Application Data

- Primary Key (String)
- Title (String)
- Language (String)
- Director (String)
- Release date (Int)
- Movie Rating (Bool)

Hash Function

```
// Hash movie id using fnv hash function
const static uint6d_t fnvSeed = 14695981039346656037ull;
const static uint6d_t fnvFeine = 1899511628211ull;
uint6d_t movieIDMsher(const MovieIDM movieID) {
    uint6d_t result = fnvSeed;
    size_t alignedSize = movieID.size() - movieID.size() % 8;
    // Hash each 8-byte chunk of the movie id
    for (size_t i = 0; i < alignedSize; i+=8) {
        result ^~ *reinterpret_cast<const uint6d_t*>(movieID.data() + i);
        result *= fnvPrime;
    }
    // Hash unaligned part
    for (size_t i = alignedSize; i < movieID.size(); ++i) {
        result ^~ movieID[i];
        result *= fnvPrime;
    }
    return result;
}</pre>
```

Our hash function (Fowler–Noll–Vo) was the default hash function used by python before, and it's known for its simplicity and fastness. It uses bitwise XOR operation to "mix" the hash, which is a really cheap computation and changes the bit pattern abruptly.

Sample Output

Comments

What our code does: We made a database dedicated to storing movies. It takes a file with movies as input. It holds various information about movies and allows for the user to insert and delete movies from the database. Finally, when the user is done with inserting/deleting movies the information is written down on a newly created file.

Working as a Team: The assignment proved to be a challenge but we managed to work together by keeping up with each other weekly. As a team of 4, we distributed the project by assigning different tasks. We made sure to keep a group chat and update everybody on any confusions they may have had.

