

## TMSCA HIGH SCHOOL MATHEMATICS

TEST #8 ©

JANUARY 25, 2020

## **GENERAL DIRECTIONS**

- 1. About this test:
- A. You will be given 40 minutes to take this test.
- B. There are 60 problems on this test.
- All answers must be written on the answer sheet/Scantron form/Chatsworth card provided. If you are
  using an answer sheet, be sure to use **BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS**. Clean erasures are necessary for
  accurate grading.
- 3. If using a scantron answer form, be sure to correctly denote the number of problems not attempted.
- 4. You may write anywhere on the test itself. You must write only answers on the answer sheet.
- 5. You may use additional scratch paper provided by the contest director.
- 6. All problems have **ONE** and **ONLY ONE** correct [BEST] answer. There is a penalty for all incorrect answers.
- 7. Calculators used on this test must be conform to the UIL standards. Graphing calculators are allowed. Calculators need not be cleared.
- 8. All problems answered correctly are worth **SIX** points. **TWO** points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly. No points will be added or subtracted for problems not answered.
- 9. In case of ties, percent accuracy will be used as a tie breaker.

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1.	$(17 \times 3! \times 2^{-1} + 9 - 13)$	$3 \times 3) \div 7 =$			
	(A) $\frac{8}{7}$	(B) 3	(C) $\frac{25}{7}$	(D) 6	(E) $\frac{48}{7}$
2.	Armour running shi	rts for \$24.95 each, a	ased some Nike racing nd some New Balance e get if he paid with th	running socks for \$14	<b>4.95.</b> If the tax
	(A) \$60.45	(B) \$62.56	(C) \$64.67	(D) \$66.78	(E) \$68.89
3.	$(3x - 5)^3 = ax^3 + bx^2$	$^{2} + cx + d$ . $a + b + c +$	- d =		
	(A) -8	(B) -6	(C) -4	(D) 4	(E) 8
4.	$A = \{0, r, g, a, n, i, c\}$ $(A \cap B) \cup C?$	B = $\{c, h, e, m, i, s, \}$	$(t, r, y)$ . $C = \{i, s, a, b\}$	, e, l}. Find the numb	er of elements in
	(A) 5	(B) 6	(C) 7	(D) 8	(E) 9
5.	blueberries, blackbe	rries, and raspberrie 12 more bags of rasp	al of 90 bags of fresh b s. He has 12 more bag berries than bags blac	s of blackberries than	n bags of
	(A) 16	(B) 18	(C) 20	(D) 22	(E) 24
6.		points $(-8, 6)$ and $(2 L_2$ at the point $(a, b)$	2, -4). Line $L_2$ contain. $a + b = $	ns the point (0, 3) and	l is perpendicular
	(A) -3	(B) -2.5	(C) -2	(D) -1.5	(E) -1
7.	If Q is 75% of P and	R is 50% of Q, then	P is what percent of R	?	
	(A) $37\frac{1}{2}\%$	(B) 75 %	(C) $112\frac{1}{2}\%$	(D) 175%	(E) $266\frac{2}{3}\%$
8.	Given the system: $a + b =$		$\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{3}{8}y = \frac{243}{40}$ . If the	e solution to the system	n is (a, b), then
			(C) 12	(D) 13	(F) 14
0	(A) 10	(B) 11	(C) 12	(D) 13	(E) 14
У.	If $\sqrt{5x-9} = x-3$ , the	nen x =	<u></u>		
	(A) 2	(B) 4	(C) 7	(D) 9	(E) 12

10. An eagle is perched on the top of a tree overlooking the Snake River. The eagle spots a rabbit of bank of the river on the other side. If the angle of depression from the eagle to the rabbit is 12.2 the tree is 38 feet tall, how far is it across the Snake River? (nearest foot)				
(A) 176 ft	(B) 179 ft	(C) 182 ft	(D) 185 ft	(E) 188 ft
11. Given: m∠A to ∠A. Find	$= 5x + 2$ and $m\angle B = 4x + m\angle C$ .	-7. ∠A is complemen	ntary to ∠B and ∠C is	supplementary
(A) 121°	(B) 125°	(C) 129°	(D) 133°	(E) 137°
	ngle ABC with coordinate e triangle, then a + b =		C(9,-2). If point $D(3)$	a, b) is the
(A) $5.\overline{3}$	$(B) 5.\overline{6}$	(C) 6	(D) $6.\overline{3}$	(E) $6.\overline{6}$
extra-large su diameter of ea	g the region tournament, F preme pizzas. He noticed ach pizza was 14 inches, an what volume of pizza did s	that each pizza was d nd the thickness of eac	ivided into eight equal s h pizza was 0.25 inches	slices, the
(A) $4.69 \text{ in}^3$	(B) 4.81 in <sup>3</sup>	(C) $4.93 \text{ in}^3$	(D) $5.05 \text{ in}^3$	(E) 5.17 in <sup>3</sup>
	celes trapezoid ABCD with 70°. Find the area of the			= 12, BC = 18,
(A) 254	(B) 258	(C) 262	(D) 266	(E) 270
15. The point at v	which the three bisectors o	f the interior angles of	a triangle intersect is t	he
(A) incenter	(B) circumcenter	(C) orthocenter	(D) Euler point	(E) centroid
16. Consider regu (nearest tentl	ılar pentagon ABCDE wit h)	h AC = 12. Find the p	perimeter of the pentag	on.
(A) 36.2	(B) 36.5	(C) 36.8	(D) 37.1	(E) 37.4
-	al has a perimeter of 93 in :4:5 ratio. Find the length			
(A) 26.4 in	(B) 27.6 in	(C) 28.8 in	(D) 30.0 in	(E) 31.2 in
	cone with a radius of 12 and the surface area of the			ecast as a
(A) 854.8	(B) 858.6	(C) 862.4	(D) 866.2	(E) 870.0

19. If $a_1 = 7$ , $a_2 = 5$	$a_n = (a_{n-2} - a_{n-1})(a_{n-1})$	$(a_{5} - 2)$ , then $a_{5} = $	·	
(A) -60	(B) -55	(C) -50	(D) -45	(E) -45
20. Consider the ge	ometric sequence 30, a,	b, c, 3.888. If $a > 0$ ,	then a + b + c =	·
(A) 33.60	(B) 34.44	(C) 35.28	(D) 36.12	(E) 36.96
	thmetic sequence in wh is 396. Find the last ter		6, the common difference	e is 6, and the sur
(A) 60	(B) 62	(C) 64	(D) 66	(E) 68
22. What is the val	ue of c if $(2x^3 + 4x^2 + cx^3)$	$(x-8) \div (2x+1)$ has	a remainder of -4.25?	
(A) -6	(B) -3	(C) 0	(D) 3	(E) 6
	s filled to 60% of capaci		vater trough that holds a f the trough is 12 feet, fi	_
(A) 54	(B) 56	(C) 58	(D) 60	(E) 62
24. If $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & b & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = 5$ , then $b = $	<u>.</u>		
(A) -5	(B) -3	(C) -1	(D) 1	(E) 3
25. Find the area of (nearest tenth)	f an ellipse with foci at	(0,0) and (4,0), and	l with a major axis of le	ngth 6.
(A) 20.7	(B) 21.1	(C) 21.5	(D) 21.9	(E) 22.3
6. If $u = 5i + 6j$ ar	and $v = 8i - 5j$ , then the	dot product of the ve	ectors equals	
(A) 6	(B) 8	(C) 10	(D) 12	(E) 14
27. The line y = -2 (nearest hundre		$x^2 + y^2 = 25 \text{ at po}$	oints P and Q. Find the	length of $\overline{PQ}$ .
(A) 3.99	(B) 4.11	(C) 4.23	(D) 4.35	(E) 4.47
$28. \sin(135^\circ) + \cos$	$(225^\circ) + \cot(315^\circ) = \_$	·		
(A) $-2\sqrt{2}-1$	(B) $-2\sqrt{2} + 1$	(C) -1	(D) $2\sqrt{2}-1$	<b>(E)</b> 1

tangent line is (a, 0).  $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

 $(B) 2.\overline{6}$ 

(A)  $2.\overline{3}$ 

29. $A + B = 23$ and $A$	$A \times B = 112$ . If $A > B$ ,	then $A - B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .		
(A) 8	(B) 9	(C) 10	(D) 11	(E) 12
	nteral ABCD with BC =		$\angle BCD = 132^{\circ}$ and i	n∠ADC = 108°.
(A) 569	(B) 573	(C) 577	(D) 581	(E) 585
31. The graph of $r =$	cos(4θ) is a/an	·		
(A) 2-leaved rose	(B) 4-leaved rose	(C) 8-leaved rose	(D) circle	(E) spiral
32. Find the sum of the	ne Fibonacci characteri	stic sequence 2, 5, 7, 12	2,, 343, 555	
(A) 1440	(B) 1444	(C) 1448	(D) 1452	(E) 1456
33. Find the angle bet	tween the vectors $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2 \rangle$	(2, -3, 4) and $v = (5, -1)$	$ 1,6\rangle$ . (nearest tenth)	)
(A) 29.2°	(B) 31.4°	(C) 33.6°	(D) 35.8°	(E) 38.0°
34. Consider the hype	$erbola 9y^2 - x^2 + 54y +$	10x + 55 = 0. The vert	tices are (a, b) and (	(a, c). $b + c =$
(A) -6	(B) $-\frac{16}{3}$	(C) $-\frac{14}{3}$	(D) -4	(E) $-\frac{10}{3}$
35. Convert the polar	equation $r = \frac{4}{2 - 3\cos\theta}$	to a rectangular equa	ation.	
` '	$y-16=0$ (B) $4x^2-5y^2-12x-18=$	•		$x^2 - 12y - 18 = 0$
$36. \ \frac{13x-1}{x^2+x-6} = \frac{A}{x+3}$	$+\frac{B}{x-2}  A-B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	<u></u> .		
(A) 1	(B) 1.5	(C) 2	(D) 2.5	(E) 3
37. Given: $f''(x) = 8$ ,	f(2) = 15, f(-2) = 23.	f(4) =		
(A) 47	(B) 50	(C) 53	(D) 56	(E) 59
38. Consider the tang	ent line to the function	$f(x) = (x-2)^2 + 3$ at x	= 1. The x-intercep	t of the

(C) 3

**(D)**  $3.\overline{3}$ 

(E)  $3.\overline{6}$ 

- 39. Find the area bounded by the graphs of  $y = .5 \cdot e^{(x-2)}$ ,  $y = 3 \cdot \sqrt{x+2}$ , and x = 3. (bounded region to the right of x = 3) (nearest hundredth)
  - (A) 5.25
- **(B)** 5.50
- (C) 5.75
- (D) 6.00
- (E) 6.25

- 40. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for  $3x^2 + 2y^2 8x + 4y = 32$  at the point (4, 2).

  - (A)  $-\frac{4}{3}$  (B)  $-\frac{2}{3}$  (C)  $-\frac{1}{3}$

- (E)  $\frac{2}{3}$
- 41. Consider the graph of  $f(x) = -x^4 2x^3 + 3x^2 4x + 5$ . A point of inflection occurs at (a, b) where a > 0. Find the value of a + b. (nearest tenth)
  - (A) 3.4
- (B) 3.6
- (C) 3.8
- (D) 4.0
- (E) 4.2
- 42. If  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{6x+4}{3x-7} \right) = \frac{a(bx+c)-b(ax+d)}{(bx+c)^2}$ , then a+b+c+d=\_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A) 4

- **(B)** 6
- (C) 8

(D) 10

- (E) 12
- 43. Use the first three terms of the Maclaurin series for  $f(x) = \cos x$  to approximate the value of  $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ . What digit is in the ten-thousandths place?
  - (A) 1

- (B) 3
- (C) 5

**(D)** 7

(E) 9

- 44.  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx = \underline{\qquad} + C.$ 
  - (A)  $e^{2x}$
- (B)  $\ln(x)$  (C)  $\ln(x^2)$  (D)  $-\frac{2}{x^2}$
- (E)  $\ln |2x|$
- 45. The graph of  $f(x) = \frac{5x+1}{\sqrt{3x^2+2}}$  has two horizontal asymptotes. One of them is the line \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (A)  $y = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$  (B) y = 3 (C)  $y = -\frac{28}{9}$  (D)  $y = \frac{32}{11}$

- (E)  $y = -\frac{9}{7}$
- 46. Ryan took six number sense tests for practice on Saturday. His scores were 341, 345, 310, 346, 355, and 301. What was Ryan's mean score on Saturday? (nearest whole number)
  - (A) 330
- (B) 331
- (C) 332
- (D) 333
- (E) 334

(B) 164

(A) 163

**(E)** 167

48.	8. The probability of a senior at Oklahoma Baptist University being accepted into the Princeton Cente for Theoretical and Applied Physics is 0.006. If all 244 seniors apply, what is the probability that at least one senior will be accepted? (nearest thousandth)					
(	(A) 0.714	(B) 0.728	(C) 0.742	(D) 0.756	(E) 0.770	
49.	and shakes the jar fo and keeps it. He doe	r 30 seconds. He puts s this two more times	s on a blindfold and ra	Ie places all of the marb ndomly selects a marble hree marbles he selected n-thousandth)	from the jar	
	(A) 0.0155	(B) 0.0166	(C) 0.0177	(D) 0.0188	(E) 0.0199	
50.	0. Haley did some research on the Titanic and she found that of the 319 first class passengers, 197 survived. Out of the 261 second class passengers, 94 survived and out of the 627 third class passengers, 151 survived. If a person selected did not survive, what is the probability that the person selected was a first class passenger? (nearest hundredth)					
	(A) 0.13	(B) 0.16	(C) 0.19	(D) 0.22	(E) 0.25	
51.	Jasmin rolled a pair sum was less than 6 d		the sum of the top face	es. What is the probabil	lity that the	
ı	(A) $\frac{7}{18}$	(B) $\frac{5}{12}$	(C) $\frac{4}{9}$	(D) $\frac{17}{36}$	(E) $\frac{1}{2}$	
52.	52. For least squares regression lines, the difference between an observed value of the response variable and the value predicted by the regression line is called a/an					
	(A) correlation	(B) balance	(C) residual	(D) outlier	(E) IQR	
53.	3. Assume that the mean height of high school senior females in Texas is 66 inches with a standard deviation of 3 inches. What is the probability that a randomly chosen Texas senior female has a height between 70 and 75 inches? (nearest hundredth of a percent)					
(	(A) 4.55%	(B) 5.66%	(C) 6.77%	(D) 7.88%	(E) 8.99%	
54.	won the first set, lost	the second set, then v		Bjorn Borg in the men's The men's tennis, the firm win a match?		
	(A) 8	(B) 9	(C) 10	(D) 11	(E) 12	

47. Sonali played six rounds of golf last week at the Robson Ranch course. Her scores were 76, 79, 82, 80, 77, and 79. Find the sum of the mode, median and range of the scores? (nearest whole number)

(C) 165

(D) 166

55.	1000 in base 10 equals	in base 15.

- (A) 450
- (B) 45B
- (C) 45D
- **(D)** 46A
- (E) 46C

56. 
$$\frac{10}{11}$$
 base 2 +  $\frac{11}{13}$  base 6 = \_\_\_\_\_\_ base 10 mixed number.

- (A)  $1\frac{1}{4}$  (B)  $1\frac{1}{3}$  (C)  $1\frac{2}{5}$

- (D)  $1\frac{4}{9}$
- (E)  $1\frac{1}{2}$

57. If 
$$623_b + 552_b = 1375_b$$
, then  $222_b = _____$  base 10.

- (A) 146
- (B) 155
- (C) 164
- (D) 173
- (E) 182
- 58. Find the sum of the product of the roots taken four at a time for  $x^5 3x^4 5x^3 + 15x^2 + 4x 12 = 0$ .
  - (A) -3

- (B) -5
- (C) 15
- (D) 4

- (E) -12
- 59. Thirteen cards are dealt to James from a well-shuffled standard deck of 52 cards. What is the probability that he got 7 hearts, 3 diamonds, and 3 spades? (3 SD)
  - (A) .000155
- (B) .000221
- (C) .000287
- (D) .000353
- (E) .000419
- 60. Lauren's favorite topic in BC Calculus is finding the area of a polar region. Here is one of her homework problems. "Find the area of one petal of the rose curve  $r = 3\sin(3\theta)$ ." The correct answer is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - $(A) \frac{7\pi}{12}$
- (B)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
- (C)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$
- (D)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
- (E)  $\frac{11\pi}{12}$

## 2019 – 2020 TMSCA High School Mathematics Test 8 **Answer Key**

1.	В	21. D	41. E
2.	D	22. A	42. B
3.	A	23. D	43. D
4.	D	24. A	<b>44.</b> C
5.	В	25. B	45. A
6.	C	26. C	46. D
7.	E	27. E	47. B
8.	C	28. C	48. E
9.	D	29. B	49. A
10.	A	<b>30.</b> E	50. B
11.	D	31. C	<b>51.</b> C
12.	C	32. C	<b>52.</b> C
13.	В	33. A	53. E
14.	A	34. A	<b>54.</b> C
15.	A	35. E	55. D
16.	D	36. E	56. D
17.	D	37. E	57. A
18.	E	38. C	58. D
19.	A	39. E	59. B
20.	C	40. A	60. C

## 19-20 TMSCA HSMA Test 8 Selected Solutions

2. 
$$300 - (125.65 + 3(24.95) + 14.95)(1.0825) = 66.78$$
 3.  $\frac{27x^3 - 135x^2 + 225x - 125}{27 - 135 + 225 - 125 = -8}$  4.  $\frac{i, s, a, b, e, l, r, c}{8}$ 

3. 
$$\frac{27x^3 - 135x^2 + 225x - 125}{27 - 135 + 225 - 125 = -8}$$

$$y + 4 = -(x - 2)$$

$$y + y + z = 90$$

$$y = -x - 2$$

$$x + y + z = 90 \qquad \qquad y = -x - 2$$

6. 
$$y-3=x$$
  
 $y=x+3$ 

$$(-2.5, 0.5)$$

$$-2.5 + .5 = -2$$

$$Let P = 100$$

7. 
$$Q = 75$$
,  $R = 37.5$ 

$$x+y+z=90$$
  $y=-x-2$  Let  $P=100$  Solve  $y-3=x$   $y=12+y$   $y=x+3$   $y=18$   $(-2.5,0.5)$   $y=x+3$   $y=18$   $(-2.5,0.5)$   $y=x+3$   $y=x+3$ 

8. 
$$x = 7$$
,  $y = 5$ 

9. Solve 
$$x = 9$$

10. 
$$\tan(12.2^\circ) = \frac{38}{d}$$
  
 $d = 176 \text{ ft}$   
11.  $x = 9$   
 $A = 47$ 

$$9x + 9 = 90$$

$$x = 9$$

$$A = 47$$
  
 $C = 180 - 47 = 133^{\circ}$ 

$$a = \frac{0+3+9}{3} = 4$$

12. 
$$b = \frac{0+8-2}{3} = 2$$

12. 
$$b = \frac{0+8-2}{3} = 2$$
 13.  $\frac{1}{8} \cdot \pi \cdot 7^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} = 4.81 \text{ in}^3$ 

$$\sin(70^\circ) = \frac{h}{12}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(h)(18+27) = 254$$

16. 
$$AB = 7.4164...$$
  
 $5(AB) = 37.1$   
 $3x + 4$   
17.  $x = 6$ 

$$5(AB) = 37.1$$

$$3x + 4x + 5x = 93 - 21$$

17. 
$$x = 6$$
  
 $5x = 30$ 

$$754 = \pi(12)L$$

$$12^2 + h^2 = L^2$$

18. 
$$V = \frac{\pi}{3} (12)^2 (h)$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} (\pi) R^3$$

$$A = 4\pi R^2 = 870.0$$

$$a_3 = (2)(3) = 6$$

19. 
$$a_4 = (-1)(4) = -4$$
 20.  $r = .6$ 

$$a_5 = (10)(-6) = -60$$
  $18 + 10.8 + 6.48 = 35.28$ 

$$3.888 = 30 \cdot r^4$$

20. 
$$r = .6$$

$$18 + 10.8 + 6.48 = 35.28$$

$$396 = \frac{n}{2} (6 + (6 + (n-1)6))$$

21. 
$$n = 11$$

$$a_{11} = 6 + (11 - 1)(6) = 66$$

$$\frac{2538}{.6} = 4230$$

23. 
$$\frac{\pi(6\cdot12)^2h}{231} = 4230$$
 24.  $\frac{-14-3b+4=5}{b=-5}$  25.  $\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-0)^2}{5} = 1$  26.  $(5)(8) + (6)(-5) = 10$ 

$$h = 60$$

$$24. -14 - 3b + 4 = 5$$

$$(x-2)^2 + (y-0)^2$$

 $9 = 4 + b^2$ 

$$9 \qquad 5$$
$$A = \pi(3)(\sqrt{5}) = 21.1$$

26. 
$$(5)(8) + (6)(-5) = 10$$

$$y_1 = -2x + 10$$
$$y_2 = \sqrt{25 - x^2}$$

27. 
$$y_3 = -y_2$$
  
intersections  
(3,4) and (5,0)  
 $d = \sqrt{4^2 + 2^2} = 4.47$ 

28. 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = -1$$
 29.  $A = 16, B = 7$  30. Heron  $\rightarrow 148.628...$ 

29. 
$$A = 16, B = 7$$
  
 $16-7=9$ 

$$DC = 36.5418...$$
  
 $AB = 41.5687...$ 

31. 
$$(4)(2) = 8$$
 32.  $(2)(555) + 343 - 5 = 1448$ 

33. 
$$\cos \theta = \frac{10 + 3 + 24}{\sqrt{29} \cdot \sqrt{62}}$$
  
 $\theta = 29.2^{\circ}$ 

$$33. \frac{\cos \theta = \frac{10+3+24}{\sqrt{29} \cdot \sqrt{62}}}{\theta = 29.2^{\circ}} \qquad 34. \frac{\frac{(y+3)^{2}}{1} - \frac{(x-5)^{2}}{1}}{(5,-3-\frac{1}{3})\left(5,-3+\frac{1}{3}\right)} - \frac{10}{3} - \frac{8}{3} = -6$$

 $9v^2 + 54v - x^2 + 10x = -55$ 

$$2r - 3r\cos\theta = 4$$

$$35. \frac{2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} - 3x = 4}{4x^2 + 4y^2 = (3x + 4)^2}$$

$$4v^2 - 5x^2 - 24x - 16 = 0$$

$$f = 4x^2 + cx + d$$

$$8 - 5 = 3$$

$$36. \frac{A = 8, B = 5}{8 - 5}$$

$$8 - 5 = 3$$

$$4(x) = 4x^2 - 2x + 3$$

36. 
$$A = 8$$
,  $B = 5$   
 $8-5=3$ 

37. 
$$15 = 16 + 2c + d$$

$$23 = 16 - 2c + d$$

$$f(x) = 4x^{2} - 2x + 3$$

$$f(4) = 59$$

 $f = 4x^2 + cx + d$ 

f' = 8x + c

$$y = -2x + 6$$
38. 
$$0 = -2x + 6$$

$$x = 3$$

39. 
$$\int_{3}^{4.746253} (y_2 - y_1) dx = 6.25$$

$$40. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{8 - 6x}{4y + 4}$$

$$\frac{8 - 24}{8 + 4} = -\frac{4}{3}$$
41. 
$$\frac{(.366025, 3.8217968)}{\text{sum} = 4.2}$$

$$42. \frac{6(3x - 7) - 3(6x + 4)}{(3x - 7)^2}$$

$$6 + 3 - 7 + 4 = 6$$

42. 
$$\frac{6(3x-7)-3(6x+4)}{(3x-7)^2}$$
$$6+3-7+4=6$$

43. 
$$1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!}$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3} \to 0.5017962$$
44. 
$$2\int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx = 2\ln|x| + C$$

$$\ln(x^2) + C$$
45. 
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} (f(x)) = -\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$$

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46. 
$$\frac{341+345+310+346+355+301}{6} = 333$$
 47.  $79+79+6=164$  48.  $1-(.944)^{244}=0.770$ 

$$319 - 197 = 122$$

$$261 - 94 = 167$$

49. 
$$\frac{12}{45} \cdot \frac{11}{44} \cdot \frac{10}{43} = 0.0155$$
 50.  $627 - 151 = 476$ 

$$50. 627 - 151 = 476$$

$$122 + 167 + 476 = 765$$

$$\frac{122}{765} = 0.159477$$

51. 
$$\frac{1+2+3+4+3+2+1}{36} = \frac{4}{9}$$
 52. residual

55. 46A $4(15)^2 + 6(15) + 10 = 1000$ 

WWW

WWLW

WWLLW

**WLWW** 

53. 
$$\frac{\text{normalCdf}(70,75,66,3)}{8.99\%} = 0.08986...$$

WLLWW

LWWW

LWLWW

LWWLW

**LLWWW** 

56. 
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{9} = 1\frac{4}{9}$$

57. 
$$222_8 = 146_{10}$$

$$59. \quad \frac{{}_{13}C_7 \cdot {}_{13}C_3 \cdot {}_{13}C_3}{{}_{52}C_{13}} = 0.000221$$

56. 
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{9} = 1\frac{4}{9}$$
 57.  $222_8 = 146_{10}$  59.  $\frac{{}_{13}C_7 \cdot {}_{13}C_3 \cdot {}_{13}C_3}{{}_{52}C_{13}} = 0.000221$  60.  $A = \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \left(3\sin(3\theta)^2 d\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}\right)^{\frac{\pi}{3}}$