



2nd sem

Dt. 22/08/2017

KIIT UNIVERSITY, BHUBANESWAR

SPRING MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION-2017 (Repeat)

Semester II (Regular)

Chemistry/CH 1003

Full Marks: 25

Time: 2hrs.

Answer any FIVE questions including Question No. 1 which is compulsory  
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1 1X5
- a Water freezes into ice. Is there any entropy change?-explain.  
b  $\text{NO}^+$  is a mono positive molecular cation. Still it acts as a ligand-explain.  
c  $\Delta G^\circ$  for the reaction  $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NH}_3$  is -33 kJ/mol at 298 K. Find the  $K_p$  for the reaction.  
d Show that  $\left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial T}\right)_p = -S$   
e Why  $d^0$  and  $d^{10}$  system always prefer tetrahedral geometry.
- 2 2.5X2
- a From MOT, prove that oxygen is paramagnetic.  
b What is spin selection and Laporte selection rule? Explain the origin of color in  $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$ .
- 3 2.5X2
- a  $[\text{NiCN}_4]^{2-}$  is square planar and not tetrahedral-explain  
b Entropy of an irreversible reaction always tends to increase-explain.
- 4 2.5X2
- a Free energy of an open system depends thermodynamic parameters pressure and temperature. Prove that, at constant temperature and pressure,  
$$n_1 d\mu_1 + n_2 d\mu_2 + n_3 d\mu_3 + \dots \sum n_i d\mu_i = 0$$
  
The terms and symbols are as usual.  
b Calculate the entropy at NTP in mixing of 2.8 liters of  $\text{O}_2$  (g) with 19.6 liters of  $\text{H}_2$  (g), considering ideal behavior.
- 5 2.5X2
- a The equilibrium constants for a chemical reaction of  $2\text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{SO}_3$  at  $528^\circ\text{C}$  is 98 and at  $680^\circ\text{C}$  is 10.5. Calculate the heat change of the reaction.  
b Prove that  $\left[\frac{d}{dT}\left(\frac{G}{T}\right)\right]_p = -\frac{H}{T^2}$ , Terms and Symbols having their usual meaning.
- 6 2.5X2
- a State the Le-Chatelier's principal. Apply the rule on the synthesis of Ammonia in the Haber's process to establish favourable conditions for better yield of ammonia.  
$$\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NH}_3 + \text{Heat}$$
  
b The vapor pressure of water at  $100^\circ\text{C}$  is 760 mm. What will be vapor pressure at  $91^\circ\text{C}$ . The latent heat of vaporization in this temperature range is  $41.27 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .