASH\_DEVICE=0483:df11

start flashing the firmware (Note: Replace 0483: df11 with the actual device ID found in the previous step.)

4. After flashing, enter

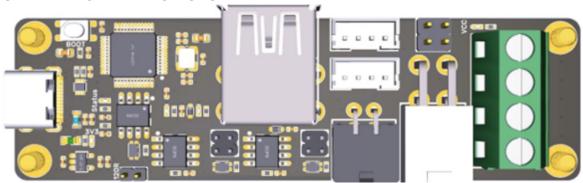
#### Is /dev/serial/by-id/

to query the device's Serial ID (only applicable for USB communication, not for CANBus).

- 5. For USB communication, you don't need to press the Boot button for subsequent updates. Enter the following command to flash the firmware
  - make flash FLASH\_DEVICE=/dev/serial/by-id/usb-Klipper\_stm32g0b1xx\_4550357128922FC8-if00 (Note: replacing /dev/serial/by-id/xxx with the actual ID found in the previous step).
- 6. For CAN bus communication, disconnect the Type-C cable after flashing.

## **CAN** bus Configuration

Use with BIGTREETECH U2C module.



1. Enter the following command in the SSH terminal:

#### sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces.d/can0

Add the following content:

allow-hotplug can0

iface can0 can static

bitrate 1000000

#### up ifconfig \$IFACE txqueuelen 1024

Set the CAN bus speed to **1M** (must match the firmware setting of 1000000 CAN bus speed). Save (Ctrl + S) and exit (Ctrl + X), then enter **sudo reboot** to restart Raspberry Pi.

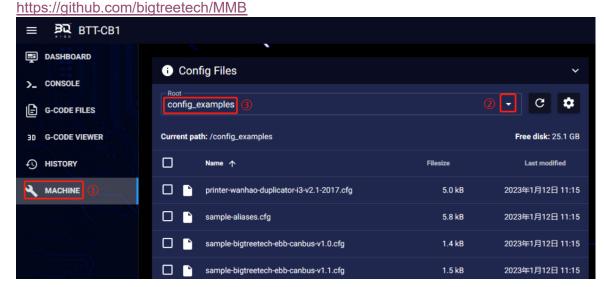
- Each device on CAN bus will generate a canbus\_uuid according to the UID of MCU, to find each microcontroller device ID, ensure the hardware is powered on and connected correctly, then run:
  - ~/klippy-env/bin/python ~/klipper/scripts/canbus query.py can0
- 3. If an uninitialized CAN device is detected, the command will report the canbus uuid:

#### Found canbus\_uuid=0e0d81e4210c

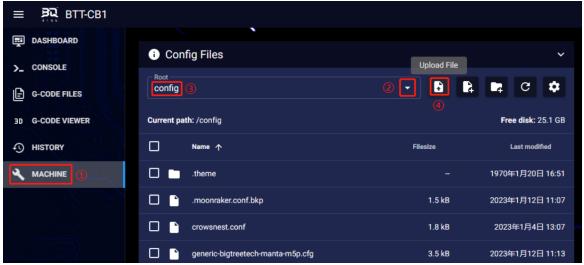
4. If Klipper is running and connected to the device, the canbus\_uuid will not be reported, which is normal.

## **Configuring Klipper**

 In your computer's web browser, enter the Raspberry Pi's IP address, and as shown in the path below, download the reference configuration file sample-bigtreetech-mmb-canbus.cfg. If the file is not available, update Klipper firmware to the latest version or download from:



2. Upload the configuration file to Configuration Files.



- 3. Add the board configuration to the "printer.cfg" file: [include sample-bigtreetech-mmb-canbus.cfg]
- 4. Modify the ID number in the configuration file to match the actual ID of the board (USB serial or canbus).
- Configure the module's specific functions according to the instructions at https://www.klipper3d.org/Overview.html