

## Model Developed by

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GitHub: <https://github.com/1umairali/models>

This project focused on identifying companies at risk of bankruptcy by analyzing financial data with machine learning classifiers. The process involved preparing and transforming the dataset, selecting meaningful features, and applying multiple classifiers such as Support Vector Classifier, Logistic Regression, KNN, Naives Bayes Classifiers, Decision Tree Classifier, and Random Forest Classifier. By comparing model performance through metrics like accuracy, recall, and precision, the most reliable prediction method was selected. The outcome reflects practical experience in financial data analysis and risk prediction using classical machine learning methods.

```
In [1]: # import libraries, others will be imported below
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: # import dataframe
df = pd.read_csv(r'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/1umairali/models/main/company_bankruptcy_prediction/companies_dataset.csv')
df
```

Out[2]:

	Bankrupt?	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After- tax net Interest Rate	Non-industry income and expenditure/revenue	...	Liabi As
0	1	0.370594	0.424389	0.405750	0.601457	0.601457	0.998969	0.796887	0.808809	0.302646	...	
1	1	0.464291	0.538214	0.516730	0.610235	0.610235	0.998946	0.797380	0.809301	0.303556	...	
2	1	0.426071	0.499019	0.472295	0.601450	0.601364	0.998857	0.796403	0.808388	0.302035	...	
3	1	0.399844	0.451265	0.457733	0.583541	0.583541	0.998700	0.796967	0.808966	0.303350	...	
4	1	0.465022	0.538432	0.522298	0.598783	0.598783	0.998973	0.797366	0.809304	0.303475	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6814	0	0.493687	0.539468	0.543230	0.604455	0.604462	0.998992	0.797409	0.809331	0.303510	...	
6815	0	0.475162	0.538269	0.524172	0.598308	0.598308	0.998992	0.797414	0.809327	0.303520	...	
6816	0	0.472725	0.533744	0.520638	0.610444	0.610213	0.998984	0.797401	0.809317	0.303512	...	
6817	0	0.506264	0.559911	0.554045	0.607850	0.607850	0.999074	0.797500	0.809399	0.303498	...	
6818	0	0.493053	0.570105	0.549548	0.627409	0.627409	0.998080	0.801987	0.813800	0.313415	...	

6819 rows × 95 columns



In [3]: `df.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 6819 entries, 0 to 6818
```

```
Data columns (total 95 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Bankrupt?	6819 non-null	int64
1	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	6819 non-null	float64
2	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	6819 non-null	float64
3	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	6819 non-null	float64
4	Operating Gross Margin	6819 non-null	float64
5	Realized Sales Gross Margin	6819 non-null	float64
6	Operating Profit Rate	6819 non-null	float64
7	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	6819 non-null	float64
8	After-tax net Interest Rate	6819 non-null	float64
9	Non-industry income and expenditure/revenue	6819 non-null	float64
10	Continuous interest rate (after tax)	6819 non-null	float64
11	Operating Expense Rate	6819 non-null	float64
12	Research and development expense rate	6819 non-null	float64
13	Cash flow rate	6819 non-null	float64
14	Interest-bearing debt interest rate	6819 non-null	float64
15	Tax rate (A)	6819 non-null	float64
16	Net Value Per Share (B)	6819 non-null	float64
17	Net Value Per Share (A)	6819 non-null	float64
18	Net Value Per Share (C)	6819 non-null	float64
19	Persistent EPS in the Last Four Seasons	6819 non-null	float64
20	Cash Flow Per Share	6819 non-null	float64
21	Revenue Per Share (Yuan ¥)	6819 non-null	float64
22	Operating Profit Per Share (Yuan ¥)	6819 non-null	float64
23	Per Share Net profit before tax (Yuan ¥)	6819 non-null	float64
24	Realized Sales Gross Profit Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
25	Operating Profit Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
26	After-tax Net Profit Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
27	Regular Net Profit Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
28	Continuous Net Profit Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
29	Total Asset Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
30	Net Value Growth Rate	6819 non-null	float64
31	Total Asset Return Growth Rate Ratio	6819 non-null	float64
32	Cash Reinvestment %	6819 non-null	float64
33	Current Ratio	6819 non-null	float64
34	Quick Ratio	6819 non-null	float64
35	Interest Expense Ratio	6819 non-null	float64

36	Total debt/Total net worth	6819	non-null	float64
37	Debt ratio %	6819	non-null	float64
38	Net worth/Assets	6819	non-null	float64
39	Long-term fund suitability ratio (A)	6819	non-null	float64
40	Borrowing dependency	6819	non-null	float64
41	Contingent liabilities/Net worth	6819	non-null	float64
42	Operating profit/Paid-in capital	6819	non-null	float64
43	Net profit before tax/Paid-in capital	6819	non-null	float64
44	Inventory and accounts receivable/Net value	6819	non-null	float64
45	Total Asset Turnover	6819	non-null	float64
46	Accounts Receivable Turnover	6819	non-null	float64
47	Average Collection Days	6819	non-null	float64
48	Inventory Turnover Rate (times)	6819	non-null	float64
49	Fixed Assets Turnover Frequency	6819	non-null	float64
50	Net Worth Turnover Rate (times)	6819	non-null	float64
51	Revenue per person	6819	non-null	float64
52	Operating profit per person	6819	non-null	float64
53	Allocation rate per person	6819	non-null	float64
54	Working Capital to Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
55	Quick Assets/Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
56	Current Assets/Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
57	Cash/Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
58	Quick Assets/Current Liability	6819	non-null	float64
59	Cash/Current Liability	6819	non-null	float64
60	Current Liability to Assets	6819	non-null	float64
61	Operating Funds to Liability	6819	non-null	float64
62	Inventory/Working Capital	6819	non-null	float64
63	Inventory/Current Liability	6819	non-null	float64
64	Current Liabilities/Liability	6819	non-null	float64
65	Working Capital/Equity	6819	non-null	float64
66	Current Liabilities/Equity	6819	non-null	float64
67	Long-term Liability to Current Assets	6819	non-null	float64
68	Retained Earnings to Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
69	Total income/Total expense	6819	non-null	float64
70	Total expense/Assets	6819	non-null	float64
71	Current Asset Turnover Rate	6819	non-null	float64
72	Quick Asset Turnover Rate	6819	non-null	float64
73	Working capital Turnover Rate	6819	non-null	float64
74	Cash Turnover Rate	6819	non-null	float64
75	Cash Flow to Sales	6819	non-null	float64
76	Fixed Assets to Assets	6819	non-null	float64

77	Current Liability to Liability	6819	non-null	float64
78	Current Liability to Equity	6819	non-null	float64
79	Equity to Long-term Liability	6819	non-null	float64
80	Cash Flow to Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
81	Cash Flow to Liability	6819	non-null	float64
82	CFO to Assets	6819	non-null	float64
83	Cash Flow to Equity	6819	non-null	float64
84	Current Liability to Current Assets	6819	non-null	float64
85	Liability-Assets Flag	6819	non-null	int64
86	Net Income to Total Assets	6819	non-null	float64
87	Total assets to GNP price	6819	non-null	float64
88	No-credit Interval	6819	non-null	float64
89	Gross Profit to Sales	6819	non-null	float64
90	Net Income to Stockholder's Equity	6819	non-null	float64
91	Liability to Equity	6819	non-null	float64
92	Degree of Financial Leverage (DFL)	6819	non-null	float64
93	Interest Coverage Ratio (Interest expense to EBIT)	6819	non-null	float64
94	Equity to Liability	6819	non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(93), int64(2)

memory usage: 4.9 MB

```
In [4]: # check null values in each columns
df.isnull().sum()
#df.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
In [5]: # see all columns
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)

# see all rows
#pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)

df.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	Bankrupt?	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After-tax net Interest Rate	Non in expenditure
<b>count</b>	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	6819.000000	68
<b>mean</b>	0.032263	0.505180	0.558625	0.553589	0.607948	0.607929	0.998755	0.797190	0.809084	
<b>std</b>	0.176710	0.060686	0.065620	0.061595	0.016934	0.016916	0.013010	0.012869	0.013601	
<b>min</b>	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
<b>25%</b>	0.000000	0.476527	0.535543	0.527277	0.600445	0.600434	0.998969	0.797386	0.809312	
<b>50%</b>	0.000000	0.502706	0.559802	0.552278	0.605997	0.605976	0.999022	0.797464	0.809375	
<b>75%</b>	0.000000	0.535563	0.589157	0.584105	0.613914	0.613842	0.999095	0.797579	0.809469	
<b>max</b>	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	



## Data Visualization

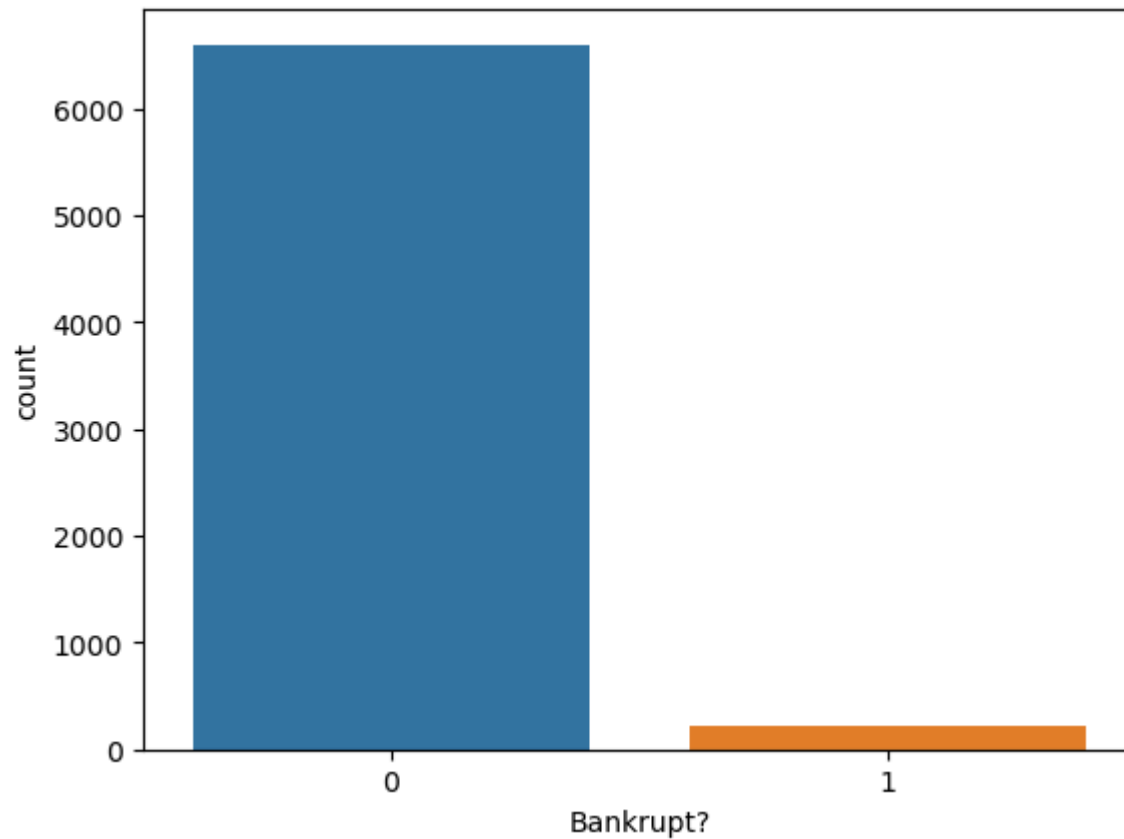
**Note:** see pairplot of bankrupt dataframe remove # from **plt** and **sns** code

i have no fastest GPU, and its take too much time.

```
In [6]: # Pairplot of Bankrupt dataframe
#plt.figure(figsize=(60,60))
#sns.pairplot(df, hue = 'Bankrupt?')
```

```
In [7]: # bankrupt countplot
sns.countplot(x=df["Bankrupt?"])
```

```
Out[7]: <Axes: xlabel='Bankrupt?', ylabel='count'>
```

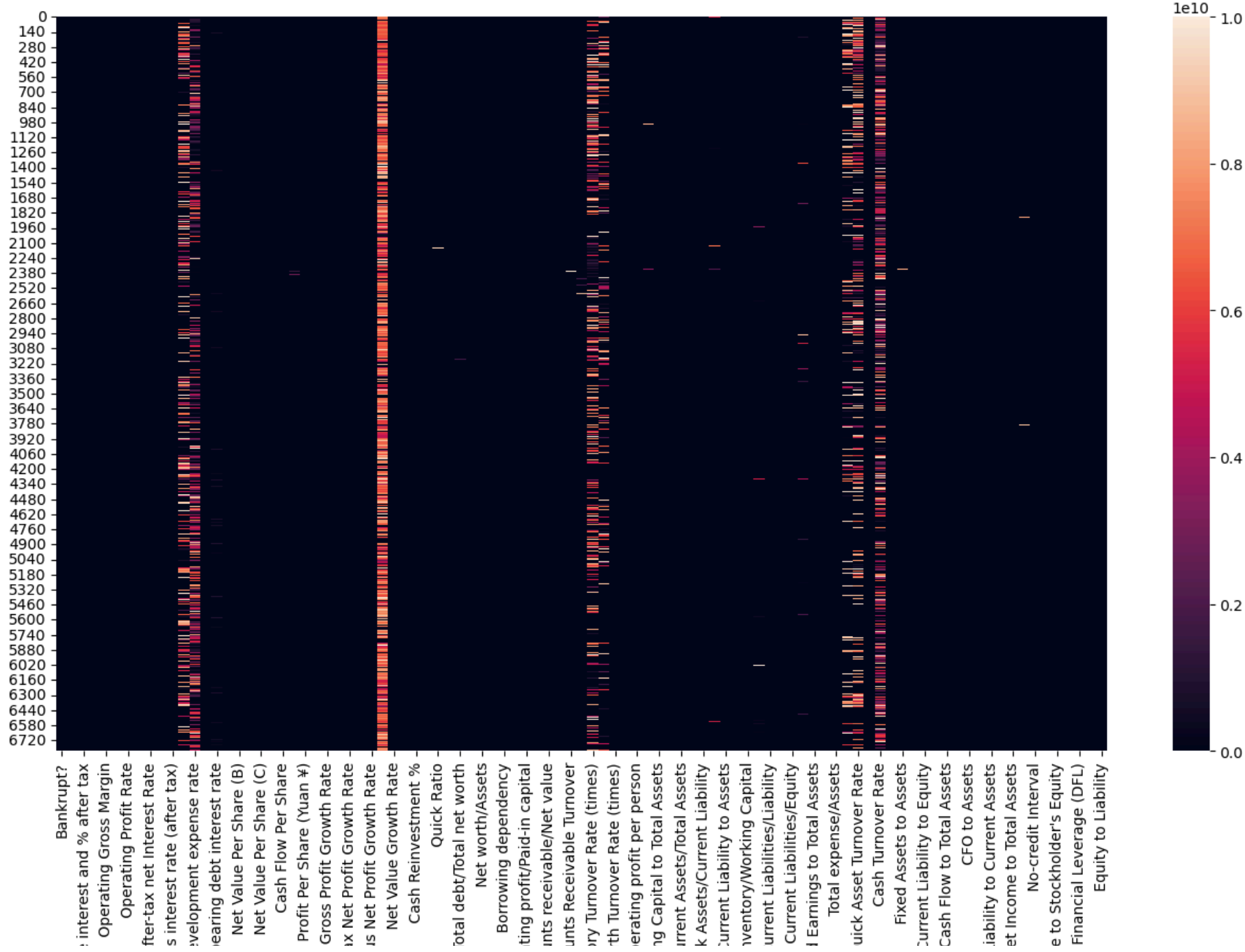


Heatmap

```
In [8]: # heatmap of DataFrame
plt.figure(figsize=(16,9))
sns.heatmap(df)
```

```
Out[8]: <Axes: >
```





## Heatmap of Corelation Matrix

```
In [9]: # Corelation Matrix  
df.corr()
```

ROA(A) before

A  
Continuou  
Research and de  
Interest-b

Operating  
Realized Sales  
After-ta  
Continuot

T

Opera  
Inventory and accou  
Accoi  
Inventc  
Net Wor  
Op  
Workii  
Cl  
Quici  
C  
Ir  
C

Retainec

Q

C  
I

Current L  
N

Net Incom  
Degree of

Out[9]:

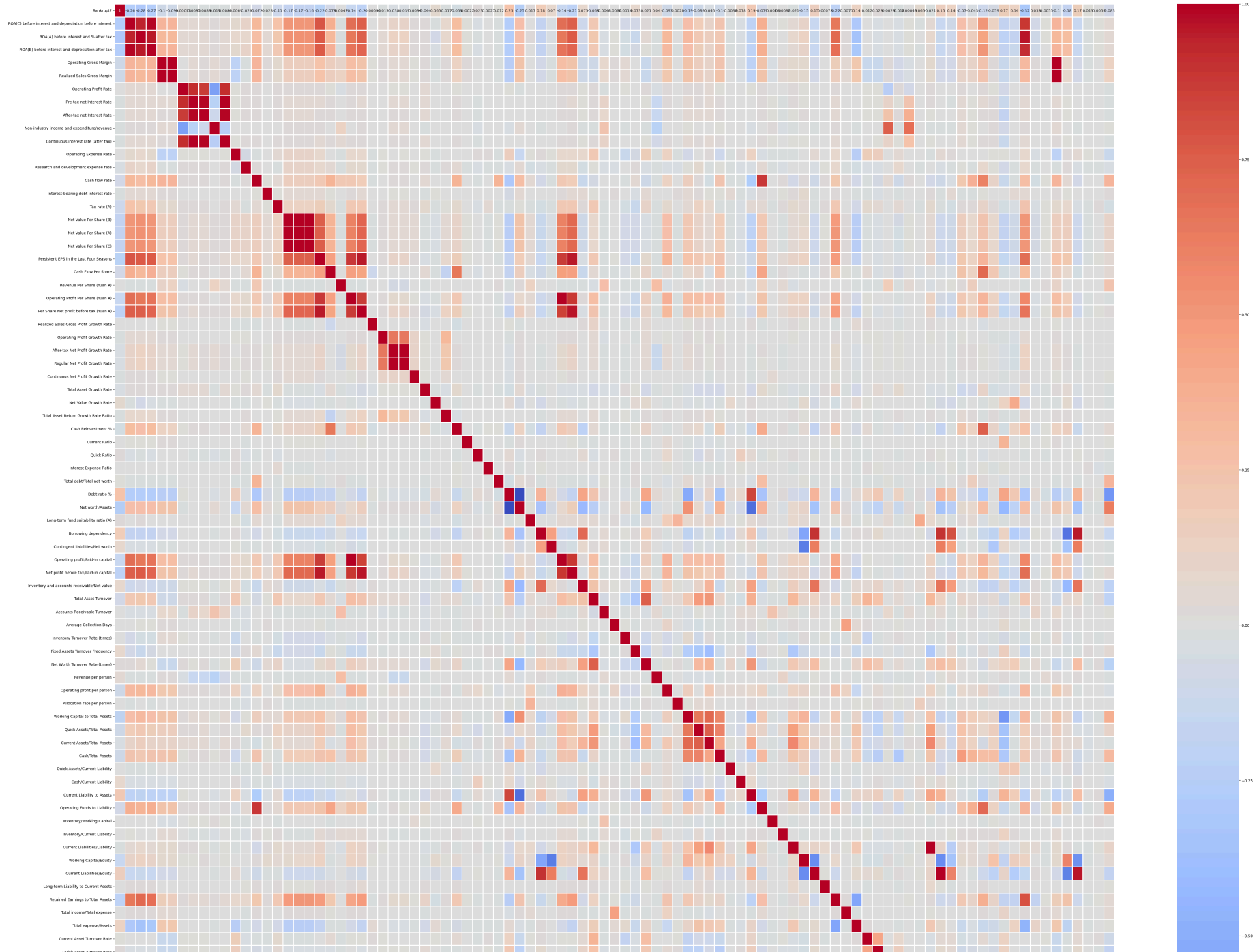
	Bankrupt?	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After-tax net Interest Rate	Non-industr income an expenditure/revenu
<b>Bankrupt?</b>	1.000000	-0.260807	-0.282941	-0.273051	-0.100043	-0.099445	-0.000230	-0.008517	-0.008857	-0.01659
<b>ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest</b>	-0.260807	1.000000	0.940124	0.986849	0.334719	0.332755	0.035725	0.053419	0.049222	0.02050
<b>ROA(A) before interest and % after tax</b>	-0.282941	0.940124	1.000000	0.955741	0.326969	0.324956	0.032053	0.053518	0.049474	0.02964
<b>ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax</b>	-0.273051	0.986849	0.955741	1.000000	0.333749	0.331755	0.035212	0.053726	0.049952	0.02236
<b>Operating Gross Margin</b>	-0.100043	0.334719	0.326969	0.333749	1.000000	0.999518	0.005745	0.032493	0.027175	0.05143
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>Net Income to Stockholder's Equity</b>	-0.180987	0.274287	0.291744	0.280617	0.075304	0.074891	0.006216	0.011343	0.010648	0.00769
<b>Liability to Equity</b>	0.166812	-0.143629	-0.141039	-0.142838	-0.085434	-0.085407	0.001541	-0.004043	-0.004390	-0.01189

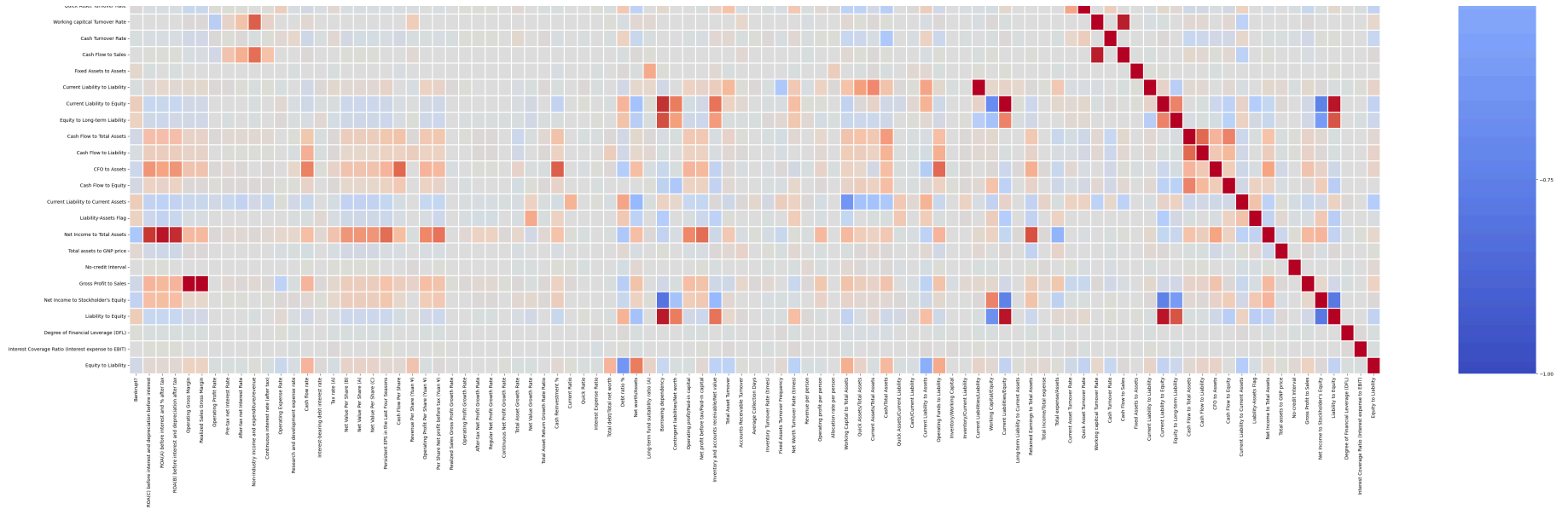
	Bankrupt?	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After-tax net Interest Rate	Non-industr income an expenditure/revenu
Degree of Financial Leverage (DFL)	0.010508	-0.016575	-0.011515	-0.014663	-0.011806	-0.011268	0.000935	0.000855	0.000927	-0.00055
Interest Coverage Ratio (Interest expense to EBIT)	-0.005509	0.010573	0.013372	0.011473	-0.001167	-0.001158	0.000393	0.000984	0.000957	0.00102
Equity to Liability	-0.083048	0.052416	0.057887	0.056430	0.120029	0.120196	-0.017071	-0.014559	-0.010900	0.01229

95 rows × 95 columns

```
In [10]: # Heatmap of Correlation matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(60,60))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot = True, cmap = 'coolwarm', linewidths=2)
```

Out[10]: <Axes: >






## Split Data into Train and Test

```
In [11]: # drop dependent (Bankrupt) column, it will assign to y
X = df.drop(['Bankrupt'], axis = 1)
X.head(6)
```

Out[11]:

	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After- tax net Interest Rate	Non-industry income and expenditure/revenue	Continuous interest rate (after tax)	Operati Expense R
0	0.370594	0.424389	0.405750	0.601457	0.601457	0.998969	0.796887	0.808809	0.302646	0.780985	1.256970e-
1	0.464291	0.538214	0.516730	0.610235	0.610235	0.998946	0.797380	0.809301	0.303556	0.781506	2.897850e-
2	0.426071	0.499019	0.472295	0.601450	0.601364	0.998857	0.796403	0.808388	0.302035	0.780284	2.361300e-
3	0.399844	0.451265	0.457733	0.583541	0.583541	0.998700	0.796967	0.808966	0.303350	0.781241	1.078890e-
4	0.465022	0.538432	0.522298	0.598783	0.598783	0.998973	0.797366	0.809304	0.303475	0.781550	7.890000e+
5	0.388680	0.415177	0.419134	0.590171	0.590251	0.998758	0.796903	0.808771	0.303116	0.781069	1.571500e-



```
In [12]: # assign only 'Bankrupt' column to y
y = df['Bankrupt?']
y.head(6)
```

```
Out[12]: 0    1
1    1
2    1
3    1
4    1
5    1
Name: Bankrupt?, dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: # split dataset into train and test
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state= 5)
```

```
In [14]: X_train
```

Out[14]:

	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After- tax net Interest Rate	Non-industry income and expenditure/revenue	Continuous interest rate (after tax)	Ope Expens
1022	0.580169	0.629961	0.611596	0.610271	0.610271	0.999076	0.797786	0.809593	0.303994	0.781873	1.6073
890	0.578657	0.629252	0.614969	0.614062	0.614011	0.999137	0.797629	0.809489	0.303592	0.781756	1.5981
957	0.338956	0.428314	0.381980	0.605464	0.605421	0.998973	0.795970	0.808022	0.301036	0.779747	1.8525
5551	0.515039	0.577137	0.562450	0.605320	0.605320	0.999091	0.797493	0.809393	0.303448	0.781660	6.5300
2954	0.554770	0.600578	0.594197	0.606156	0.606156	0.999083	0.797584	0.809459	0.303625	0.781729	8.6800
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3046	0.451519	0.511284	0.497939	0.619056	0.619056	0.998836	0.797296	0.809206	0.303640	0.781456	5.4187
1725	0.503632	0.565362	0.548852	0.645822	0.645822	0.999045	0.797486	0.809385	0.303535	0.781639	7.6169
4079	0.511724	0.592510	0.560415	0.601493	0.601500	0.999006	0.797455	0.809368	0.303561	0.781613	8.9300
2254	0.462390	0.532054	0.513732	0.603915	0.603915	0.999024	0.797395	0.809307	0.303418	0.781545	1.1008
2915	0.484132	0.556204	0.538519	0.583584	0.583584	0.997241	0.805640	0.817080	0.321553	0.789747	1.5682

5455 rows × 94 columns



In [15]: X\_test



Out[15]:

	ROA(C) before interest and depreciation before interest	ROA(A) before interest and % after tax	ROA(B) before interest and depreciation after tax	Operating Gross Margin	Realized Sales Gross Margin	Operating Profit Rate	Pre-tax net Interest Rate	After- tax net Interest Rate	Non-industry income and expenditure/revenue	Continuous interest rate (after tax)	Oper Expens
4214	0.542924	0.605266	0.594143	0.603266	0.603317	0.999017	0.797485	0.809395	0.303591	0.781662	1.0765
4797	0.520304	0.582752	0.568499	0.609356	0.609356	0.999146	0.797625	0.809500	0.303565	0.781732	7.50000
2458	0.420368	0.471544	0.462766	0.582431	0.582431	0.998163	0.796295	0.808286	0.303297	0.780464	6.2686
4395	0.605518	0.669701	0.648054	0.605486	0.605479	0.999075	0.797645	0.809519	0.303749	0.781789	8.45000
4955	0.652367	0.721871	0.701536	0.641945	0.641260	0.999496	0.798032	0.809858	0.303544	0.782157	2.3682
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4140	0.519670	0.586840	0.577226	0.609659	0.609659	0.999031	0.797458	0.809380	0.303514	0.781649	1.9496
4696	0.600741	0.673626	0.670432	0.615525	0.614977	0.999207	0.798059	0.809964	0.304196	0.782286	1.0442
2988	0.612490	0.636557	0.646287	0.612714	0.612714	0.999179	0.797728	0.809575	0.303676	0.781852	9.61000
3349	0.481792	0.532926	0.535949	0.621961	0.621961	0.998953	0.797388	0.809314	0.303554	0.781570	4.7040
2716	0.562229	0.607065	0.602388	0.618040	0.618040	0.999151	0.797678	0.809523	0.303648	0.781794	2.1022

1364 rows × 94 columns



In [16]: y\_train

```
Out[16]: 1022    0
          890    0
          957    0
          5551   0
          2954   0
          ..
          3046   0
          1725   0
          4079   0
          2254   0
          2915   0
          Name: Bankrupt?, Length: 5455, dtype: int64
```

```
In [17]: y_test
```

```
Out[17]: 4214    0
          4797    0
          2458    0
          4395    0
          4955    0
          ..
          4140    0
          4696    0
          2988    0
          3349    0
          2716    0
          Name: Bankrupt?, Length: 1364, dtype: int64
```

## Standard Scaling

```
In [18]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          sc = StandardScaler()
          X_train_sc = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
          X_test_sc = sc.transform(X_test)
```

## ML Model Building

```
In [19]: # import for confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score
```

## Support Vector Classifier

```
In [20]: # Train with normal train & test data
from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc_classifier = SVC()
svc_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_scv = svc_classifier.predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_scv)
```

Out[20]: 0.966275659824047

```
In [21]: # Train with standard scalled train & test data
from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc_classifier2 = SVC()
svc_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)
y_pred_svc_sc = svc_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svc_sc)
```

Out[21]: 0.9655425219941349

## Logistic Regression

```
In [22]: # Train with normal train & test data
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
lr_classifier = LogisticRegression()
lr_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_lr = lr_classifier.predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr)
```

```
C:\Users\Umaisr Ali\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):  
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)  
n\_iter\_i = \_check\_optimize\_result(

```
Out[22]: 0.9611436950146628
```

```
In [23]: # Train with standard scaled train & test data  
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression  
lr_classifier2 = LogisticRegression()  
lr_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)  
y_pred_lr_sc = lr_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)  
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr_sc)
```

```
C:\Users\Umaisr Ali\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):  
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)  
n\_iter\_i = \_check\_optimize\_result(

```
Out[23]: 0.9633431085043989
```

## KNN - K-Nearesr Neighbor Classifier

```
In [24]: # train with normal test and train data  
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier  
knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier()  
knn_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)  
y_pred_knn = knn_classifier.predict(X_test)  
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn)
```

Out[24]: 0.967008797653959

```
In [25]: # Train with standard scaled Data
knn_classifier2 = KNeighborsClassifier()
knn_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)
y_pred_knn_sc = knn_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn_sc)
```

Out[25]: 0.966275659824047

## Naive Bayes Classifier

```
In [26]: # Naive Bayes Classifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb_classifier = GaussianNB()
nb_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_nb = nb_classifier.predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_nb)
```

Out[26]: 0.05791788856304985

```
In [27]: # Train with Standard scaled Data
nb_classifier2 = GaussianNB()
nb_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)
y_pred_nb_sc = nb_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_nb_sc)
```

Out[27]: 0.6906158357771262

## Decision Tree Classifier

```
In [28]: # Train with normal test and train data
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
dt_classifier = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
y_pred_dt = dt_classifier.predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_dt)
```

Out[28]: 0.9420821114369502

```
In [29]: # Train with Standard scaled Data
dt_classifier2 = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dt_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)
y_pred_dt_sc = dt_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_dt_sc)
```

Out[29]: 0.9442815249266863

## Random Forest Classifier

```
In [30]: # train with normal data
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier()
rf_classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_rf = rf_classifier.predict(X_test)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf)
```

Out[30]: 0.967741935483871

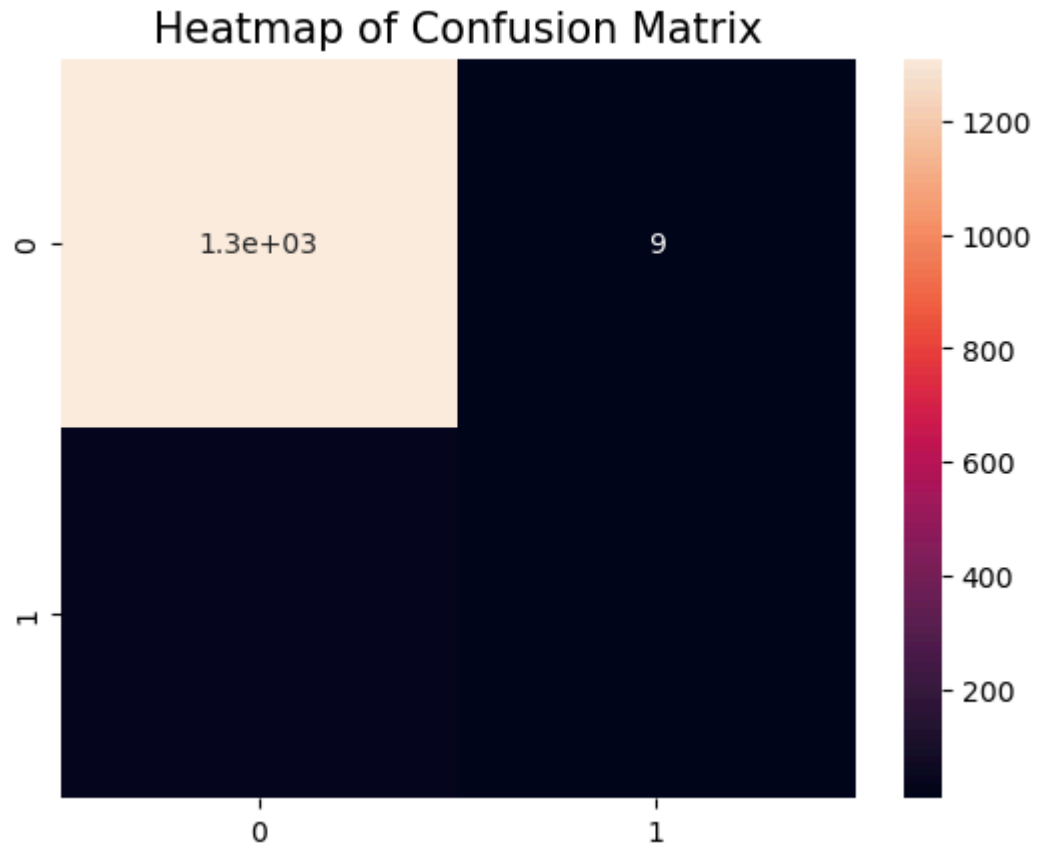
```
In [31]: # Train with Standard scaled Data
rf_classifier2 = RandomForestClassifier()
rf_classifier2.fit(X_train_sc, y_train)
y_pred_rf_sc = rf_classifier2.predict(X_test_sc)
accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf_sc)
```

Out[31]: 0.967008797653959

## Confusion Matrix

```
In [32]: cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_knn_sc)
plt.title('Heatmap of Confusion Matrix', fontsize = 15)
```

```
sns.heatmap(cm, annot = True)  
plt.show()
```



## Classification Report Of model

```
In [33]: print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_knn_sc))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.97	0.99	0.98	1318
1	0.50	0.20	0.28	46
accuracy			0.97	1364
macro avg	0.74	0.59	0.63	1364
weighted avg	0.96	0.97	0.96	1364

## Cross-validation of the ML model

```
In [34]: # Cross validation
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
cross_validation = cross_val_score(estimator = knn_classifier2, X = X_train, y = y_train, cv = 10)
print("Cross validation accuracy of XGBoost model = ", cross_validation)
print("\nCross validation mean accuracy of XGBoost model = ", cross_validation.mean())
```

```
Cross validation accuracy of XGBoost model = [0.96886447 0.96520147 0.96520147 0.96520147 0.96703297 0.96880734
0.96880734 0.96880734 0.96880734 0.96880734]
```

```
Cross validation mean accuracy of XGBoost model = 0.9675538528749538
```

## Test Model

```
In [35]: # have one bank_detail data in List
bank_detail = [0.703325, 1.649695, 0.538953, 0.608541, 0.687929, 0.909132, 1.097677, 0.895028, 0.430365, 0.681804,
6.7300100, 3.87000, 1.465031, 0.08019, 0.41237, 0.212043, 1.012043, 0.812043, 0.293845, 0.332055, 0.174338,
0.144711, 1.249529, 0.072118, 0.848445, 0.650239, 0.68062, 0.214618, 8.850100, 1.000603, 0.464632, 0.390047,
0.017554, 0.105742, 0.730689, 0.012266, 1.056665, 0.243335, 0.005314, 1.0076, 0.095366, 1.054607, 0.848616,
0.207879, 0.181906, 1.000668, 0.809473, 0.008183, 0.008443, 0.156613, 1.015146, 0.480602, 0.045419, 0.751738,
0.459171, 0.588765, 0.118948, 0.906029, 0.088745, 0.127809, 0.849635, 0.47749, 0.704292, 0.118056, 0.784651, 0.383724,
0.08199, 0.451636, 0.00884, 0.017853, 0.080123, 0.001105, 0.793934, 10300000.0, 0.571556, 0.248902, 0.118056, 0.353724,
0.118113, 0.410111, 0.453128, 0.71008, 0.358077, 0.138366, 1, 0.156641, 1.002147, 0.123729, 1.608543, 0.841003, 0.882225,
0.08681, 0, 0.023005]
```

```
In [36]: # convert list into array and scale
bank_detail_sc = sc.transform(np.array([bank_detail]))
```



```
bank_detail_sc
```

```
C:\Users\Umaisr Ali\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but StandardScaler was fitted with feature names
  warnings.warn(
```

```
Out[36]: array([[ 3.28810929e+00,  1.66831546e+01, -2.32684771e-01,
                  3.74080455e-02,  4.50922915e+00, -6.60566420e+00,
                  2.60918901e+01,  8.14606511e+00,  1.07549678e+01,
                 -8.95180778e+00, -6.18184085e-01, -7.51130065e-01,
                  6.14664719e+01, -1.56978275e-01,  2.15795740e+00,
                  6.30683532e-01,  2.39659102e+01,  1.81257640e+01,
                  1.89899670e+00,  4.65674625e-01, -2.87334682e-02,
                  1.22884211e+00,  3.09375648e+01,  3.69128851e+00,
                  4.03832783e-02, -2.78373183e+00, -6.07620560e-01,
                 -2.69175201e-01, -1.88966898e+00, -1.53406492e-02,
                  1.87607485e+01,  5.00388186e-01, -1.35407410e-02,
                 -3.66813940e-02,  8.34701166e+00, -2.80818877e-02,
                  1.74174368e+01, -1.18791261e+01, -1.20203720e-01,
                  3.83323054e+01,  6.56620609e+00,  3.27457347e+01,
                  2.08853583e+01, -1.41401050e+01,  3.83219577e-01,
                 -4.98835590e-02, -3.80040535e-02, -6.56374034e-01,
                 -4.01857722e-01,  3.08585436e+00, -1.90343649e-02,
                  2.54152385e+00, -4.05946934e-02, -1.05550256e+00,
                  2.90760498e-01,  3.00290045e-01, -3.79690384e-02,
                 -2.34095857e-02, -6.92740823e-02,  7.31179008e-01,
                  1.44281078e+01,  1.71439636e+01, -9.50519046e-02,
                 -3.10406851e+00,  3.95900191e+00,  4.00421504e+00,
                 -9.44665714e-02, -1.94744891e+01,  4.63223555e-01,
                 -4.14449466e-01, -4.31372189e-01, -6.44890360e-01,
                  3.34788204e+01, -8.36625585e-01, -1.94867342e+01,
                 -1.35407411e-02, -3.10406851e+00,  1.71168333e+00,
                  1.11650987e-01, -4.99310473e+00, -2.87686448e-01,
                  1.98416253e+00,  4.03618763e+00,  3.55657319e+00,
                  2.60935816e+01, -1.61622573e+01, -4.85781038e-02,
                 -3.97676140e+01,  5.62886461e+01,  3.66057934e-02,
                  4.06492851e+01,  5.32346730e+00, -3.89290187e+01,
                 -4.79388119e-01]])
```

```
In [37]: # predict bankruptcy result scale data
         predict = knn_classifier2.predict(bank_detail_sc)
```

```
predict
```

```
Out[37]: array([0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [38]: # write if else statement to print result in clear format
if predict[0] == 0:
    print ('NOT Bankrupted')
else:
    print ("Bankrupted")
```

NOT Bankrupted

```
In [39]: # confusion matrix
print('Confusion matrix of KNN SC model: \n',confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_knn_sc),'\n')

# show the accuracy
print('Accuracy of KNN SC model = ',accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn_sc))
```

Confusion matrix of KNN SC model:

```
[[1309   9]
 [  37   9]]
```

Accuracy of KNN SC model = 0.966275659824047