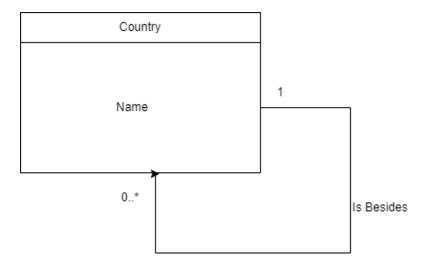
# IT314 LAB-4

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Q1)Prepare a class diagram for the following object diagram that shows a portion of Europe.

Answer:



Q2)Prepare a class diagram for object diagram given in Figure -2. Explain your multiplicity decisions.

What is the smallest number of points required to construct a polygon? Does it make a difference whether or not point may be shared between polygons? Your answer should address the fact that points are ordered.

## Answer:

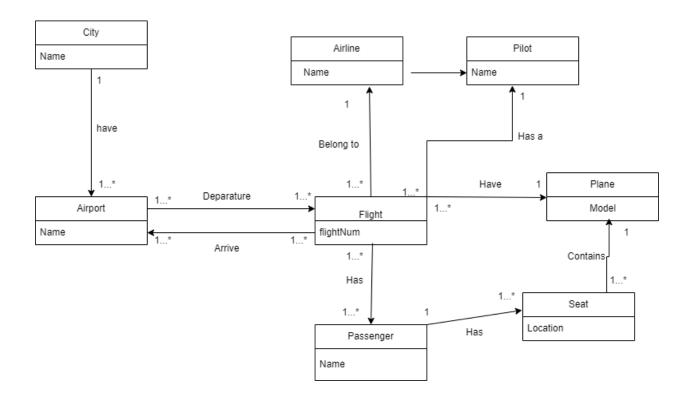
The smallest number of points required to construct a polygon is 3. This is because a polygon is a closed shape made up of straight line segments, and the simplest closed shape is a triangle, which has three sides and three vertices (points).



Q3)Figure 3 is a partially completed class diagram of an air transportation system. Add multiplicities

in the diagram. Also add association names to unlevelled associations.

### Answer:



Q4)We want to model a system for management of flights and pilots. An airline operates flights. Each airline has an ID. Each flight has an ID a departure airport and an arrival airport: an airport as a unique identifier. Each flight has a pilot and a co-pilot, and it uses an aircraft of a certain type; a flight has also

a departure time and an arrival time. An airline owns a set of aircrafts of different types. An aircraft

can be in a working state or it can be under repair. In a particular moment an aircraft can be landed

or airborne. A company has a set of pilots: each pilot has an experience level: 1 is minimum, 3 is

maximum. A type of aeroplane may need a particular number of pilots, with a different role (e.g.:

captain, co-pilot, navigator): there must be at least one captain and one co-pilot, and a captain must have a level 3.

#### Answer:

To model a system for the management of flights and pilots, the entities involved and their relationships need to be clearly defined. Below is a high-level Entity-Relationship (ER) model of the system:

#### **Entities:**

- 1. Airline:
  - o ID
  - Name
  - Fleet
- 2. Flight:
  - o ID
  - Departure Airport
  - Arrival Airport
  - Departure Time
  - Arrival Time
  - Aircraft
  - Pilot
  - o Co-pilot

- 3. Airport:
  - o ID
  - Name
  - Location
- 4. Aircraft:
  - o ID
  - Type
  - Airline
  - Status
  - State
- 5. Pilot:
  - o ID
  - Name
  - Experience Level
  - Role
  - Flight
- 6. Aircraft Type:
  - o Type ID
  - Number of Pilots Required
  - Roles Required (At least one captain with level 3, one co-pilot)

# Relationships:

- <u>Airline-Owns-Aircrafts:</u> One-to-Many relationship between an Airline and Aircraft.
- <u>Flight-Uses-Aircraft:</u> A flight uses one aircraft, and the aircraft can be used for multiple flights over time.
- Flight-Assigned-Pilots: Each flight is assigned a captain (level
  3) and a co-pilot.
- <u>Aircraft-Has-Status:</u> An aircraft can be in a working or under-repair status. At a specific moment, it can be airborne or landed.

• <u>Pilot-Assigned-to-Flight:</u> Pilots are assigned to flights based on the aircraft type requirements.