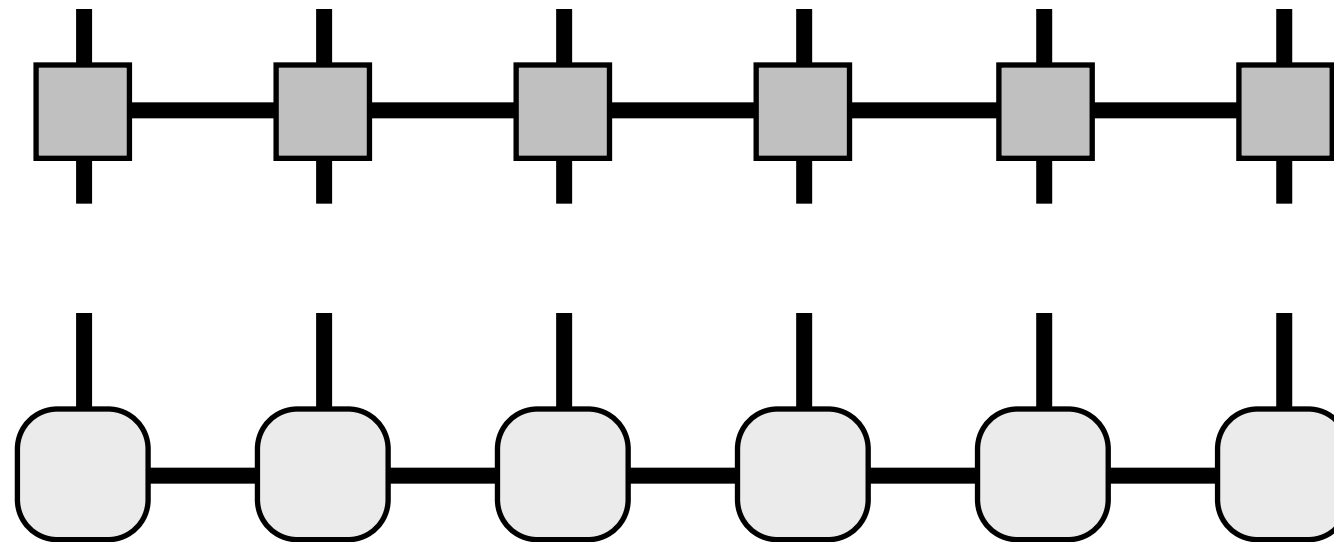


07 DMRG

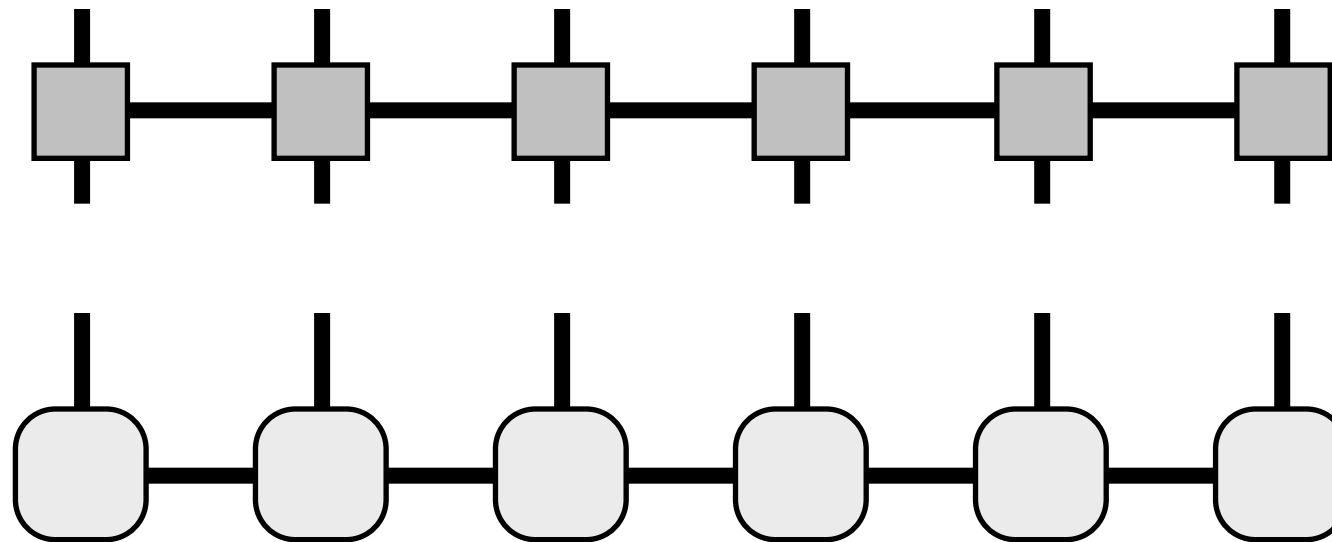
DMRG is the best method for finding ground states of 1d Hamiltonians

Want to solve $H|\Psi\rangle = E|\Psi\rangle$

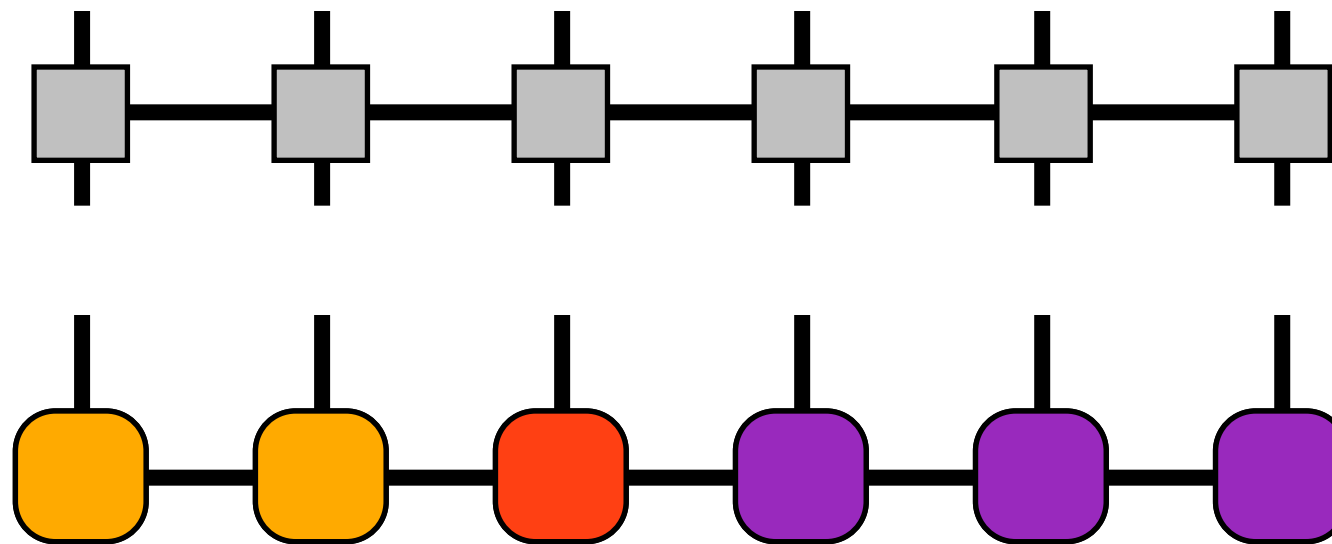
Think of H as MPO



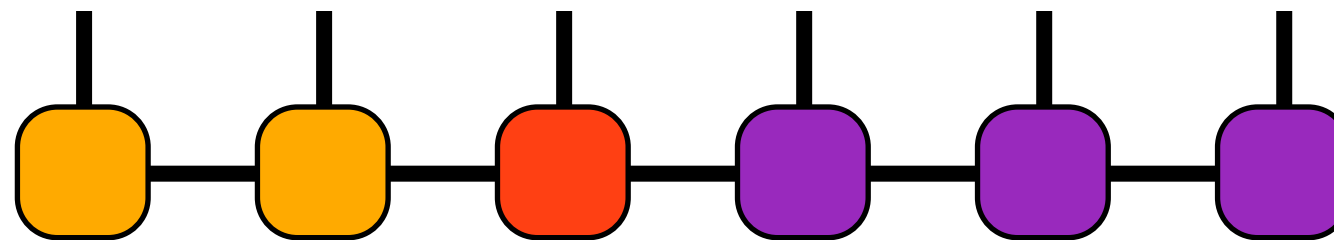
Important: MPS should be in definite gauge
i.e. most tensors unitary



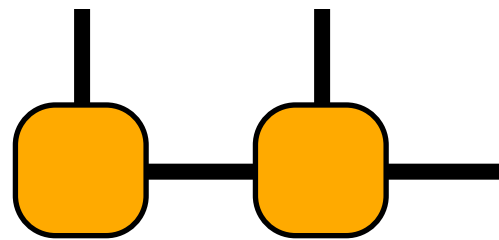
Important: MPS should be in definite gauge
i.e. most tensors unitary



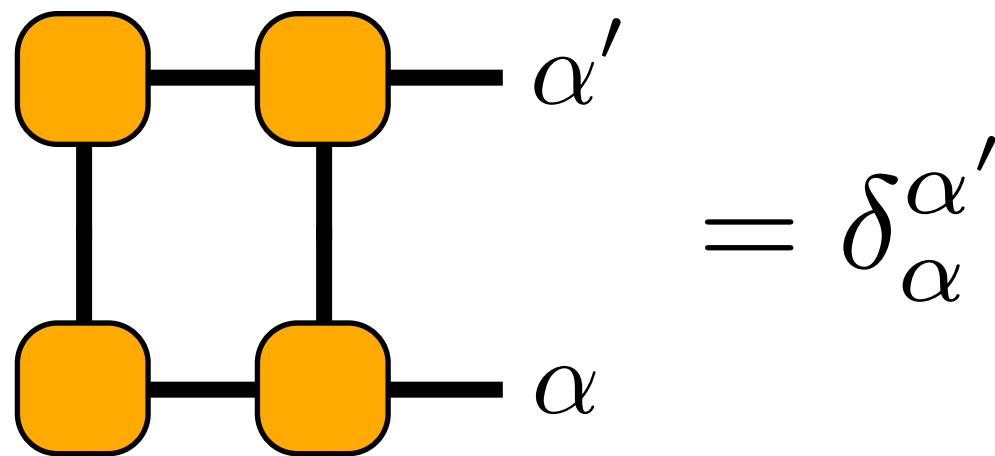
This way, tensors left/right of center define orthonormal bases



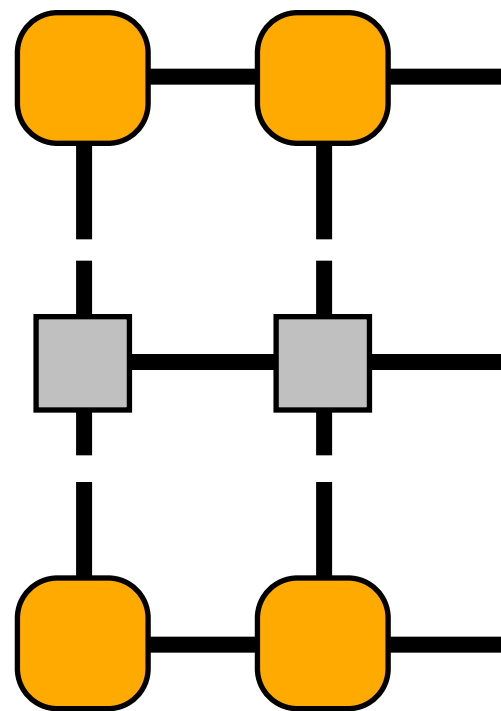
This way, tensors left/right of center define orthonormal bases



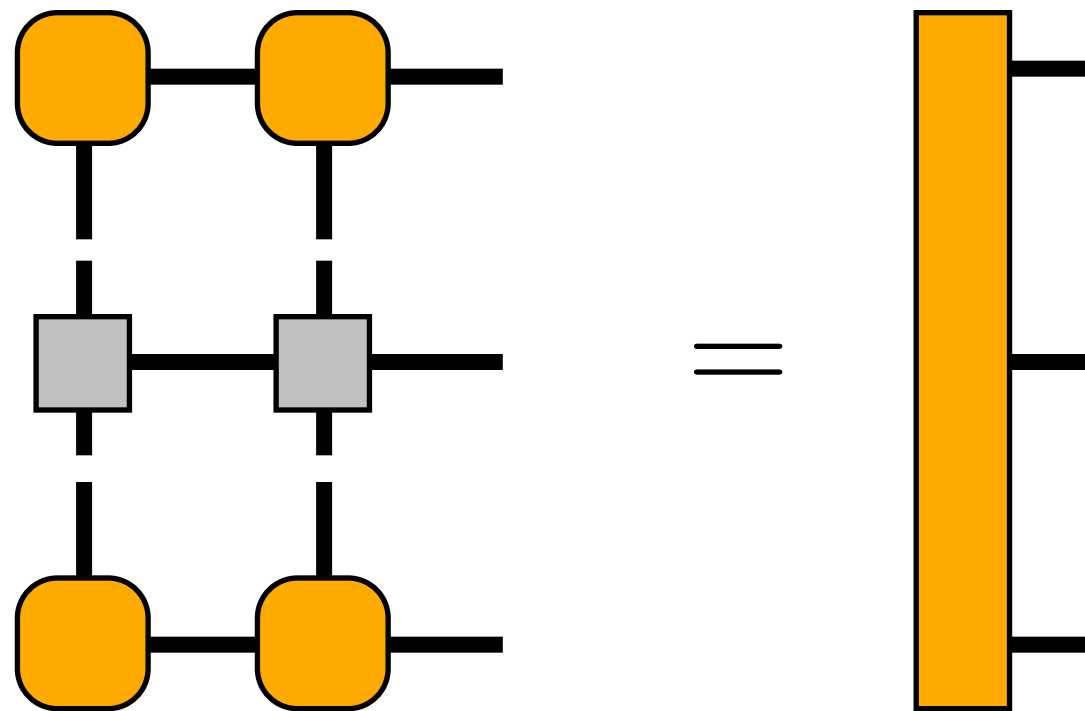
This way, tensors left/right of center define orthonormal bases



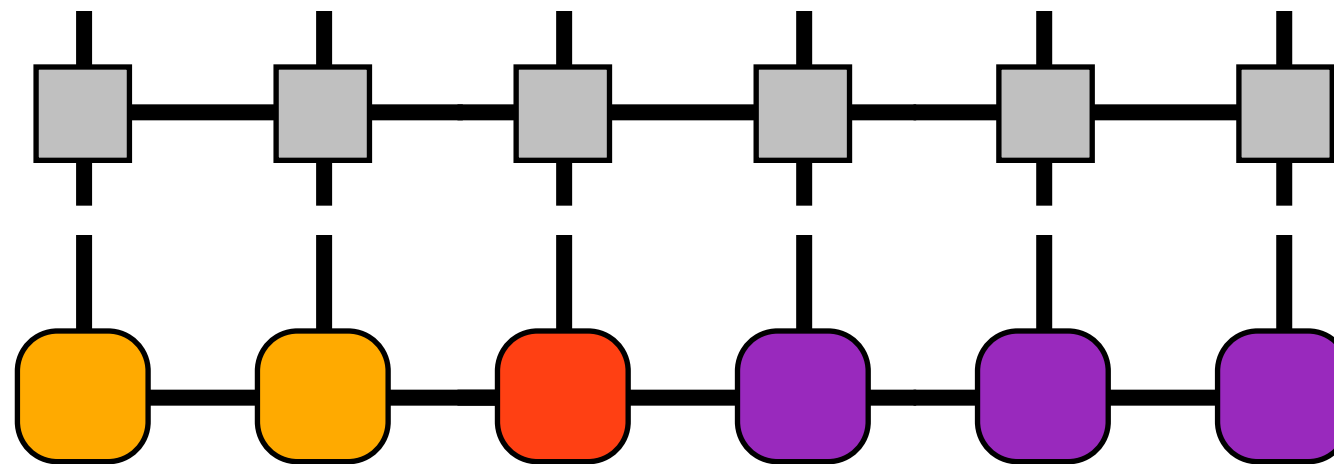
Can project Hamiltonian into this basis



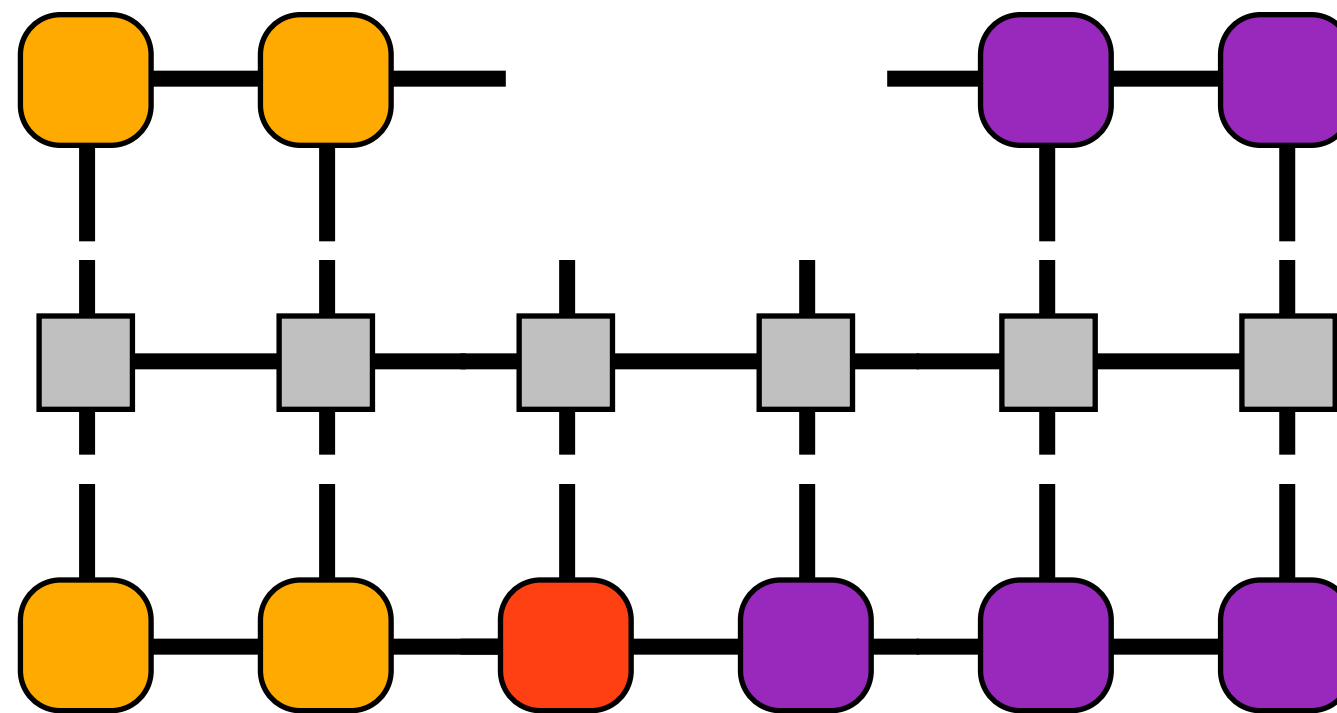
Can project Hamiltonian into this basis



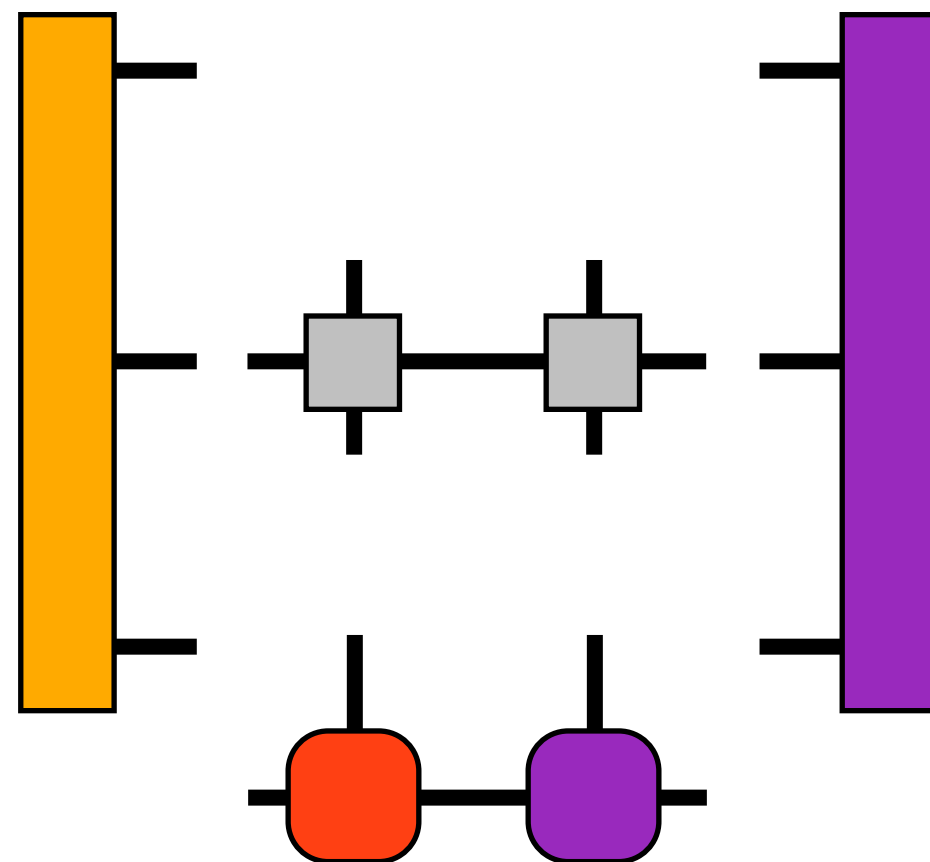
Doing the same on the right gives



Doing the same on the right gives



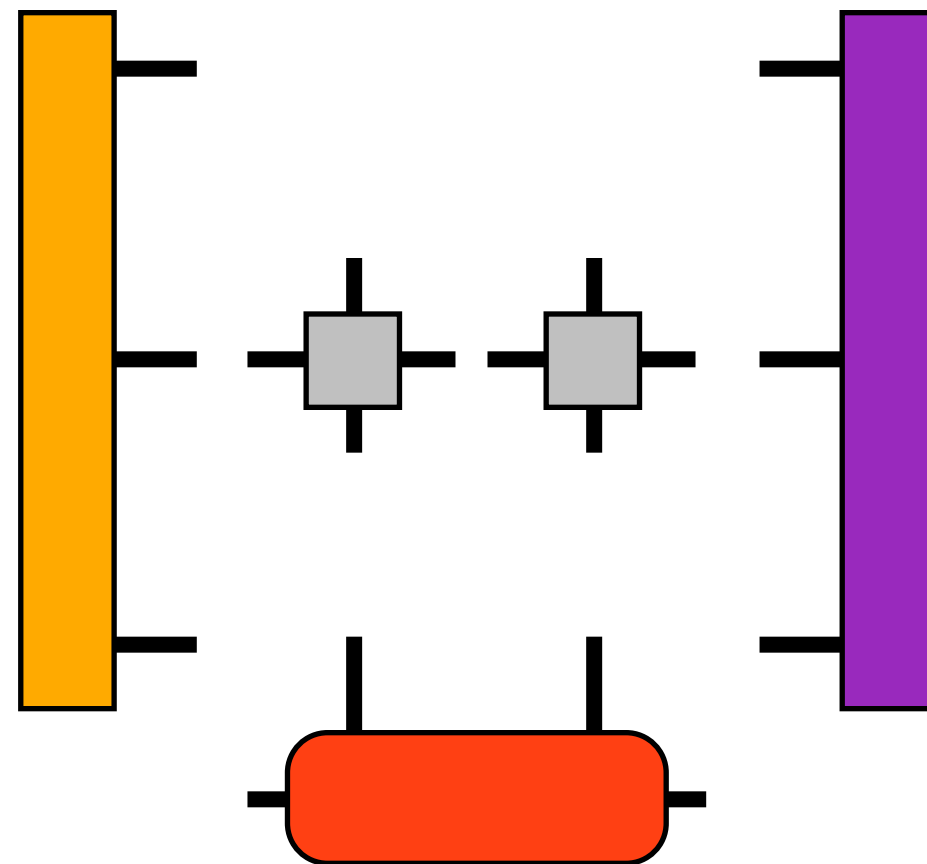
Doing the same on the right gives



$$\tilde{H}|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle = \tilde{E}|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$$

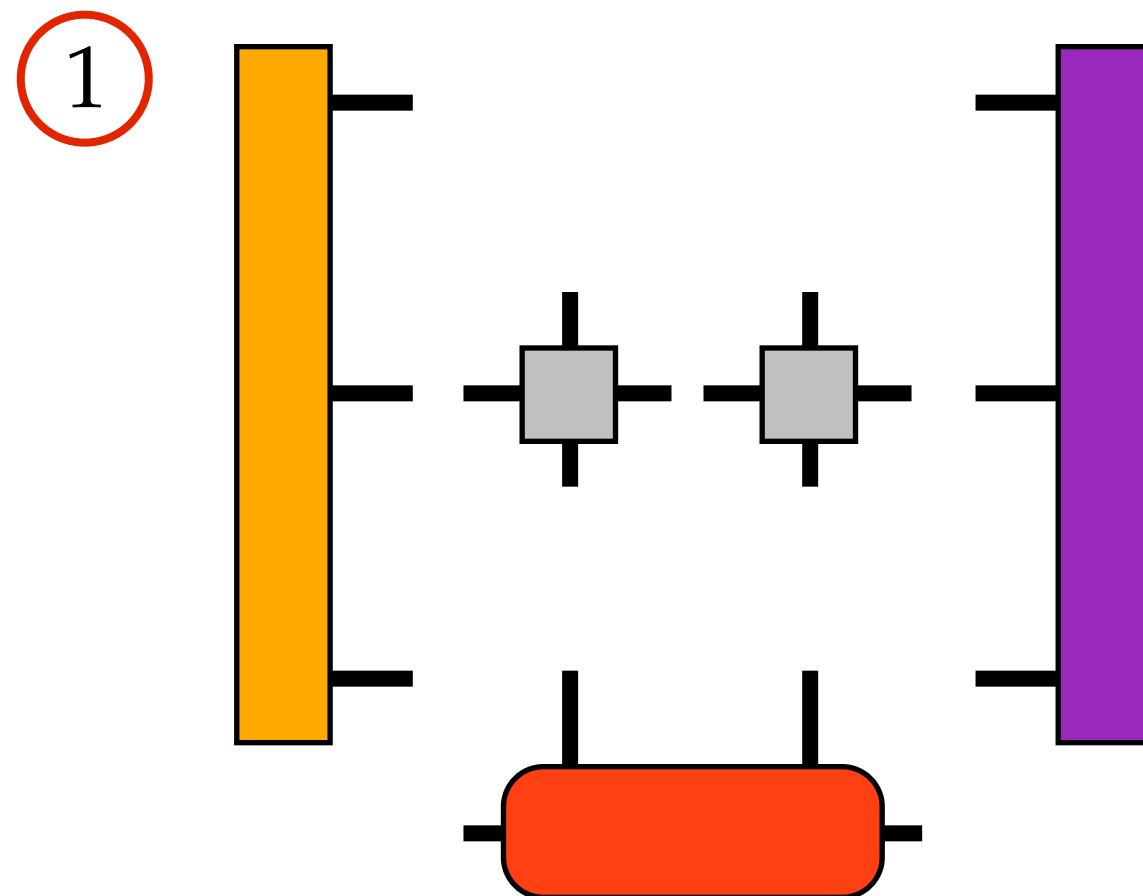
Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

Order important!



Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

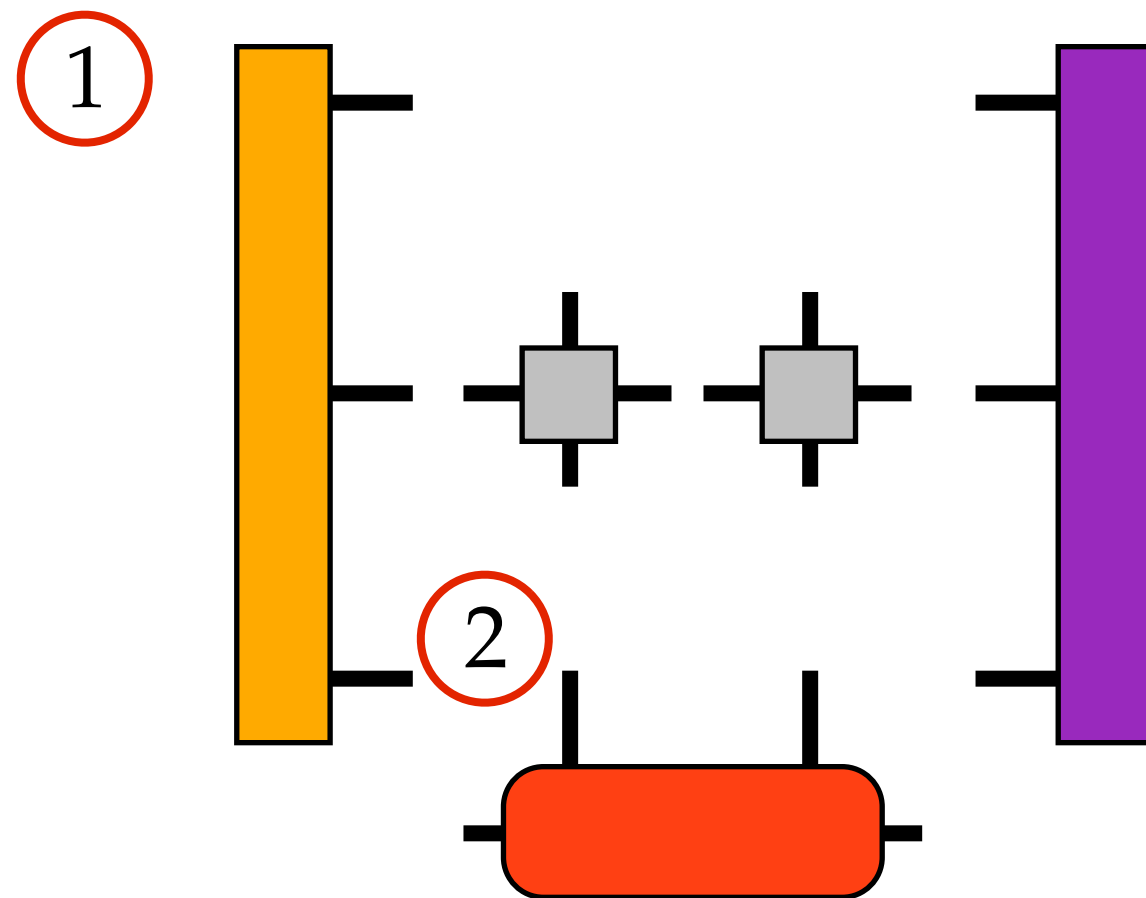
Order important!



Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

Order important!

$$2 \sim m^3$$

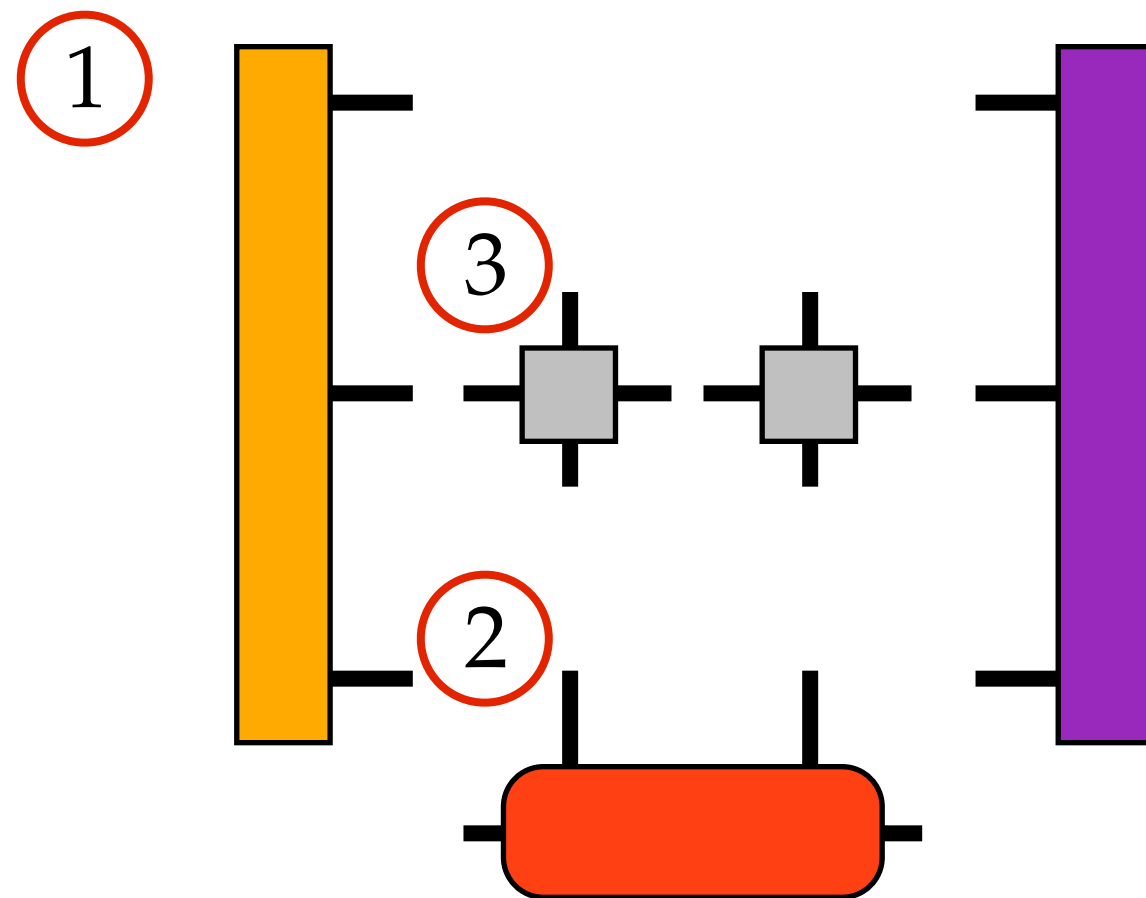


Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

Order important!

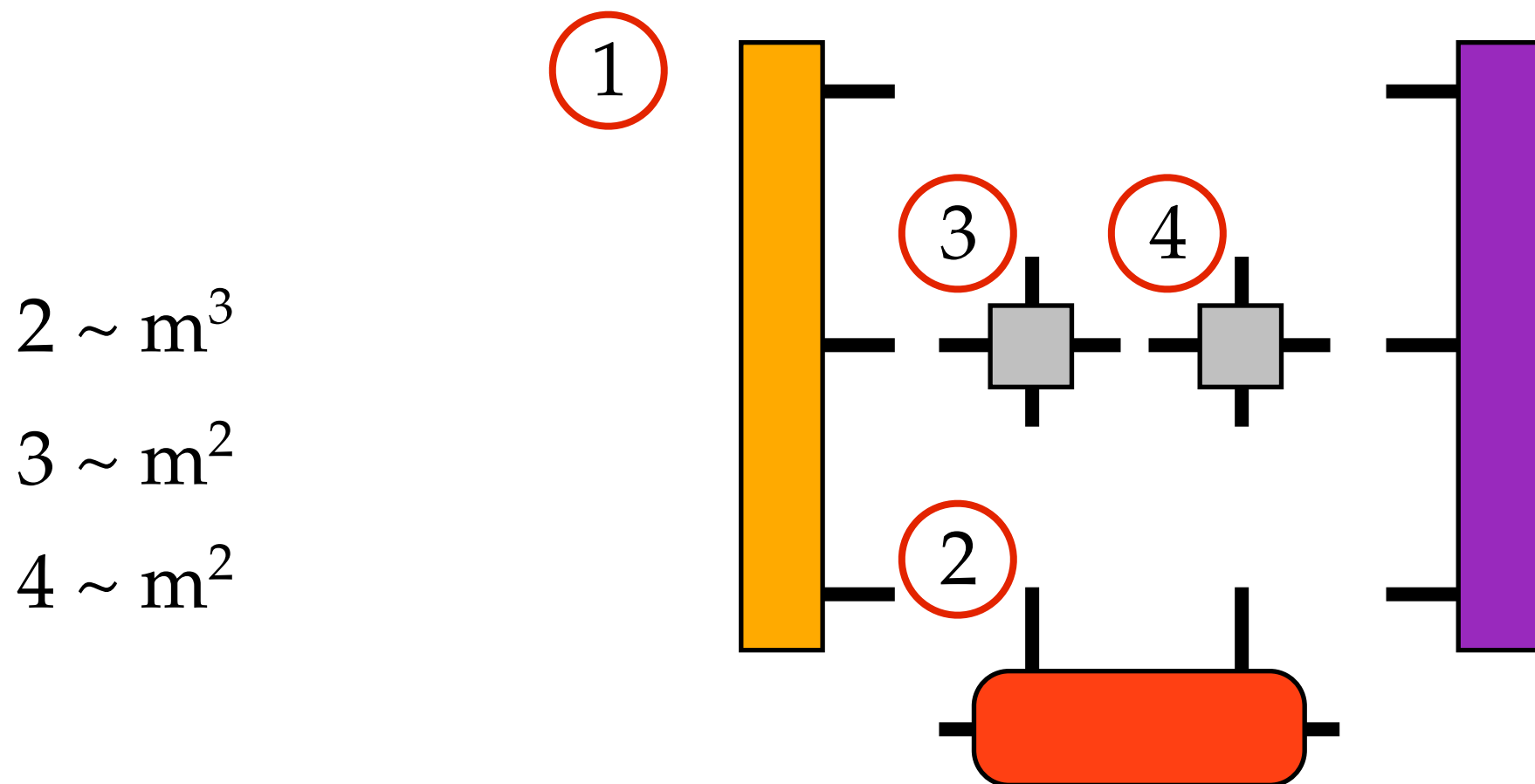
$$2 \sim m^3$$

$$3 \sim m^2$$



Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

Order important!



Can efficiently multiply effective \tilde{H} times $|\tilde{\Psi}\rangle$

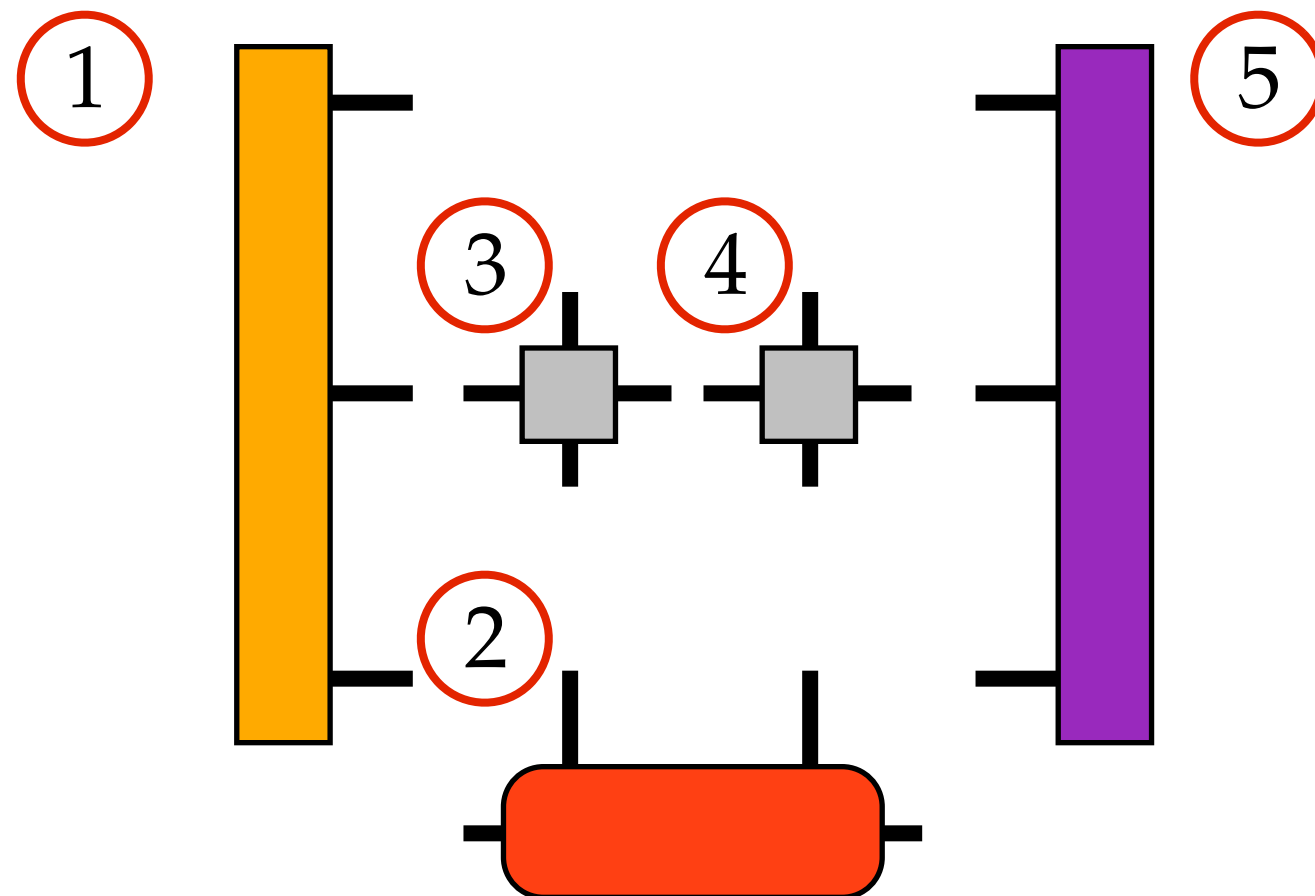
Order important!

$$2 \sim m^3$$

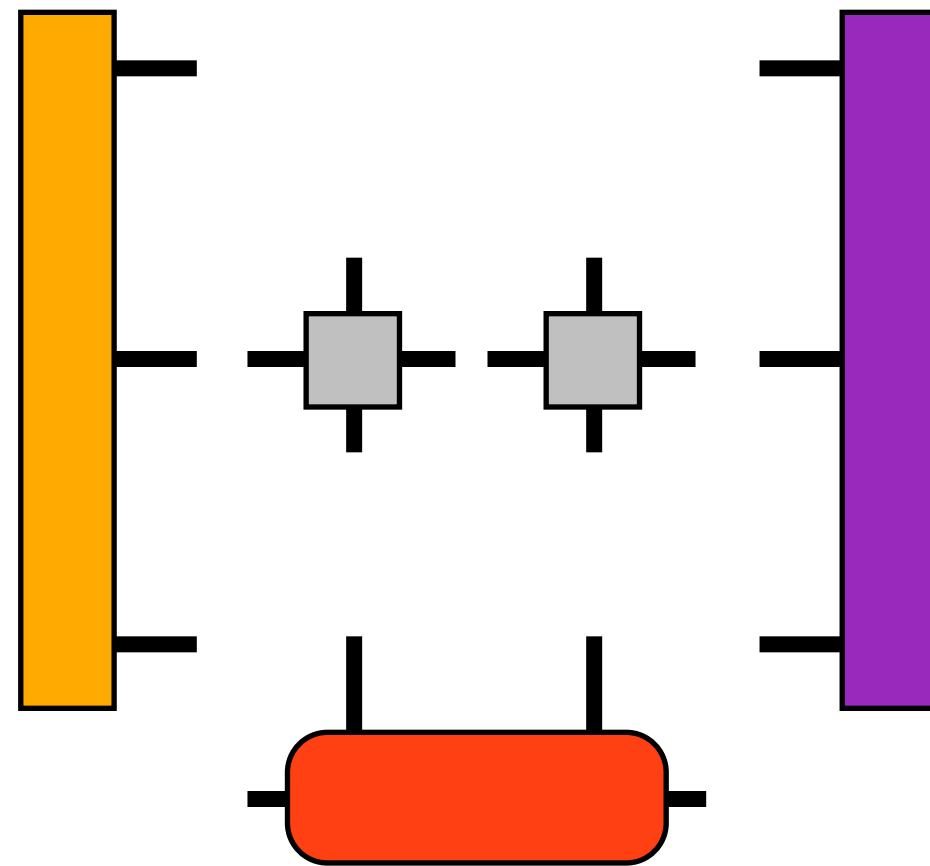
$$3 \sim m^2$$

$$4 \sim m^2$$

$$5 \sim m^3$$

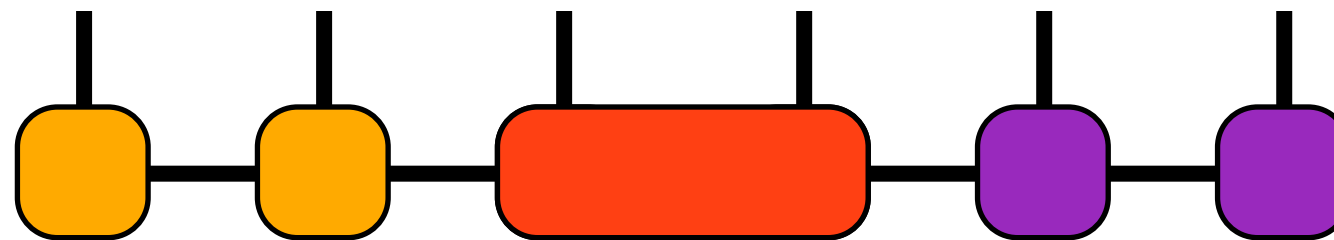


Use Lanczos/Davidson to solve
(sparse matrix eigensolver)



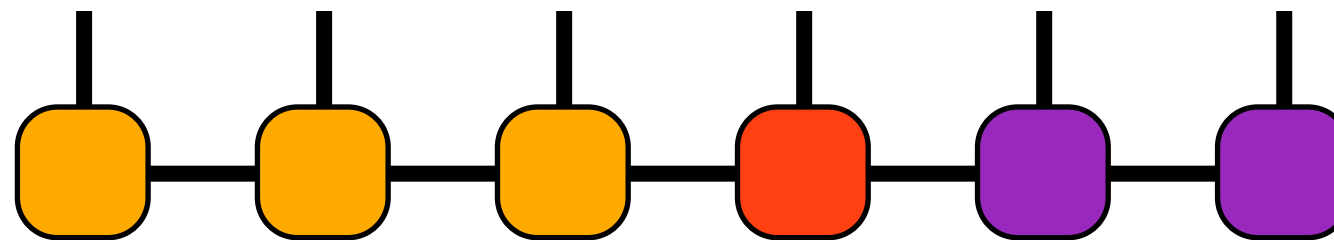
Now, with improved wavefunction,
shift orthogonality center
(using SVD)

Important to truncate to m singular values
("number of states kept" in DMRG)

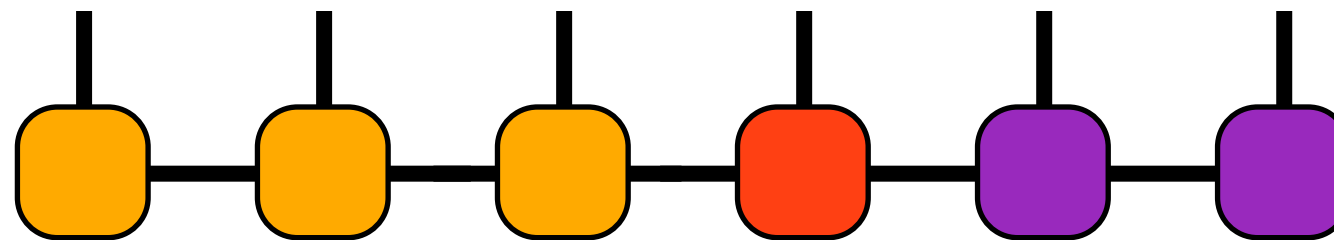


Now, with improved wavefunction,
shift orthogonality center
(using SVD)

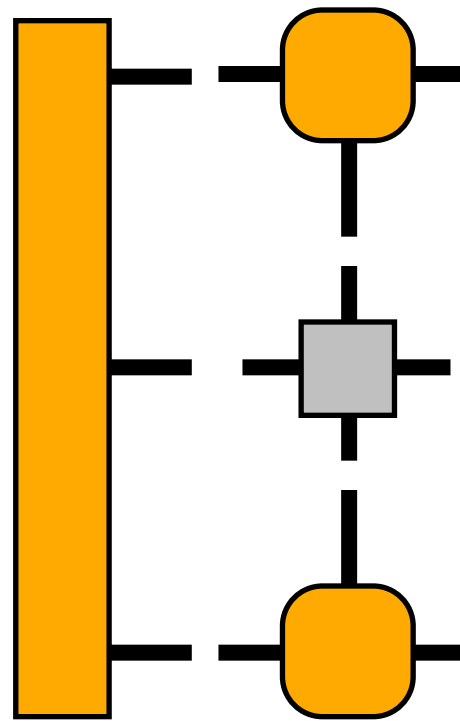
Important to truncate to m singular values
("number of states kept" in DMRG)



Grow projected Hamiltonian



Grow projected Hamiltonian

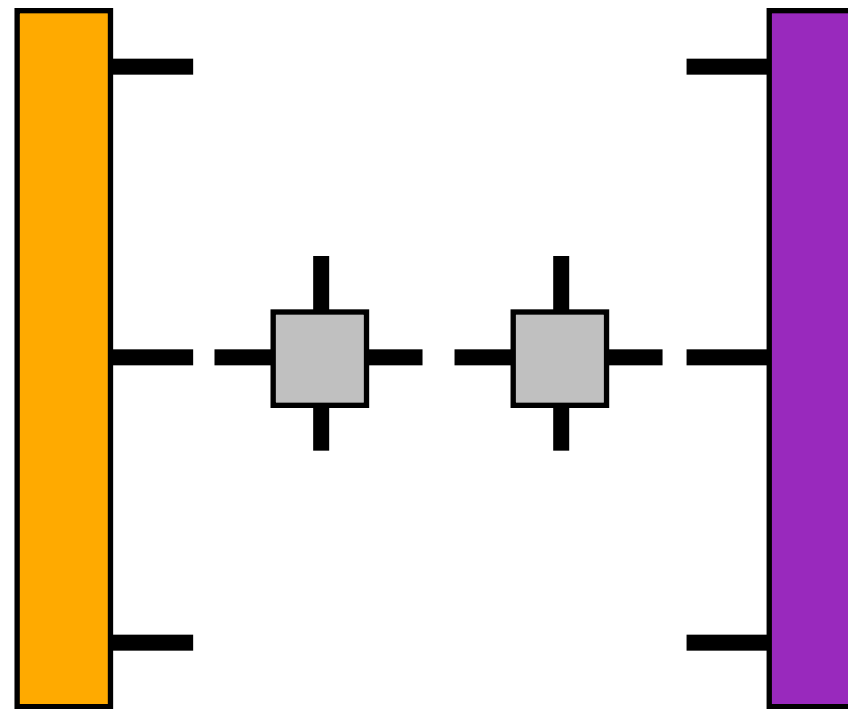


Grow projected Hamiltonian

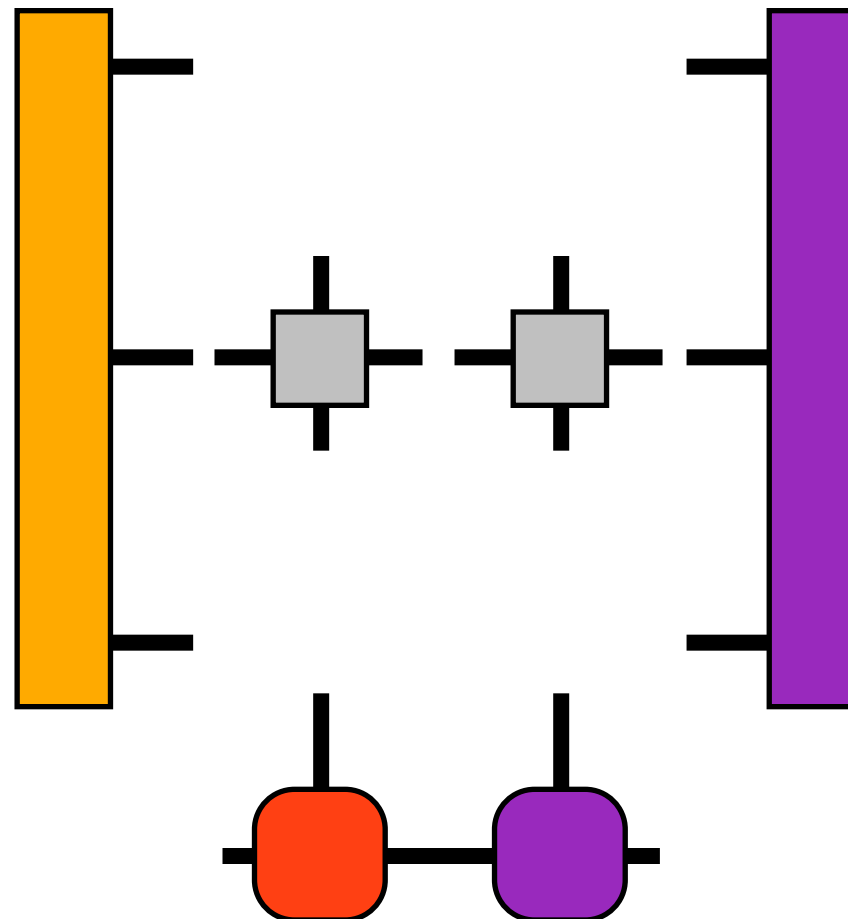


Grow projected Hamiltonian

Recover older projected Hamiltonian
saved in memory



Iterating leads to sweeping procedure

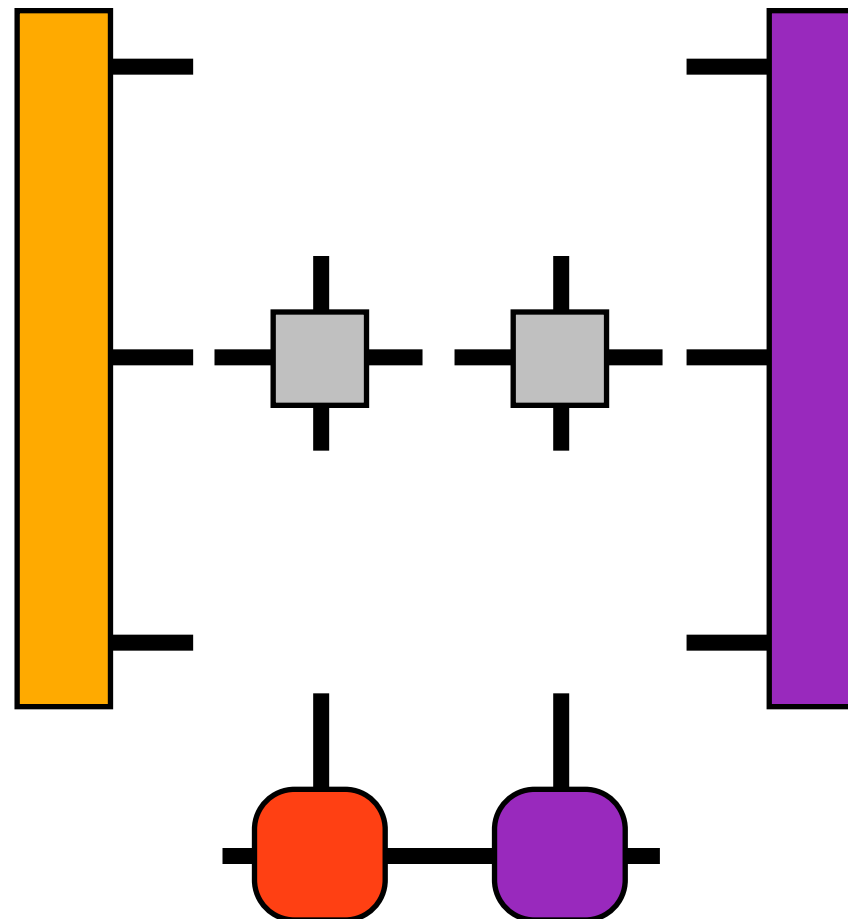


Iterating leads to sweeping procedure

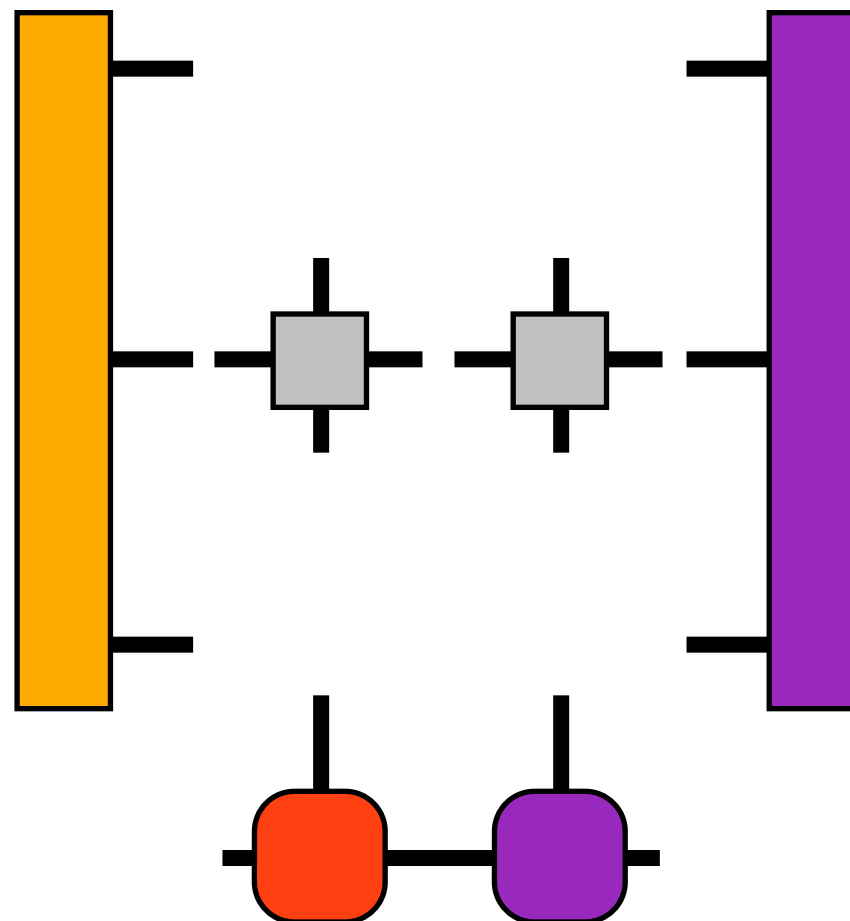
I. Solve eigenproblem

II. SVD wavefunction

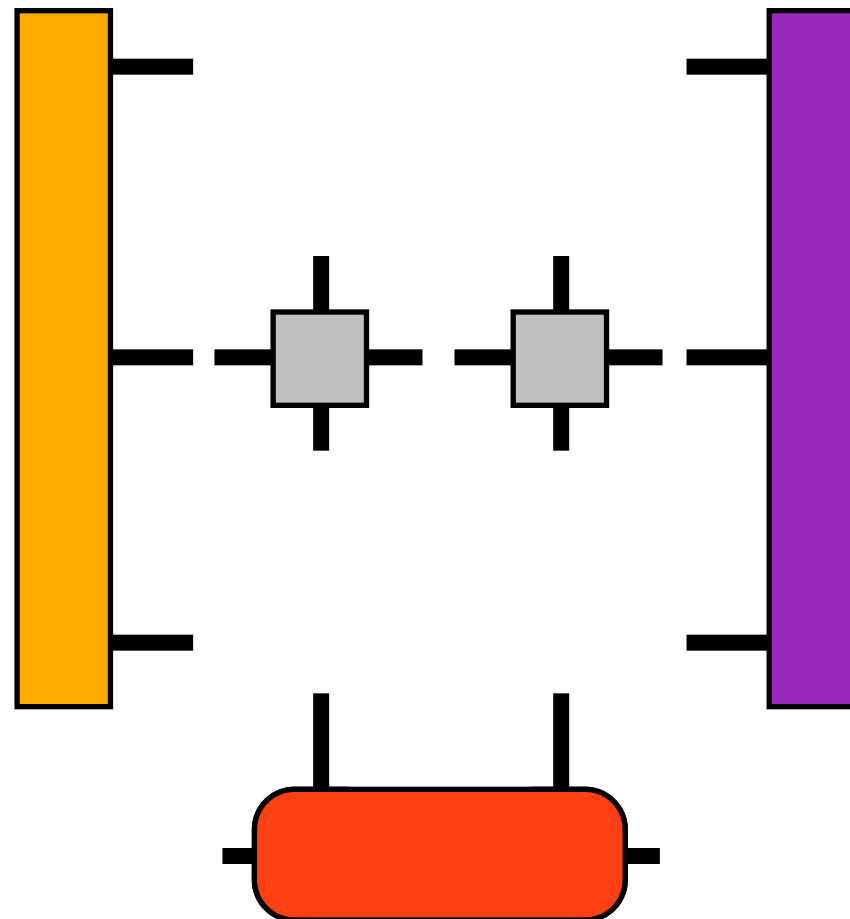
III. Grow effective H



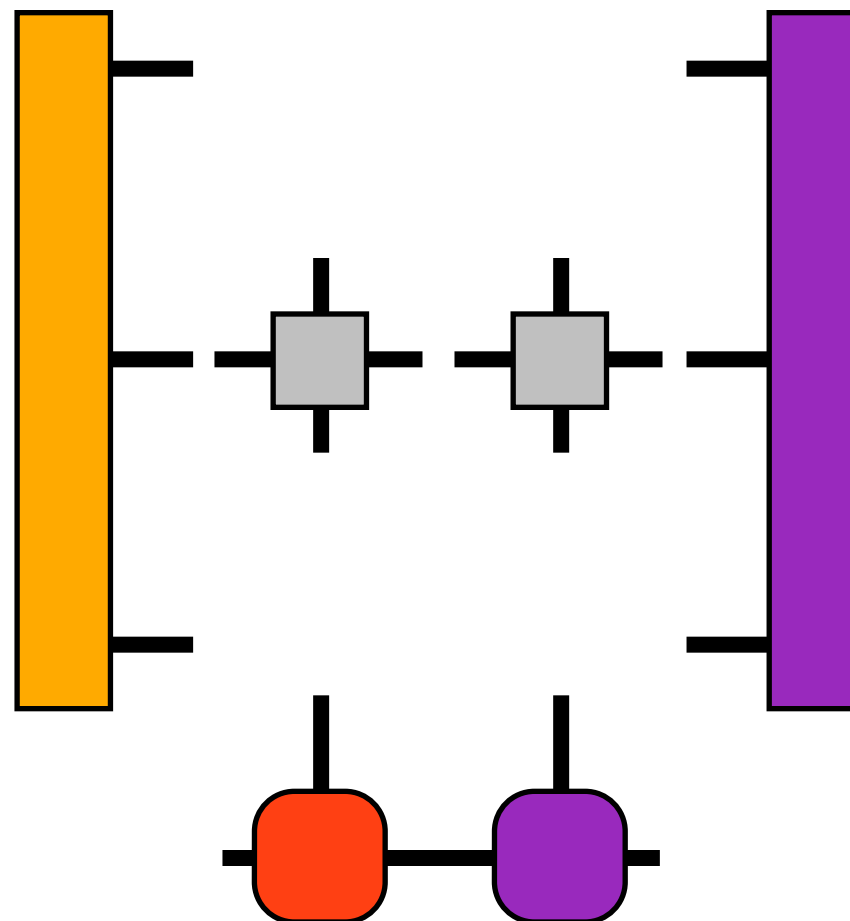
Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



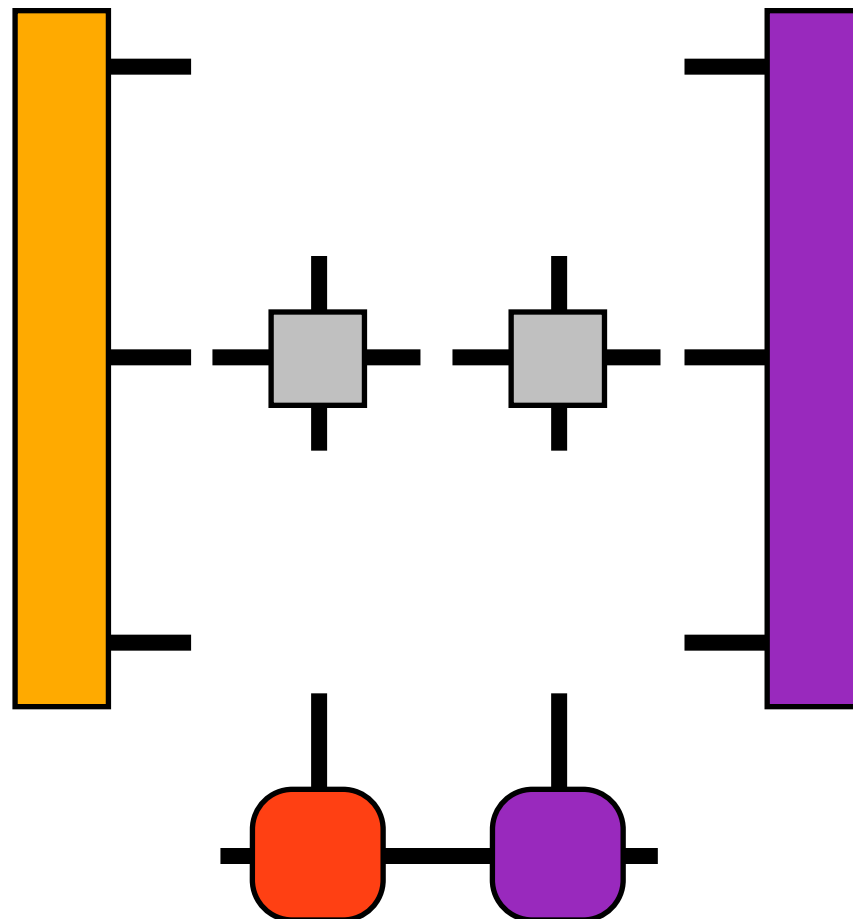
Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



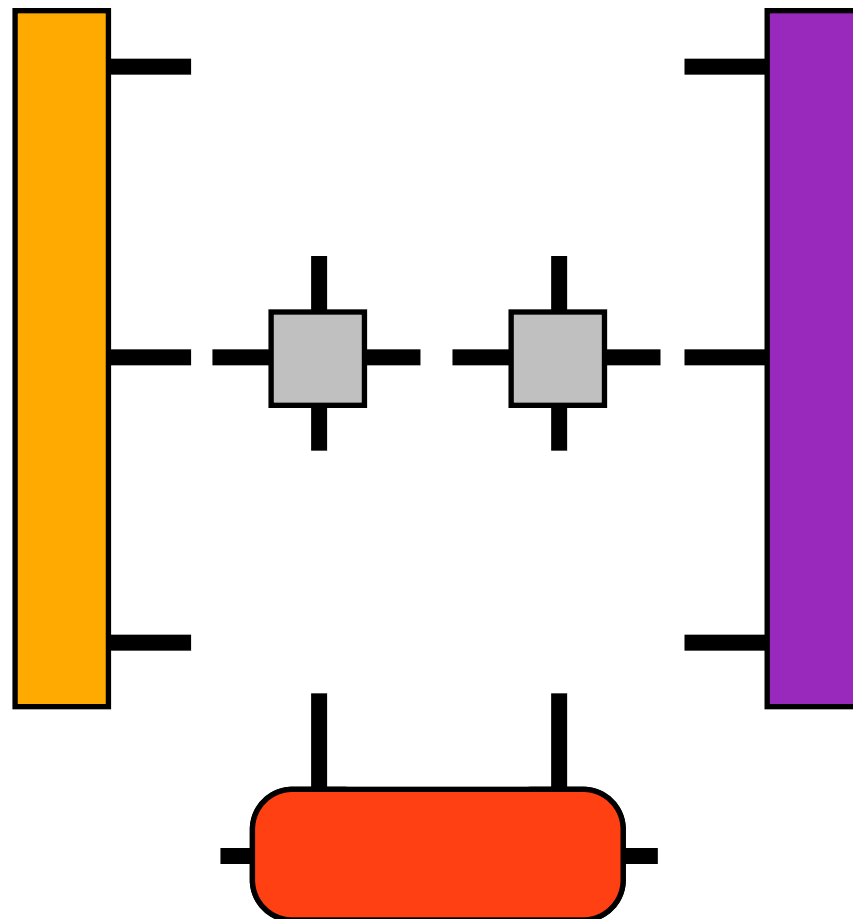
Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



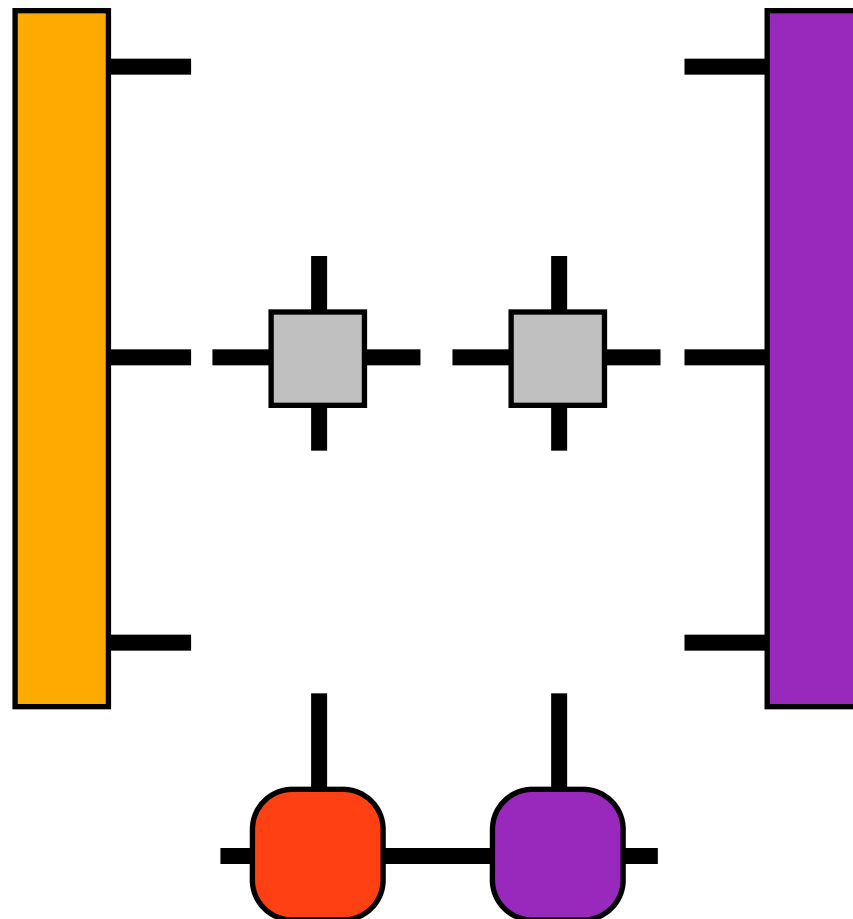
Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



Iterating leads to sweeping procedure



We'll implement a key missing step of the DMRG algorithm

`<library folder>/tutorial/06_DMRG`

1. Read through **`dmrg.cc`**; compile; and run

2. SVD the two-site tensor `phi` into factors `A`, `D`, `B`

The last argument to `svd` should be “`opts`” to pass through parameters controlling truncation:

```
svd(phi, ... , opts);
```

3. Multiply the singular-value tensor `D` back into `A` or `B` as appropriate to shift orthogonality center of MPS.

4. Add code to print out the energy at each step (or even to measure other local operators).