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##Lab-5
1.Task:1
Take: Take a string -- 'Programming'
Create: Now create a list using the letters of the string
Remove:remove "P" from the list
Print: Print the output
1.1.1
##create-1
def making list(string 1):
    li=list(string 1.split(','));
    return li;
stringIs='programming';
print(making list(stringIs));
##create-2
str 1='programming';
listIs=list(str 1);
print(listIs);
##Remove
##Remove p from the list
removeIs=listIs.remove('p');
print(listIs);
Task:2
Create: Create a list of numbers from 1-10
Remove: Remove last three list items using pop method
create:Create another list of fruit names
Extend: Extend this with the number list
print:print the output
Create an empty list using list constructor insert through insert fruits name
print through loope like
-I like apple
-I like banana
-I like mango
##create a list of numbers from 1-10
listfrom 1 10=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10];
print(listfrom 1 10);
##Remove 3 last list items using pop method
pop 1=listfrom 1 10.pop();
pop 2=listfrom 1 10.pop();
pop 3=listfrom 1 10.pop();
print(listfrom_1 10)
###Createing another fruit list
fruit list=['Banana','Guava','Mango','Apple'];
###extend fruit list with the number list
fruit list.extend(listfrom 1 10);
print('The extend list is', fruit list);
##Create an empty list using list constructor insert through insert fruits
name
emptyListoist=list();
##Using looope and print
##using for loope
for i in range (0,2):
  emptyListoist.append('apple');
  emptyListoist.append('banana');
  emptyListoist.append('mango');
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print(emptyListoist[:]);
print('I like', emptyListoist[0]);
print('I like', emptyListoist[1]);
print('I like', emptyListoist[2]);
Output:
Task-1: ['programming']
['p', 'r', 'o', 'g', 'r', 'a', 'm', 'm', 'i', 'n', 'g']
['r', 'o', 'g', 'r', 'a', 'm', 'm', 'i', 'n', 'g']
Task-2
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
The extend list is ['Banana', 'Guava', 'Mango', 'Apple', 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
['apple', 'banana', 'mango', 'apple', 'banana', 'mango']
I like apple
I like banana
I like mango
##Lab-6
1 1 1
Task:1
Craete a tuple
Find the size of a tuple
compare it with the size of list having exactly same elements
import sys;
makingTuple=(
'Rifat', 'Shahriar', 'Bangladesh',
'India', 'China', 'Indonesia',
'Bali', 'Saudaia Arabia'
);
makingList=[
'Rifat', 'Shahriar', 'Bangladesh',
'India', 'China', 'Indonesia',
 'Bali','Saudaia Arabia'
##Compare the size of List and Tuple
print('The Size of the turpel is', str(sys.getsizeof(makingTuple)), 'bytes');
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print('The Size of the List is', str(sys.getsizeof((makingList))), 'bytes');
1.1.1
Task:2
Create a tuple of numbers as its elements
Write a code to display sum of all the elements of this tuple
if the sum is even display "the sum is even";
if the sum is odd disply "the sum is odd"
1.1.1
Number Turple=(
    1,2,3,4,5,6,7,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,
    13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23,
    24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33
sumOfTurple=0;
for i in range(len(Number Turple)):
   sumOfTurple+=Number Turple[i];
print('The sum of Turpel all element is', sumOfTurple);
if (sumOfTurple%2==0) :print('The sum is even');
else :print('The sum is odd');
. . .
Task-3
Create the tuple
count the elements of tuple Using for loope display all elements of tuple
New display only even index tuple elements
Make a list cntaing all odd indexed tuple elements
1.1.1
making tuple 3=(
    10,20,300,100,200,300,400,500,
    600,700,800,900,1000,1100,12000,
    30000,5666,4545,5000
)
# print(len(making tuple 3));
# for i in range(len(making tuple 3)):print(making tuple 3)
Output:
Task1:
The Size of the turpel is 104 bytes
The Size of the List is 120 bytes
Task2:
The sum of Turpel all element is 559
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The sum is odd

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##Lab7
1.1.1
Merge 2 Dictionary
marks dictionary={
    'Introduction to Python':88,
    'Introduction to Cloud':87,
    'Community Connect':70,
    'Introduction to Php':81
};
studentInformation Dictionary={
    'Rifat':2019005005,
    'Rimon':20190006006,
    'Rifa':2019007007,
    'Shahriar':201963636,
margeOftwoDictionbaryIs=marks dictionary, studentInformation Dictionary;
print('Marge of 2 Dictionary is=', margeOftwoDictionbaryIs);
. . .
Create Dictionary of marksof different subjects and calculate the avarge
marks
print('The Original Dictionary is', str(marks dictionary));
sumOfMarksDictionary=0;
###Using loope function is
for val in marks_dictionary.values():
    sumOfMarksDictionary+=val;
print('The sum of the dictionary is', sumOfMarksDictionary);
avarageMarksIs=sumOfMarksDictionary/5;
print('The Avarage marks is', avarageMarksIs);
Output:
Marge of 2 Dictionary is= ({Introduction to Python': 88, 'Introduction to Cloud': 87, 'Community
Connect': 70, 'Introduction to Php': 81}, {'Rifat': 2019005005, 'Rimon': 20190006006, 'Rifa': 2019007007,
'Shahriar': 201963636})
The Original Dictionary is {'Introduction to Python': 88, 'Introduction to Cloud': 87, 'Community
Connect': 70, 'Introduction to Php': 81}
The sum of the dictionary is 326
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The Avarage marks is 65.2

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##Lab-8
1.1.1
1. Write a Python Program containg
=>Simple function
=>Function with arguments
=>Function with arguments and return value
1.1.1
def my name():
    print('I am a computer Programmer');
my name();
def sumIs(first number, second number):
    sum=first number+second number;
    print(sum);
sumIs(100, 200);
def mathematiocal operation(first number, second number):
    return first number+second number;
print(mathematiocal operation(200,300));
Task: 2-Write a Python Program to perform linear search using function
def linearsearch(arr, x):
   for i in range(len(arr)):
      if arr[i] == x:
         return i
   return -1
arr = ['t', 'u', 't', 'o', 'r', 'i', 'a', 'l']
print("element found at index "+str(linearsearch(arr,x)))
Task:3
Write a Python function to find maximum of 3 numbers
first number=int(input('Enter The first number='));
second number=int(input('Enter The second number='))
third number=int(input('Enter The third number='));
if first number>second number and first number>third number:print('Maximum
number is=',first number);
elif second number>first number and
second number>third number:print('Maximum number is', second number);
else:print('Maximum number is',third number);
1.1.1
Task:4
Write a Python function to multiply all the numners in a list
##Without function
List 1=[
    10,20,30,40,50
mulIs=1;
for i in List 1:
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mulIs=mulIs*i;
print('The multiplication of the list without functionm is', mulls);
##with Function
def multiplyList(myList):
    # Multiply elements one by one
    result = 1
    for x in myList:
        result = result * x
    return result
# Driver code
list1 = [1, 2, 3]
list2 = [3, 2, 4]
print('The Multiplication of the List-1', multiplyList(list1))
print('The Multiplication of the list-2', multiplyList(list2))
Output:
I am a computer Programmer
300
500
element found at index 6
Enter The first number=10
Enter The second number=20
Enter The third number=30
Maximum number is 30
The multiplication of the list without functionm is 12000000
The Multiplication of the List-1 6
The Multiplication of the list-2 24
##Lab-9
1. Python Program to print positive numbers in a list using function
# Python program to print positive Numbers in a List
# list of numbers
list1 = [11, -21, 0, 45, 66, -93]
# iterating each number in list
def PositiveIs(list):
    for i in list1:
        if i>0:print(i,end=" ");
PositiveIs(list1);
2. Python Program to remove all the occurrencee of an elements from a list
using function
111
# Python 3 code to demonstrate
# the removal of all occurrences of a
# given item using list comprehension
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def remove items(test list, item):
    # using list comprehension to perform the task
    res = [i for i in test list if i != item]
    return res
# driver code
if name == "__main__":
    test list = [1, 3, 4, 6, 5, 1]
    item = 1
    # printing the original list
    print("The original list is : " + str(test list))
    # calling the function remove items()
    res = remove items(test list, item)
    # printing result
    print("The list after performing the remove operation is : " + str(res))
3.Python | Remove Redundent Subsstring from String List using Function
# Python3 code to demonstrate
# removing duplicate substrings
# using set() + split()
test list = [ 'aa-aa-bb', 'bb-cc', 'gg-ff-gg', 'hh-hh']
print("The original list : " + str(test list))
# using set() + split()
# removing duplicate substrings
##functio
res = [set(sub.split('-')) for sub in test list]
print("The list after duplicate removal : " + str(res))
1.1.1
4. Python | program duplicates from a list of integers using Function
# Python program to print
# duplicates from a list
# of integers
def Repeat(x):
    _{\rm size} = len(x)
    repeated = []
    for i in range( size):
        k = i + 1
        for j in range(k, size):
            if x[i] == x[j] and x[i] not in repeated:
                repeated.append(x[i])
    return repeated
```