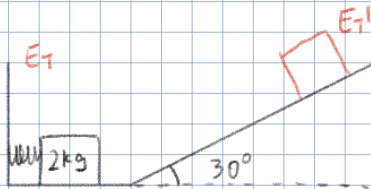


Example 1:

A toy car (1kg) is shot up a ramp by a spring as shown. The spring constant is 2N/cm and the spring gets compressed 40cm. How high up the ramp does the car get?



$$K = \frac{2\text{N}}{\text{cm}} = \frac{100\text{cm}}{\text{m}} = 200\text{N/m}$$

$$x = 0.4\text{m}$$

$$E_T = E_T'$$

$$E_s = E_g$$

$$\frac{1}{2} K x^2 = m g h'$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (200) (0.4)^2 = 2 (9.81) h'$$

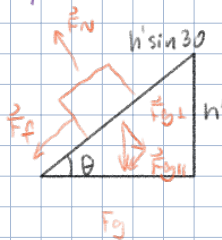
$$h' = 0.815\text{m}$$

Addon: The ramp has $\mu = 0.1 \rightarrow h'$

$$E_T = E_T'$$

$$E_s = E_g + E_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} K x^2 = m g h' + F_f d$$



$$\frac{1}{2} K x^2 = m g h' + \mu m g \cos \theta \cdot h' \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (200) (0.4)^2 = 2 (9.81) h' + 0.1 (2) (9.81) (\cos 30) \left(\frac{h'}{\sin 30} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (200) (0.4)^2 = h' (2 (9.81) + 0.1 (2) (9.81) \left(\frac{\cos 30}{\sin 30} \right))$$

$$h' = 0.695\text{m}$$

Example 2:

Two blocks are set up as shown. The 3kg block is shot by a spring ($K = 2\text{KN/m}$) which was compressed 30cm. The ramps have $\mu = 0.1$

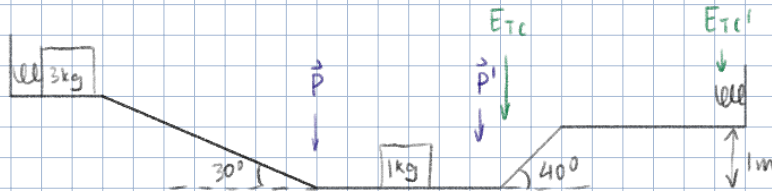
a) What is the velocity of the 3kg block before it strikes the 1kg block



$$\begin{aligned}
 E_i &= E_f \\
 E_s + E_g &= E_k + E_f \\
 \frac{1}{2} K x^2 + mgh &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + F_f d \\
 \frac{1}{2} K x^2 + mgh &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \mu mg \cos \theta \frac{h}{\sin \theta} \\
 V &= \sqrt{\left[\frac{1}{2} K x^2 + mgh - \mu mg \cos \theta \frac{h}{\sin \theta} \right] \frac{2}{m}} \\
 &= \sqrt{\left[\frac{1}{2} (2000) (0.3)^2 + 3(9.81)(1) - 0.1(3)(9.81) \cos 30 \frac{1}{\sin 30} \right] \frac{2}{3}} \\
 &= 10.42 \text{ m/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

b) If the collision is a TIC, what is the velocity of the blocks after collision?

c) When the blocks hit the 2nd spring, it compressed 20cm. What is its spring constant?



b) $\vec{p} = \vec{p}'$

$$m_3 v_3 = m_4 v_4'$$

$$3(0.4) = 4(v_4')$$

$$v_4' = 7.82 \text{ m/s}$$

c)

$$E_{TIC} = E_{TIC}' \neq E_{TA}$$

$$E_K = E_g + E_s + E_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = mgh + \frac{1}{2} k x^2 + F_f d$$

$$k = \left[\frac{1}{2} m v^2 - mgh - F_f d \right] \frac{2}{x^2}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} (4) (7.82)^2 - 4(9.81)(1) - \frac{0.1(4)(9.81) \cos 40^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ} \right] \frac{2}{0.2^2}$$

$$= 3916.59 \text{ N/m}$$

$$= 3.92 \text{ kN/m}$$

