Docker Case Study:-

Automate Infrastructure Allocation for Learning & Development

Requirements-

- Dynamic Allocation of Linux systems for users
- Each user should have independent Linux System
- Specific training environment should be created in Container
- User should not allow to access other containers/images
- User should not allow to access docker command
- Monitor participants containers
- Debug/live demo for the participants if they have any doubts/bug in running applications.
- Automate container creation and deletion.

Allocation of Linux systems for users:-

Containers are created and allocated to each user automatically by executing the shell script *createcontainers.sh.*

1) Fill the entries in Users.txt with usernames .

Users.txt

User 1

User 2

User 3

User 4

2) Run the shell script createcontainers.sh. This creates a docker container corresponding to each username from users.txt.

createcontainers.sh.

echo -n "Enter file name which has list of usernames: "

read file

while read user

do

docker create -it --name \$user <Docker Image> /bin/bash

done < \$file

- 3)The user can then start using the allocated container by running the usecontainers.sh script.
 - usecontainers.sh
 - echo -n "Enter Username: "

read name

docker start \$name

docker attach \$name

Monitoring The Containers

- Container can be monitored by executing the monitorcontainers.sh
- monitorcontainers.sh

echo -n "Enter container's username that need to be monitored"

read name

docker logs -f \$name

Deleting The Containers

- Deletion of containers can be automated by using shell script deletetecontainers.sh script.
- Deletion of single container can be done by using shell script deletetecontainers.sh -x script.

•

deletecontainers.sh

echo -n "Enter file name which has list of usernames: "

read file

while read user

do

docker stop \$user

docker rm \$user

done < \$file

Siddarth Reddy Desu (IMT2016037)