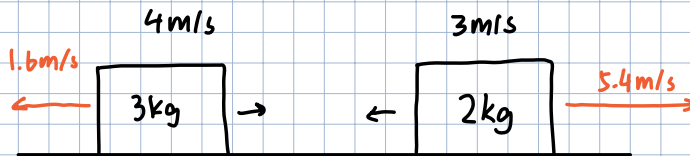


We only want to consider kinetic energy and discard all the other energies



Find Final Velocities

$$\checkmark \vec{P}_T = \vec{P}_T'$$

$$\checkmark E_K = E_K'$$

$$\times \vec{P}_3 + \vec{P}_2 = \vec{P}_3' + \vec{P}_2'$$

$$\times E_{K3} + E_{K2} = E_{K3'} + E_{K2'}$$

$$? \times m_3 \vec{v}_3 + m_2 \vec{v}_2 = m_3 \vec{v}_3' + m_2 \vec{v}_2' \quad ? \times \frac{1}{2} m_3 v_3^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_3 v_3'^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2'^2$$

$$\checkmark 3(4) + 2(-3) = 3\vec{v}_3' + 2\vec{v}_2'$$

$$\checkmark 3(4)^2 + 2(-3)^2 = 3v_3'^2 + 2v_2'^2$$

$$6 = 3\vec{v}_3' + 2\vec{v}_2'$$

$$66 = 3v_3'^2 + 2v_2'^2$$

$$\vec{v}_3' = \frac{6 - 2\vec{v}_2'}{3}$$

$$66 = 3 \frac{(6 - 2\vec{v}_2')^2}{3^2} + 2v_2'^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{sub}$$

$$\vec{v}_3' = \frac{6 - 2(5.4)}{3}$$

$$66 = 3 \frac{36 - 24\vec{v}_2' + 4\vec{v}_2'^2}{3^2} + 2v_2'^2$$

$$\vec{v}_3' = -1.6 \text{ m/s [R]}$$

$$198 = 36 - 24\vec{v}_2' + 4\vec{v}_2'^2 + 6v_2'^2$$

$$= 1.6 \text{ m/s [L]}$$

$$10v_2'^2 - 24v_2' - 162 = 0$$

$$-3 \begin{vmatrix} 10 & -24 & -162 \\ \downarrow & -30 & 162 \\ 10 & -54 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$10v_2' - 54 = 0$$

$$v_2' = 5.4 \text{ m/s [R]}$$

Newton's Second Law

$$F = ma$$

$$F = m \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

$$F \Delta t = m \Delta v = \text{Impulse } (\vec{I}) \text{ units} = \text{kgm/s} = \text{N}\cdot\text{s}$$

$$F \Delta t = m(v' - v)$$

$$F \Delta t = mv' - mv$$

$$\vec{F} \Delta t = p' - p$$

$$\vec{F} \Delta t = \Delta \vec{p}$$

Find force if lasted 100ms

3kg	2kg
$\vec{F}_3 \Delta t_3 = m_3 \Delta v_3$	$\vec{F}_2 \Delta t_2 = m_2 \Delta v_2$
$\vec{F}_3 (0.1) = 3(1.6[L] - 4[R])$	$\vec{F}_2 (0.1) = 2(5.4[R] - 3[L])$
$\vec{F}_3 (0.1) = 3(5.6[L])$	$\vec{F}_2 (0.1) = 2(8.4[R])$
$\vec{F}_3 = 168\text{N}[L]$	$\vec{F}_2 = 168\text{N}[R]$

How much energy is stored in the spring at minimum separation

$$\vec{p}_T = \cancel{\vec{p}_T'} = \vec{p}_{T \min}$$

$$E_T = \cancel{E_T'} = E_{T \min}$$

$$\vec{p}_3 + \vec{p}_2 = \vec{p}_{3 \min} + \vec{p}_{2 \min}$$

$$E_{K3} + E_{K2} = E_{K3 \min} + E_{K2 \min} + E_s$$

$$m_3 \vec{v}_3 + m_2 \vec{v}_2 = m_3 \vec{v}_{3 \min} + m_2 \vec{v}_{2 \min}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_3 v_3^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_3 v_{\min}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 v_{\min}^2 + 2E_s$$

but at minimum sep

$$3(4)^2 + 2(-3)^2 = 3(1.2)^2 + 2(1.2)^2 + 2E_s$$

move at same speed

$$66 = 5(1.2)^2 + 2E_s$$

$$\vec{v}_{3 \min} = \vec{v}_{2 \min} = \vec{v}_{\min}$$

$$E_s = 29.4 \text{ J}$$

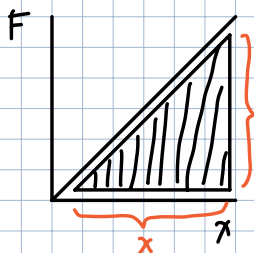
$$3(4) + 2(-3) = 3\vec{v}_{\min} + 2\vec{v}_{\min}$$

$$6 = 5\vec{v}_{\min}$$

$$1.2 = \vec{v}_{\min}$$

Springs:

$$F_s = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$



Area = Energy

$$= \frac{1}{2} x F$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x (kx)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

If the spring 30cm and gets within 10cm, what's the spring constant

$$E_s = \frac{1}{2} kx^2$$

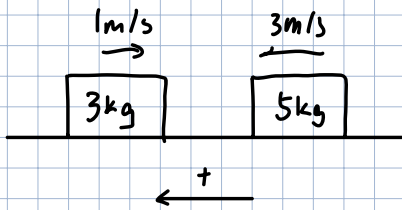
$$29.4 = \frac{1}{2} k (0.2)^2$$

$$k = 1470 \text{ N/m}$$

If total inelastic collision, How much energy is lost? What's the velocity of cars?

29.4 J ←
is lost

→ 1.2 m/s is the velocity



$$3(-1) + 5(3) = 3V_3' + 5V_5'$$

$$V_3' = \frac{12 - 5V_5'}{3}$$

$$V_3' = \frac{12 - 5(0)}{3}$$

$$V_3' = 4 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_T = P_T \text{ min}$$

$$12 = 3V_{\text{min}} + 5V_{\text{min}}$$

$$12 = 8V_{\text{min}}$$

$$V_{\text{min}} = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$E_T = E_T \text{ min}$$

$$3(-1)^2 + 5(3)^2 = 3V_{\text{min}}^2 + 5V_{\text{min}}^2 + 2E_s$$

$$48 = 5(1.5)^2 + 3(1.5)^2 + 2E_s$$

$$E_s = 15 \text{ J}$$

$$3(-1)^2 + 5(3)^2 = 3V_3'^2 + 5V_5'^2$$

$$48 = 3 \frac{(12 - 5V_5')^2}{3} + 5V_5'^2$$

$$144 = 144 - 120V_5' + 25V_5'^2 + 15V_5'^2$$

$$40V_5'^2 - 120V_5' = 0$$

$$0 = 40V_5' (V_5' - 3)$$

$$V_5' = 0, 3 \rightarrow \text{initial}$$

$$= 0 \text{ m/s}$$