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Home > Math > Math symbols > Math symbols

Math Symbols List

List of all mathematical symbols and signs - meaning and examples.

Basic math symbols

=	equals sign	equality
<i>≠</i>	not equal sign	inequality
≈	approximately equal	approximation
>	strict inequality	greater than
<	strict inequality	less than
<u> </u>	inequality	greater than or equal to
<u>≤</u>	inequality	less than or equal to
()	parentheses	calculate expression inside first
[]	brackets	calculate expression inside first
+	plus sign	addition
_	minus sign	subtraction
±	plus - minus	both plus and minus operations
Ŧ	minus - plus	both minus and plus operations
*	asterisk	multiplication
×	times sign	multiplication
	multiplication dot	multiplication
÷	division sign / obelus	division
/	division slash	division
	horizontal line	division / fraction
mod	modulo	remainder calculation
	period	decimal point, decimal separator
a^b	power	exponent
a^b	caret	exponent
\sqrt{a}	square root	$\sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{a} = a$

MATH SYMBOLS

- Math symbols
- · Algebra symbols
- · Geometry symbols
- · Statistical symbols
- Logic symbols
- · Set symbols
- · Calculus symbols
- Number symbols
- · Greek symbols
- · Roman numerals

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$\sqrt{3}\sqrt{a}$	cube root	$ ^{3}\sqrt{a}\cdot {}^{3}\sqrt{a} \cdot {}^{3}\sqrt{a} = a$
$4\sqrt{a}$	fourth root	$\sqrt[4\sqrt{a}\cdot\sqrt[4]{a}\cdot\sqrt[4]{a}\cdot\sqrt[4]{a} = a$
$n\sqrt{a}$	n-th root (radical)	
%	percent	1% = 1/100
% o	per-mille	1% = 1/1000 = 0.1%
ppm	per-million	1ppm = $1/1000000$
ppb	per-billion	1ppb = 1/1000000000
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

Geometry symbols

	angle	formed by two rays
4	measured angle	
∢	spherical angle	
L	right angle	= 90°
0	degree	1 turn = 360°
deg	degree	1 turn = 360deg
,	prime	arcminute, 1° = 60′
"	double prime	arcsecond, 1' = 60"
$_{\mathrm{AB}}^{\leftrightarrow}$	line	infinite line
$\overline{\mathrm{AB}}$	line segment	line from point A to point B
$\overrightarrow{\mathrm{AB}}$	ray	line that start from point A
AB	arc	arc from point A to point B
Τ	perpendicular	perpendicular lines (90° angle)
II	parallel	parallel lines
≅	congruent to	equivalence of geometric shapes and size
~	similarity	same shapes, not same size
Δ	triangle	triangle shape
<i>x</i> - <i>y</i>	distance	distance between points x and y
π	pi constant	$\pi = 3.141592654$ is the ratio between the circumference and diameter of a circle
rad	radians	radians andle unit

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
grad	gradians / gons	grads angle unit
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

Algebra symbols

Augebra Symbols		
X	x variable	unknown value to find
≡	equivalence	identical to
<u> </u>	equal by definition	equal by definition
:=	equal by definition	equal by definition
~	approximately equal	weak approximation
\approx	approximately equal	approximation
∝	proportional to	proportional to
∞	lemniscate	infinity symbol
«	much less than	much less than
>>	much greater than	much greater than
()	parentheses	calculate expression inside first
[]	brackets	calculate expression inside first
{}	braces	set
	floor brackets	rounds number to lower integer
	ceiling brackets	rounds number to upper integer
x!	exclamation mark	factorial
x	vertical bars	absolute value
f(x)	function of x	maps values of x to f(x)
Symbol (a,b)	Symbol Name open interval	Meaning / definition $(a,b) = \{x \mid a < x < b\}$
[<i>a</i> , <i>b</i>]	closed interval	$[a,b] = \{x \mid a \le x \le b\}$
Δ	delta	change / difference
Δ	discriminant	$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac$
Σ	sigma	summation - sum of all values in range of series
$\sum \sum$	sigma	double summation
П	capital pi	product - product of all values in range of series

e	e constant / Euler's number	<i>e</i> = 2.718281828
γ	Euler-Mascheroni constant	$\gamma = 0.5772156649$
φ	golden ratio	golden ratio constant
		$\pi = 3.141592654$
		is the ratio between the
π	pi constant	circumference and diameter of
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

Linear Algebra Symbols

•	dot	scalar product
×	cross	vector product
$A \otimes B$	tensor product	tensor product of A and B
$\langle x, y \rangle$	inner product	
[] Symbol ()	brackets Symbol Name parentheses	matrix of numbers Meaning / definition matrix of numbers
A	determinant	determinant of matrix A
det(A)	determinant	determinant of matrix A
x	double vertical bars	norm
A^{T}	transpose	matrix transpose
A^{\dagger}	Hermitian matrix	matrix conjugate transpose
A^*	Hermitian matrix	matrix conjugate transpose
A -1	inverse matrix	$A A^{-1} = I$
rank(A)	matrix rank	rank of matrix A
dim(U)	dimension	dimension of matrix A

Probability and statistics symbols

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
P(A)	probability function	probability of event A
$P(A \cap B)$	probability of events intersection	probability that of events A and B
$P(A \cup B)$	probability of events union	probability that of events A or B
$P(A \mid B)$	conditional probability function	probability of event A given event B occured
f(x)	probability density function (pdf)	$P(a \le x \le b) = \int f(x) \ dx$
Symbol	cumulative distribution Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

•		, ,
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
E(X)	expectation value	expected value of random variable X
$E(X \mid Y)$	conditional expectation	expected value of random variable X given Y
var(X)	variance	variance of random variable X
σ^2	variance	variance of population values
std(X)	standard deviation	standard deviation of random variable X
σ_X	standard deviation	standard deviation value of random variable X
\tilde{x}	median	middle value of random variable x
cov(X,Y)	covariance	covariance of random variables X and Y
corr(X,Y)	correlation	correlation of random variables X and Y
$ ho_{X,Y}$	correlation	correlation of random variables X and Y
Σ	summation	summation - sum of all values in range of series
$\sum \sum$	double summation	double summation
Мо	mode	value that occurs most frequently in population
MR	mid-range	$MR = (x_{max} + x_{min})/2$
Md	sample median	half the population is below this value
Q_1	lower / first quartile	25% of population are below this value
Q ₂	median / second quartile	50% of population are below this value = median of samples
Q ₃	upper / third quartile	75% of population are below this value
$\frac{\overline{x}}{x}$	sample mean	average / arithmetic mean
s ²	sample variance	population samples variance estimator
S	sample standard deviation	population samples standard deviation estimator
Z_{χ}	standard score	$z_{x} = (x - \overline{x}) / s_{x}$
X~	distribution of X	distribution of random variable X
$N(\mu,\sigma^2)$	normal distribution	gaussian distribution
U(a,b)	uniform distribution	equal probability in range a,b
$exp(\lambda)$	exponential distribution	$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, x \ge 0$
Symbol	Symbol Name	$f(x) = \lambda c x^{c-1} e^{-\lambda x} / \Gamma(c),$ Meaning / definition

$\chi^2(k)$	chi-square distribution	$f(x) = x^{k/2-1}e^{-x/2} / (2^{k/2} + \Gamma(k/2))$
$F\left(k_{1},k_{2}\right)$	F distribution	
Bin(n,p)	binomial distribution	$f(k) = {}_{n}C_{k} p^{k} (1-p)^{n-k}$
$Poisson(\lambda)$	Poisson distribution	$f(k) = \lambda^k e^{-\lambda} / k!$
Geom(p)	geometric distribution	$f(k) = p(1-p)^k$
HG(N,K,n)	hyper-geometric distribution	
Bern(p)	Bernoulli distribution	

Combinatorics Symbols

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
n!	factorial	$n! = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot n$
$_{n}P_{k}$	permutation	${}_{n}P_{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$
${}_{n}C_{k}$		
$\binom{n}{k}$	combination	$_{n}C_{k} = \binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$

Set theory symbols

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
{}	set	a collection of elements
$A\cap B$	intersection	objects that belong to set A and set B
AυΒ	union	objects that belong to set A or set B
$A \subseteq B$	subset	A is a subset of B. set A is included in set B.
$A \subset B$	proper subset / strict subset	A is a subset of B, but A is not equal to B.
A ⊄ B	not subset	set A is not a subset of set B
$A \supseteq B$	superset	A is a superset of B. set A includes set B
$A \supset B$	proper superset / strict superset	A is a superset of B, but B is not equal to A.
A ⊅ B	not superset	set A is not a superset of set B
2 ^A	power set	all subsets of A
$\mathcal{P}(A)$	power set	all subsets of A
A = B	equality	both sets have the same members
A ^c	complement	all the objects that do not belong to set A
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

5/ 12/22, 2.33 AIVI		Matti Symbols List (+,-
A\B	relative complement	and not to B
A - B	relative complement	objects that belong to A and not to B
ΑΔΒ	symmetric difference	objects that belong to A or B but not to their intersection
$A \ominus B$	symmetric difference	objects that belong to A or B but not to their intersection
a∈A	element of, belongs to	set membership
x∉A	not element of	no set membership
(a,b)	ordered pair	collection of 2 elements
A×B	cartesian product	set of all ordered pairs from A and B
A	cardinality	the number of elements of set A
#A	cardinality	the number of elements of set A
	vertical bar	such that
\aleph_0	aleph-null	infinite cardinality of natural numbers set
\aleph_1	aleph-one	cardinality of countable ordinal numbers set
Ø	empty set	Ø = { }
U	universal set	set of all possible values
\mathbb{N}_0	natural numbers / whole numbers set (with zero)	$\mathbb{N}_0 = \{0,1,2,3,4,\}$
\mathbb{N}_1	natural numbers / whole numbers set (without zero)	$\mathbb{N}_1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5,\}$
\mathbb{Z}	integer numbers set	$\mathbb{Z} = \{3,-2,-1,0,1,2,3,\}$
Q	rational numbers set	$\mathbb{Q} = \{x \mid x = a/b, a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}\$
\mathbb{R}	real numbers set	$\mathbb{R} = \{x \mid -\infty < x < \infty\}$
C	complex numbers set	$\mathbb{C} = \{ z \mid z = a + bi, \\ -\infty < a < \infty, -\infty < b < \infty \}$

Logic symbols

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
•	and	and
^	caret / circumflex	and
&	ampersand	and
+	plus	or
V	reversed caret	or
	vertical line	or
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

x'	single quote	not - negation
$\frac{\overline{x}}{x}$	bar	not - negation
_	not	not - negation
!	exclamation mark	not - negation
\oplus	circled plus / oplus	exclusive or - xor
~	tilde	negation
\Rightarrow	implies	
\Leftrightarrow	equivalent	if and only if (iff)
\leftrightarrow	equivalent	if and only if (iff)
A	for all	
3	there exists	
∄	there does not exists	
	therefore	
••	because / since	

Calculus & analysis symbols

Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition
$\lim_{x \to x0} f(x)$	limit	limit value of a function
ε	epsilon	represents a very small number, near zero
e	e constant / Euler's number	e = 2.718281828
<i>y</i> '	derivative	derivative - Lagrange's notation
<i>y</i> "	second derivative	derivative of derivative
$\mathcal{Y}^{(n)}$	nth derivative	n times derivation
$\frac{dy}{dx}$	derivative	derivative - Leibniz's notation
$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$	second derivative	derivative of derivative
$\frac{d^n y}{dx^n}$	nth derivative	n times derivation
ý	time derivative	derivative by time - Newton's notation
ÿ	time second derivative	derivative of derivative
$D_X y$	derivative	derivative - Euler's notation
$D_x^2 y$	second derivative	derivative of derivative
Symbol	Symbol Name	Meaning / definition

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$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$	partial derivative	
ſ	integral	opposite to derivation
JJ	double integral	integration of function of 2 variables
\iiint	triple integral	integration of function of 3 variables
∮	closed contour / line integral	
∯	closed surface integral	
∰	closed volume integral	
[<i>a</i> , <i>b</i>]	closed interval	$[a,b] = \{x \mid a \le x \le b\}$
(a,b)	open interval	$(a,b) = \{x \mid a < x < b\}$
i	imaginary unit	$i \equiv \sqrt{-1}$
Z*	complex conjugate	$z = a + bi \rightarrow z^* = a - bi$
$\frac{-}{z}$	complex conjugate	$z = a + bi \rightarrow \overline{z} = a - bi$
Re(z)	real part of a complex number	$z = a + bi \rightarrow \text{Re}(z) = a$
Im(z)	imaginary part of a complex number	$z = a + bi \rightarrow \operatorname{Im}(z) = b$
z	absolute value/magnitude of a complex number	$ z = a+bi = \sqrt{(a^2+b^2)}$
arg(z)	argument of a complex number	The angle of the radius in the complex plane
∇	nabla / del	gradient / divergence operator
\overrightarrow{x}	vector	
\widehat{x}	unit vector	
x * y	convolution	y(t) = x(t) * h(t)
\mathcal{L}	Laplace transform	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}\$
\mathcal{F}	Fourier transform	$X(\omega) = \mathcal{F}\{f(t)\}$
δ	delta function	
∞	lemniscate	infinity symbol

Numeral symbols

Name	Western Arabic	Roman	Hebrew
zero	0		
one	1	I	א
two	2	II	ב
three	3	III	λ
four	4	IV	Т
Name	Western Arabic	Roman	Hebrew

six	6	VI	1
seven	7	VII	r
eight	8	VIII	n
nine	9	IX	υ
ten	10	X	1
eleven	11	XI	יא
twelve	12	XII	יב
thirteen	13	XIII	יג
fourteen	14	XIV	יד
fifteen	15	XV	טו
sixteen	16	XVI	טז
seventeen	17	XVII	י י
eighteen	18	XVIII	יח
nineteen	19	XIX	יט
twenty	20	XX	2
thirty	30	XXX	ל
forty	40	XL	מ
fifty	50	L	3
sixty	60	LX	О
seventy	70	LXX	У
eighty	80	LXXX	9
ninety	90	XC	У
one hundred	100	С	ק

Greek alphabet letters

Upper Case Letter	Lower Case Letter	Greek Letter Name	Letter Name Pronounce
A	α	Alpha	al-fa
В	β	Beta	be-ta
Γ	γ	Gamma	ga-ma
Δ	δ	Delta	del-ta
Е	3	Epsilon	ep-si-lon
Z	ζ	Zeta	ze-ta
Н	η	Eta	eh-ta
Θ	θ	Theta	te-ta
I	ι	lota	io-ta
K	κ	Карра	ka-pa

,			, (,
Λ	λ	Lambda	lam-da
M	μ	Mu	m-yoo
N	ν	Nu	noo
Ξ	ξ	Xi	x-ee
O	0	Omicron	o-mee-c-ron
П	π	Pi	pa-yee
P	ρ	Rho	row
Σ	σ	Sigma	sig-ma
T	τ	Tau	ta-oo
Y	υ	Upsilon	oo-psi-lon
Φ	φ	Phi	f-ee
X	χ	Chi	kh-ee
Ψ	Ψ	Psi	p-see
Ω	ω	Omega	o-me-ga

Roman numerals

Number	Roman numeral
0	not defined
1	I
2	II
3	III
4	IV
5	V
6	VI
7	VII
8	VIII
9	IX
10	X
11	XI
12	XII
13	XIII
14	XIV
15	XV
16	XVI
17	XVII
18	XVIII
Number	Roman numeral

	······································
20	XX
30	XXX
40	XL
50	L
60	LX
70	LXX
80	LXXX
90	XC
100	С
200	CC
300	CCC
400	CD
500	D
600	DC
700	DCC
800	DCCC
900	CM
1000	M
5000	\overline{V}
10000	\overline{X}
50000	L
100000	\overline{C}
500000	\overline{D}
1000000	M

See also

- Algebra symbols
- Geometry symbols
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