## The Brazillian Amazon & COVID-19

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## Background and Overview

This is a report on SARS-CoV-2 genetic data, as well as some COVID-19 prevalence data for Manaus and Sao Paulo. (Buss *et al.*, 2020).

### Methods

### **Suggested Sources**

- vcfR package website.
- https://kjhealy.github.io/covdata/
- https://github.com/como-ph/oxcovid19
- https://ropensci.org/blog/2020/10/20/searching-medrxivr-and-biorxiv-preprint-data/
- https://covidtracking.com/data/api
  - readr::read\_csv("https://api.covidtracking.com/v1/states/daily.csv")
- https://rt.live/
  - readr::read\_csv("https://d14wlfuexuxgcm.cloudfront.net/covid/rt.csv")

## Results and Discussion

## **Figures**

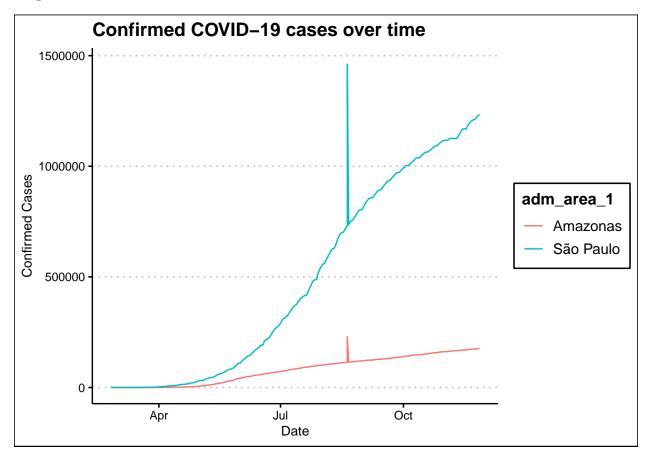
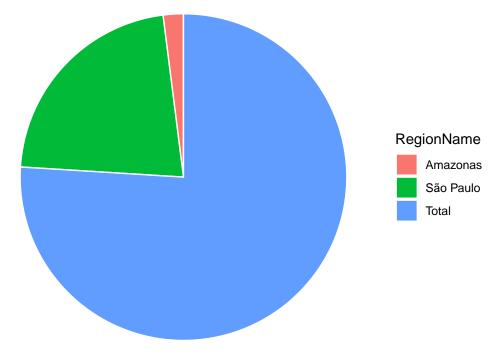


Figure : The state of São Paulo saw more total confirmed cases than the state of Amazonas.

# Populations of Brazil



```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
```

## # Groups: population [3]

Figure: Sao Paulo is much larger than Amazonas by population.

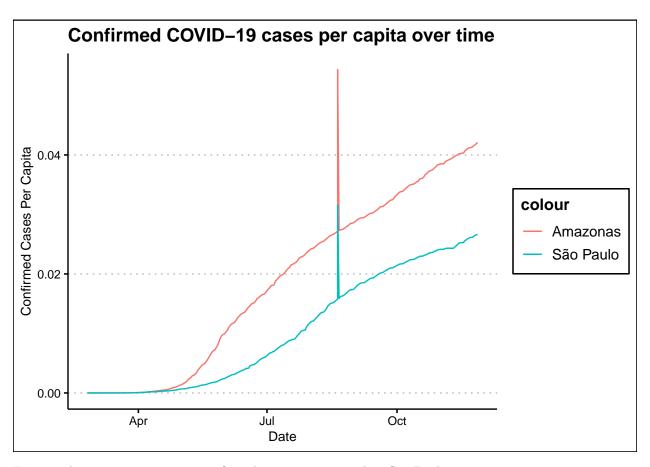


Figure: Amazonas saw greater confirmed cases per capita than São Paulo.

- ## Error in layer(data = data, mapping = mapping, stat = stat, geom = GeomLine, : object 'Manaus\_preval
- ## Error in grid.draw(plot): object 'prevalence\_plot' not found
- ## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'prevalence\_plot' not found

**Figure**: Manaus saw more widespread prevalence of SARS-CoV-2 antibodies vs. São Paulo, up to 66% vs. 22% of the population respectively.

### Count of distinct SNPs in Named SARS-CoV-2 Genes

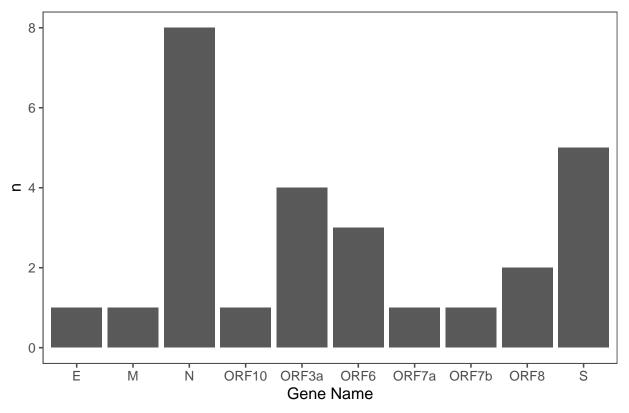


Figure: N and S genes have more unique SNPs in the set of samples analyzed.

### **Tables**

Gene Name	Start	End	Length
$\overline{S}$	21563	25384	3821
ORF3a	25393	26220	827
E	26245	26472	227
$\mathbf{M}$	26523	27191	668
ORF6	27202	27387	185
ORF7a	27394	27759	365
ORF7b	27756	27887	131
ORF8	27894	28259	365
N	28274	29533	1259
ORF10	29558	29674	116

**Table 1**: Gene names, locations, and lengths in the SARS-CoV-2 genome. Higher SNP counts in the S and N genes may be related to the larger size of these genes.

### **Sources Cited**

Buss, L.F.  $et\ al.\ (2020)$  COVID-19 herd immunity in the brazilian amazon. medRxiv.