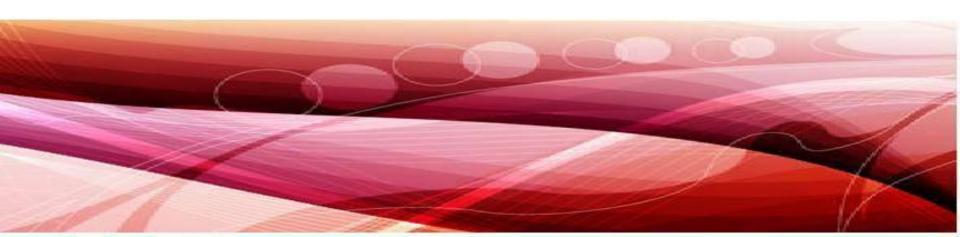
实验三 动态路由RIP&OSPF的配置



动态路由协议

• 动态路由协议的特点:

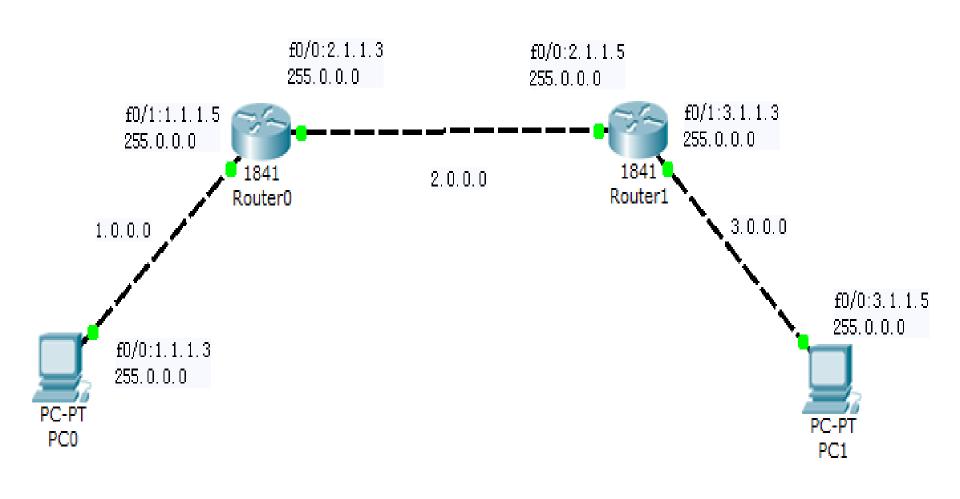
根据网络系统的运行情况,路由器根据每种协议对应的算法自动调整路由,并计算出最终的路由表。

- 动态路由协议根据所连接的网络规模大小可分为:
 - 1)距离矢量路由协议
 - 2)链路状态路由协议

动态路由协议——RIP协议

- RIP是最简单的距离矢量路由协议;
- RIP路由协议以"跳数"作为度量单位,以计算路由;
- RIP路由协议优先选择"跳数"最少的路径作为最优路径
- RIP路由协议所支持得最大"跳数"为15。

路由器配置实例



RIP协议的配置

· RIP协议配置语法:

· RIP协议删除语法

Router(config)# no router rip

RouterO配置过程:

Router>enable

Router#configure t

Router(config)#hostname Router0

Router0(config)#interface f0/0

Router0(config-if)#ip address 2.1.1.3 255.0.0.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config)#interface f0/1

Router0(config-if)#ip address 1.1.1.5 255.0.0.0

Router0(config-if)#no shutdown

Router0(config)#ip routing

Router0(config)#router rip

Router0(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0

Router0(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0

Router0(config-router)#version 2

Router0(config-router)#end

---进入全局配置模式

---更改路由器名字为RouterO

---进入f0/0端口

---配置fO/O端口地址

---启动f0/0端口

---进入f0/1端口

---配置fO/1端口地址

---启动f0/1端口

---启用ip路由协议

---启用rip路由协议

---发布直连网段

---发布直连网段

---设置rip版本号2

- Router0#show ip route
- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
- D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
- N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
- E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
- i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
- * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
- P periodic downloaded static route
- Gateway of last resort is not set
- C 1.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- R 3.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 2.1.1.5, 00:00:13, FastEthernet0/0

Router1配置过程:

Router>enable

Router#configure t

Router1(config)#hostname Router1

Router1(config)#interface f0/0

Router1(config-if)#ip address 2.1.1.5 255.0.0.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config)#interface f0/1

Router1(config-if)#ip address 3.1.1.3 255.0.0.0

Router1(config-if)#no shutdown

Router1(config)#ip routing

Router1(config)#router rip

Router1(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0

Router1(config-router)#network 3.0.0.0

Router1(config-router)#version 2

Router1(config-router)#end

---进入全局配置模式

---更改路由器名字为Router1

---进入f0/0端口

---配置f0/0端口地址

---启动f0/1端口

---进入f0/1端口

---配置f0/1端口地址

———启动**f0/1**端口

---启用**ip**路由协议

---启用rip路由协议

---发布直连网段

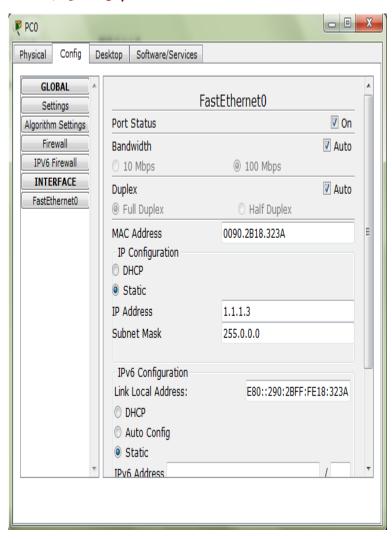
---发布直连网段

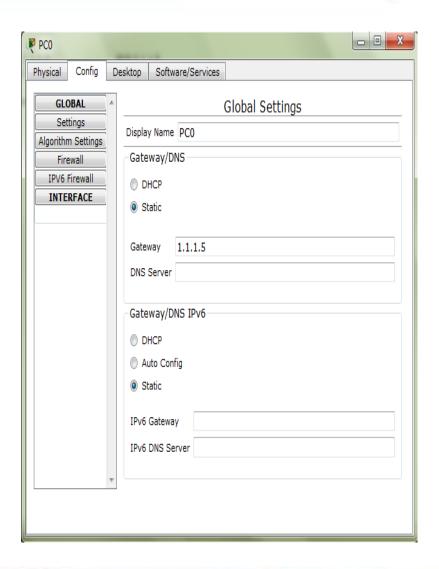
---设置rip版本号2

- Router#show ip route
- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
- D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
- N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
- E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
- i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
- * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
- P periodic downloaded static route
- Gateway of last resort is not set
- R 1.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 2.1.1.3, 00:00:08, FastEthernet0/0
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1

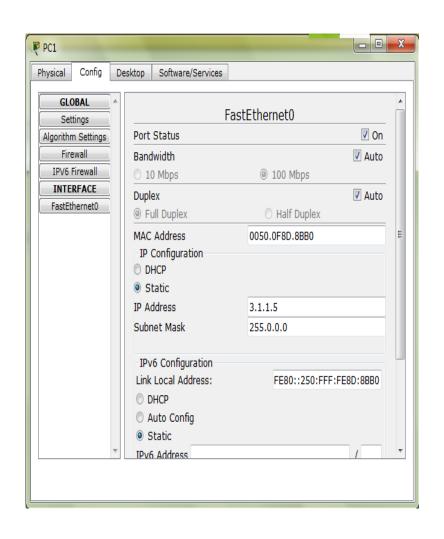
注意: RIP协议必须将网络内各路由器的RIP都配置完成才可以查看出结果

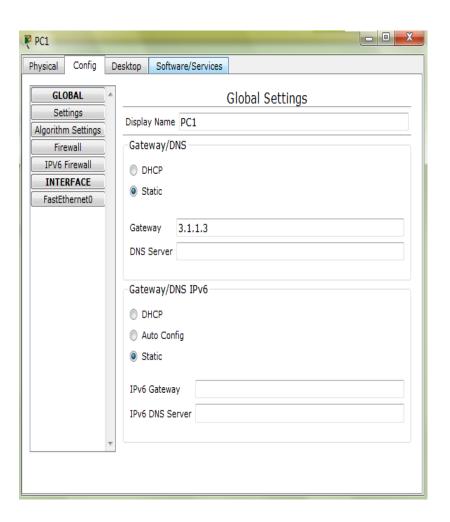
PC1配置过程:

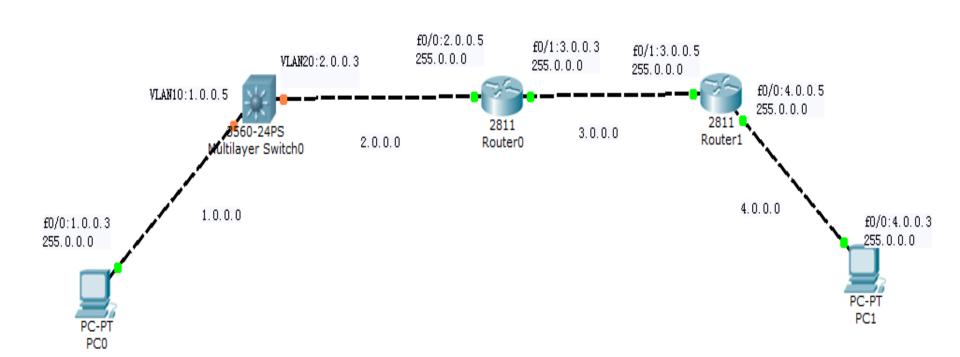




PC2配置过程:







Switch3560的配置

Switch#configure terminal

Switch(config)#interface VLAN 10

Switch(config-if)#ip address 1.0.0.5 255.0.0.0

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#interface VLAN 20

Switch(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan20, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#IP ADDress 2.0.0.3 255.0.0.0

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#INterface F0/1

Switch3560的配置

Switch(config-if)#SWitchport ACCEss vlan 10

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#interface f0/1

Switch(config-if)#switchport access VLAN 20

Switch(config-if)#

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vian20, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#EXIT

Switch(config)#ROUTER RIP

Switch(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0

Switch(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0

Switch(config-router)#version 2

Switch(config-router)#end

Router0的配置

Router#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

- R 1.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 2.0.0.3, 00:00:01, FastEthernet0/0
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- R 4.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 3.0.0.5, 00:00:06, FastEthernet0/1

Router1的配置

Router#show ip route

Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

- R 1.0.0.0/8 [120/2] via 3.0.0.3, 00:00:11, FastEthernet0/1
- R 2.0.0.0/8 [120/1] via 3.0.0.3, 00:00:11, FastEthernet0/1
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- C 4.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0

动态路由协议——OSPF协议

- OSPF协议,即"开放最短路径优先"协议,适用于所有的路由器和三层交换机。
- OSPF协议原理:
 - 1) 区域内每台路由器根据自身的网络连接情况生成自己的链路状况,并告知主路由器;
 - 2) 主路由器将所有路由器的链路状态信息组成链路状态数据库,发布给区域内部各个路由器;
 - 3) 每个路由器根据该数据库信息,利用最短路径算法,计算出以自己为根的最短路径,形成路由表。
- OSPF协议支持各种规模网络,反应速度快,能够减少网络带宽,减少对其它设备的干扰。

· OSPF协议配置语法:

Router(config)#router ospf process_id

———进入OSPF协议配置模式, process_id为ospf进程号

例: Router(config)#router ospf 1

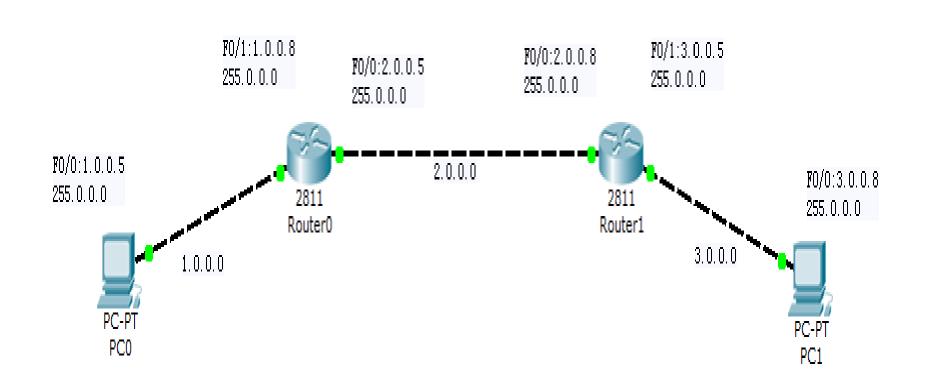
Router(config-router)#network address wildcard area area_id

address wildcard:表示运行OSPF端口所在网段地址及相应的子网掩码反码

例: Router(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0

· OSPF协议删除语法

Router(config)# no router ospf process_id



RouterO配置过程:

Router0(config)#ip routing

————启用IP路由协议

 Router0(config)#router ospf 1 协议 ---启用进程处理号为1的OSPF

- Router0(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
- Router0(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
 - ---在区域0上发布直连网段

Router0(config-router)#end

- Router0#show ip route
- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
- D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
- N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
- E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
- i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
- * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
- P periodic downloaded static route
- Gateway of last resort is not set
- C 1.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- O 3.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 2.0.0.8, 00:00:40, FastEthernet0/0

Router1配置过程:

Router1(config)#ip routing

---启用IP路由协议

Router1(config)#router ospf 1
OSPF协议

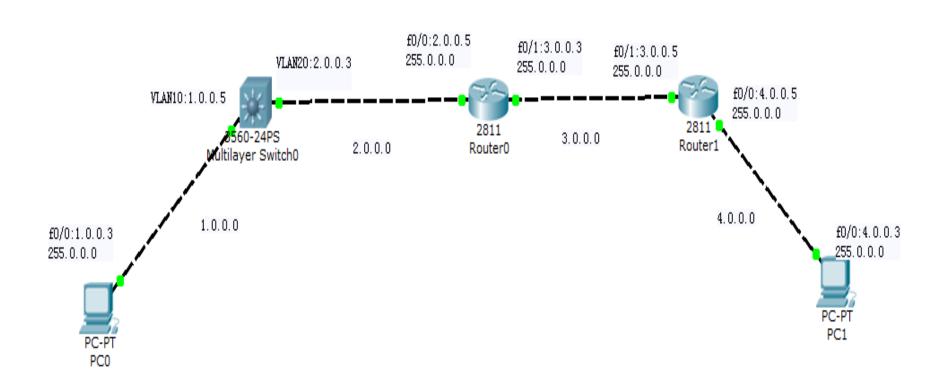
---启用进程处理号为1的

- Router1(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
- Router1(config-router)#network 3.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
 - ---在区域0上发布直连网段

Router1(config-router)#end

- Router1#show ip route
- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
- D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
- N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
- E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
- i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
- * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
- P periodic downloaded static route
- Gateway of last resort is not set
- O 1.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 2.0.0.5, 00:02:27, FastEthernet0/0
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1

注意: OSPF协议必须将网络内各路由器的OSPF都配置完成才可以查看出结果



OSPF协议路由器配置实例-2

Switch3560的配置

Switch#configure terminal

Switch(config)#interface VLAN 10

Switch(config-if)#ip address 1.0.0.5 255.0.0.0

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#interface VLAN 20

Switch(config-if)#

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan20, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#ip address 2.0.0.3 255.0.0.0

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#interface F0/1

Switch3560的配置

Switch(config-if)#swtchport access vlan 10

Switch(config-if)#no shutdown

Switch(config-if)#exit

Switch(config)#interface f0/1

Switch(config-if)#switchport access VLAN 20

Switch(config-if)#

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vian20, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#EXIT

Switch(config)#router ospf 1

Switch(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0

Switch(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0

Switch(config-router)#end

- Switch#show ip route
- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
- D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
- N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
- E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
- i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
- * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
- P periodic downloaded static route
- Gateway of last resort is not set
- C 1.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Vlan10
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, Vlan20
- O 3.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 2.0.0.5, 00:10:52, Vlan20
- O 4.0.0.0/8 [110/3] via 2.0.0.5, 00:10:52, Vlan20

RouterO配置过程:

Router0(config)#ip routing

----启用IP路由协议

 Router0(config)#router ospf 1 协议 一一一启用进程处理号为1的OSPF

- Router0(config-router)#network 1.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
- Router0(config-router)#network 2.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
 - 一一一在区域**0**上发布直连网段

Router0(config-router)#end

Router0#show ip route

- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
 - D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
 - N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
 - E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
 - i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
 - * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
 - P periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

- O 1.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 2.0.0.3, 00:12:34, FastEthernet0/0
- C 2.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- O 4.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 3.0.0.5, 00:12:34, FastEthernet0/1

Router1配置过程:

Router1(config)#ip routing

----启用IP路由协议

Router1(config)#router ospf 1

- ---启用进程处理号为1的OSPF协议
- Router1(config-router)#network 3.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
- Router1(config-router)#network 4.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0
 - ---在区域**0**上发布直连网段

Router1(config-router)#end

Router1#show ip route

- Codes: C connected, S static, I IGRP, R RIP, M mobile, B BGP
 - D EIGRP, EX EIGRP external, O OSPF, IA OSPF inter area
 - N1 OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 OSPF NSSA external type 2
 - E1 OSPF external type 1, E2 OSPF external type 2, E EGP
 - i IS-IS, L1 IS-IS level-1, L2 IS-IS level-2, ia IS-IS inter area
 - * candidate default, U per-user static route, o ODR
 - P periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

- O 1.0.0.0/8 [110/3] via 3.0.0.3, 00:13:30, FastEthernet0/1
- O 2.0.0.0/8 [110/2] via 3.0.0.3, 00:13:30, FastEthernet0/1
- C 3.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/1
- C 4.0.0.0/8 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0

作业内容与要求

- 1.理解并熟练掌握路由器的IOS操作命令;
- 2.使用Cisco Paket Tracer平台,自行设计网络拓扑结构图。网络内至少包含两台路由器设备及若干台终端;
- 3.注明各网段地址和各端口地址;
- 4.配置各终端的网卡地址和网关,并给出图示;
- 5.使用RIP/OSPF路由协议配置,使全网互通, 并给出主要配置过程;
- 6.给出全网联通测试图示。



协助