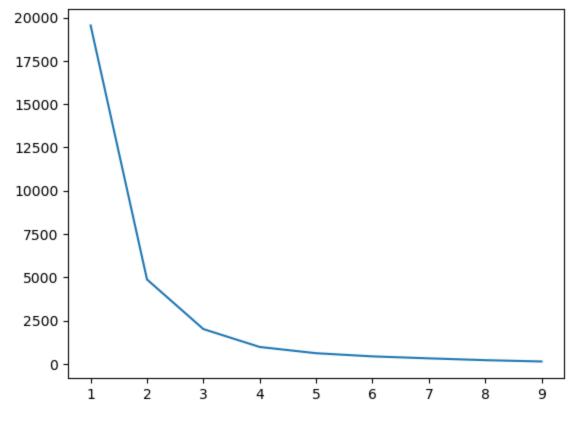
```
In [4]: import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
In [5]: | df=pd.read csv("f:/dataset/fruits cluster.csv")
         X=df.iloc[:,:].values
In [6]: model=KMeans(n_clusters=3, max iter=50, n init=5)
         model.fit(X)
         print(model.labels )
         C:\Users\Ducat\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\ kmeans.py:1436: UserWarning:
         KMeans is known to have a memory leak on Windows with MKL, when there are less chunks th
         an available threads. You can avoid it by setting the environment variable OMP NUM THREA
         DS=1.
          warnings.warn(
         [0 1 2 2 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 1 1]
In [7]: model=KMeans(n_clusters=2, max_iter=50, n_init=5)
         model.fit(X)
         print(model.labels )
         C:\Users\Ducat\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\ kmeans.py:1436: UserWarning:
         KMeans is known to have a memory leak on Windows with MKL, when there are less chunks th
         an available threads. You can avoid it by setting the environment variable OMP NUM THREA
         DS=1.
         warnings.warn(
         [0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0]
In [ ]: #how to select number of clusters in KMeans
         >elbow technique can be used in select num of clusters
         >it is a graphical technique where we plot line chart b/w num of clustrs & wsse scores
In [9]: import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
In [17]: from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score, silhouette samples
         wsse=[]
In [10]:
         for i in range (1,10):
            model=KMeans(n clusters=i, max iter=50, n init=5)
             model.fit(X)
             wsse.append(model.inertia)
In [12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         plt.plot(range(1,10),wsse)
         plt.show()
```



```
In [14]:
         model=KMeans(n clusters=2,max iter=50,n init=5)
         model.fit(X)
         print(silhouette score(X, model.labels))
         0.6047687920287002
In [15]:
         model=KMeans(n clusters=3, max iter=50, n init=5)
         model.fit(X)
         print(silhouette score(X, model.labels))
         0.5562767664418119
         model=KMeans(n clusters=4,max iter=50,n init=5)
In [16]:
         model.fit(X)
         print(silhouette score(X, model.labels))
         0.5952186571525124
In [18]: model=KMeans(n_clusters=2,max iter=50,n init=5)
         model.fit(X)
         print(silhouette samples(X, model.labels))
         [0.756896 \quad 0.08910924 \quad 0.7106429 \quad 0.73673795 \quad 0.37057472 \quad 0.68911747
          0.48795214 \ 0.74580381 \ 0.09269296 \ 0.32304302 \ 0.68826806 \ 0.54228985
          0.73426441 \ 0.72721378 \ 0.74553973 \ 0.67113401 \ 0.75763073 \ 0.6883263
          0.66879425 0.74543725 0.66687718 0.66656766]
In [20]: model.labels_
         array([0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0])
Out[20]:
```