#### Inheritance

#### **Exploring Polymorphism**

Produced Ms. Mairéad Meagher

by: Dr. Siobhán Drohan



#### Lectures and Labs

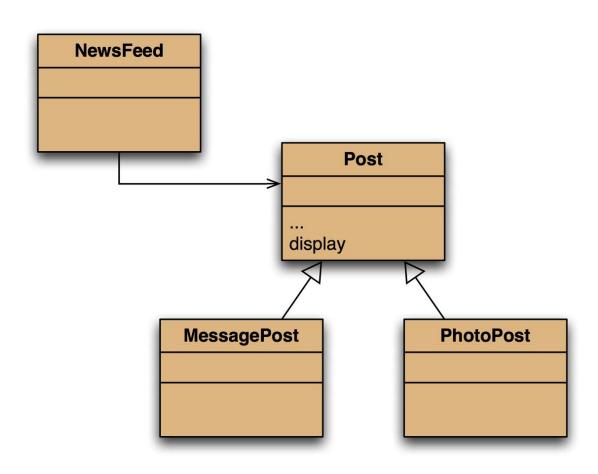
 This weeks lectures and labs are based on examples in:

 Objects First with Java - A Practical Introduction using BlueJ, © David J. Barnes, Michael Kölling (https://www.bluej.org/objects-first/)

#### **Topic List**

- Method polymorphism
- Static and dynamic type
- Overriding
- Dynamic method lookup
- Protected access

# NetworkV2 – Inheritance Hierarchy



# Testing the display method...

#### **Create this MessagePost**

```
Leonardo da Vinci
Had a great idea this morning.
But now I forgot what it was. Something to do with flying ...
40 seconds ago - 2 people like this.
No comments.
```

#### **Create this PhotoPost**

```
Alexander Graham Bell
[experiment.jpg]
I think I might call this thing 'telephone'.

12 minutes ago - 4 people like this.

No comments.
```

# Testing the display method...

```
Leonardo da Vinci
Had a great idea this morning.
But now I forgot what it was. Something to do with flying ...

40 seconds ago - 2 people like this.
No comments.

Alexander Graham Bell
[experiment.jpg]
I think I might call this thing 'telephone'.

12 minutes ago - 4 people like this.
No comments.
```

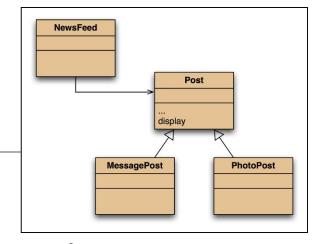
40 seconds ago - 2 people like this.
No comments.

Alexander Graham Bell
12 minutes ago - 4 people like this.
No comments.

Leonardo da Vinci



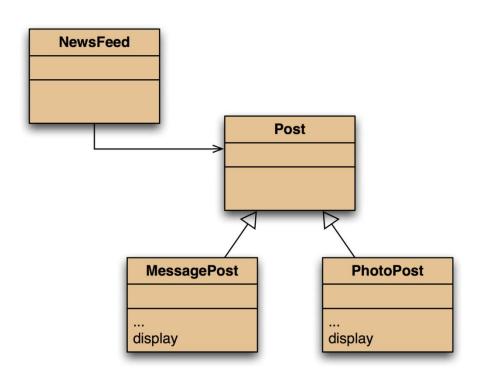
# The problem



 The display method in Post only prints the common fields.

- Inheritance is a one-way street:
  - A subclass inherits the superclass fields.
  - The superclass knows nothing about its subclass's fields.

## Attempting to solve the problem?



- Place display where it has access to the information it needs.
- Each subclass has its own version.

#### **But**:

- **Post**'s fields are private.
- NewsFeed cannot find a display method in Post.

#### **Topic List**

- Method polymorphism
- Static and dynamic type
- Overriding
- Dynamic method lookup
- Protected access

## Static type and dynamic type

 A more complex type hierarchy requires further concepts to describe it.

- Some new terminology:
  - static type
  - dynamic type
  - method dispatch/lookup

## Static and dynamic type

What is the type of c1? Car c1 = new Car();

What is the type of v1? Vehicle v1 = new Car();

## Static and dynamic type

What is the type of c1? Car c1 = new Car();

What is the type of v1?

Vehicle v1 = new Car();

The declared type of a variable is its *static* type.

The type of the object a variable refers to is its dynamic type.

# Static and dynamic type

The compiler's job is to check for static-type violations.

What is the type of v1?

Vehicle v1 = new Car();

The type of the object a variable refers to is its

is its *static* type.

dynamic type.

#### Recall our attempt to solve this problem...

```
Leonardo da Vinci
Had a great idea this morning.
But now I forgot what it was. Something to do with flying ...

40 seconds ago - 2 people like this.
No comments.

Alexander Graham Bell
[experiment.jpg]
I think I might call this thing 'telephone'.

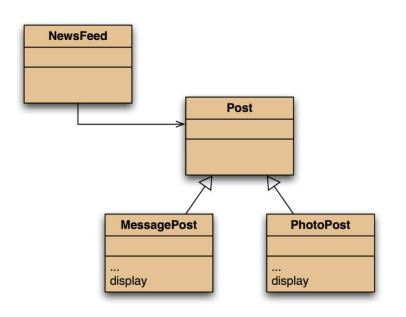
12 minutes ago - 4 people like this.
No comments.
```

Leonardo da Vinci
40 seconds ago - 2 people like this.
No comments.

Alexander Graham Bell
12 minutes ago - 4 people like this.
No comments.



#### Recall our attempt to solve this problem...



 We placed display in each subclass where it has access to the information it needs.

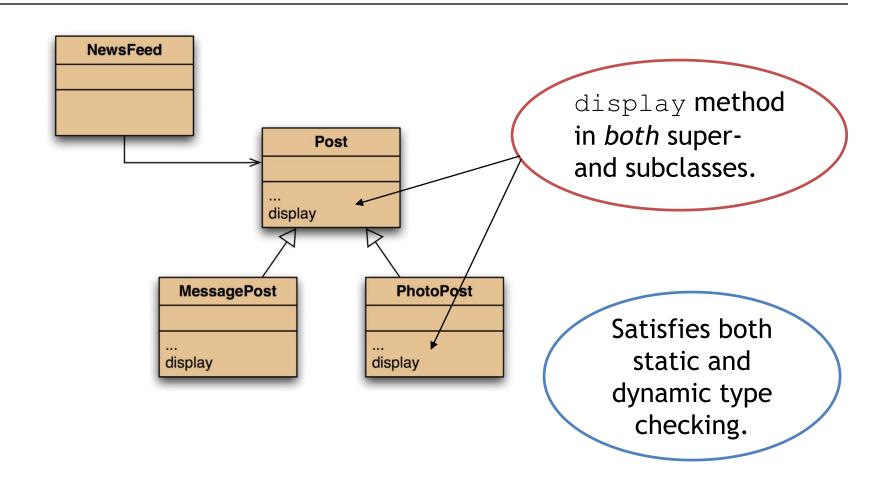
#### **But:**

 Post's fields are private and NewsFeed cannot find a display method in Post.

#### **Topic List**

- Method polymorphism
- Static and dynamic type
- Overriding
- Dynamic method lookup
- Protected access

#### Overriding - the solution to our problem



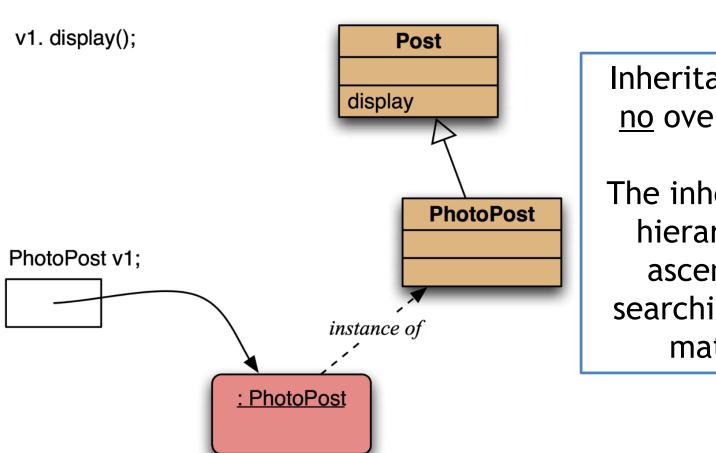
## Overriding

- Superclass and subclass define methods with the same signature.
- Each has access to the fields of its class.
- Superclass satisfies static type check.
- Subclass method is called at runtime it overrides the superclass version.
- What becomes of the superclass version?

#### **Topic List**

- Method polymorphism
- Static and dynamic type
- Overriding
- Dynamic method lookup
- Protected access

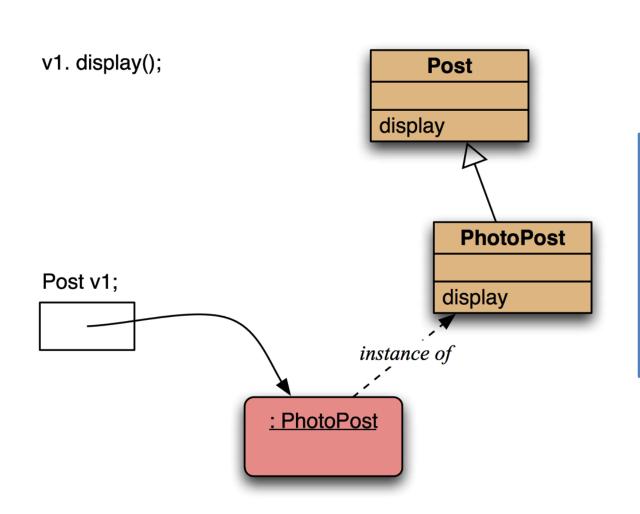
# Dynamic method lookup



Inheritance but no overriding.

The inheritance hierarchy is ascended, searching for a match.

# Dynamic method lookup



Polymorphism and overriding.

The 'first' version found is used.

# Dynamic method lookup summary

- The variable is accessed.
- 2. The object stored in the variable is found.
- 3. The class of the object is found.
- 4. The class is searched for a method match.
- 5. If no match is found, the superclass is searched.
- 6. This is repeated until a match is found, or the class hierarchy is exhausted.
- 7. Overriding methods take precedence.

## Super call in methods

- Overridden methods are hidden ...
- ... but we often still want to be able to call them.
- An overridden method can be called from the method that overrides it.
  - super.method(...)
  - Recall we used super in our constructors.

# Calling an overridden method

## Method polymorphism

- We have been discussing polymorphic method dispatch.
- A polymorphic variable can store objects of varying types.
- Method calls are polymorphic.
  - The actual method called depends on the dynamic object type.

## The instanceof operator

- Used to determine the dynamic type.
- Can recover 'lost' type information.
- Usually precedes assignment with a cast to the dynamic type:

## Recall the Object class...

java.lang

#### Class Object

java.lang.Object

public class Object

Class Object is the root of the class hierarchy. Every class has Object as a superclass. All objects, including arrays, implement the methods of this class.

#### Since:

**JDK1.0** 

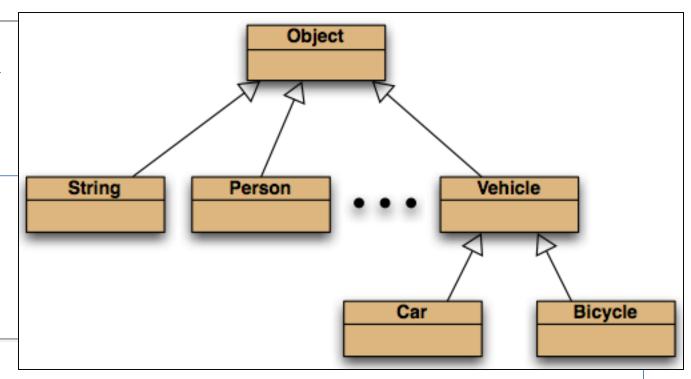
#### Recall the Object class...

All classes inherit from **Object**.

java.lang

#### **Class Object**

java.lang.Object



public class Object

Class Object is the root of the class hierarchy. Every class has Object as a superclass. All objects, including arrays, implement the methods of this class.

#### Since:

**JDK1.0** 

Methods in
<b>Object</b> are
inherited by all
classes.
Any of these ma
be overridden.

Methods	
Modifier and Type	Method and Description
protected <b>Object</b>	clone() Creates and returns a copy of this object.
boolean	equals(Object obj) Indicates whether some other object is "equal to" this one.
protected void	finalize() Called by the garbage collector on an object when garbage collection determines that there are no more references to the object.
Class	getClass() Returns the runtime class of this Object.
int	hashCode() Returns a hash code value for the object.
void	<ul><li>notify()</li><li>Wakes up a single thread that is waiting on this object's monitor.</li></ul>
void	notifyAll() Wakes up all threads that are waiting on this object's monitor.
String	toString() Returns a string representation of the object.
void	<pre>wait() Causes the current thread to wait until another thread invokes the notify() method or the notifyAll() method for this object.</pre>
void	<pre>wait(long timeout) Causes the current thread to wait until either another thread invokes the notify() method or the notifyAll() method for this object, or a specified amount of time has elapsed.</pre>
void	<pre>wait(long timeout, int nanos) Causes the current thread to wait until another thread invokes the notify() method or the notifyAll() method for this object, or some other thread interrupts the current thread, or a certain amount of real time has elapsed.</pre>

Methods		
Modifier and Type	Method and Description	
protected <b>Object</b>	clone() Creates and returns a copy of this object.	
boolean	equals(Object obj) Indicates whether some other object is "equal to"	this one.
protected void	finalize() Called by the garbage collector on an object when determines that there are no more references to the contract of t	
Class	getClass() Returns the runtime class of this Object.	
int	hashCode() Returns a hash code value for the object.	
void	<pre>notify() Wakes up a single thread that is waiting on this of</pre>	bject's monitor.
void	notifyAll() Wakes up all threads that are waiting on this obje	ct's monitor.
String	toString() Returns a string representation of the object.	
void	wait() Causes the current thread to wait until another the	
toString method is commonly overridden:		
ner thread invokes the string toString()  public String toString()		ner thread invokes the this object, or a

Returns a string representation of the object.

this object, or some ain amount of real

ead invokes the

time has elapsed.

# Overriding toString in Post

```
public String toString()
{
    String text = username + "\n" + timeString(timestamp);
    if(likes > 0) {
        text += " - " + likes + " people like this.\n";
    else {
       text += "\n";
    if(comments.isEmpty()) {
        return text + " No comments.\n";
    else {
        return text + " " + comments.size() +
               " comment(s). Click here to view.\n";
```

# Overriding toString

 Explicit print methods can often be omitted from a class:

```
System.out.println(post.toString());
```

 Calls to println with just an object automatically result in toString being called:

```
System.out.println(post);
```

#### **Topic List**

- Method polymorphism
- Static and dynamic type
- Overriding
- Dynamic method lookup
- Protected access

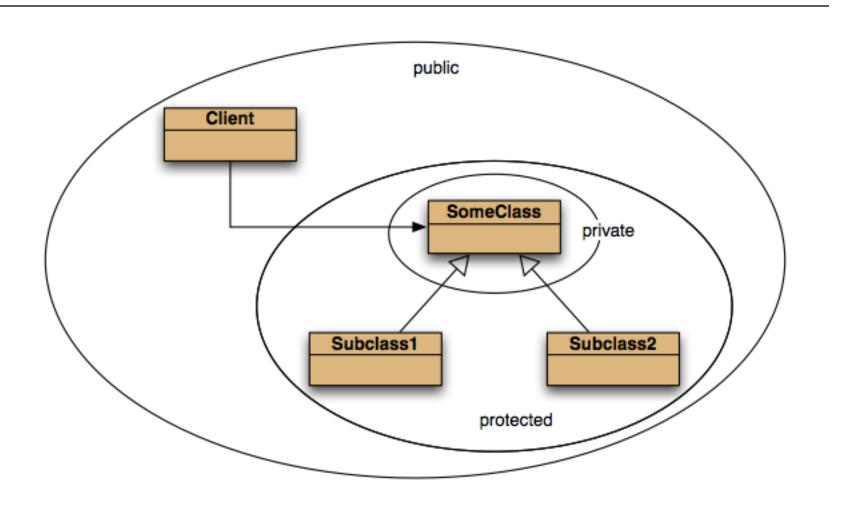
#### Protected access

• *Private* access in the superclass may be too restrictive for a subclass.

 The closer inheritance relationship is supported by protected access.

Protected access is more restricted than public access.

#### Access levels



#### Review

- The declared type of a variable is its static type.
  - Compilers check static types.
- The type of an object is its dynamic type.
  - Dynamic types are used at runtime.
- Methods may be overridden in a subclass.
- Method lookup starts with the dynamic type.
- Protected access supports inheritance.

# Any Questions?

