Proof that relations are in Boyce-Codd Normal Form

1. 'Users' Relation:

• Attributes :

Users{User_id,Gender,Account_type,Fname,Lname,D OB,Is verified,Bio,Password,Profile pic}

Functional Dependencies:

- \triangleright User id \rightarrow Gender
- ➤ User_id → Account_type
- ➤ User id → Fname
- ➤ User id → Lname
- ightharpoonup User_id ightharpoonup DOB
- ➤ User_id → Is_verified
- ➤ User id → Bio
- ➤ User id → Password
- ➤ User id → Profile pic

Let A = User_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ = {User_id, Gender, Account_type, Fname, Lname, DOB,
Is_verified, Bio, Password, Profile_pic}

Thus, Primary Key = User_id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Users' is User_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Users" is in BCNF.

2. 'Post' Relation:

Attributes:

Post{Post_id,User_id,Caption,Video,Song,Image,Location,Post_time}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Post_id → User_id
- ➤ Post id → Caption
- ➤ Post id → Video
- ➤ Post id → Song
- ➤ Post_id → Image
- ➤ Post id → Location
- ➤ Post_id → Post_time

Let A = Post_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ =
{Post_id, Caption, Video, Song, Image, Location, Post_time}

Thus, Primary Key = Post_id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Post' is Post_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Post" is in BCNF.

3. 'Post_comment' Relation :

• Attributes :

Post_comment{Post_cmt_id,User_id,Post_id,Comment time,TeAt content}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Post cmt id → User id
- ➤ Post cmt id → Post id
- ➤ Post cmt id → Comment time
- ➤ Post cmt id → TeAt content

Let A = Post_cmt_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ = {Post_cmt_id,User_id,Post_id,Comment_time,TeAt_content}

Thus, Primary Key = Post cmt id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Post_comment' is Post_cmt_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Post_comment" is in BCNF.

4. 'Groups' Relation:

• Attributes :

Groups{Group_id, Group_name, Description, Date_created}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Group id → Group name
- ➤ Group_id → Description
- ➤ Group id → Date created

Let A = Group_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ = {Group id, Group name, Description, Date created}

Thus, Primary Key = Group_id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Groups' is Group_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Groups" is in BCNF.

5. 'Post_likes' Relation:

Attributes :

Post_likes{Post_like_id, Like_time, User_id, Post_id}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Post_like_id → Like time
- ➤ Post like id → User id
- ➤ Post_like_id → Post_id

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Let A = Post_like_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A<sup>+</sup> = {Post_like_id, Like_time, User_id, Post_id}
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Thus, Primary Key = Post_like_id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Post_likes' is Post_like_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Post_likes" is in BCNF.

6. 'Comment_Like' Relation:

• Attributes :

Comment_Like{Comment_like_time, Comment_like_id, User_id, Post_cmt_id}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Comment like id → comment like time
- ➤ Comment like id → User id
- ➤ Comment like id → Post cmt id

Let A = comment_like_id,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ = {comment_like_time, comment_like_id, User_id,
post_cmt_id}

Thus, Primary Key = comment_like_id

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Comment_Like' is comment_like_id, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Comment_Like" is in BCNF.

7. 'Collection' Relation:

• Attributes :

Collection{Collection_name, Description, Creation date}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Collection_name → Description
- ➤ Collection name → Creation date

Let A = Collection_name,
Computing the attribute closure,
A⁺ = {Collection_name, Description, Creation_date}

Thus, **Primary Key = Collection_name**

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Collection' is Collection_name, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Collection" is in BCNF.

8. 'Ad' Relation:

• Attributes :

Ad{Organizer_name, URL, TeAt_content}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ Organizer name → URL
- ➤ Organizer_name → TeAt_content

Let A = Organizer_name, Computing the attribute closure, A⁺ = {Organizer_name, URL, TeAt_content}

Thus, Primary Key = Organizer_name

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Ad' is Organizer_name, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Ad" is in BCNF.

9. 'Tag' Relation:

• Attributes :

Tag{User_id, Post_id}

Here **Primary key = {User_id,Post_id}** are the only attributes of the 'Tag' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form , the relation **'Tag' is in BCNF.**

10. 'Placed_as' Relation:

Attributes:

Placed_as{Post_id, Organizer_name}

Here **Primary key = {Post_id, Organizer_name}** are the only attributes of the 'Placed_as' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form, the relation '**Placed_as' is in BCNF.**

11. 'Saved as' Relation:

• Attributes :

Saved_as{Post_id, Collection_name}

Here **Primary key = {Post_id, Collection_name}** are the only attributes of the 'Saved_as' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form , the relation **'Saved_as' is in BCNF.**

12. 'User_email' Relation:

• Attributes :

User_email{User_id, Email_id}

Here **Primary key = {User_id, Email_id}** are the only attributes of the 'User_email' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form, the relation 'User_email' is in BCNF.

13. 'User_contact' Relation:

• Attributes :

User_contact{User_id, Contact_no}

Here **Primary key = {User_id, Contact_no}** are the only attributes of the 'User_contact' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form , the relation '**User_contact'** is in **BCNF.**

14. 'Follow' Relation:

• Attributes :

Follow{Follower_id, Followee_id}

Here **Primary key = {Follower_id, Followee_id}** are the only attributes of the 'Follow' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form , the relation '**Follow' is in BCNF.**

15. 'In' Relation:

• Attributes :

In{Group_id, User_id}

Here **Primary key = {Group_id, User_id}** are the only attributes of the 'In' Relation so by the Theorem of Boyce-Codd Normal form , the relation 'In' is in **BCNF**.

16. 'Message' Relation:

Attributes:

Message{Content, Message_timestamp, Receivedby grp, Receivedby user, Sendby user}

Functional Dependencies:

- ➤ {Message_timestamp,Receivedby_user, Sendby user}→Content
- ➤ {Message_timestamp, Receivedby_user, Sendby_user} → Receivedby_grp

Let A = {Message_timestamp,Receivedby_user, Sendby_user}, Computing the attribute closure, A⁺ = {Content, Message_timestamp, Receivedby_grp, Receivedby_user, Sendby_user}

Thus, Primary Key = {Message_timestamp,Receivedby_user, Sendby_user}

The left side of all FDs in the minimal set of FDs for the relation 'Message' is {Message_timestamp,Receivedby_user, Sendby_user}, which is the primary key of this relation, so "Message" is in BCNF.