Arrays and Classes

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Let's Look at arrays of different types

Arrays can store any type of data

Let's look at some examples:

- 1. Array of primitives int
- 2. Array of objects **String**
- 3. Array of objects **Spot**

An array can store any type of data.

Primitive Types

int numbers[] = new int[10];

byte smallNumbers[] = new byte[4];

char characters[] = new char[26];

Object Types

String words = new **String**[4];

Spot spots[] = new **Spot**[10];

1) Array of **Primitives** e.g. int

int[] numbers;

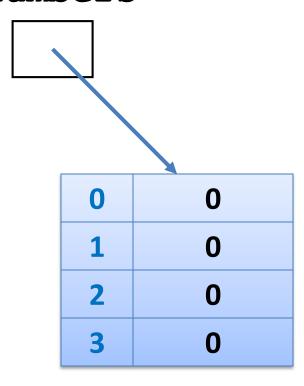
numbers

null

int[] numbers;

numbers = new int[4];

numbers



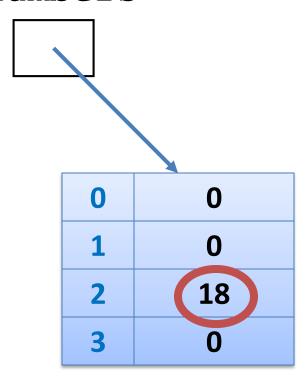
int[] numbers;

numbers = new int[4];

numbers[2] = 18;

We are directly accessing the element at index 2 and setting it to a value of 18.





int[] numbers;

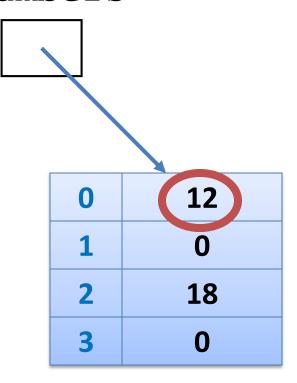
numbers = new int[4];

numbers[2] = 18;

numbers[0] = 12;

We are setting the element at index **0** to a value of **12**.





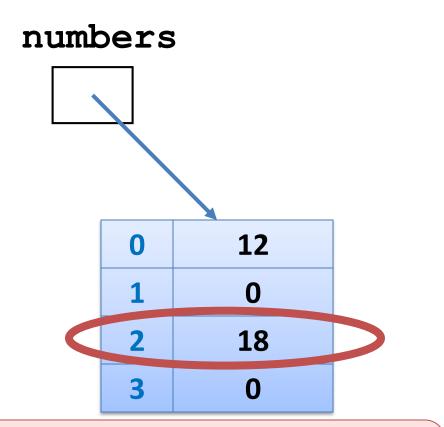
int[] numbers;

numbers = new int[4];

numbers[2] = 18;

numbers[0] = 12;

print(numbers[2]);



Here we are printing the contents of index location 2

i.e. 18 will be printed to the console.

2) Array of **Objects** e.g. String

An array can store any type of data.

Primitive Types

int numbers[] = new int[10];

byte smallNumbers[] = new byte[4];

char characters[] = new char[26];

Object Types

String words = new **String**[4];

Spot spots[] = new Spot[10];

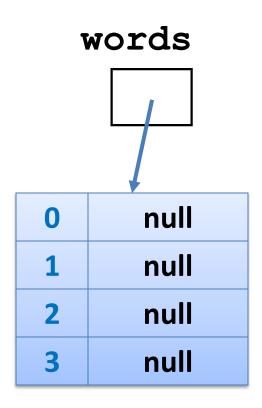
String[] words;

words

null

String[] words;

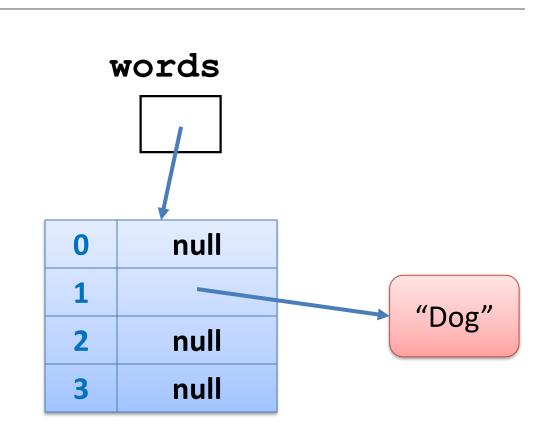
words = new String[4];



String[] words;

words = new String[4];

words[1] = "Dog";

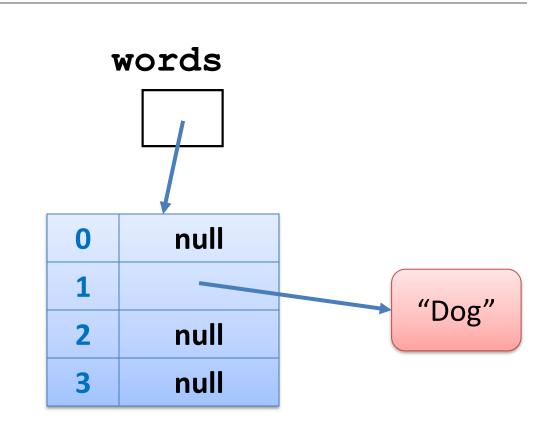


String[] words;

words = new String[4];

words[1] = "Dog";

We are directly accessing the element at index 1 and setting it to a value of "Dog".

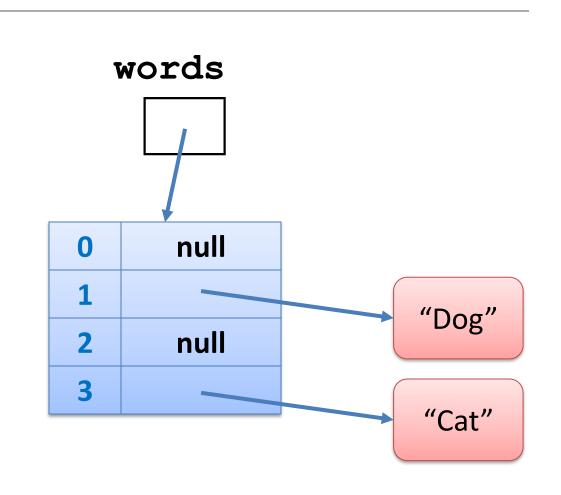


String[] words;

words = new String[4];

words[1] = "Dog";

words[3] = "Cat";



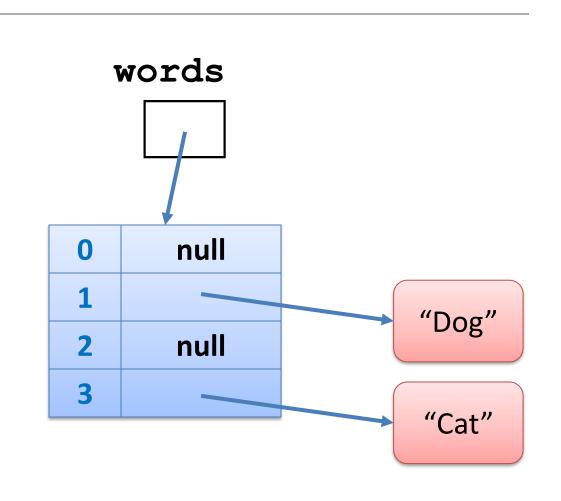
String[] words;

words = new String[4];

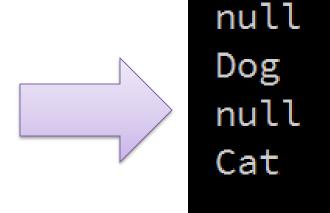
words[1] = "Dog";

words[3] = "Cat";

The element at index 3 is set to "Cat".



```
String words[];
words = new String[4];
words[1] = "Dog";
words[3] = "Cat";
for (int i=0; i < words.length; i++)
  println(words[i]);
```



3) Array of **Objects** e.g. Spot

An array can store any type of data.

Primitive Types

int numbers[] = new int[10];

byte smallNumbers[] = new byte[4];

char characters[] = new char[26];

Object Types

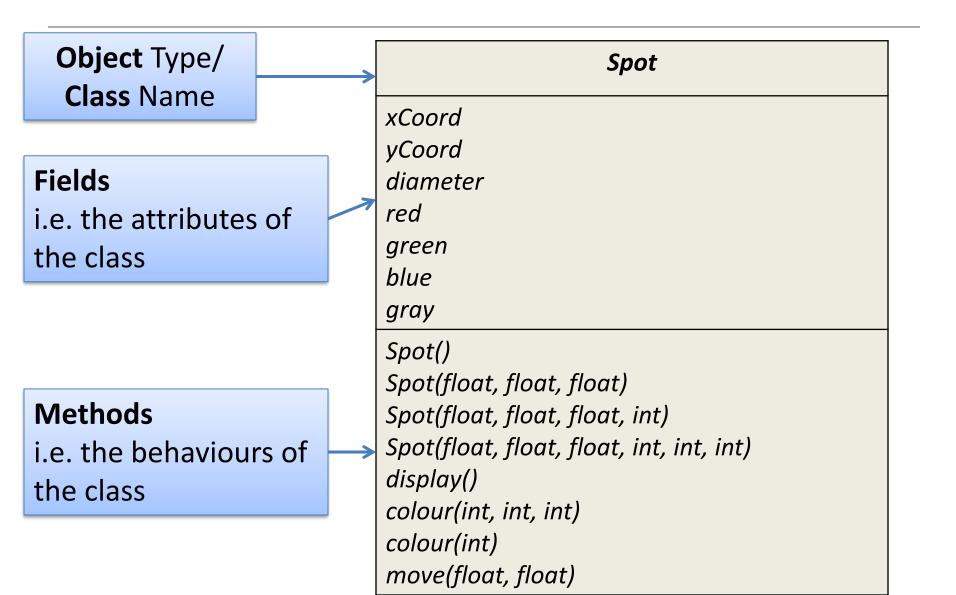
String words = new String[4];

Spot spots[] = new Spot[10];

Remember our **Spot** class?

Lets look at one of the versions we worked on.

Class Diagram for Spot Version 6.1



Spot Class – Version 6.1



```
class Spot{
 float xCoord, yCoord;
 float diameter;
 int red, green, blue;
Spot()
Spot(float xCoord, float yCoord, float diameter)
  this.xCoord = xCoord;
  this.yCoord = yCoord;
  this.diameter = diameter;
 // colour methods...
 // display method...
// move method...
```

Source: Reas & Fry (2014)

Spot Class – Version 6.1



```
class Spot{
// fields and constructors...
void display()
  ellipse(xCoord, yCoord, diameter, diameter);
void colour(int red, int green, int blue)
  this.red = red;
  this.green = green;
  this.blue = blue;
  fill (red, green, blue);
 void colour(int gray){
  this.gray = gray;
  fill (this.gray);
```

Source: keas & rry (2014)

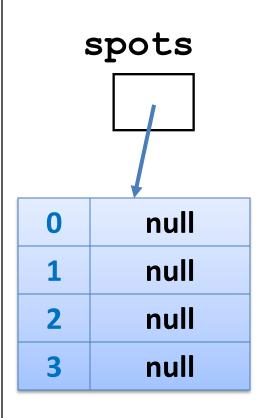
Spot[] spots;

spots

null

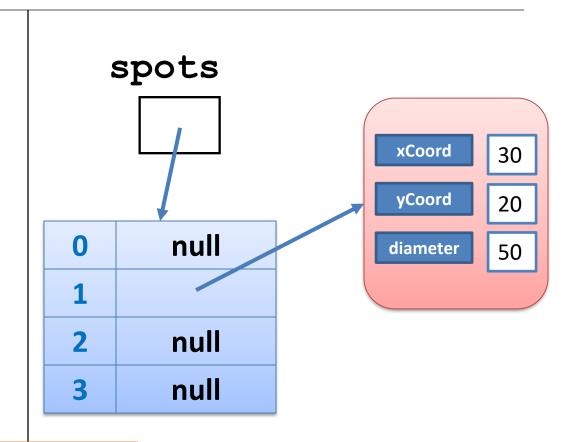
Spot[] spots;

spots = new Spot[4];

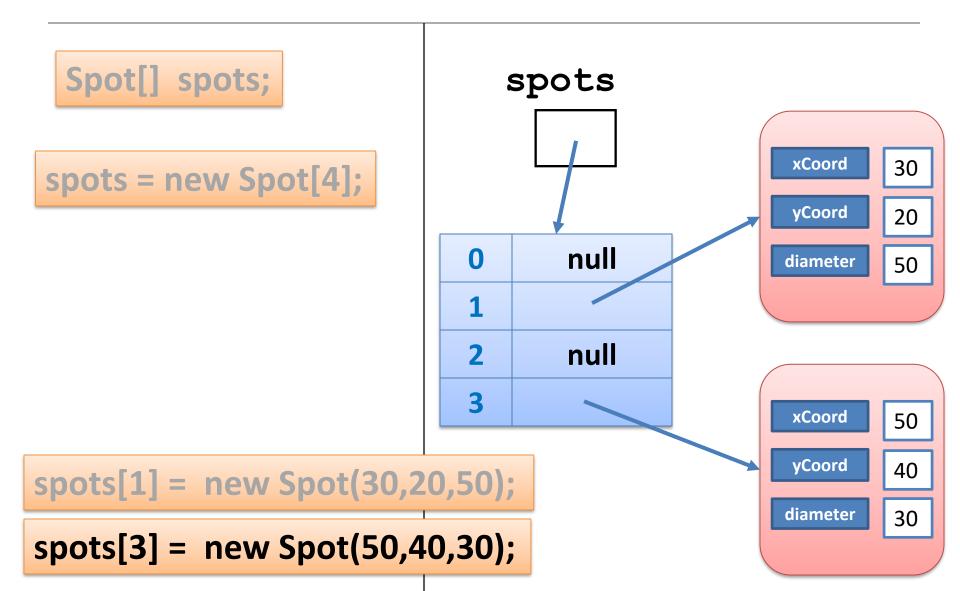


Spot[] spots;

spots = new Spot[4];



spots[1] = new Spot(30,20,50);



Example using a **Spot** object array

```
Spot[] spots;
                                                              lab05b_array_s...
void setup(){
                                                                                   lab05b_array_s...
 size(500,500);
 spots = new Spot[4];
 for(int i = 1; i \le spots.length; i++){
   spots[i-1] = new Spot(i*50, i*100, i*30);
                                                                                   lab05b_array_s...
void draw(){
                                                              lab05b_array_s...
 for (int i=0; i < spots.length; i++){
   spots[i].display();
   spots[i].colour(mouseX, mouseY, 0);
```

Questions?

