## A \* algorithm

```
import networkx as nx
def a star pathfinding(graph, start node, goal node,
heuristic):
  try:
    path = nx.astar path(graph, start node, goal node,
heuristic=heuristic, weight='weight')
    return path
  except nx.NetworkXNoPath:
    return None
# Example Usage:
if name _ == "__main__":
  # Create a sample graph
  G = nx.Graph()
  G.add_edge('A', 'B', weight=6)
  G.add edge('A', 'F', weight=3)
  G.add edge('B', 'C', weight=3)
  G.add edge('B', 'D', weight=2)
  G.add edge('C', 'E', weight=5)
  G.add edge('D', 'E', weight=8)
  G.add edge('F', 'G', weight=1)
```

```
G.add edge('G', 'H', weight=7)
  G.add edge('H', 'I', weight=2)
  G.add edge('E', 'I', weight=5)
  G.add edge('I', 'J', weight=3)
  # Define a heuristic function (example: straight-line
distance or estimated cost)
  # In a real-world scenario, this would be more complex and
domain-specific.
  heuristic values = {
     'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 5, 'D': 7, 'E': 3,
     'F': 6, 'G': 5, 'H': 3, 'I': 1, 'J': 0
  def example heuristic(u, v):
     return heuristic values.get(u, 0) # Simple example,
usually depends on v as well
  start = 'A'
  goal = 'J'
  path = a star pathfinding(G, start, goal, example heuristic)
  if path:
     print(f"Path found from {start} to {goal}: {path}")
     length = nx.astar path length(G, start, goal,
heuristic=example heuristic, weight='weight')
     print(f"Path length: {length}")
```

else:

print(f"No path found from {start} to {goal}.")