# **IT314 - SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**



**Non-Functional Testing** 

**Topic: Online Blogging Platform** 

GroupID: 8

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#### **Load Testing with JMeter**

#### Overview

In JMeter, load testing is performed to evaluate the performance of a system under various conditions. A JMeter Test Plan must include a **Listener** to capture and showcase the results of performance test execution. Listeners provide the response details in various forms such as trees, tables, graphs, and log files. Results can also be saved for future reference.

#### **Types of JMeter Listeners**

Some common types of listeners provided by JMeter are:

- Summary Report
- Aggregate Report
- Aggregate Graph
- View Results Tree
- View Results in Table

#### **Parameters in a Summary Report**

The **Summary Report** in JMeter provides detailed insights into test execution. Below is an explanation of each parameter:

#### 1. Label

- Represents the name or URL for a specific HTTP(s) request.
- If the "Include group name in label?" option is enabled, the **Thread Group name** is prefixed to each label.

#### 2. Samples

Indicates the number of virtual users per request.

#### 3. Average

• The average response time (in milliseconds) taken by all the samples for a specific label.

#### 4. Min

• The **shortest time** taken by a sample for the specific label.

#### 5. Max

The longest time taken by a sample for the specific label.

#### 6. Standard Deviation (Std. Dev.)

- Represents the variation or inconsistency in response times.
- A smaller standard deviation indicates more consistent performance.
- **Best Practice**: This value should be less than or equal to half of the average response time.

#### 7. Error%

• The percentage of failed requests for a specific label.

#### 8. Throughput

- Indicates the number of requests processed per second by the server.
- Calculated from the start of the first sample to the end of the last sample.
- Higher throughput is better.

#### 9. KB/Sec

- Represents the **amount of data (in KB)** downloaded from the server during test execution.
- Essentially, it is Throughput measured in Kilobytes per second.

#### **Benefits of Organized Load Testing Results**

- 1. Clarity: Well-defined parameters make it easier to analyze the test performance.
- 2. **Comparison**: Helps in benchmarking results over multiple tests.
- 3. **Future Reference**: Stored results aid in tracking performance improvements.

## Test – HTTP GET Request of all the pages

## Web-Pages:

- 1. home
- 2. login
- 3. userProfile
- 4. browseMovies
- 5. Apocalypse Z movie
- 6. admin dashboard
- 7. create movie
- 8. create genre
- 9. update movie
- 10. review comments
- 11. aboutUs

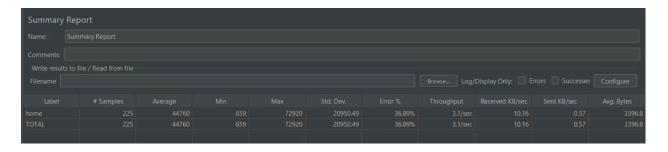
## Home page:

## a)100 user:

Summary Re	Summary Report												
Name: Sur	Summary Report												
Comments:													
Write results to	file / Read from file												
Filename										Configure			
Label										Avg. Bytes			
home										3592.3			
TOTAL								66.10		3592.3			

# b)200 user:





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	18.8
200	2	1	200	6.50	2.7
300	2	1	225	36.89	3.1

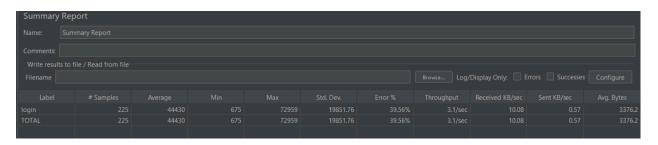
## Login page:

## a)100 user

Summary Report												
Name: Sum	Summary Report											
Comments:	nments:											
Write results to	file / Read from file											
Filename												
Label									Sent KB/sec	Avg. Bytes		
login												
TOTAL												

# b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	38.6
200	2	1	200	7	2.7
300	2	1	225	39.56	3.1

## userProfile page:

## a)100 user

Summary F	Report											
Name:	Summary Report											
Comments:	ts:											
Write results												
Filename										Configure		
Label										Avg. Bytes		
HTTP Request										3613.4		
TOTAL									10.43	3613.4		

# b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	36.6
200	2	1	200	3.50	2.7
300	2	1	225	38.22	3.1

#### browseMovies:

### a)100 user



## b)200 user



### c)250 user



Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	38.7
200	2	1	200	3.50	2.6
300	2	1	250	32.40	3.4

#### admin dashboard:

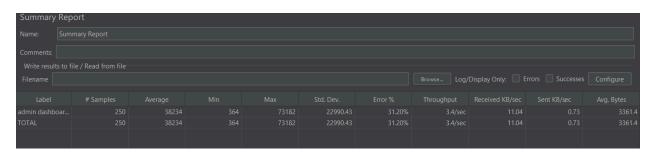
## a)100 user



## b)200 user



## c)250 user



Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	25.8
200	2	1	200	5.00	2.7
300	2	1	250	31.20	3.4

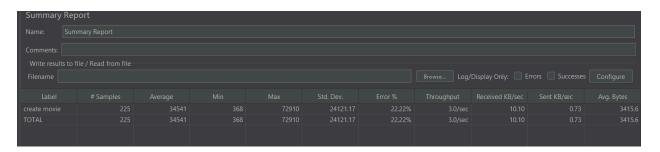
#### create movie:

## a)100 user

Summary Re	Summary Report												
Name: Sur	Summary Report												
Comments:	Comments:												
Write results to													
Filename										Configure			
Label										Avg. Bytes			
create movie					228.27					3632.5			
TOTAL					228.27					3632.5			

## b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	41.1
200	2	1	200	7.00	2.7
300	2	1	225	22.22	3.0

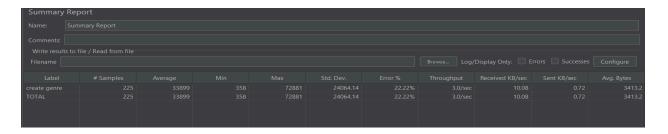
### create genre:

# a)100 user

Summary R	Report											
	Summary Report											
	to file / Read from file											
										Avg. Bytes		

## b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	42.6
200	2	1	200	6.00	2.7
300	2	1	225	22.22	3.0

## update movie:

# a)100 user



## b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	39.3
200	2	1	200	6.00	2.7
300	2	1	225	22.22	3.0

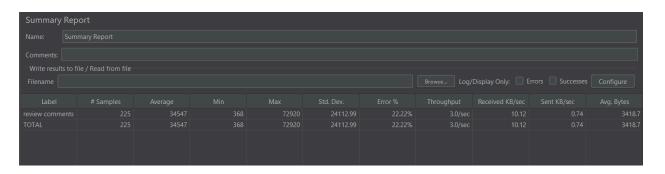
#### review comments:

## a)100 user



#### b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	42.4
200	2	1	200	6.00	2.7
300	2	1	225	22.22	3.0

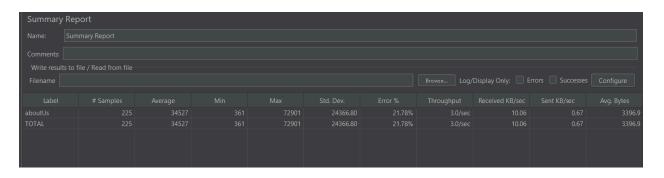
#### aboutUs:

## a)100 user



### b)200 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	40.4
200	2	1	200	5.50	2.7
300	2	1	225	21.78	3.0

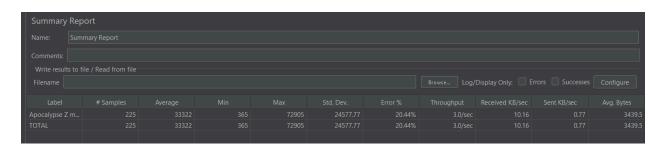
## Apocalypse Z movie:

# a)100 user



### b)200 user

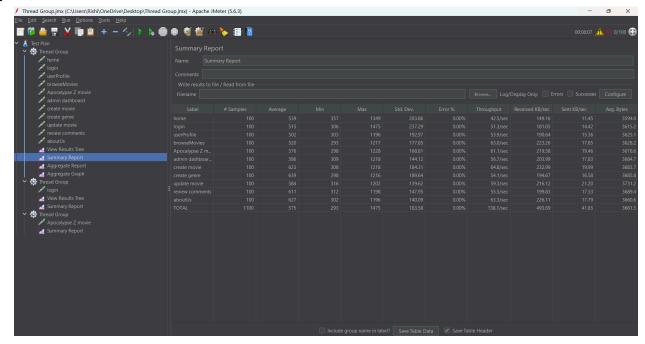


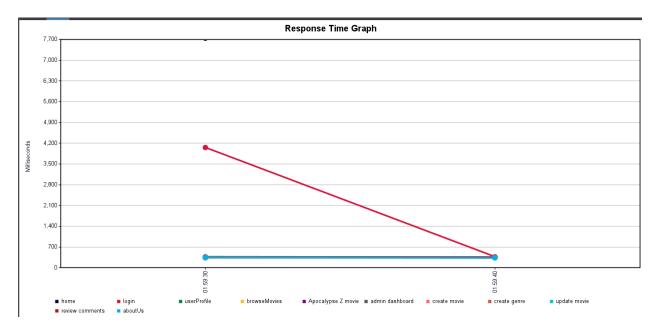


Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	100	0	37.5
200	2	1	200	8.00	2.7
300	2	1	225	20.44	3.0

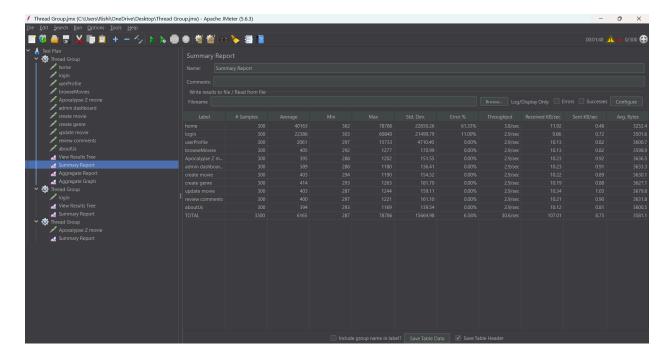
# **Average Analysis:**

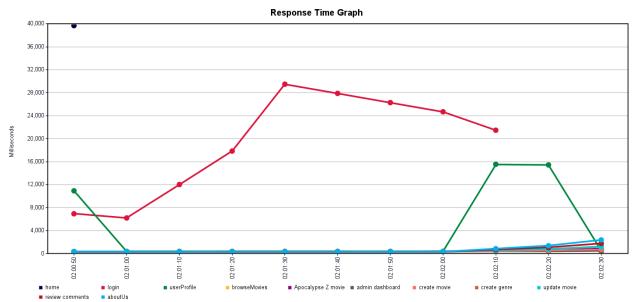
## a)100 user



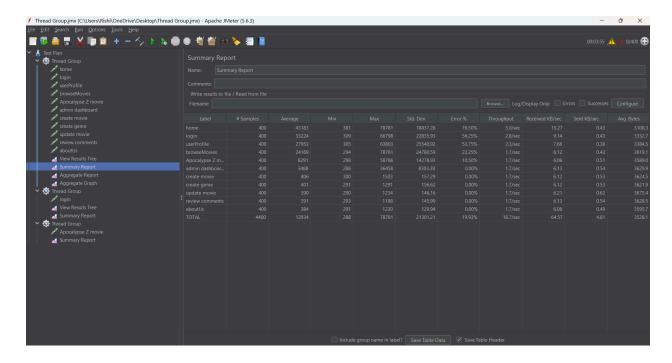


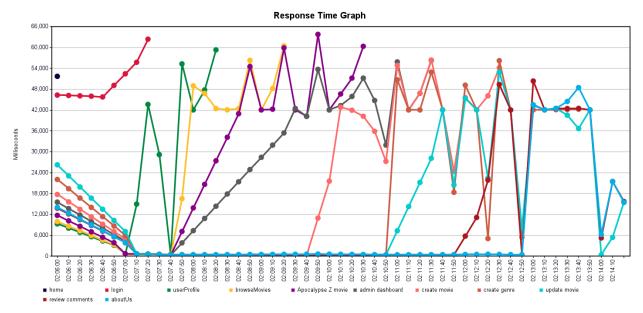
# b)300 user





### c)400 user





Number of Users	Ramp-up Period	Loop Count	Total Samples(Users*Loops)	Average Error(%)	Throughput
100	2	1	1100	0.00	138.1
300	2	1	3300	6.58	30.6
400	2	1	4400	19.93	18.7

→ At 300 user threads, the system shows a manageable error rate of 6.5%, but at 330 user threads, the error rate rises significantly to 12.89%, indicating the system's stress limit is near 300 users. This suggests the system begins to struggle under increasing load beyond this point, compromising its performance.

#### • Conclusion:

→ Non-functional testing like load/stress testing focused on the test the performance of web services using Apache JMeter with JHTTP requests(i.e HTTP GET). The aim was to check how well the system works, how much load it can handle, and how quickly it responds under different conditions.