Key to Final Exam S2 Computer Architecture

Duration: 1 hr 30 min

Answer on the answer sheet <u>only</u>.

Do not show any calculation unless you are explicitly asked.

Do not use a pencil or red ink.

Exercise 1 (5 points)

- 1. Convert the numbers given on the <u>answer sheet</u> into their **single-precision** IEEE-754 representations. Write down the final result in its **binary form** and specify the three fields.
- 2. Convert the **double-precision** IEEE-754 words given on the <u>answer sheet</u> into their associated representations. If a representation is a number, use the base-10 following form: $k \times 2^n$ where k and n are integers (either positive or negative).

Exercise 2 (5 points)

Answer the questions on the answer sheet.

Exercise 3 (6 points)

The table shown on the <u>answer sheet</u> gives the sequence of a counter we want to design. This counter should be made up of JK flip-flops.

- 1. Complete the table shown on the <u>answer sheet</u>.
- 2. Write down the most simplified expressions of J and K for each flip-flop on the <u>answer sheet</u>. <u>Complete the Karnaugh maps for the solutions that are not obvious</u>. An obvious solution does not have any logical operations apart from the complement (for instance: J0 = 1, $K1 = \overline{Q2}$).

Exercise 4 (2 points)

The table shown on the <u>answer sheet</u> gives the sequence of a counter we want to design. This counter should be made up of D flip-flops.

- 1. Complete the table shown on the <u>answer sheet</u>.
- 2. Write down the most simplified expressions of D for each flip-flop on the <u>answer sheet</u>. <u>Complete</u> the Karnaugh maps for the solutions that are not obvious. An obvious solution does not have any logical operations apart from the complement (for instance: D0 = 1, $D1 = \overline{Q0}$).

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Exercise 5 (2 points)
What are the two circuits below? Answer on the answer sheet.

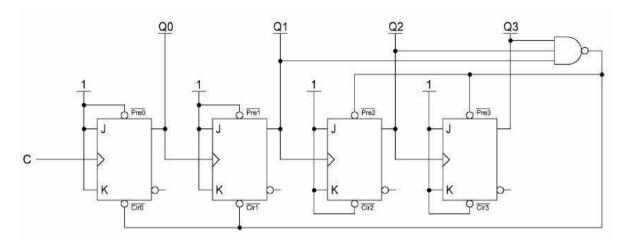


Figure 1

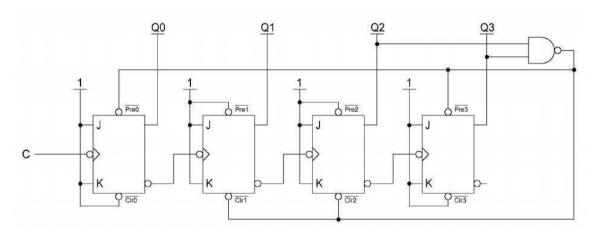


Figure 2

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Last name:	First name:	Group:
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ANSWER SHEET

Exercise 1

1.

Number	S	E	M
19.03125	0	10000011	0011000010000000000000
69 × 2 ⁻¹⁰¹	0	00100000	00010100000000000000000

2.

IEEE-754 Representation	Associated Representation
433200000000000016	9×2^{49}
236000000000000016	2 ⁻⁴⁵⁷
$00{\rm EE}0000000000_{16}$	15 × 2 ⁻¹⁰¹²

Exercise 2

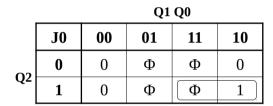
Question	Answer
A memory has a depth of 32 Ki words. How many address lines does this memory have?	15 lines
A memory has a 16-bit data bus and a 16-bit address bus. In a power of two, what is the capacity in bits of this memory?	2 ²⁰ bits
An M1 memory has an 8-bit data bus and a 16-bit address bus. Two M1 memories are connected in series to build an M2 memory. What is the size of the address bus of the M2 memory?	
A microprocessor has a 24-bit address bus. Five address lines are used for selecting the devices. With the block address decoding, what is the maximum number of address lines that a device connected to this microprocessor can have?	19 lines
A microprocessor has a 20-bit address bus. Using the linear address decoding, we connect this microprocessor to the following devices. • a ROM device (15 address lines) • a RAM device (12 address lines) • a peripheral device (10 address lines) How many address lines are unused in the case of the RAM device?	5 lines

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Exercise 3

Q2	Q1	Q0	J2	K2	J1	K1	J0	K0
0	0	0	0	Ф	1	Ф	0	Ф
0	1	0	1	Ф	Ф	1	0	Ф
1	0	0	Ф	0	1	Ф	0	Ф
1	1	0	Φ	1	Φ	1	1	Ф
0	0	1	0	Φ	1	Φ	Ф	0
0	1	1	1	Φ	Φ	1	Ф	0
1	0	1	Φ	0	1	Φ	Ф	0
1	1	1	Φ	1	Φ	1	Φ	1

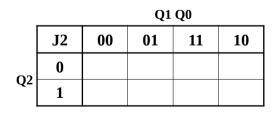
Do not use Karnaugh maps for obvious solutions.



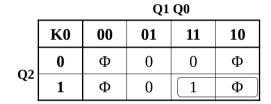
$$\mathbf{J0} = \mathbf{Q2.Q1}$$

		Q1 Q0				
	J1	00	01	11	10	
03	0					
Q2	1					

J1 = 1



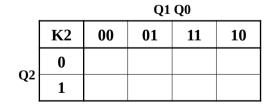
$$J2 = Q1$$



$$K0 = Q2.Q1$$

	Q1 Q0				
	K1	00	01	11	10
03	0				
Q2	1				

$$K1 = 1$$

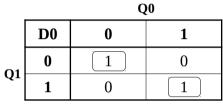


$$K2 = Q1$$

Exercise 4

Q1	Q0	D1	D0
0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0

Do not use Karnaugh maps for obvious solutions.



$$D0 = \overline{Q1}.\overline{Q0} + Q1.Q0$$

$$D0 = \overline{Q1} \oplus \overline{Q0}$$

		$\mathbf{Q0}$		
	D1	0	1	
Q1	0			
	1			

$$D1 = \overline{Q1}$$

Exercise 5

Figure 1:

Modulo-13 asynchronous down counter

Figure 2:

Modulo-10 asynchronous down counter

Feel free to use the blank space below if you need to: