System Programming & OS 실습 13. MyShell

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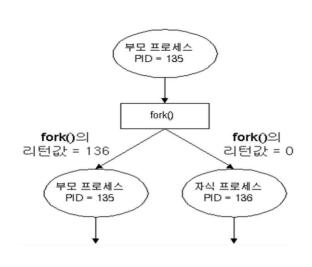
- Practice 1 : fork()
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 - 3-2. Built in Command
 - 3-3. Background
 - 3-4. Redirection
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System calls

- Basic
 - fork(), clone(): create a task
 - execve(): execute a new program (binary loading)
 - exit(): terminate a task
 - wait(), waitpid(): wait for a task's termination (child or designated)
 - getpid(): get a task ID

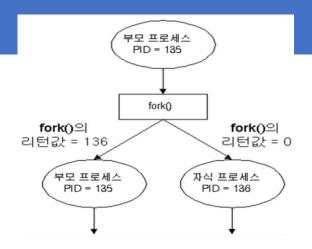
P1. fork()

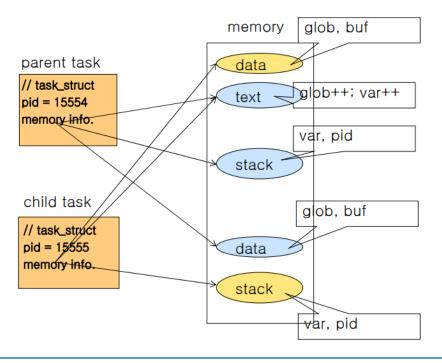
- Make a new task whose memory image (text, data, …) is the same as the existing task
 - Existing task: parent task
 - New task: child task
- Split the flow control into two (system's viewpoint)
 - One for parent and the other for child task
- Two return values (program's viewpoint)
 - Parent task: child's pid (always larger than 0)
 - Child task: 0
- wait()
 - wait for a task's termination (child or designated)



P1. fork(): Code

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int glob = 6;
int main()
    int var = 88; pid t fork return;
    printf("Hello, my pid is %d\n", getpid());
    printf("before fork\n"); /* we don't flush stdout */
    if ((fork return = fork()) < 0) {</pre>
        perror("fork error");
        exit(1);
    } else if (fork return == 0) {
        /* child process */
        glob++; var++; /* modify variables */
        printf("child: pid = %d, ppid = %d\n", getpid(), getppid());
    } else {
        /* parent process */
        wait(NULL); sleep(1);
        printf("parent: I created child with pid=%d\n", fork return);
    /* Following line is executed by both parent and child */
    printf("pid = %d, glob = %d, var = %d\n", getpid(), glob, var);
    printf("Bye, my pid is %d\n", getpid());
```





P1. fork(): Code

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int glob = 6;
int main()
    int var = 88; pid_t fork_return;
    printf("Hello, my pid is %d\n", getpid());
    printf("before fork\n"); /* we don't flush stdout */
    if ((fork return = fork()) < 0) {</pre>
        perror("fork error");
        exit(1);
    } else if (fork return == 0) {
        /* child process */
        glob++; var++; /* modify variables */
        printf("child: pid = %d, ppid = %d\n", getpid(), getppid());
    } else {
        /* parent process */
        wait(NULL); sleep(1);
        printf("parent: I created child with pid=%d\n", fork return);
    /* Following line is executed by both parent and child */
    printf("pid = %d, glob = %d, var = %d\n", getpid(), glob, var);
    printf("Bye, my pid is %d\n", getpid());
```

```
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ gcc -o fork.out fork.c
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ ./fork.out
Hello, my pid is 2911226
before fork
child: pid = 2911227, ppid = 2911226
pid = 2911227, glob = 7, var = 89
Bye, my pid is 2911227
parent: I created child with pid=2911227
pid = 2911226, glob = 6, var = 88
Bye, my pid is 2911226
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ []
```

P1. fork(): Prepare & Run

Prepare Command

> vim fork.c (코드 작성)

Run Command

```
> gcc -o fork.out fork.c (컴파일)
> ./fork.out (실행)
```

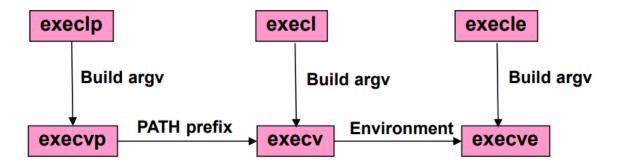
```
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ gcc -o fork.out fork.c
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ ./fork.out
Hello, my pid is 2911226
before fork
child: pid = 2911227, ppid = 2911226
pid = 2911227, glob = 7, var = 89
Bye, my pid is 2911227
parent: I created child with pid=2911227
pid = 2911226, glob = 6, var = 88
Bye, my pid is 2911226
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$
```

P2. execvp()

- execve() system call
 - Execute a new program
 - Replace the current task's memory image (text, data, stack) with new binary
 - System's viewpoint of execve()
 - Replace memory image (text, data, stack) with new one
 - The role of loader

P2. execvp()

- execve() system call
 - Six interfaces
 - int execvp(const char *file, char *const argv[]);



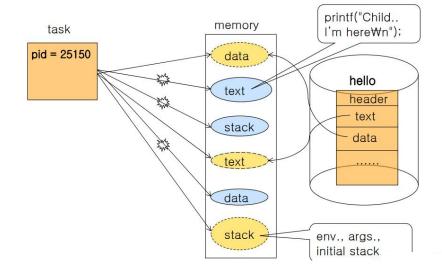
```
Syntax
```

P2. execvp(): Code

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    pid_t fork_return, d_pid;
   int exit status = -1;
    if ((fork return = fork()) == -1)
        // fork error handling
    else if (fork return == 0)
    { // child
       // NULL-terminated array of pointers for execvp
        char *args[] = {"./hello", NULL};
        execvp(args[0], args);
        printf("Child.. I'm here\n");
       // if execvp() succeeds, the above printf() is not performed!!
        exit(1);
    else
    { // parent
        d_pid = wait(&exit_status);
        printf("Parent.. I'm here\n");
        printf("exit status of task %d is %d\n", d_pid, exit_status);
```

```
// hello.c
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

int main()
{
         printf("Hello World\n");
         exit(0);
}
```



P2. execvp(): Run

Run Command

> vim execvp.c	(편집)
----------------	------

> gcc -o execvp.out execvp.c (컴파일)

>./execvp.out (실행)

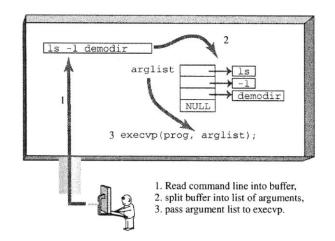
> gcc -o hello hello.c (컴파일)

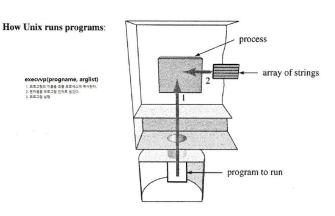
> ./execvp.out (실행)

• mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$ gcc -o execvp.out execvp.c

 mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$./execvp.out Child.. I'm here
 Parent.. I'm here
 exit status of task 2910885 is 256

- mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$ gcc -o hello hello.c
- mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$./execvp.out Hello World Parent.. I'm here exit status of task 2910900 is 0
- omingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$





P3. Shell

- Command interpreter
 - Execute commands requested by users
- Basic logic
 - display prompt, input parsing
 - for external commands:
 - do fork() and execve() at child task
 - for internal commands:
 - perform in shell without fork() and execve()
- Background processing (&)
- Redirection (<, >)
- Pipe (|)

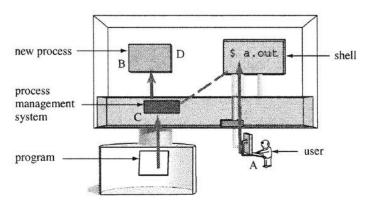


FIGURE 8.4

A user asks a shell to run a program.

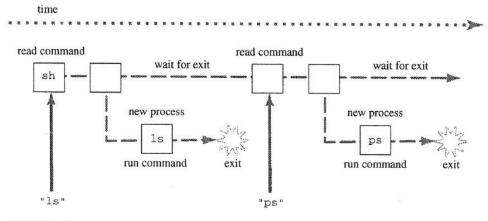
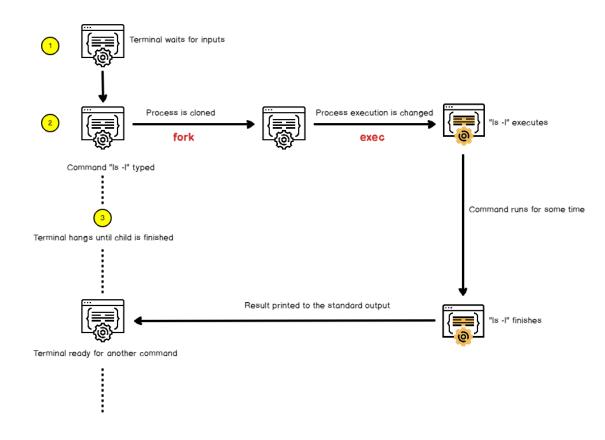


FIGURE 8.5
A time line of the main loop of the shell.

P3. Shell

- Command interpreter
 - Execute commands requested by users
- Basic logic
 - display prompt, input parsing
 - for external commands:
 - do fork() and execve() at child task
 - for internal commands:
 - perform in shell without fork() and execve()
- Background processing (&)
- Redirection (⟨, ⟩)
- Pipe (|)

Shell Command Execution



P3. Shell: Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define MAX BUF 1024
int main(void)
   char line[MAX BUF];
   char currentDir[MAX BUF];
   while(1){
        if (getcwd(currentDir, sizeof(currentDir)) == NULL) {
            perror("getcwd() error");
            return 0;
        printf("%s $", currentDir); // Hint. Where are you?
        fgets( line, sizeof(line) - 1, stdin);
        if(run(line) == false)
           break:
   return 0;
```

```
bool run(char* line) {
    char delims[] = " \r\n\t";
    char* tokens[128]; int token_count;
    int i; int status;
                             pid t child;
    token count = 2;
    tokens[0] = "ls";
    tokens[1] = "-al";
    tokens[2] = NULL;
// Run process
    child = fork();
    if (child < 0){</pre>
        printf("Failed to fork()!");
        _exit(0);
    if (/* fill the blanks.*/) {
        execvp(/* fill the blanks.*/);
        printf("No such file\n");
        exit(0);
    } else{
        /* fill the blanks.*/
    return true;
```

P3. Shell: Command & Result

Run Command

> vim myshell.c (편집)

> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c (컴파일)

>./myshell.out (실행)

\$ ls -al

\$ mkdir new

\$ cat myshell.c (ctrl+c)

> Is -al

> cd ..

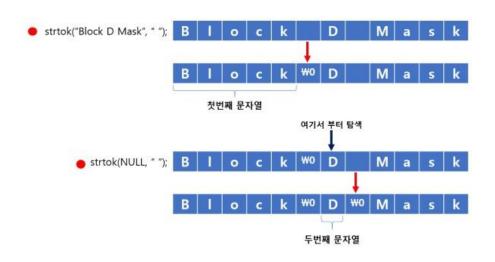
> cd myshell

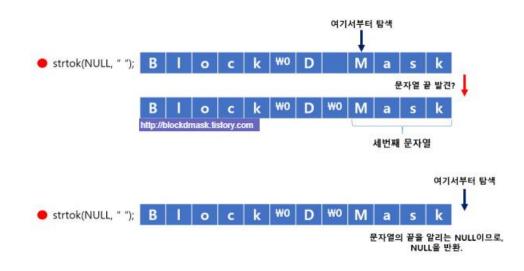
```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $ls -al
 total 208
 drwxrwxr-x 2 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 23:08 .
 drwxrwxr-x 10 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 19:04 ...
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 12 9월 11 22:08 abcde
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 744 9월 11 16:57 execvp.c
  -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 16960 9월 11 16:57 execvp.out
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 867 9월 10 04:09 fork.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17072 9월 11 16:21 fork.out
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 128 9월 10 03:54 hello.c
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 3491 9월 11 21:12 myshell back.c
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 3011 9월 11 21:08 myshell built.c
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 1075 9월 11 23:08 myshell.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17168 9월 11 23:08 myshell.out
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 5849 9월 11 23:06 myshell pipe.c
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 4382 9월 11 22:53 myshell redirect.c
  -rw-r---x 1 mingu mingu 12 9월 11 22:10 new_abcde
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 673 9월 11 21:37 pipe.c
  -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17136 9월 11 22:35 pipe.out
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 809 9월 11 22:07 redirection.c
  -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 809 9월 11 22:08 redirection_copy.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17008 9월 11 22:10 redirection.out
 -rw-r--r-- 1 mingu mingu 15088 9월 11 22:51 redirect.txt
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 293 9월 10 04:38 token.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 16792 9월 10 04:38 token.out
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $mkdir new
 total 208
 drwxrwxr-x 2 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 23:08 .
 drwxrwxr-x 10 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 19:04 ...
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 12 9월 11 22:08 abcde
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 744 9월 11 16:57 execvp.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 16960 9월 11 16:57 execvp.out
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 867 9월 10 04:09 fork.c
```

P3.1. Tokenizing

#include \(\string.h \)

- char *strtok(char *string1, const char *string2);
 - strtok() 함수는 0개 이상의 토큰 시리즈로 string1을 읽고 string1에서 토큰 분리문자 역할을 하는 문자 세트로 string2를 읽습니다.
 - 지정된 string1에 대한 strtok() 함수의 첫 번째 호출에서 strtok() 함수는 선행 분리문자를 건너뛰고 string1에서 첫 번째 토큰을 검색합니다. 첫 번째 토큰에 대한 포인터가 리턴됩니다.
 - NULL string1 인수로 strtok() 함수가 호출된 경우 마지막 널이 아닌 string1 매개변수의 저장된 사본에서 다음 토큰을 읽습니다.
 - strtok() 함수는 버퍼로 데이터를 기록합니다.
 - strtok() 함수를 처음 호출할 때 string1에서 첫 번째 토큰에 대한 포인터를 리턴합니다. 토큰 스트링이 동일한 나중 호출에서 strtok() 함수는 스트링에서 다음 토큰에 대한 포인터를 리턴합니다. 토큰이 더 없으면 NULL 포인터가 리턴됩니다. 모든 토큰은 널로 종료됩니다.





P3.1. Tokenizing: Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(void)
  char *token;
   char string[] = "a string, of, ,tokens\0,after
null terminator";
  token = strtok(string, ", \n");
   do
      printf("token:%s\n", token);
  while (token = strtok(NULL, ", \n"));
  return 0;
```

```
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ gcc -o token.out token.c
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ ./token.out
token:a
token:string
token:of
token:tokens
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$
```

Practice 3-1: Command & Result

Run Command

```
(편집)
> vim myshell.c
> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
                                   (컴파일)
>./myshell.out
                                   (실행)
$ ls -al
$ mkdir new
$ rm -d new
$ Is
$ cd ..
$ ^C
                                   (ctrl+c)
```

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c

    mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out

 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $mkdir new
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $1s -al
 total 112
 drwxrwxr-x 3 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 20:20 .
 drwxrwxr-x 10 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 19:04 ...
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 744 9월 11 16:57 execvp.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 16960 9월 11 16:57 execvp.out
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 867 9월 10 04:09 fork.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17072 9월 11 16:21 fork.out
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 128 9월 10 03:54 hello.c
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 1539 9월 11 19:05 myshell.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 17248 9월 11 20:20 myshell.out
 drwxrwxr-x 2 mingu mingu 4096 9월 11 20:20 new
 -rw-rw-r-- 1 mingu mingu 293 9월 10 04:38 token.c
 -rwxrwxr-x 1 mingu mingu 16792 9월 10 04:38 token.out
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $rm -d new
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $1s
 execvp.c fork.c hello.c myshell.out token.out
 execvp.out fork.out myshell.c token.c
 /home/mingu/TABA_OS_2023/myshell $^C
omingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$
```

P3.1. Tokenizing: Code

```
// 1) Tokenize
int tokenize( char* buf, char* delims, char* tokens[], int maxTokens);
int run( char* line);
int main(void){
// 1) Tokenize
int tokenize(char* buf, char* delims, char* tokens[], int maxTokens) {
    int token count = 0;
   // Hint. Token the buffer.
    char* token = /* fill the blanks.*/
    // Hint. Token buffer until ..?
    while (token != /* fill the blanks.*/ && token count < maxTokens)
        // Hint. Store token in tokens.
        tokens[token_count] = /* fill the blanks.*/
        token count++;
        // Hint. Continue tokening the buffer.
        token = /* fill the blanks.*/
    // Hint. End tokens.
    tokens[token_count] = /* fill the blanks.*/
    return token count;
```

```
int run(char* line) {
    // ...
                           pid t child;
    int i;
             int status;
   token count = 2;
   tokens[0] = "ls";
   tokens[1] = "-al";
   tokens[2] = NULL;
   token count = tokenize(line, delims, tokens,
                             sizeof(tokens) / sizeof(char*));
    if (token count == 0)
       return 1;
// Run process
    child = fork();
    // ...
```

P3.2. Built-in-command





4 Shell Builtin Commands

Builtin commands are contained within the shell itself. When the name of a builtin command is used as the first word of a simple command (see Simple Commands), the shell executes the command directly, without invoking another program. Builtin commands are necessary to implement functionality impossible or inconvenient to obtain with separate utilities.

cd

cd [-L|[-P [-e]] [-@] [directory]

Change the current working directory to *directory*. If *directory* is not supplied, the value of the HOME shell variable is used. If the shell variable CDPATH exists, it is used as a search path: each directory name in CDPATH is searched for *directory*, with alternative directory names in CDPATH separated by a colon (':'). If *directory* begins with a slash, CDPATH is not used.

help

help [-dms] [pattern]

Display helpful information about builtin commands. If *pattern* is specified, help gives detailed help on all commands matching *pattern*, otherwise a list of the builtins is printed.

exit

exit [n]

Exit the shell, returning a status of n to the shell's parent. If n is omitted, the exit status is that of the last command executed. Any trap on EXIT is executed before the shell terminates.

P3.2. Built-in-command





4 Shell Builtin Commands

Builtin commands are contained within the shell itself. When the name of a builtin command is used as the first word of a simple command (see Simple Commands), the shell executes the command directly, without invoking another program. Builtin commands are necessary to implement functionality impossible or inconvenient to obtain with separate utilities.

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ cd ~
mingu@server:~$ cd TABA OS 2023/myshell/
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ cd
mingu@server:~$ cd TABA OS 2023/myshell/
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ help
 GNU bash, version 5.0.17(1)-release (x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)
 These shell commands are defined internally. Type `help' to see this list.
 Type 'help name' to find out more about the function 'name'.
 Use `info bash' to find out more about the shell in general.
 Use `man -k' or `info' to find out more about commands not in this list.
 A star (*) next to a name means that the command is disabled.
  job spec [&]
  (( expression ))
   . filename [arguments]
   [ arg... ]
  [[ expression ]]
  alias [-p] [name[=value] ... ]
  bg [job spec ...]
  bind [-lpsvPSVX] [-m keymap] [-f filename] [-q name] [-u name] [-r keyseq] [-x
  builtin [shell-builtin [arg ...]]
  caller [expr]
  case WORD in [PATTERN [| PATTERN]...) COMMANDS ;;]... esac
  cd [-L|[-P [-e]] [-@]] [dir]
  command [-pVv] command [arg ...]
  compgen [-abcdefgjksuv] [-o option] [-A action] [-G globpat] [-W wordlist] [-
  complete [-abcdefgjksuv] [-pr] [-DEI] [-o option] [-A action] [-G globpat] [-W
  compopt [-o|+o option] [-DEI] [name ...]
  continue [n]
  coproc [NAME] command [redirections]
```

P3.2. Built-in-command: Command & Result

Run Command

```
(편집)
> vim myshell.c
> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
                                   (컴파일)
>./myshell.out
                                   (실행)
$ cd ..
$ cd myshell
$ help
$ help exit
$ exit
```

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c

    mingu@server: ~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out

  /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $cd ...
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023 $cd mysh
 USAGE: cd [dir]
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023 $^C
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out
  /home/mingu/TABA_OS_2023/myshell $cd ...
  /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023 $cd myshell
  /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $help
           : change directory
          : exit this shell
  exit
          : quit this shell
  quit
           : show this help
  help
           : show this help
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $help exit
  exit
           : exit this shell
  /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $exit
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$
```

P3.2. Built-in-command: Code

```
struct COMMAND{
        char* name;
        char* desc;
        int (*func )( int argc, char* argv[]);
};
int cmd_cd(int argc, char* argv[]);  // 2) Built-in Command
int cmd help(int argc, char* argv[]); // 2) Built-in Command
int cmd exit( int argc, char* argv[]); // 2) Built-in Command
struct COMMAND builtin cmds[]={
        { "cd", "change directory", cmd_cd},
        {"exit", "exit this shell", cmd_exit },
        {"quit", "quit this shell",cmd_exit },
        {"help", "show this help",cmd help},
        { "?", "show this help", cmd help}
};
// 1) Tokenize
int tokenize( char* buf, char* delims, char* tokens[], int maxTokens);
// 2) Built-in Command
int execute builtin command(char* tokens[], int token count);
int run(char* line);
 int main(void){
       // ...
```

```
int run(char* line) {
     pid t child;
     int built in = 1;
     token count = tokenize(line, delims, tokens,
                              sizeof(tokens) / sizeof(char*));
     if (token count == 0)
         return 1;
     if ((built in = execute builtin command(tokens, token count)) != 0)
         return built in;
     // Run process ...
// 2) Built-in Command
int execute_builtin_command(char* tokens[], int token_count) {
    int i;
   // Hint. 1*5=5*1=5
    for (i = 0; i < sizeof(builtin cmds) / /* fill the blanks.*/; i++)
        // Hint. What your Command?
        if (strcmp(builtin_cmds[i].name, /* fill the blanks.*/) == 0)
           // Hint. argc, argv
            return builtin_cmds[i].func(/* fill the blanks.*/);
    return 0;
```

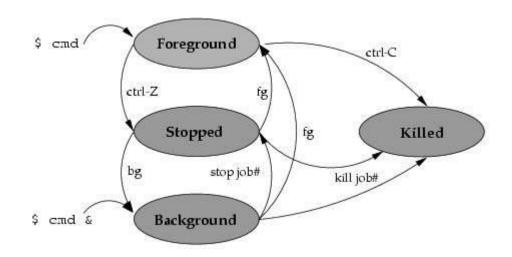
P3.2. Built-in-command: Code

```
// 2) Built-in Command
int cmd_help(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    int i;
    // Hint. 1*5=5*1=5
    for (i = 0; i < sizeof(builtin_cmds) / /* fill the blanks.*/; i++) {
        // Hint. Run "help" in bash shell.
        if (argc == /* fill the blanks.*/ /* choose one. (==, | ,&&) */
            strcmp(builtin_cmds[i].name, /* fill the blanks.*/) == 0)
        // Hint. Go to definition
        printf("%-10s: %s\n", builtin_cmds[i]. /* fill the blanks.*/,
            builtin_cmds[i]. /* fill the blanks.*/);
}
return 1;
}</pre>
```

```
// 2) Built-in Command
int cmd_cd(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    if (argc == 1)
        // Hint. Go to home dir.
        chdir(/* fill the blanks.*/);
    else if (argc == 2) {
       // Hint. Go to ?
        if (chdir(/* fill the blanks.*/))
            printf("USAGE: cd [dir]\n");
    } else
        printf("No directory\n");
    return 1;
 // 2) Built-in Command
 int cmd exit( int argc, char* argv[]){
     // Hint. Return value for break while loop
     return /* fill the blanks.*/;
```

P3.3. Backgroud

- Background processing (&)
 - Both shell and command run concurrently
 - How to: do not use wait()



```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ls /etc -al &
  [1] 2923159
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ total 1272
                            12288 9월 5 06:25 .
  drwxr-xr-x 144 root root
                                  7월 29 2022 ...
  drwxr-xr-x 22 root root
                                  8월 19 2021 acpi
  drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                  8월 19 2021 adduser.conf
             1 root root
                                         2021 alsa
                                      19
             3 root root
                                      9 2022 alternatives
              2 root root
                                  7월 17 2019 anacrontab
             1 root root
                             4096 12월 30 2021 apache2
              3 root root
                                       2 2017 apg.conf
              1 root root
                                  8월 19
                                          2021 apm
  drwxr-xr-x
             5 root root
                                  8월 19 2021 apparmor
             3 root root
  drwxr-xr-x
                                  8월 31 06:50 apparmor.d
  drwxr-xr-x
             7 root root
                                  4월 15 06:29 apport
  drwxr-xr-x
             4 root root
                                  1월 19 2020 appstream.conf
             1 root root
                                  2월 3 2022 apt
  drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                  6월 2 06:58 avahi
  drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
```

P3.3. Backgroud: Command & Result

Run Command

> vim myshell.c (편집)

> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c (컴파일) >./myshell.out (실행)

\$ ls /etc -al & \$ quit

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $1s /etc -al &
 [BG] 2923237
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $total 1272
 drwxr-xr-x 144 root root
                           12288 9월 5 06:25.
                                 7월 29 2022 ..
 drwxr-xr-x 22 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 acpi
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                            3028 8월 19 2021 adduser.conf
 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 alsa
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                           12288 9월 9 2022 alternatives
 drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                             401 7월 17 2019 anacrontab
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 12월 30 2021 apache2
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                             433 10월 2 2017 apg.conf
 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 apm
 drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 apparmor
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 31 06:50 apparmor.d
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                 4월 15 06:29 apport
 drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                             769 1월 19 2020 appstream.conf
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
```

P3.3. Backgroud: Code

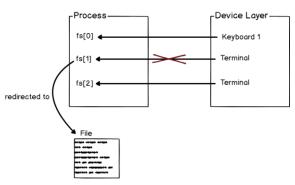
```
bool run(char* line) {
   // Init & Tokenize...
   // (3) Background
   bool is background = handle background(tokens, token count);
   // Run process ...
   child = fork();
   if (child == 0) {
       execvp(tokens[0], tokens);
   } else{
       // wait(0);
       // (3) Background
       if (/* fill the blank*/) {
           while (wait(NULL) > 0);
       } else {
           // Hint. Print the child process ID
           printf("[BG] %d\n", /* fill the blank*/);
   return true;
```

```
// 3) Background
bool handle_background(char* tokens[], int token_count) {
    // Hint. Position of background token
    if (strcmp(tokens[/* fill the blanks.*/], "&") == 0) {
        // Hint. Nullify the background token
        tokens[/* fill the blanks.*/] = NULL;
        return true;
    }
    return false;
}
```

P3.4. Redirection

- Redirection (<, >)
 - read/write data from/to file instead of STDIN/STDOUT
 - how to: replace STDIN/STDOUT with file's fd using dup2() before execve()

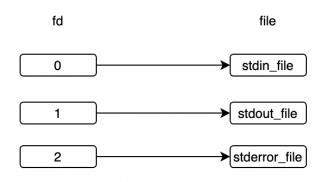
Output redirection on Linux

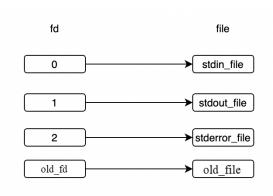


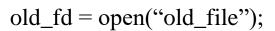

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ls
 a.out execvp.c execvp.out fork.c fork.out hello hello.c
  myshell ori.c myshell.out myshell quiz2.c token.c token.out
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ls > ls result.txt
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ cat ls result.txt
 a.out
 execvp.c
 execvp.out
 fork.c
 fork.out
 hello
 hello.c
 ls result.txt
 myshell.c
 myshell ori.c
 mvshell.out
 myshell_quiz2.c
 token.c
 token.out
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$
```

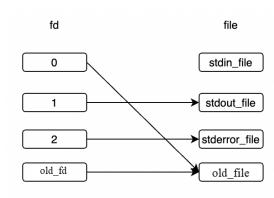
P3.4. dup2()

- dup2(int oldfd, int newfd)
 - makes newfd be the copy of oldfd, closing newfd first if necessary
 - If oldfd is not a valid file descriptor, then the call fails, and newfd is not closed.









dup2(old_fd, STDIN_FILENO);

P3.4. dup2()

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <errno.h>
#define MAX BUF 64
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    int fd1, fd2, read size, write size;
                                                                                                  • mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o redirection.out redirection.c
    char buf[MAX BUF];
                                                                                                  mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ cat abcde
                                                                                                   abcdefghijk
                                                                                                  mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ls
    if (argc != 4) {
                                                                                                            execvp.out fork.out myshell back.c myshell.c
                                                                                                                                                        pipe.c
                                                                                                                                                                     redirection copy
         printf("USAGE: %s input file name \">\" output file name\n", argv[0]);
                                                                                                    .c token.c
         exit(-1);
                                                                                                   execvp.c fork.c
                                                                                                                      hello.c myshell built.c myshell.out redirection.c redirection.out
                                                                                                       token.out
                                                                                                  • mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./redirection.out abcde ">" new abcde
                                                                                                  mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ ls
    // for redirection. (eg. "mycat inputfile.txt > outputfile.txt")
                                                                                                            execvp.out fork.out myshell back.c myshell.c new abcde redirection.c
    fd1 = open(argv[1], 0 RDONLY);
                                                                                                    redirection.out token.out
    fd2 = open(argv[3], O RDWR | O CREAT, 0641);
                                                                                                                      hello.c myshell_built.c myshell.out pipe.c
                                                                                                   execvp.c fork.c
                                                                                                                                                                 redirection copy.c
                                                                                                  mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ cat new abcde
    dup2(fd2, STDOUT FILENO);
                                                                                                   abcdefghijk
    close(fd2);
                                                                                                  o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$
    while (1){
         read_size = read(fd1, buf, MAX_BUF);
         if (read size == 0)
             break;
         write size = write(STDOUT FILENO, buf, read size);
    close(fd1);
```

P3.4. Redirection: Command & Result

Run Command

```
> vim myshell.c (편집)
```

```
> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c (컴파일)
>./myshell.out (실행)
```

```
$ ls /etc -al > redirect.txt
```

- \$ cat redirect.txt
- \$ quit

```
mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $ls /etc -al > redirect.txt
 /home/mingu/TABA OS 2023/myshell $cat redirect.txt
 total 1272
 drwxr-xr-x 144 root root
                           12288 9월 5 06:25 .
                            4096 7월 29 2022 ...
 drwxr-xr-x 22 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 acpi
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                            3028 8월 19 2021 adduser.conf
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 alsa
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 9월 9 2022 alternatives
 drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                             401 7월 17 2019 anacrontab
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 12월 30 2021 apache2
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                             433 10월 2 2017 apg.conf
 -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 apm
 drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                            4096 8월 19 2021 apparmor
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 31 06:50 apparmor.d
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                            4096 4월 15 06:29 apport
 drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                                 1월 19 2020 appstream.conf
  -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
```

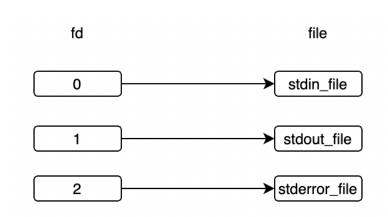
P3.4. Redirection: Code

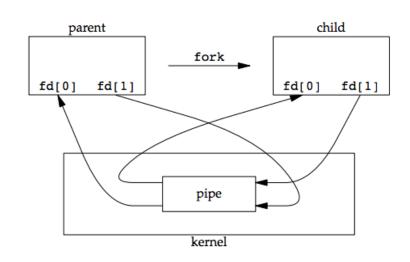
```
int run(char* line) {
   // Init & Tokenize & Background ...
   // (4) Redirection
   int fd_out = handle_redirection(tokens, token_count);
    if (fd out == -1) {
       return true;
   // Run process ...
   child = fork();
   if (child == 0) {
       // (4) Redirection
       if (fd_out != -1) {
            dup2(/* fill the blanks.*/);
            close(fd out);
       execvp(tokens[0], tokens);
   } else{
       // Parent ...
   return 1;
```

```
// 4) Redirection
int handle redirection(char* tokens[], int token count) {
    int i;
    int fd out = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < token count; i++) {
        if (strcmp(tokens[i], ">") == 0) {
            // Hint. Check error msg below.
            if (i == /* fill the blanks.*/) {
                printf("Error: No redirection file specified.\n");
                return -1;
            // Hint. Position of ">" and "target"
            fd out = open(tokens[/* fill the blanks.*/], O WRONLY |
                          O CREAT | O TRUNC, 0644);
            // Hint. File open error
            if (fd out == /* fill the blanks.*/) {
                perror("Error opening file for redirection");
                return -1;
            // Hint. Nullify the redirection token
            tokens[/* fill the blanks.*/] = NULL;
            break;
    // Hint. Return what you found.
    return /* fill the blanks.*/;
```

P3-5. Pipe

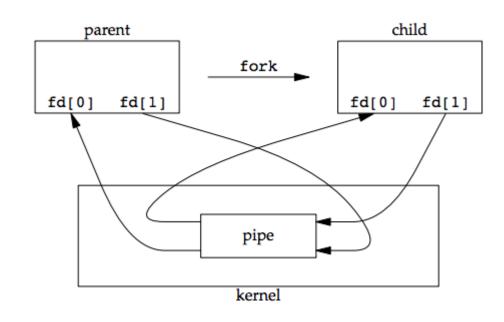
- pipe(int pipefd[2])
 - pipe() creates a pipe, a unidirectional data channel
 - used for interprocess communication.
 - The array pipefd is used to return two file descriptors referring to the ends of the pipe.
 - pipefd[0]: refers to the read end of the pipe.
 - pipefd[1] refers to the write end of the pipe.





P3-5. Pipe

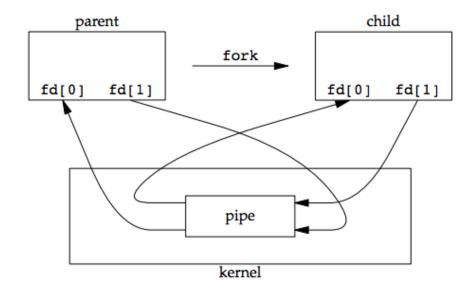
```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
int main() {
   int fd[2]; char bufc[16], bufp[16]; int read size = 0;
    pipe(fd);
    if (fork() == 0){
       write(fd[1], "Thank you", 10);
        sleep(1);
        read_size = read(fd[0], bufc, 16);
        bufc[read size] = '\0';
        printf("%s by pid %d\n", bufc, getpid());
        exit(0);
   } else {
        read_size = read(fd[0], bufp, 16);
        bufp[read_size] = '\0';
        printf("%s by pid %d\n", bufp, getpid());
        write(fd[1], "My pleasure", 12);
       wait(0);
        close(fd[0]); close(fd[1]);
```



- mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$ gcc -o pipe.out pipe.c
- mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$./pipe.out
 Thank you by pid 2924988
 My pleasure by pid 2924989
- o mingu@server:~/TABA_OS_2023/myshell\$

P3-5. Pipe

- Pipe (I) in myshell
 - create two tasks and make them communicate via pipe
 - how to: replace STDIN/STDOUT with fd[0]/fd[1] using pipe() and dup2() before execve()



```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ls /etc -al | grep drwx
 drwxr-xr-x 144 root root
                           12288 9월 5 06:25.
                                 7월 29 2022 ..
 drwxr-xr-x 22 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 acpi
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 alsa
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 9월 9 2022 alternatives
 drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                           4096 12월 30 2021 apache2
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 apm
 drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 apparmor
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                 8월 31 06:50 apparmor.d
                                 4월 15 06:29 apport
 drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                                 2월 3 2022 apt
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                     2 06:58 avahi
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
```

grep: searches for PATTERNS in each FILE.

P3.5. Pipe: Command & Result

Run Command

```
> vim myshell.c (편집)
```

```
> gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c (컴파일)
>./myshell.out (실행)
```

```
$ ls /etc -al | grep root
$ quit
```

```
mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ gcc -o myshell.out myshell.c
o mingu@server:~/TABA OS 2023/myshell$ ./myshell.out
 /home/mingu/TABA_OS_2023/myshell $1s /etc -al | grep drwx
 drwxr-xr-x 144 root root 12288 9월 5 06:25 .
                            4096 7월 29 2022 ..
 drwxr-xr-x 22 root root
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 acpi
                            4096 8월 19 2021 alsa
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                           12288 9월 9 2022 alternatives
 drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
                            4096 12월 30 2021 apache2
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 apm
 drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                                 8월 19 2021 apparmor
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 8월 31 06:50 apparmor.d
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                 4월 15 06:29 apport
 drwxr-xr-x 4 root root
                                 2월 3 2022 apt
 drwxr-xr-x 7 root root
                                 6월 2 06:58 avahi
 drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
                                 5월 2 06:15 bash_completion.d
 drwxr-xr-x 2 root root
```

P3-5. Pipe: Code

```
bool run(char* line) {
   // Init ...
   // 5) Pipe
   int pipefd[2];
   char** left tokens = NULL;
    char** right tokens = NULL;
   // & Tokenize & Background & Redirection ...
   //(5) Pipe
   //Hint1. Call by address(reference) or value?
   //Hint2. 포인터의 포인터의 포인터 = 문자열 배열의 포인터
   bool is pipe = handle pipe(tokens, token count,
     /* fill the blanks.*/, /* fill the blanks.*/);
   if (is pipe) {
       // Do pipe
       if (/* fill the blanks.*/ == -1) {
           perror("pipe error");
           return 1;
   // Run process ...
```

P3-5. Pipe: Code

```
// Run process ...
child = fork();
if (child == 0) {
    // Redirection ...
    //(5) Pipe
    if (is_pipe) {
        close(pipefd[0]);
    // Hint. dup2() STDOUT & close previous fd
        /* fill the blanks.*/
        /* fill the blanks.*/
        execvp(left_tokens[0], left_tokens);
        perror("exec error left");
        _exit(0);
    execvp(tokens[0], tokens);
} else{
    // Parent ...
return 1;
```

```
// Run process ...
child = fork();
if (child == 0) {
    // Child ...
} else{
   // (5) Pipe
    if (is pipe) {
        close(pipefd[1]); // close write end
        child = fork();
        if (child < 0){</pre>
            printf("Failed to fork() for pipe!");
            _exit(0);
        if (child == 0) {
            // Hint. dup2() STDIN & close previous fd
            /* fill the blanks.*/
            /* fill the blanks.*/
            execvp(right_tokens[0], right_tokens);
            perror("exec error right");
            _exit(0);
```

if (!is background) -

Q&A