### Who We Are

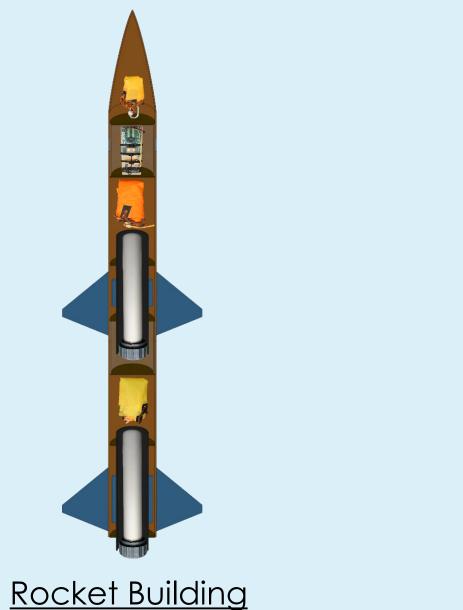
- A second year engineering organization comprised of students of all classes and CEPS majors
- A primary engineering goal of pursuing the art of high power rocketry with custom-made hybrid engines





SpaceVision, November 2018 SEDS Rocketry Competition, October 2018

#### The 3 Year Plan



Year One

Simulating

Launching

Optimizing



<u>Hybrid Engine</u>



# **Hot Fire Test**

- Worked with the UNH police and fire departments to locate a safe testing range and procedures.
- Test engine to determine thrust, mass flow rate, combustion temperature and overall functionality.
- Load cells and thermocouples were used to record data required for future optimization.
- Designed and manufactured a static test fire rig to secure the engine and withstand a force up to 500 lbs of thrust.
- Three hot fire tests were attempted, but due to weather, failed ignition and flow regulation a successful test has yet to be completed.

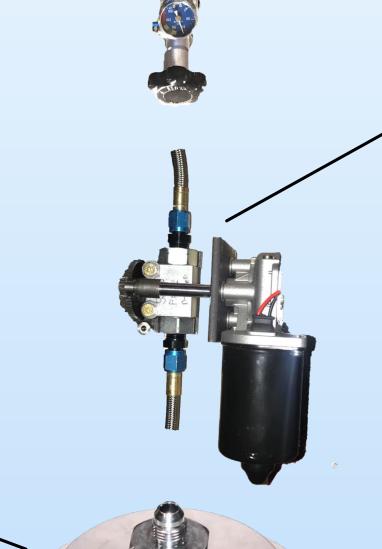






#### Oxidizer Tank

A highly pressurized vessel that contains liquid Nitrous Oxide, acting as our oxidizer within the combustion chamber



Flow Regulator A motorized valve that monitors flow regulation of the oxidizer into the injection plate controlled by an electric motor and an Arduino.

Responsible for providing desired oxidizer flow into the combustion chamber with the assistance of the impinging plate

Combustion Chamber

An enclosed volume where

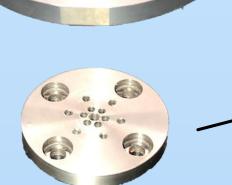
the solid reducer and liquid

oxidizer react to produce a

pressurized chamber of gas

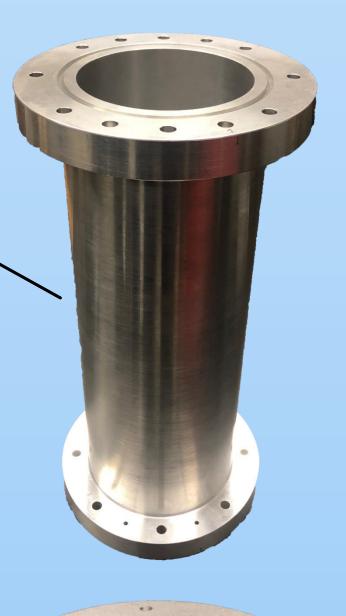
superheated, highly

Injection Plate



#### Impinging Plate

An interchangeable cylindrical plate responsible for the impingement and atomization of the oxidizer flow streams



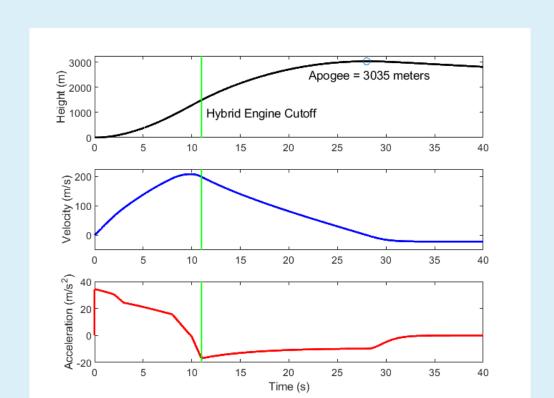
#### Nozzle

Graphite was machined into a de Laval curve responsible for directing the flow of hot gases outside of the combustion chamber into the environment providing thrust



#### **Current Work**

- Improve flow regulation design by reworking gears Successfully test hybrid engine and work towards an optimum design using STFR V2
- Integrate thrust vectoring system onto the propulsion system
- Create accurate launch simulations with real-life data from the hybrid engine and rocket geometry



# Acknowledgments

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#### Department of Mechanical Engineering

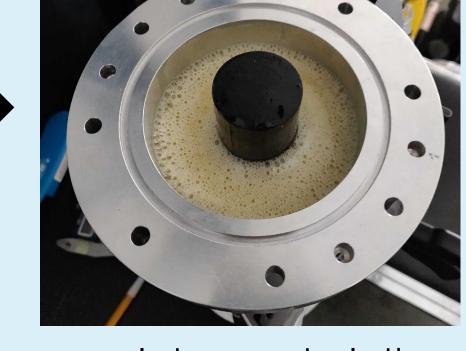
Authors: Ryan Blatti, Thomas Collins, Chase Eldridge, Andrew Hosman Silas Johnson, Tyler Landry, John Langer, Charlie Nitschelm, Collin Stroshine Advisor: Dr. Todd Gross



## Fuel Selection and Flow Regulation

- Hydroxyl-terminated polybutadiene (HTPB) and liquid nitrous oxide were chosen as the reducer and oxidizer, respectively.
- A mold was 3-D printed to form the HTPB into a circular grain.

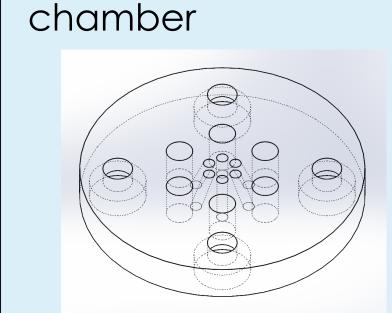




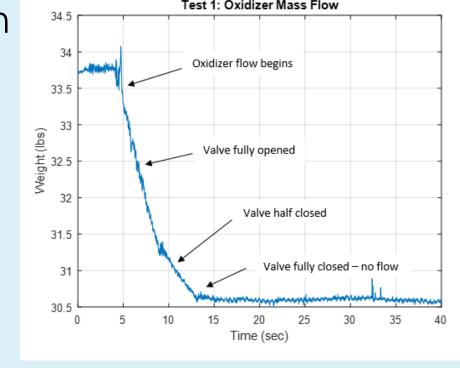
The flow regulator controls the amount of flow into the combustion chamber, permitting throttle, cutoff, and reignition

### Oxidizer Injection A cold fire test was designed to study overall

Various impinging plates were designed to be tested for ideal atomization of the nitrous oxide for maximum efficiency within the combustion



oxidizer flow characteristics and allow a desired oxidizer flow rate of 1.5 lb/sec to obtain an engine burn time of 10 seconds Test 1: Oxidizer Mass Flow

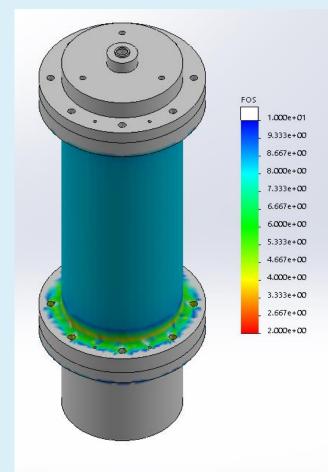




# **Combustion and Ignition**



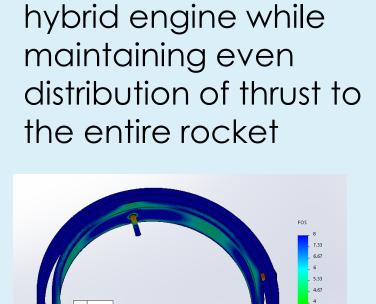
Incoming nitrous oxide impinges and atomizes saturating the fuel within the combustion chamber producing vast amounts of hot, dense gases. A river of hot gases flow through the graphite De Laval nozzle, converting its thermal energy into kinetic energy.





An igniter device is utilized to produce hot gases within the combustion chamber in preparation for oxidizer flow through the impinging plate.

# **Thrust Vectoring**



4 steel pins are used to

Two actuators positioned 90 degrees apart enable real-time pitch and roll control

