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Отчет Рубежный контроль № 2 По курсу «Технологии машинного обучения»

ИСПОЛНИТЕЛЬ:	
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" "2021 г.	
ПРЕПОДАВАТЕЛЬ: Гапанюк Ю.Е.	
"_"2021 г.	
	Москва 2021
	MIOCKBa 2021

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Вариант 20, ИУ5-65Б

Уристимбек Г.

Задание.

Для заданного набора данных (по Вашему варианту) постройте модели классификации или регрессии (в зависимости от конкретной задачи, рассматриваемой в наборе данных). Для построения моделей используйте методы линейная/логистическая регрессия и градиентный бустинг. Оцените качество моделей на основе подходящих метрик качества (не менее двух метрик). Какие метрики качества Вы использовали и почему? Какие выводы Вы можете сделать о качестве построенных моделей? Для построения моделей необходимо выполнить требуемую предобработку данных: заполнение пропусков, кодирование категориальных признаков, и т.д.

- При решении задач можно выбирать любое подмножество признаков из приведенногонабора данных.
- Для сокращения времени построения моделей можно использовать фрагмент набораданных (например, первые 200-500 строк).

Датасет: https://www.kaggle.com/san-francisco/sf-restaurant-scores-lives-standard

```
In [1]:
                import numpy as np
                import pandas as pd
                import seaborn as sns
                import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
                from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
In [2]:
               data = pd.read csv("data/restaurant-scores-lives-standard.csv", sep=',')
               data.dtypes
                                                           int64
object
object
object
Out[2]: business_id
              business_name
             business_address
business_city
business_state
             business_state object
business_postal_code object
business_latitude float64
business_longitude float64
business_location object
business_phone_number float64
inspection_id object
inspection_date object
inspection_score float64
inspection_type object
violation_id object
violation description object
                                                                 object
              violation_id object
violation_description object
risk_category object
Neighborhoods (old) float64
```

```
Analysis Neighborhoods float64dtype:
        object
In [3]:
         data.isnull().sum()
Out[3]: business_id
                                             0
        business name
                                            0
        business address
                                            0
        business_city
                                             0
        business state
                                            0
        business_postal_code
                                        1018
        business_latitude
                                        19556
        business_longitude
                                        19556
        business_location
                                        19556
        business_phone_number
                                        36938
         inspection_id
                                            0
         inspection_date
                                            0
         inspection_score
                                        13610
         inspection_type
                                            0
         violation_id
                                        12870
         violation_description
                                        12870
         risk_category
                                        12870
        Neighborhoods (old)
                                        19594
         Police Districts
                                        19594
         Supervisor Districts
                                        19594
         Fire Prevention Districts
                                        19646
         Zip Codes
                                        19576
        Analysis Neighborhoods
                                        19594
         dtype: int64
In [4]:
         data.shape
         (53973, 23)
Out[4]:
In [5]:
         data.head()
Out[5]:
            business_id business_name business_address business_city business_state business_postal
                                      2 Marina Blvd Fort
         0
                101192
                          Cochinita #2
                                                      San Francisco
                                                                            CA
                                               Mason
         1
                97975
                         BREADBELLY
                                       1408 Clement St San Francisco
                                                                            CA
         2
                           Great Gold
                 92982
                                          3161 24th St. San Francisco
                                                                            CA
                           Restaurant
         3
                                       214 CALIFORNIA
                            HOMAGE
                101389
                                                      San Francisco
                                                                            CA
                                                  ST
                85986
                          Pronto Pizza
                                           798 Eddy St San Francisco
                                                                            CA
        5 rows × 23 columns
```

float64

float64

float64

Police Districts

Zip Codes

In [6]:

Supervisor Districts

Fire Prevention Districts float64

```
data2 = data.copy().dropna(axis=0, how='any')
              data2.drop duplicates(keep=False,inplace=True)
 In [7]:
             for col in data2.columns:
                   unique nums = data2[col].unique()
                   if unique nums.size < 10:</pre>
                         print("{}: {}".format(col, unique nums))
            business_city: ['San Francisco']business_state:
             ['CA']
            inspection_type: ['Routine - Unscheduled']
            risk category: ['Low Risk' 'High Risk' 'Moderate Risk']
            business_city: ['San Francisco'], business_state: ['CA'], inspection_type: ['Routine -
            Unscheduled'] - имеют 1 уникальное значение. Можно убрать.
 In [8]:
              fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,7))
              sns.heatmap(data2.corr(method='pearson'), ax=ax, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
 Out[8]: <AxesSubplot:>
                                                                                                                    1.0
                    business id - 1.00
                                                                                                                    - 0.8
                                     1.00
                 business latitude
                                                                          -0.55
                                             1.00
                                                    -0.04
                                                                                                       -0.14
                business_longitude
                                                                                                                    - 0.6
             business_phone_number
                                             -0.04
                                                    1.00
                                                           -0.06
                                                                   -0.04
                                                                                                0.00
                                                                                                                    - 0.4
                                                           1.00
                 inspection score
                                                                   1.00
                                                                                                       0.97
               Neighborhoods (old)
                                                                                                                    - 02
                  Police Districts
                                      -0.09
                                             -0.55
                                                                          1.00
                                                                                                                    0.0
               Supervisor Districts
                                                                                 1.00
                                                                                        1.00
             Fire Prevention Districts
                                                                                                                    -0.2
                                                                                                1.00
                     Zip Codes
                                                                                                                    -0.4
                                             -0.14
             Analysis Neighborhoods
                                                    -0.05
                                                                   0.97
                                                                                 -0.09
                                                                                         0.09
                                                                                                       1.00
                                                                                                Codes
                               business id
                                                                   (plo
                                                                          Districts
                                                                                  Districts
                                                                                         Districts
                                      business latitude
                                              business longitude
                                                     business_phone_number
                                                            inspection score
                                                                                                        Analysis Neighborhoods
                                                                   Veighborhoods
                                                                                                Zip
                                                                          Police
                                                                                  Supervisor
                                                                                         Prevention
                                                                                         Fire
 In [9]:
              data2["risk category"] = data2["risk category"].astype('category')
             data2["risk category cat"] = data2["risk category"].cat.codes
              data2.drop(["business city", "business state", "business location", "business
                              "business_address", "violation_description", "risk_category", "Ne
                              "inspection id", "violation id", "inspection date"
                             ],
                             axis=1, inplace=True)
In [10]:
              data2["business postal code"].unique()
             array(['94107', '94131', '94112', '94121', '94110', '94109', '94115',
Out[10]:
                      '94111', '94118', '94103', '94134', '94117', '94114', '94123', '94124', '94104', '94122', '94108', '94133', '94132', '941102019',
                      '94127', '94102', '92672', '94105', '94116', '94158'], dtype=object)
```

```
data2["business postal code"] = data2["business postal code"].astype(int)
In [11]:
In [12]:
          data2["Police Districts"] = data2["Police Districts"].astype(int)
          data2["inspection score"] = data2["inspection score"].astype(int)
          data2["Supervisor Districts"] = data2["Supervisor Districts"].astype(int)
          data2["Fire Prevention Districts"] = data2["Fire Prevention Districts"].astyr
          data2["Zip Codes"] = data2["Zip Codes"].astype(int)
          data2["Analysis Neighborhoods"] = data2["Analysis Neighborhoods"].astype(int)
In [13]:
          data2.isnull().sum()
Out[13]: business id
                                        0
         business_postal code
                                        0
         business latitude
         business longitude
         business phone number
         inspection score
         Police Districts
         Supervisor Districts
         Fire Prevention Districts
                                       0
         Zip Codes
                                        0
         Analysis Neighborhoods
                                        0
         risk category cat
         dtype: int64
In [14]:
          data2.head()
Out[14]:
              business_id business_postal_code business_latitude business_longitude business_phone_n
           11
                    4794
                                      94107
                                                  37.778634
                                                                 -122.393089
                                                                                      1.41556
          372
                    2684
                                      94131
                                                  37.746759
                                                                 -122.426995
                                                                                      1.41552
          464
                    3256
                                      94112
                                                  37.709737
                                                                 -122.450070
                                                                                      1.41553
          484
                    3951
                                      94121
                                                  37.779962
                                                                 -122.485087
                                                                                     1.41553
          496
                    4864
                                      94110
                                                  37.759174
                                                                 -122.419066
                                                                                      1.41558
In [15]:
          data2.dtypes
                                          int64
Out[15]: business id
                                          int64
         business_postal_code
         business_latitude
                                       float64
         business_longitude
                                       float64
         business_phone_number
                                       float64
         inspection_score
                                          int64
         Police Districts
                                          int64
         Supervisor Districts
                                         int64
         Fire Prevention Districts
                                         int64
         Zip Codes
                                          int64
         Analysis Neighborhoods
                                         int64
         risk_category_cat
                                           int8
         dtype: object
In [16]:
          target = "Supervisor Districts"
```

```
In [17]: # Масштабирование
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

scaler = StandardScaler()
for col in data2.columns:
    if col != target:
        data2[col] = scaler.fit_transform(data2[[col]])
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,7))
sns.heatmap(data2.corr(method='pearson'), ax=ax, annot=True, fmt='.2f')
```

Out[18]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [19]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

feature_cols = ["business_latitude", "business_longitude", "Zip Codes"]

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    data2[feature_cols],
    data2[target],
    test_size=0.3,
    random_state=1,
)
```

Линейная регреессия

```
In [20]:
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    linreg = LinearRegression().fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
In [21]:
    from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_absolute_error
    linreg_predict = linreg.predict(X_test)
    r2_score(y_test, linreg_predict), \
        mean_absolute_error(y_test, linreg_predict)
```

```
Out[21]: (0.32634156097620515, 1.8639363772620643)
```

Градиентный бустинг

```
In [22]:
          from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor
          gboostreg = GradientBoostingRegressor(random state=10).fit(X train, y train)
In [23]:
          gboostreg_predict = gboostreg.predict(X_test)
          r2_score(y_test, gboostreg_predict), \
            mean_absolute_error(y_test, gboostreg_predict)
```

Out[23]: (0.9155392208894986, 0.4158270828303186)

Вывод

Как видно по тепловой карте, данные плохо коррелируют друг с другом. Поэтому дляпостроения модели был выбрал целевой признак "Supervisor Districts", а в качестве

ключевых признаков - ["business_latitude", "business_longitude", "Zip Codes"]. Как видно пооценкам, модель линейной регрессии недообучается, а модель градиентного бустинга хорошо обучается. Вторая модель имеет высокую оценку г2(близкую к 1) и низкую абсолютную ошибку(<1, что для целочисленного признака дает хороший результат).

In []:		