ADVANCE DEVOPS EXP 6

Niraj S. Kothawade
D15A -24

Aim:To Build, change, and destroy AWS / GCP /Microsoft Azure/ DigitalOcean infrastructure Using Terraform.
(S3 bucket or Docker) fdp.

Part A:Creating docker image using terraform

Prerequisite:
1) Download and Install Docker Desktop from https://www.docker.com/

Step 1: Check Docker functionality

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.4037]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\student>docker

Usage:  docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND

A self-sufficient runtime for containers

Common Commands:
  run         Create and run a new container from an image
  exec        Execute a command in a running container
  ps          List containers
  build       Build an image from a Dockerfile
  pull        Download an image from a registry
  push        Upload an image to a registry
  images      List images
  login       Log in to a registry
  logout      Log out from a registry
  search      Search Docker Hub for images
  version     Show the Docker version information
  info        Display system-wide information

Management Commands:
  builder     Manage builds
  buildx*     Docker Buildx
  checkpoint  Manage checkpoints
  compose*    Docker Compose
  container   Manage containers
  context     Manage contexts
  debug*      Get a shell into any image or container
  desktop*    Docker Desktop commands (Alpha)
  dev*        Docker Dev Environments
  extension*  Manages Docker extensions
  feedback*   Provide feedback, right in your terminal!
```

Check for the docker version with the following command.

```
C:\Users\student>docker --version
Docker version 27.1.1, build 6312585

C:\Users\student>
```

Now, create a folder named 'Terraform Scripts' in which we save our different types of scripts which will be further used in this experiment.

Step 2: Firstly create a new folder named 'Docker' in the 'TerraformScripts' folder. Then create a new docker.tf file using Atom editor and write the followingcontents into it to create a Ubuntu Linux container.

Script:

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
  docker = {
      source = "kreuzwerker/docker"
      version = "2.21.0"
    }
  }
}

provider "docker" {
  host = "npipe:////./pipe/docker_engine"
}

# Pull the image
resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
  name = "ubuntu:latest"
}

# Create a container
resource "docker_container" "foo" {
  image = docker_image.ubuntu.image_id
  name  = "foo"
  command = ["sleep", "3600"]
```

}

docker.tf

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    docker = {
      source  = "kreuzwerker/docker"
      version = "2.21.0"
    }
  }
}

provider "docker" {
  host = "npipe:////./pipe/docker_engine"
}

# Pull the image
resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
  name = "ubuntu:latest"
}

# Create a container
resource "docker_container" "foo" {
  image = docker_image.ubuntu.image_id
  name  = "foo"
  command = ["sleep", "3600"]
}
```

Step 3: Execute Terraform Init command to initialize the resources

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts> cd Docker
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding kreuzwerker/docker versions matching "2.21.0"...
- Installing kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0...
- Installed kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0 (self-signed, key ID BD080C4571C6104C)
Partner and community providers are signed by their developers.
If you'd like to know more about provider signing, you can read about it here:
https://www.terraform.io/docs/cli/plugins/signing.html
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
```

Step 4: Execute Terraform plan to see the available resources

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the fol
  + create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be created
  + resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      + attach           = false
      + bridge           = (known after apply)
      + command          = [
          + "sleep",
          + "3600",
        ]
      + container_logs   = (known after apply)
      + entrypoint       = (known after apply)
      + env              = (known after apply)
      + exit_code        = (known after apply)
      + gateway          = (known after apply)
      + hostname         = (known after apply)
      + id               = (known after apply)
      + image            = (known after apply)
      + init             = (known after apply)
      + ip_address       = (known after apply)
      + ip_prefix_length = (known after apply)
      + ipc_mode         = (known after apply)
      + log_driver       = (known after apply)
      + logs             = false
      + must_run         = true
      + name             = "foo"
      + network_data     = (known after apply)
      + read_only        = false
      + remove_volumes   = true
      + restart          = "no"
      + rm               = false
      + runtime          = (known after apply)
      + security_opts    = (known after apply)
      + shm_size         = (known after apply)
      + start            = true
      + stdin_open       = false
      + stop_signal      = (known after apply)
      + stop_timeout     = (known after apply)
      + tty              = false

      + healthcheck (known after apply)

      + labels (known after apply)
    }

  # docker_image.ubuntu will be created
  + resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      + id          = (known after apply)
      + image_id    = (known after apply)
      + latest      = (known after apply)
      + name        = "ubuntu:latest"
      + output      = (known after apply)
      + repo_digest = (known after apply)
    }

Plan: 2 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
```

Step 5: Execute Terraform apply to apply the configuration, which will automatically create and run the Ubuntu Linux container based on our configuration. Using command : **“terraform apply”**

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform apply

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
  + create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be created
  + resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      + attach           = false
      + bridge           = (known after apply)
      + command          = [
          + "sleep",
          + "3600",
        ]
      + container_logs   = (known after apply)
      + entrypoint       = (known after apply)
      + env              = (known after apply)
      + exit_code        = (known after apply)
      + gateway          = (known after apply)
      + hostname         = (known after apply)
      + id               = (known after apply)
      + image            = (known after apply)
      + init             = (known after apply)
      + ip_address       = (known after apply)
      + ip_prefix_length = (known after apply)
      + ipc_mode         = (known after apply)
      + log_driver       = (known after apply)
      + logs             = false
      + must_run         = true
      + name             = "foo"
      + network_data     = (known after apply)
      + read_only        = false
      + remove_volumes   = true
      + restart          = "no"
      + rm               = false
      + runtime          = (known after apply)
      + security_opts    = (known after apply)
      + shm_size         = (known after apply)
      + start            = true
      + stdin_open       = false
      + stop_signal      = (known after apply)
      + stop_timeout     = (known after apply)
      + tty              = false

      + healthcheck (known after apply)

      + labels (known after apply)
    }

  # docker_image.ubuntu will be created
  + resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      + id          = (known after apply)
      + image_id    = (known after apply)
      + latest      = (known after apply)
      + name        = "ubuntu:latest"
      + output      = (known after apply)
      + repo_digest = (known after apply)
    }

Plan: 2 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?
  Terraform will perform the actions described above.
  Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

  Enter a value: yes
```

```
docker_image.ubuntu: Creating...
docker_image.ubuntu: Creation complete after 9s [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_container.foo: Creating...
docker_container.foo: Creation complete after 2s [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]

Apply complete! Resources: 2 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

Docker images, Before Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
```

Docker images, After Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
ubuntu                              latest    edbfe74c41f8   3 weeks ago     78.1MB
```

Step 6: Execute Terraform destroy to delete the configuration, which will automatically delete the Ubuntu Container.

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform destroy
docker_image.ubuntu: Refreshing state... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_container.foo: Refreshing state... [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
  - destroy

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be destroyed
  - resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      - attach            = false -> null
      - command           = [
          - "sleep",
          - "3600",
        ] -> null
      - cpu_shares        = 0 -> null
      - dns               = [] -> null
      - dns_opts          = [] -> null
      - dns_search        = [] -> null
      - entrypoint        = [] -> null
      - env               = [] -> null
      - gateway           = "172.17.0.1" -> null
      - group_add         = [] -> null
      - hostname          = "01adf07e5918" -> null
      - id                = "01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24" -> null
      - image             = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - init              = false -> null
      - ip_address        = "172.17.0.2" -> null
      - ip_prefix_length  = 16 -> null
      - ipc_mode          = "private" -> null
      - links             = [] -> null
      - log_driver        = "json-file" -> null
      - log_opts          = {} -> null
      - logs              = false -> null
      - max_retry_count   = 0 -> null
```

```
      - memory            = 0 -> null
      - memory_swap       = 0 -> null
      - must_run          = true -> null
      - name              = "foo" -> null
      - network_data      = [
          - {
              - gateway                   = "172.17.0.1"
              - global_ipv6_prefix_length = 0
              - ip_address                = "172.17.0.2"
              - ip_prefix_length          = 16
              - network_name              = "bridge"
                # (2 unchanged attributes hidden)
            },
        ] -> null
      - network_mode      = "default" -> null
      - privileged        = false -> null
      - publish_all_ports = false -> null
      - read_only         = false -> null
      - remove_volumes    = true -> null
      - restart           = "no" -> null
      - rm                = false -> null
      - runtime           = "runc" -> null
      - security_opts     = [] -> null
      - shm_size          = 64 -> null
      - start             = true -> null
      - stdin_open        = false -> null
      - stop_timeout      = 0 -> null
      - storage_opts      = {} -> null
      - sysctls           = {} -> null
      - tmpfs             = {} -> null
      - tty               = false -> null
        # (8 unchanged attributes hidden)
    }
```

```
  # docker_image.ubuntu will be destroyed
  - resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      - id          = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest" -> null
      - image_id    = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - latest      = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - name        = "ubuntu:latest" -> null
      - repo_digest = "ubuntu@sha256:8a37d68f4f73ebf3d4efafbcf66379bf3728902a8038616808f04e34a9ab63ee" -> null
    }

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 2 to destroy.

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
  Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
  There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

  Enter a value: yes

docker_container.foo: Destroying... [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]
docker_container.foo: Destruction complete after 0s
docker_image.ubuntu: Destroying... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_image.ubuntu: Destruction complete after 1s

Destroy complete! Resources: 2 destroyed.
```

Docker images After Executing Destroy step

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
```