

实验报告

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实验名称

相对简单 CPU 电路设计

实验目标

利用 VHDL 设计相对简单 CPU 的电路并验证

实验要求

- 采用 VHDL 描述电路及其测试平台
- 采用时序逻辑设计电路
- 采用从 1 累加到 n 的程序进行测试

实验内容

相对简单 CPU 的规格说明

- 地址总线 16 位，数据总线 8 位
- 有一个 8 位累加寄存器 AC，一个 8 位通用寄存器 R，一个 1 位的零标志
- 有一个 16 位 AR 寄存器，一个 16 位程序计数器 PC，一个 8 位数据寄存器 DR，一个 8 位指令寄存器 IR，一个 8 位临时寄存器 TR
- 有 16 条指令，每条指令 1 个或 3 个字节，其中操作码 8 位。3 字节的指令有 16 位的地址

相对简单 CPU 设计方案

1. 指令执行过程分为取指、译码、执行三个阶段
2. 取指包括三个状态，FETCH1，FETCH2，FETCH3
3. 译码体现为从 FETCH3 状态到各指令执行状态序列的第一个状态
4. 执行根据指令的具体操作分为若干状态
5. 执行的最后一个状态转移到 FETCH1 状态
6. 控制器根据每个状态需要完成的操作产生相应的控制信号

设计内容

取指令一共分为 3 个步骤，fetch3 之后就跳转到对应的指令进行执行操作，指令执行结束后再跳转到 fetch1。

```
when fetch1 =>      -- ar<-pc
when fetch2 =>      -- ir<-M pc++
when fetch3 =>      -- ar<-pc  ir<-bus
```

在 cpu.vhd 文件中，声明了 cpu 的内部总线、寄存器、控制信号和所有状态，以及对 alu 相关运算进行设计。设计了在什么状态做什么事情。做出下一状态的赋值，在另一个进程中 gen_controls 规定所处状态下所有控制信号的 0、1 状态。

rscpu.vhd:

```

library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use ieee.numeric_std.all;

use work.rsisa.all;

entity rscpu is
    port(
        clk: in std_logic;
        reset: in std_logic;
        addrbus: out std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
        databus: inout std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
        en_read: out std_logic;
        en_write: out std_logic
    );
end entity;

architecture rscpu_behav of rscpu is
    --reg
    signal pc: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
    signal ac: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal r: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal ar: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
    signal ir: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal dr: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal tr: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal z: std_logic;

    -- control signal
    signal alu_select: std_logic_vector(2 downto 0);
    signal arload, arinc, pload, pcinc, drload, trload, irload, rload, aload, zload: std_logic;
    signal pcbus, drhbus, drlbus, trbus, rbus, acbus, membus: std_logic;
    signal bus_enable: std_logic_vector(6 downto 0);

    --other signal
    signal alu_result: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
    signal main_bus: std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
    signal acinc, accl, write_tmp: std_logic;

    -- address and data bus
    addrbus <= ar;
    databus <= dr when write_tmp='1' else "ZZZZZZZZ";

    main_bus <= pc when pcbus='1' else
        (dr & tr) when (drhbus='1' and trbus='1') else
        (X"00" & dr) when drlbus='1' else
        (X"00" & r) when rbus='1' else
        (X"00" & ac) when acbus='1' else
        (X"00" & databus) when membus='1' else
        "ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ";

    alu_result <= main_bus(7 downto 0) when alu_select="000" else
        std_logic_vector(unsigned(ac)+unsigned(main_bus(7 downto 0))) when alu_select="001" else
        std_logic_vector(unsigned(ac)-unsigned(main_bus(7 downto 0))) when alu_select="010" else
        ac and main_bus(7 downto 0) when alu_select="011" else
        ac or main_bus(7 downto 0) when alu_select="100" else
        ac xor main_bus(7 downto 0) when alu_select="101" else
        not ac when alu_select="110" else
        main_bus(7 downto 0);

```

```

--update the values of register,bus...
process_reg:process(clk)
begin
    if (rising_edge(clk)) then
        --when reset
        if(reset='1') then
            pc <= X"0000";
            state <= fetch1;
        else
            state <= nextstate;
        end if;
        --reg update reffers to control signal
        if(arload = '1') then
            ar <= main_bus;
        end if;
        if(arinc = '1') then
            ar <= std_logic_vector(unsigned(ar)+1);
        end if;
        if(pcload = '1') then
            pc <= main_bus;
        end if;
        if(pcinc = '1') then
            pc <= std_logic_vector(unsigned(pc)+1);
        end if;
        if(drload = '1') then
            dr <= main_bus(7 downto 0);
        end if;
        if(trload = '1') then
            tr <= dr;
        end if;

--generate next state
for_nextstate: process(state, ir)
begin
    case state is
        when fetch1 =>
            nextstate <= fetch2;
        when fetch2 =>
            nextstate <= fetch3;
        when fetch3 =>
            case ir is
                when RSNOP =>
                    nextstate <= nop1;
                when RSLDAC =>
                    nextstate <= ldac1;
                when RSSTAC =>
                    nextstate <= stac1;
                when RSMVAC =>
                    nextstate <= mvac1;
                when RSMOVR =>
                    nextstate <= movr1;
                when RSJUMP =>
                    nextstate <= jump1;
                when RSJMPZ =>
                    if(z='1') then
                        nextstate <= jmpzyl;
                    elsif(z='0') then
                        nextstate <= jmpznl;
                    end if;
                when RSJPNZ =>
                    if(z='1') then
                        nextstate <= jpnznl;
                    end if;
            end case;
        end if;
    end case;
end process;

```

```

--generate control signal
control_signal:process(state)
begin
  case state is
    when fetch1 => -- ar<-pc
      arload <= '1'; arinc <= '0'; pload <= '0'; pcinc <= '0'; drload <= '0'; alu_select <= "000";
      trload <= '0'; irload <= '0'; rload <= '0'; acload <= '0'; zload <= '0';
      pcbus <= '1'; drhbus <= '0'; drlbus <= '0'; trbus <= '0'; rbus <= '0'; membus <= '0';
      acbus <= '0'; acinc <= '0'; accl <= '0'; en_read <= '1'; en_write <= '0'; write_tmp <= '0';
    when fetch2 => -- ir<-M pc++
      arload <= '0'; arinc <= '0'; pload <= '0'; pcinc <= '1'; drload <= '0'; alu_select <= "000";
      trload <= '0'; irload <= '1'; rload <= '0'; acload <= '0'; zload <= '0';
      pcbus <= '0'; drhbus <= '0'; drlbus <= '0'; trbus <= '0'; rbus <= '0'; membus <= '1';
      acbus <= '0'; acinc <= '0'; accl <= '0'; en_read <= '1'; en_write <= '0'; write_tmp <= '0';
    when fetch3 => -- ar<-pc
      arload <= '1'; arinc <= '0'; pload <= '0'; pcinc <= '0'; drload <= '0'; alu_select <= "000";
      trload <= '0'; irload <= '0'; rload <= '0'; acload <= '0'; zload <= '0';
      pcbus <= '1'; drhbus <= '0'; drlbus <= '0'; trbus <= '0'; rbus <= '0'; membus <= '0';
      acbus <= '0'; acinc <= '0'; accl <= '0'; en_read <= '1'; en_write <= '0'; write_tmp <= '0';
    when nop1 => -- do nothing
      arload <= '0'; arinc <= '0'; pload <= '0'; pcinc <= '0'; drload <= '0';
      trload <= '0'; irload <= '0'; rload <= '0'; acload <= '0'; zload <= '0';
      pcbus <= '0'; drhbus <= '0'; drlbus <= '0'; trbus <= '0'; rbus <= '0'; membus <= '0';
      acbus <= '0'; acinc <= '0'; accl <= '0'; en_read <= '1'; en_write <= '0'; write_tmp <= '0';
    when ldacl => -- dr<-M pc++ ar++
      arload <= '0'; arinc <= '1'; pload <= '0'; pcinc <= '1'; drload <= '1'; alu_select <= "000";
      trload <= '0'; irload <= '0'; rload <= '0'; acload <= '0'; zload <= '0';
  end case;
end process;

```

rsisa.vhd:

在 rsisa.vhd 文件中, 对下一个状态进行了指令的一个编码, 并且给它一个相关的变量名, 这是为了在 cpu.vhd 中对变量名的判断从而执行下一个状态。

```

package rsisa is

  -- RS prefix is used to avoid tautonym such like AND, OR, XOR, NOT
  constant RSNOP: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000000";
  constant RSLDAC: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000001";
  constant RSSTAC: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000010";
  constant RSMVAC: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000011";
  constant RSMOVR: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000100";
  constant RSJUMP: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000101";
  constant RSJMPZ: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000110";
  constant RSJPNZ: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00000111";

  constant RSADD: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001000";
  constant RSSUB: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001001";
  constant RSINAC: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001010";
  constant RSCLAC: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001011";
  constant RSAND: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001100";
  constant RSOR: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001101";
  constant RSXOR: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001110";
  constant RSNOT: std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := "00001111";

end package;

```

rsmem.vhd:

在 rsmem.vhd 文件中, 设计了内存中的指令和操作数等, 实现了 1 加到 n 的操作。


```

0 => RSCLAC,
1 => RSSTAC,
2 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(total_addr, 8)),
3 => X"00",
4 => RSSTAC,
5 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(i_addr, 8)),
6 => X"00",
7 => RSLDAC,  -- loop
8 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(i_addr, 8)),
9 => X"00",
10 => RSINAC,
11 => RSSTAC,
12 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(i_addr, 8)),
13 => X"00",
14 => RSMVAC,
15 => RSLDAC,
16 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(total_addr, 8)),
17 => X"00",
18 => RSADD,
19 => RSSTAC,
20 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(total_addr, 8)),
21 => X"00",
22 => RSLDAC,
23 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(n_addr, 8)),
24 => X"00",
25 => RSSUB,
26 => RSJPNZ,
27 => std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(loop_addr, 8)),
28 => X"00",
29 => X"00",  -- total
30 => X"00",  -- i
31 => X"04",  -- n

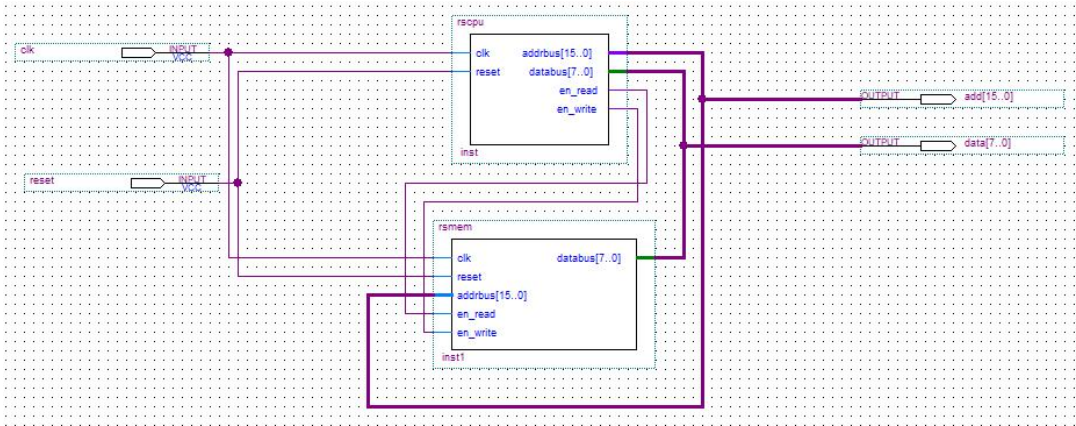
```

- 0、将 AC 清 0
- 1、将 AC 存到 29 号地址
- 2、将 AC 存到 30 号地址
- 3、将 30 号地址的值传到 AC
- 4、AC++
- 5、将 AC 存到 30 号地址
- 6、AC——>R
- 7、将 29 号地址的值传到 AC
- 8、AC=R+AC

- 9、将 AC 存到 29 号地址
- 10、将 31 号地址的值传到 AC
- 11、AC=AC-R
- 12、IF AC!=0 跳转到第 3 步

最终实现 1 累加到 n

顶层文件：



仿真结果

