Game of Pong

Developing the game further, V6, V7 and V8.

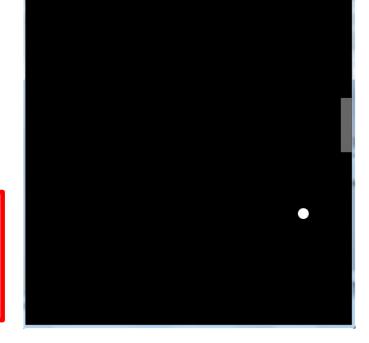
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Topics list - PONG

- Overview of PongGame
- Developing PongGame
 - 9 versions (iterations) described with 4 sets of slides:
 - Set 1
 - V1.0 (Ball class)
 - V2.0 (Paddle class)
 - Set 2
 - V3.0 (Collision detection)
 - V4.0 (Lives lost, lives per game, score)
 - V5.0 (Tournament functionality)
 - Set 3
 - V6.0 (Player class array, no statistics)
 - V7.0 (Player class array, with statistics)
 - V8.0 (JOptionPane for I/O)
 - Set 4
 - V9.0 (Advanced Collision Detection)



PongGameVersion8_0

Demo of Pong Game V6.0

Classes in the PongGameV6.0

PongGame hall paddle player livesLost score maxLivesPerGame maxNumberOfGames numberOfGamesPlayed setup() draw() resetGame() tournamentOver() hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

Paddle

Xcoord
yCoord
paddleHeight
paddleWidth

Paddle(int, int)
update()
display()
getXCoord()

update()
display()
getXCoord()
getYCoord()
getPaddleWidth()
getPaddleHeight()
setPaddleWidth(int)
setPaddleHeight(int)

xCoord
yCoord
diameter
speedX
speedY

Ball(float)
update()
display()
hit()
getXCoord()
getYCoord()
qetDiameter()

setDiameter(float)

resetBall()

Player

playerName scores

count

addScore(int)
getPlayerName()

getScores()

getCount()

setPlayerName(String)

setScores(int[])

toString()

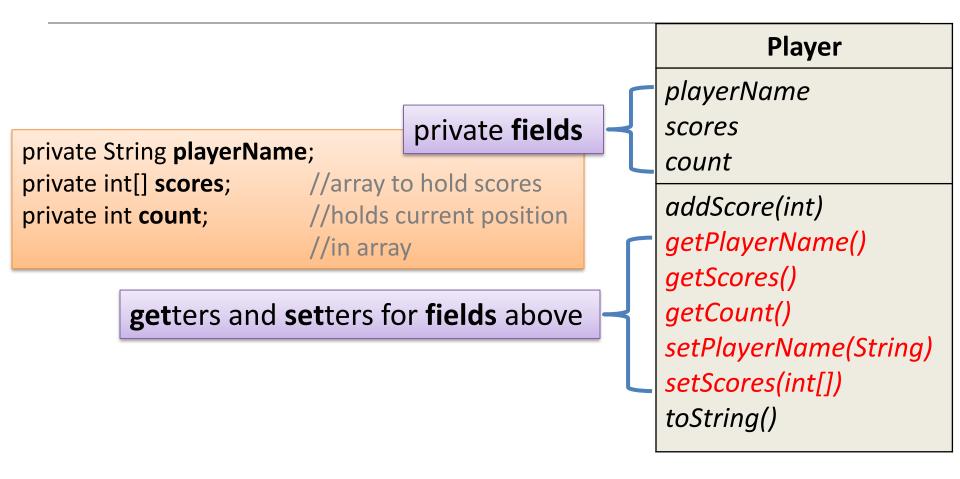
We have a new Player class.

This stores the **score** of the current player in an array

Use of **Arrays** in Player

- We use an array of integers
 - to hold the scores for the games.
- declare at start: private int[] scores;
- and in constructor: scores = new int[numOfGames]
- The addScore() method
 - adds a score to this array when called (by PongGame).

Player class



Player class – addScore() method

```
public void addScore (int score) {
                                                 addScore (int)
                                                   takes in the new score as a parameter.
 if (score \geq = 0){
                                                   adds the new score to the array
        scores[count] = score;
                                                   increments the counts variable
        count++;
                                                                        Player
                                                                playerName
                                                                scores
 scores
                                                                count
                   Before
                                   After
                                           0
                                              4
                                                                addScore (int)
                                                                getPlayerName()
                  score
                                                                getScores()
                                           2
                   3
                                                                getCount()
  3
                                                                setPlayerName(String)
                                           3
                                                                setScores(int[])
                                           count
 count
                                                                toString()
                                           3
```

Player class - toString() method

toString()

- returns a string version of an object.
- useful method
 - we will have a toString() method in most classes.

Player

playerName scores

count

addScore
getPlayerName()
getScores()
getCount()
setPlayerName(String)

setScores(int[])

toString()

			toString()		
	0	4	returns		
	1	5			
	2	3	count		

4

scores

3

"Score 1 : 4 \n"+

"Score 2 : 5 \n"+

"Score 3 : 3 \n" +

"Score 4 : 4\n"

When is the **Player** object used?

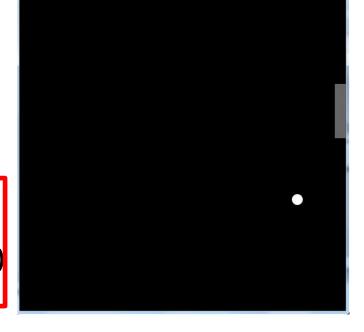
```
Ball ball;
Paddle paddle;
Player player;
void setup(){
 size(600,600);
                                                       In the PongGame
 noCursor();
                                                       class, we need to
 //setting up ball and paddle with hard-coded sizes.
                                                       declare and setup
 ball = new Ball(20.0);
                                                       Player.
 paddle = new Paddle(20,100);
  //create a player object
  player = new Player(" PongMaster ", maxNumberOfGames);
```

When is the **Player** object used?

```
'Sends a message to the player object
void draw(){
                                to add a new score to its scores array.'
background(0);
                                i.e.
paddle.update();
                                calls the addScores() method.
//If the player has no lives left in the current game
else{
  player.addScore(score);
  numberOfGamesPlayed++;.
  if (numberOfGamesPlayed < maxNumberOfGames){
        resetGame();
  else
   tournamentOver();
```

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PongGameVersion8_0

Demo of Pong Game V7.0

Classes in the PongGameV7.0

PongGame

ball paddle player

livesLost

score

maxLivesPerGame maxNumberOfGames

numberOfGamesPlayed

setup() draw()

resetGame()

tournamentOver()

hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

Paddle

Xcoord yCoord paddleHeight paddleWidth

Paddle(int, int)
update()
display()
getXCoord()
getYCoord()
getPaddleWidth()
getPaddleHeight()
setPaddleWidth(int)
setPaddleHeight(int)

Ball

xCoord yCoord diameter speedX speedY

Ball(float)
update()
display()
hit()
getXCoord()
getYCoord()
getDiameter()
setDiameter(float)
resetBall()

Player

playerName scores count

addScore(int)
getPlayerName()
getScores()
getCount()

setPlayerName(String)

setScores(int[])

lowestScore()
highestScore()

averageScore()
toString()

We introduce calculating simple **stats** on a player's tournament.

These stats are reported at the end of the tournament.

Methods to calculate statistics

- When the players tournament is over, we calculate the player's
 - highest score
 - lowest score.
 - average score.
- Values are calculated within the Player class
 - as we have enough data there to do this (scores array).
- These methods are then called from the tournamentOver()
 method in the PongGame class.

highestScore()

```
public int highestScore () {

int highestScore = scores[0];

for(int i = 1; i < count; i++){
    if (scores[i] > highestScore){
        highestScore = scores[i];
    }
    }

return highestScore;
}
```

We use a variable (highestScore) to store the highest score we have seen in the scores array so far.

If the next value in the array is larger than this highest so far value, then we make the highest value equal this new highest value.

Player playerName scores count addScore getPlayerName() getScores() getCount() setPlayerName(String) setScores(int[]) lowestScore() highestScore() averageScore() toString()

lowestScore()

```
public int lowestScore() {

int lowestScore = scores[0];

for(int i = 1; i < count; i++){
    if (scores[i] < lowestScore){
        lowestScore = scores[i];
    }
    }

return lowestScore;
}</pre>
```

We use a variable (lowestScore) to store the lowest score we have seen in the scores array so far.

If the next value in the array is smaller than this lowest so far value, then we make the lowest value equal this new lowest value.

Player playerName scores count addScore getPlayerName() getScores() getCount() setPlayerName(String) setScores(int[]) lowestScore() highestScore() averageScore() toString()

averageScore()

```
public int averageScore() {
  int total = 0;
  for(int i = 0; i < count; i++){
     total = total + scores[i];
  }
  return total / count;
}</pre>
```

We total up all the scores and get the average by dividing the sum by the number of values (in count).

Player playerName scores count addScore getPlayerName() getScores() getCount() setPlayerName(String) setScores(int[]) lowestScore() highestScore() averageScore() toString()

Where the stats methods are used...

```
void tournamentOver(){
 println ("Game Over!\n");
 println (player.getPlayerName()
        + ", your tournament is over!\n"
        + "Number of games played: "
        + numberOfGamesPlayed
        + "\n\n"
        + player.toString()
        + "\n\nHighest Score: " + player.highestScore()
         + "\nLowest Score: " + player.lowestScore()
         + "\nAverage Score: " + player.averageScore());
 exit();
```

```
This method calls the stats methods on the player object: player.highestScore() player.lowestScore() player.averageScore()
```

```
PongGame
ball
paddle
player
livesLost
score
maxLivesPerGame
maxNumberOfGames
numberOfGamesPlayed
setup()
draw()
resetGame()
tournamentOver()
hitPaddle(paddle, ball)
```

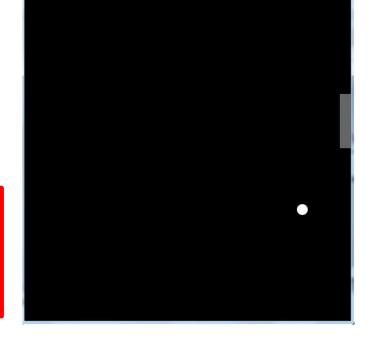
A few things to note

 We did not need to change any methods in Paddle or Ball during this version update.

 The changes to Player and PongGame methods did not effect the other methods already written.

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 - Set 4
 - V9.0 (Advanced Collision Detection)



PongGameVersion8_0

Demo of Pong Game V8.0

Classes in the PongGameV8.0

PongGame	Paddle	Ball	Player				
ball Paddle player	xcoord yCoord paddleHeight paddleWidth Paddle(int, int) update() display() getXCoord() getYCoord() getPaddleWidth() setPaddleWidth(int) setPaddleHeight(int)	diameter speedX speedY Ball(float) update() display() hit() getXCoord() getYCoord() getDiameter() setDiameter(float)	playerName scores count				
livesLost score maxLivesPerGame maxNumberOfGames numberOfGamesPlayed			addScore getPlayerName() getScores() getCount()				
setup() draw() resetGame() tournamentOver() hitPaddle(paddle, ball)		resetBall()	setPlayerName(String) setScores(int[]) lowestScore() highestScore() averageScore() toString()				
•	\		2				

JOptionPane allows user input, during the running of the program.

We use this input to make changes in the game.

A few things to note

- We only use data input or data output in the PongGame(Driver) class.
- This is to ensure that the 'user of classes' (PongGame) gets to decide how the data is input and output.
- This is why toString() is useful
 - it returns a string version of an object of a class
 - then the user can decide how to show it e.g. on the console or via JOptionPane.

import JOptionPane

```
In order to use JOptionPane, we must import swing at the top of the file.
```

```
import javax.swing.*;

//Objects required in the program
Ball ball;
Paddle paddle;
Player player;
:
```

PongGame ball paddle player livesLost score maxLivesPerGame maxNumberOfGames

```
setup()
draw()
resetGame()
tournamentOver()
hitPaddle(paddle, ball)
```

numberOfGamesPlayed

Reading in maxNumberofGames

```
int maxNumberOfGames;
//code omitted
maxNumberOfGames =
    Integer.parseInt (JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
          "Welcome to the Pong Tournament\n\n
          Please enter the number of games you would like to play:",
          "3"));
player = new Player (JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
          "Enter the player name (max 6 chars: "), maxNumberOfGames);
```

PongGame

ball
paddle
player
livesLost
score
maxLivesPerGame
maxNumberOfGames
numberOfGamesPlayed

setup()

draw()
resetGame()
tournamentOver()
hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

Reading in maxNumberofGames

maxNumberOfGames is read in

PongGame

ball
paddle
player
livesLost
score
maxLivesPerGame
maxNumberOfGames
numberOfGames

setup() draw() resetGame() tournamentOver() hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

Reading in maxNumberofGames

```
int maxNumberOfGames;
//code omitted
maxNumberOfGames =
   Integer.parseInt(JOptionPane.showInputDialog(
         "Welcome to the Pong Tournament\n\n
         Please enter the number of games you would like to play:",
         "3"));
player = new Player (JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter the player
                  name (max 6 chars: "), maxNumberOfGames);
```

The Player constructor is called and the JOptionPane input is passed into the constructor.

PongGame

ball
paddle
player
livesLost
score
maxLivesPerGame
maxNumberOfGames
numberOfGamesPlayed

setup()

draw()
resetGame()
tournamentOver()
hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

Adding choice during the game

- Having read in the maximum number of games a player can have, the player is asked at the end of each game if they wish to continue.
 - If they choose to end, their tournament is over.

- When max number of games as read in, is reached
 - they will finish without being asked.

Adding choice during the game

```
V7
                                                                               PongGame
//If the player has no lives left in the current game
                                                                         ball
else{
                                                                         paddle
   //add the score of the current game to the array in player
                                                                         player
                                                                         livesLost
   player.addScore(score);
                                                                         score
   numberOfGamesPlayed++;
                                                                         maxLivesPerGame
                                                                         maxNumberOfGames
   //If the player has more games left in the tournament,
                                                                         numberOfGamesPlayed
   //display their score and ask them if they want to
                                                                         setup()
   //continue with the tournament.
                                                                         draw()
                                                                         resetGame()
   if (numberOfGamesPlayed < maxNumberOfGames){</pre>
                                                                         tournamentOver()
     resetGame();
                                                                         hitPaddle(paddle, ball)
   else{
     //the player has no more games left in the tournament
     tournamentOver();
```

Adding choice during the game

```
//If the player has no lives left in the current game
                                                                   V8
else{
                                                                                 PongGame
  player.addScore(score);
                                                                            ball
  numberOfGamesPlayed++;
                                                                            paddle
                                                                            player
  if (numberOfGamesPlayed < maxNumberOfGames){</pre>
                                                                            livesLost
                                                                            score
      int reply = JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(null,
                                                                            maxLivesPerGame
         "Game Over! You scored " + score +
                                                                            maxNumberOfGames
                                                                            numberOfGamesPlayed
         ".\nWould you like to play the next game in your tournament?",
                                                                            setup()
         "Play next game?", JOptionPane.YES_NO_OPTION);
                                                                            draw()
      if (reply == JOptionPane.YES_OPTION){ <
                                                                            resetGame()
                                                                            tournamentOver()
         resetGame();
                                                                            hitPaddle(paddle, ball)
      else{
                                                          We added extra functionality here,
         tournamentOver();
                                                          based on our new field
```

maxNumberOfGames and JOptionPane.

JOptionPane for output

```
void tournamentOver ()
                                                                             PongGame
                                                                        ball
{
                                                                        paddle
    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,
                                                                        player
          player.getPlayerName() +
                                                                        livesLost
                                                                        score
          ", your tournament is over! \n\n"
                                                                        maxLivesPerGame
          "Number of games played: " +
         numberOfGamesPlayed + "\n\n"+
                                                                        setup()
          player.toString() +
                                                                        draw()
                                                                        resetGame()
         "\n\nHighest Score: " + player.highestScore() +
         "\nLowest Score: " + player.lowestScore() +
         "\nAverage Score: " + player.averageScore());
    exit();
```

maxNumberOfGames numberOfGamesPlayed tournamentOver() hitPaddle(paddle, ball)

The same data is being output, just in a better way... we are using **JOptionPane** instead of the console.

Questions?



References

Reas, C. & Fry, B. (2014) Processing – A
 Programming Handbook for Visual Designers and Artists, 2nd Edition, MIT Press, London.