The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EIE4430 Honours Project

2024-2025 Semester 1

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Project Title: **Machine learning model to predict the risk of diabetes**

Progress Report (1/2/2025)

I apply mean normalization and min-max scaling in the feature scaling section to compare the model performance with different preprocessing methods. The hyperparameters are the same as the baseline model. In the testing, random forest performs good which both mean normalization (77% Accuracy) and min-max scaling (78% Accuracy) are better than XG Boost (76% Accuracy) in Pima Indian Diabetes dataset. In 2013-2014 NHANES dataset, standardization is still better than mean normalization and min-max scaling with 88.7% Accuracy and 92% precision.

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自動產生的描述 一張含有 文字, 螢幕擷取畫面, 字型, 數字 的圖片

自動產生的描述

Result (Random Forest, Mean normalization) (Pima Indian Diabetes dataset)`

Result (Random Forest, Min-max) (Pima Indian Diabetes dataset)`

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自動產生的描述

Result (Random Forest, Standardization) (2013-2014 NHANES dataset)

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Result (Random Forest, Min-max) (2013-2014 NHANES dataset)

Also, I record the performance of Random Forest classifier without feature scaling. The reason I try to remove the feature scaling in Random Forest classifier is that the random forest split the data according to feature values rather than calculating distances between data points, which means it is not sensitive to the scale of the features. In the testing, I found that random forest without feature scaling, which have 78.6% Accuracy that perform good compared to the models which used standardization in Pima Indian Diabetes dataset. For the 2013-2014 NHANES dataset, the model which did the feature scaling (standardization, 88.7% Accuracy) better than the one without feature scaling (88% Accuracy).

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Result (XG Boost, Standardization) (Pima Indian Diabetes dataset)

Result (Random Forest, Standardization) (Pima Indian Diabetes dataset)

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自動產生的描述

Result (Random Forest, No Feature Scaling) (Pima Indian Diabetes dataset)

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Result (Random Forest, Standardization) (2013-2014 NHANES dataset)

Result (Random Forest, No Feature Scaling) (2013-2014 NHANES dataset)