```
import pandas as pd
 In [3]:
          from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
 In [4]: | df=pd.read csv("f:/dataset/classification/fruits.csv")
          X=df.iloc[:,:-1].values
         y=df.iloc[:,-1].values
         model=KNeighborsClassifier()
         model.fit(X,y)
Out[4]:
          ▼ KNeighborsClassifier
         KNeighborsClassifier()
In [20]:
         model.predict([[3.5,80]])
         array(['Apple'], dtype=object)
Out[20]:
         model.predict([[5.5,20]])
In [23]:
         array(['Banana'], dtype=object)
Out[23]:
         Feature Scaling

    making all fearures in same range

            sothat all features will contibute equally in prediction
         Note:if we do not perform scaling then a feature with big values will impact the prediction.
         Techniques:
```

- MinMaxScaler
- MaxAbsScaler
- StandardScalar
- Binarizer

etc.

```
import numpy as np
In [24]:
         X=np.array([[2,20],[1,18],[2,15],[4,50],[3,30],[4,60]])
         print(X)
         [[ 2 20]
          [ 1 18]
          [ 2 15]
          [ 4 50]
          [ 3 30]
          [ 4 60]]
In [25]:
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         X train, X test=train test split(X, random state=1)
In [29]:
         X train
In [30]:
         array([[ 3, 30],
Out[30]:
                 [ 2, 20],
```

```
[ 4, 60]])
In [31]:
        X test
        array([[ 2, 15],
Out[31]:
               [ 1, 18]])
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
In [33]:
         sc=MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
In [34]:
         sc.fit(X train)
         X train new=sc.transform(X train)
In [35]: X_train_new
        array([[0.5, 0.25],
Out[35]:
               [0., 0.],
               [1. , 0.75],
               [1. , 1. ]])
In [36]: X_test_new=sc.transform(X test)
In [37]:
        X test new
        array([[ 0. , -0.125],
Out[37]:
               [-0.5, -0.05]
        X train
In [38]:
        array([[ 3, 30],
Out[38]:
               [ 2, 20],
               [ 4, 50],
               [ 4, 60]])
In [39]: sc=MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
         sc.fit(X train) #find (learn) values of xmin,xmax for all features
         sc.transform(X train) #apply actual formula
        array([[0.5 , 0.25],
Out[39]:
               [0. , 0. ],
               [1. , 0.75],
               [1. , 1. ]])
In [40]: sc.transform(X test)
        array([[ 0. , -0.125],
Out[40]:
               [-0.5, -0.05]
In [41]: sc=MinMaxScaler(feature range=(0,1))
         sc.fit transform(X train) #find (learn) values of xmin,xmax as well as apply formula
        array([[0.5, 0.25],
Out[41]:
               [0., 0.],
               [1., 0.75],
               [1. , 1. ]])
In [42]: | sc.transform(X test)
        array([[ 0. , -0.125],
Out[42]:
               [-0.5, -0.05]
In [ ]:
```

[4, 50],