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Отчет Лабораторная работа № 4 По курсу «Технологии машинного обучения»

исполнитель:
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"_"2021 г.
Москва 2021

```
In [1]:
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.datasets import *
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from operator import itemgetter
         import matplotlib.ticker as ticker
         import math
         from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, balanced_accuracy_score
         from sklearn.metrics import plot confusion matrix
         from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score, f1 score, classifi
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error, mean squared error, mean squ
         from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, roc auc score
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor, KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, cross_validate
         from sklearn.model selection import KFold, RepeatedKFold, LeaveOneOut, LeaveP
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler, Normalizer
         from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV
         from sklearn.model selection import learning curve, validation curve
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.linear model import SGDRegressor
         from sklearn.linear model import SGDClassifier
         from typing import Dict, Tuple
         from scipy import stats
         from sklearn.svm import SVC, NuSVC, LinearSVC, OneClassSVM, SVR, NuSVR, Linea
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, DecisionTreeRegressor, export
         %matplotlib inline
         sns.set(style="ticks")
```

Выборка датасета и ее разделение на тестовую и обучающую

```
In [4]:
           # Сформируем DataFrame
           wine df = pd.DataFrame(data= np.c [wine['data']],
                                  columns= wine['feature names'])
 In [5]:
           wine df
               alcohol malic_acid
                                 ash
                                      alcalinity_of_ash magnesium total_phenols flavanoids nonflavan
 Out[5]:
            0
                 14.23
                            1.71 2.43
                                                 15.6
                                                           127.0
                                                                         2.80
                                                                                    3.06
                            1.78 2.14
            1
                 13.20
                                                           100.0
                                                                         2.65
                                                                                    2.76
                                                 11.2
            2
                 13.16
                            2.36 2.67
                                                 18.6
                                                           101.0
                                                                         2.80
                                                                                    3.24
            3
                 14.37
                            1.95 2.50
                                                 16.8
                                                           113.0
                                                                         3.85
                                                                                    3.49
            4
                 13.24
                            2.59 2.87
                                                 21.0
                                                           118.0
                                                                         2.80
                                                                                    2.69
                  ...
          173
                 13.71
                            5.65 2.45
                                                 20.5
                                                                                    0.61
                                                            95.0
                                                                         1.68
          174
                 13.40
                            3.91 2.48
                                                 23.0
                                                           102.0
                                                                         1.80
                                                                                    0.75
          175
                 13.27
                            4.28 2.26
                                                 20.0
                                                           120.0
                                                                         1.59
                                                                                    0.69
          176
                 13.17
                            2.59 2.37
                                                 20.0
                                                            120.0
                                                                         1.65
                                                                                    0.68
                            4.10 2.74
                                                                         2.05
                 14.13
                                                 24.5
                                                            96.0
                                                                                    0.76
          177
         178 rows × 13 columns
 In [6]:
           X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test =
               train test split ( wine.data, wine.target,
               test size=0.35, random state=1)
         Обучение моделей
         Обучение линейной модели
 In [7]:
           reg1 = LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000).fit(X_train, Y_train)
 In [8]:
           target1 = reg1.predict(X test)
 In [9]:
           accuracy score (Y test, target1), precision score (Y test, target1, average='ma
          (0.9206349206349206, 0.9381499726327313)
Out[9]:
In [10]:
           Y test
          array([2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
```

2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0,

0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2])

```
In [11]: target1
Out[11]: array([2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2])
In [12]:
          def
              accuracy score for classes (
              y true: np.ndarray,
              y_pred: np.ndarray) -> Dict[int, float]:
              Вычисление метрики accuracy для каждого класса
              y true - истинные значения классов
              y_pred - предсказанные значения классов
              Возвращает словарь: ключ - метка класса,
              значение - Accuracy для данного класса
              # Для удобства фильтрации сформируем Pandas DataFrame
              d = { 't': y_true, 'p': y_pred}
              df = pd.DataFrame(data=d)
              # Метки классов
              classes = np.unique(y_true)
              # Результирующий словарь
              res = dict()
              # Перебор меток классов
              for c in classes:
                  # отфильтруем данные, которые соответствуют
                  # текущей метке класса в истинных значениях
                  temp data flt = df[df['t']==c]
                  # расчет accuracy для заданной метки класса
                  temp acc =
                      accuracy score ( temp data flt['t'].values,
                      temp data flt['p'].values)
                  # сохранение результата в словарь
                  res[c] = temp acc
              return res
          def
              print accuracy score for classes (y true
              : np.ndarray,
              y_pred: np.ndarray):
              Вывод метрики accuracy для каждого класса
              accs = accuracy score for classes(y true, y pred)
              if len(accs)>0:
                 print('Meтка \t Accuracy')
              for i in accs:
In [13]:
         print_accuracy_score_for_classes(Y_test, target1)
         Метка
                 Accuracy
                  1.0
         1
                  0.83333333333333334
                  0.9285714285714286
```

Обучение SVM

```
In [14]: model_svc = LinearSVC(C=1.0, max_iter=10000)
model_svc.fit(X_train, Y_train)
target2 = model_svc.predict(X_test)
```

ber of iterations. warnings.warn("Liblinear failed to converge, increase " In [15]: accuracy score (Y test, target2), precision score (Y test, target2, average='ma Out[15]: (0.7619047619047619, 0.8717948717948718) In [16]: Y test Out[16]: array([2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2]) In [17]: target2 Out[17]: array([2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2]) In [18]: print_accuracy_score_for_classes(Y_test, target2)

/home/zeus/anaconda3/envs/tml_env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/sklearn/svm/_base.py:985: ConvergenceWarning: Liblinear failed to converge, increase the num

Обучение деревья решений

0.8571428571428571

Accuracy

0.48

1.0

Классификация

Метка

0

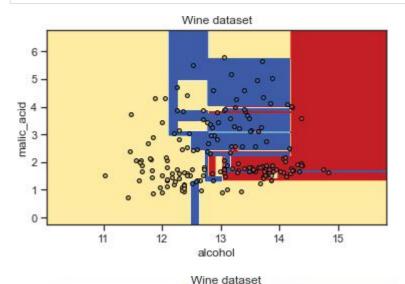
1

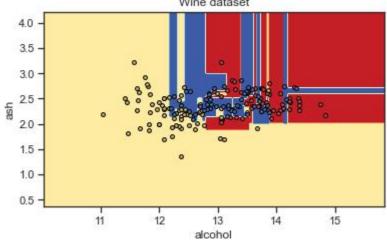
2

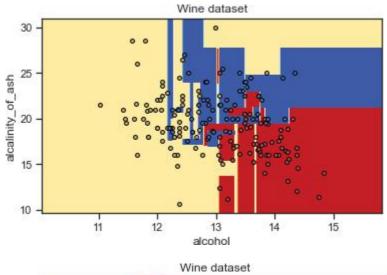
```
In [19]:
         def plot tree classification(title param, ds):
              Построение деревьев и вывод графиков для заданного датасета
              n classes = len(np.unique(ds.target))
              plot_colors = "ryb"
              plot step = 0.02
              for pairidx, pair in enumerate([[0, 1], [0, 2], [0, 3],
                                               [1, 2], [1, 3], [2, 3]]):
                  # We only take the two corresponding features
                  X = ds.data[:, pair]
                  y = ds.target
                  # Train
                  clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=1).fit(X, y)
                  plt.title(title param)
                  x_{min}, x_{max} = X[:, 0].min() - 1, <math>X[:, 0].max() + 1
                  y \min, y \max = X[:, 1].\min() - 1, X[:, 1].\max() + 1
                  xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x min, x max, plot step),
                                        np.arange(y min, y max, plot step))
                  plt.tight_layout(h_pad=0.5, w_pad=0.5, pad=2.5)
                  Z = clf.predict(np.c [xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
```

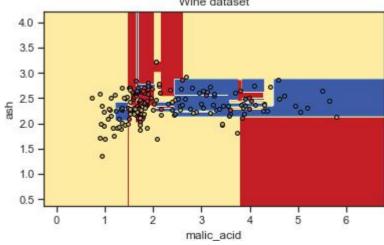
In [20]:

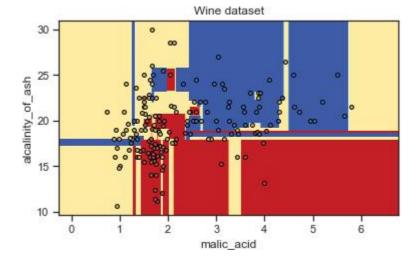
plot_tree_classification('Wine dataset', wine)

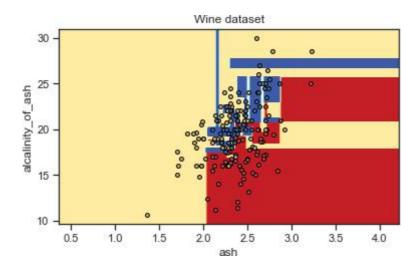












```
In [21]:
           clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=1).fit(X train, Y train)
           target3 = clf.predict(X test)
           accuracy score (Y test, target3), precision score (Y test, target3, average='ma
          (0.9206349206349206, 0.9221256038647342)
Out[21]:
In [22]:
           Y test
           array([2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
Out[22]:
                  2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0,
                  0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2])
In [23]:
           target3
          array([2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2, 1,
Out[23]:
                  0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 2])
In [24]:
           print accuracy score for classes(Y test, target3)
          Метка
                    Accuracy
          0
                    0.92
                    0.875
          1
          2
                    1.0
```

Итоги

```
In [25]: print('Accuracy для "Логистической регресии"', accuracy_score(Y_test, target1 print('Accuracy для "SVM"', accuracy_score(Y_test, target2)) print('Accuracy для "Дерева решений"', accuracy_score(Y_test, target3))
```

```
Accuracy для "Логистической регресии" 0.9206349206349206 
Accuracy для "SVM" 0.7619047619047619 
Accuracy для "Дерева решений" 0.9206349206349206
```