

Problem Set #4

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Due 02/07 at 5:00PM Central.

“This submission is my work alone and complies with the 30538 integrity policy.” Add your initials to indicate your agreement: ZC

Github Classroom Assignment Setup and Submission Instructions

1. Accepting and Setting up the PS4 Assignment Repository

- Each student must individually accept the repository for the problem set from Github Classroom (“ps4”) – <https://classroom.github.com/a/hWhtchqH>
 - You will be prompted to select your cnetid from the list in order to link your Github account to your cnetid.
 - If you can’t find your cnetid in the link above, click “continue to next step” and accept the assignment, then add your name, cnetid, and Github account to this Google Sheet and we will manually link it: <https://rb.gy/9u7fb6>
- If you authenticated and linked your Github account to your device, you should be able to clone your PS4 assignment repository locally.
- Contents of PS4 assignment repository:
 - `ps4_template.qmd`: this is the Quarto file with the template for the problem set. You will write your answers to the problem set here.

2. Submission Process:

- Knit your completed solution `ps4.qmd` as a pdf `ps4.pdf`.
 - Your submission does not need runnable code. Instead, you will tell us either what code you ran or what output you got.
- To submit, push `ps4.qmd` and `ps4.pdf` to your PS4 assignment repository. Confirm on Github.com that your work was successfully pushed.

Grading

- You will be graded on what was last pushed to your PS4 assignment repository before the assignment deadline
- Problem sets will be graded for completion as: {missing (0%); - (incomplete, 50%); + (excellent, 100%)}
 - The percent values assigned to each problem denote how long we estimate the problem will take as a share of total time spent on the problem set, not the points they are associated with.
- In order for your submission to be considered complete, you need to push both your `ps4.qmd` and `ps4.pdf` to your repository. Submissions that do not include both files will automatically receive 50% credit.

```
import pandas as pd
import altair as alt
import time

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
alt.renderers.enable("png")

import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
```

Step 1: Develop initial scraper and crawler

```
URL = 'https://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/enforcement/'

response = requests.get(URL)
soup = BeautifulSoup(response.text, 'lxml')

cards = soup.select("li.usa-card")
print(len(cards))
```

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```
### Check if the selected tag works
first = cards[0]

a = first.select_one("h2 a")
title_exp = a.get_text(strip=True)
link_exp = "https://oig.hhs.gov" + a["href"]

date_exp = first.find("span", class_="text-base-dark
    ↴ padding-right-105").get_text(strip=True)

category_exp = first.find("li", class_="usa-tag").get_text(strip=True)

print(title_exp)
print(link_exp)
print(date_exp)
print(category_exp)
```

Houston Transplant Doctor Indicted For Making False Statements In Patients' Medical Records
<https://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/enforcement/houston-transplant-doctor-indicted-for-making-false-statements-in-patients-medical-records>
February 5, 2026
Criminal and Civil Actions

```
data = []

for card in cards:
    a = card.find("a")
    title = a.get_text(strip=True)
    link = "https://oig.hhs.gov" + a["href"]

    date = card.find(
        "span",
        class_="text-base-dark padding-right-105"
    ).get_text(strip=True)

    category = card.find(
        "li",
        class_="usa-tag"
    ).get_text(strip=True)

    data.append({
        "title": title,
        "date": date,
        "category": category,
        "link": link
    })

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.head()
```

	title	date	category	link
0	Houston Transplant Doctor Indicted For Making ...	February 5, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../houston-transplant-doctor-indicted-for-making-false-statements-in-patients-medical-records
1	MultiCare Health System to Pay Millions to Set... ...	February 4, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../multicare-health-system-to-pay-millions-to-settle-fraud-allegations
2	Brooklyn Banker Pleads Guilty to Laundering Pr... ...	February 3, 2026	COVID-19	http://.../brooklyn-banker-pleads-guilty-to-laundering-practices
3	Delafield Man Sentenced to 18 Months' Imprison... ...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../delafield-man-sentenced-to-18-months-imprisonment-for-fraud
4	Former NFL Player Convicted for \$197M Medicare... ...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../former-nfl-player-convicted-for-197-million-medicare-fraud

Step 2: Making the scraper dynamic

1. Turning the scraper into a function

- a. Pseudo-Code . . . FUNCTION web_scraper(start_year, start_month): BEGIN
IF start_year < 2013: PRINT "Only enforcement actions after 2013 are listed"
RETURN

SET page = 1 SET data = empty list SET continue_scraping = TRUE

WHILE continue_scraping == TRUE:

```
    SET url = "https://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/enforcement/?page=" + page
    REQUEST html from url
    PARSE html with BeautifulSoup
    FIND cards = all <li class="usa-card">
```

```
    IF number of cards == 0:
        BREAK
```

```
    FOR each card in cards:
```

```
        FIND <a> inside card
        SET title = text of <a>
        SET link = full URL from <a href>
```

```
        FIND <span class="text-base-dark padding-right-105">
        SET date = text of span
        EXTRACT year and month from date
```

```
        FIND <li class="usa-tag">
        SET category = text of li
```

```
        IF (year < start_year) OR
            (year == start_year AND month < start_month):
            SET continue_scraping = FALSE
            BREAK out of FOR loop
```

```
    APPEND {title, date, category, link} to data
```

```
    WAIT 1 second
```

```
    INCREMENT page by 1
```

CONVERT data to dataframe SAVE dataframe as "enforcement_actions_{start_year}_{start_month}.csv"

RETURN dataframe END ENDFUNCTION . . .

- b. Create Dynamic Scraper

```
def web_scraper(start_year, start_month):  
    if start_year < 2013:  
        print("Only enforcement actions after 2013 are listed")  
        return None  
  
    page = 1  
    data = []  
    continue_scraping = True  
  
    while continue_scraping:  
        url = f"https://oig.hhs.gov/fraud/enforcement/?page={page}"  
        response = requests.get(url)  
        soup = BeautifulSoup(response.text, "lxml")  
  
        cards = soup.find_all("li", class_="usa-card")  
  
        if len(cards) == 0:  
            break  
  
        for card in cards:  
            a = card.find("a")  
            title = a.get_text(strip=True)  
            link = "https://oig.hhs.gov" + a["href"]  
  
            date_text = card.find(  
                "span", class_="text-base-dark padding-right-105"  
            ).get_text(strip=True)  
  
            parts = date_text.split()  
            year = int(parts[2])  
            month_map = {  
                "January": 1, "February": 2, "March": 3, "April": 4,  
                "May": 5, "June": 6, "July": 7, "August": 8,  
                "September": 9, "October": 10, "November": 11, "December":  
                ↵ 12}  
            month = month_map[parts[0]]  
  
            category = card.find(  
                "li", class_="usa-tag"
```

```

).get_text(strip=True)

if (year < start_year) or (year == start_year and month <
    start_month):
    continue_scraping = False
    break

data.append({
    "title": title,
    "date": date_text,
    "category": category,
    "link": link
})

time.sleep(1)
page += 1

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df.to_csv(
    f"enforcement_actions_{start_year}_{start_month}.csv",
    index=False
)

return df

```

```

df_2024 = web_scraper(2024, 1)

print(f'The dataframe has {len(df_2024)} rows')
df_2024.head(5)

```

The dataframe has 1787 rows

	title	date	category	link
0	Houston Transplant Doctor Indicted For Making ...	February 5, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
1	MultiCare Health System to Pay Millions to Set...	February 4, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
2	Brooklyn Banker Pleads Guilty to Laundering Pr...	February 3, 2026	COVID-19	http://.../...
3	Delafield Man Sentenced to 18 Months' Imprison...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
4	Former NFL Player Convicted for \$197M Medicare...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...

- c. Test Your Code

```

df_2022 = web_scraper(2022, 1)
print(f'The new dataframe has {len(df_2022)} rows')
df_2022.head(5)

```

The new dataframe has 3377 rows

	title	date	category	link
0	Houston Transplant Doctor Indicted For Making ...	February 5, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
1	MultiCare Health System to Pay Millions to Set...	February 4, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
2	Brooklyn Banker Pleads Guilty to Laundering Pr...	February 3, 2026	COVID-19	http://.../...
3	Delafield Man Sentenced to 18 Months' Imprison...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...
4	Former NFL Player Convicted for \$197M Medicare...	February 3, 2026	Criminal and Civil Actions	http://.../...

Step 3: Plot data based on scraped data

1. Plot the number of enforcement actions over time

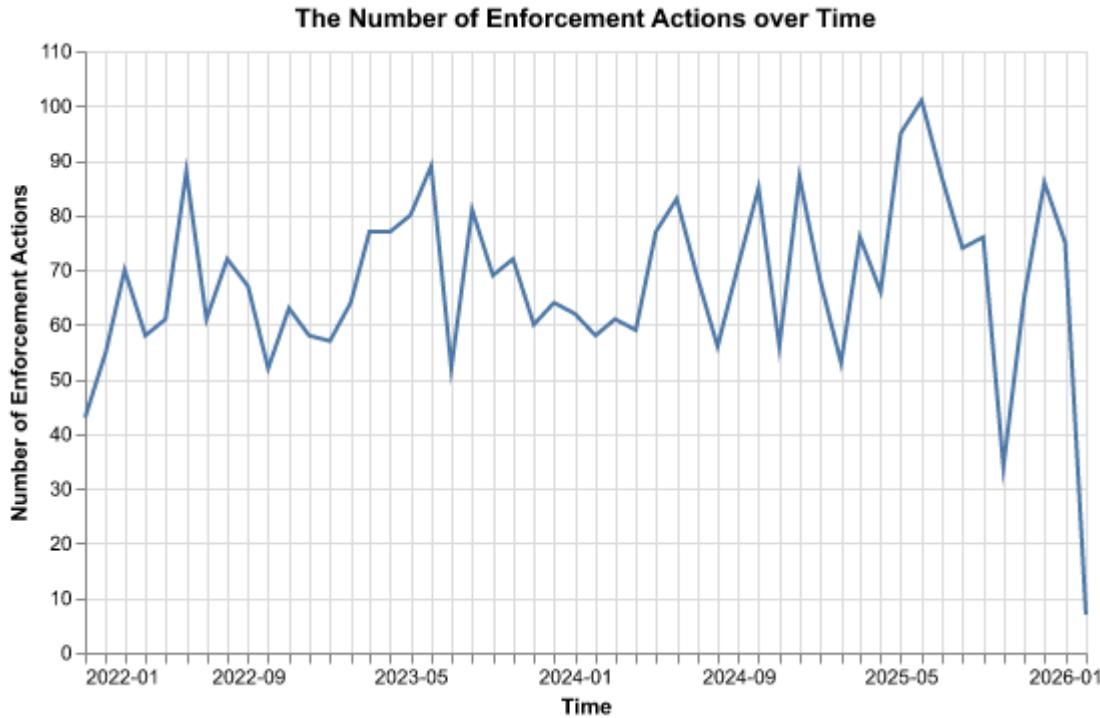
```

df_2022["date"] = pd.to_datetime(df_2022["date"])

chart_line = alt.Chart(df_2022).transform_timeunit(
    ym='yearmonth(date)'
).transform_aggregate(
    Count='count()',
    groupby=['ym']
).mark_line().encode(
    alt.X('ym:T', title='Time',
        axis=alt.Axis(format='%Y-%m', tickCount=50)),
    alt.Y('Count:Q', title='Number of Enforcement Actions')
).properties(
    title='The Number of Enforcement Actions over Time',
    width=500, height=300
)

chart_line

```



2. Plot the number of enforcement actions categorized:

- based on “Criminal and Civil Actions” vs. “State Enforcement Agencies”

```
df_2022["main_category"] = df_2022["category"].where(
    df_2022["category"].isin([
        "Criminal and Civil Actions",
        "State Enforcement Agencies"
    ]),
    other="Other"
)

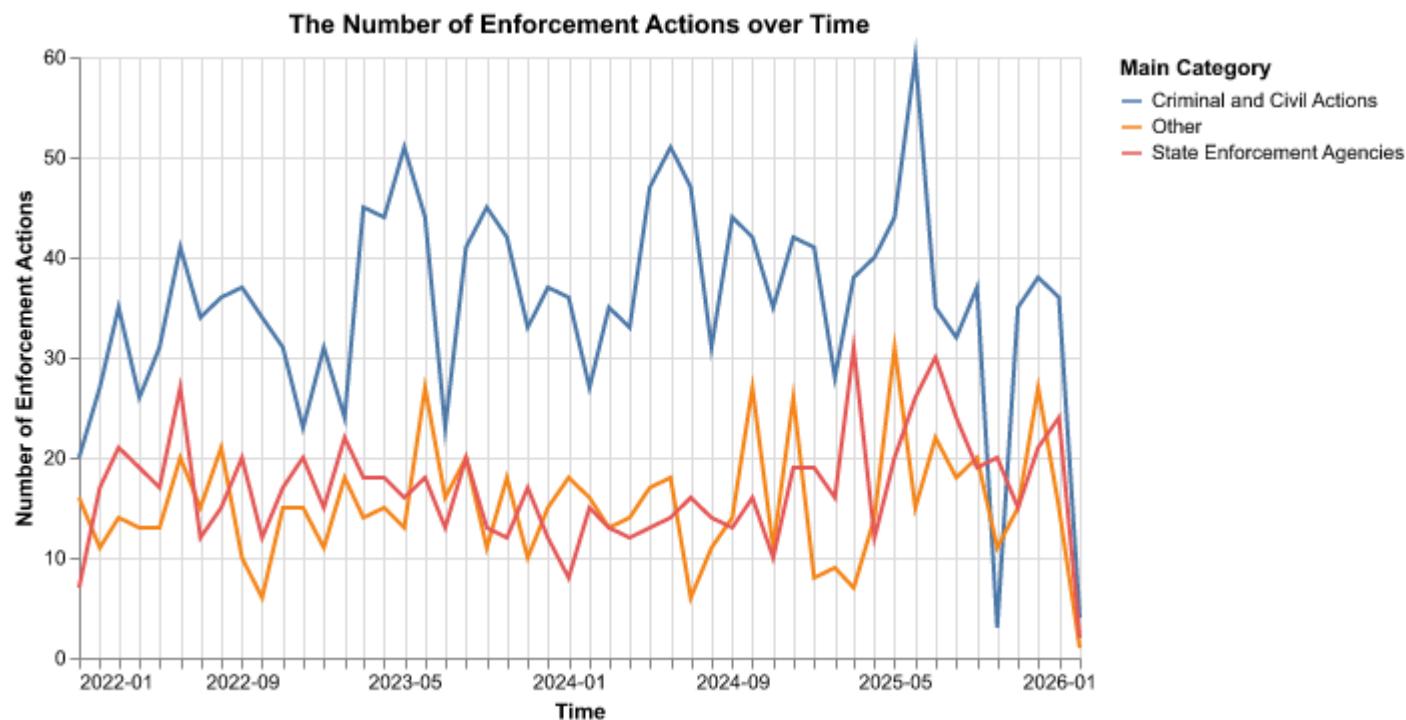
chart_line_cat = alt.Chart(df_2022).transform_timeunit(
    ym='yearmonth(date)'
).transform_aggregate(
    Count='count()',
    groupby=['ym', 'main_category']
).mark_line().encode(
    alt.X('ym:T', title='Time',
        axis=alt.Axis(format='%Y-%m', tickCount=50)),
    alt.Y('Count:Q', title='Number of Enforcement Actions'),
```

```

        alt.Color('main_category:N', legend=alt.Legend(title='Main Category'))
).properties(
    title='The Number of Enforcement Actions over Time',
    width=500, height=300
)

chart_line_cat

```



- based on five topics

```

def classify_topic(title):
    t = title.lower()

    if any(k in t for k in ["medicare", "medicaid", "health", "hospital",
                           "doctor", "patient"]):
        return "Health Care Fraud"

    if any(k in t for k in ["bank", "financial", "loan", "wire",
                           "securities", "tax"]):
        return "Financial Fraud"

```

```

if any(k in t for k in ["drug", "opioid", "pharmacy", "fentanyl",
    "controlled substance"]):
    return "Drug Enforcement"

if any(k in t for k in ["bribe", "bribery", "corruption", "kickback"]):
    return "Bribery/Corruption"

return "Other"

df_2022["topic"] = None

mask = df_2022["main_category"] == "Criminal and Civil Actions"
df_2022.loc[mask, "topic"] = df_2022.loc[mask, "title"].apply(classify_topic)

chart_line_topic = alt.Chart(df_2022).transform_filter(
    alt.datum.topic != None
).transform_timeunit(
    ym='yearmonth(date)'
).transform_aggregate(
    Count='count()',
    groupby=['ym', 'topic']
).mark_line().encode(
    alt.X('ym:T', title='Time',
        axis=alt.Axis(format='%Y-%m', tickCount=50)),
    alt.Y('Count:Q', title='Number of Enforcement Actions'),
    alt.Color('topic:N', legend=alt.Legend(title='Topic'))
).properties(
    title='The Number of Enforcement Actions over Time',
    width=500, height=300
)

chart_line_topic

```

The Number of Enforcement Actions over Time

