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## 1 简介

本指南适用于已经成功构建基本开发环境,且希望快速进行智能合约开发的 用户。

用户在 contract-compile 模块下,首先根据 com.jd.blockchain.contract 包下的合约样例,编写新合约。然后执行 mvn clean package 进行编译,在输出路径中找到对应的 xxx.jar 合约文件。再将此合约压缩包在测试链上部署并执行。

快速使用样例下载地址: <a href="https://github.com/blockchain-jd-com/jdchain-starter.git">https://github.com/blockchain-jd-com/jdchain-starter.git</a> , 在此工程的 readme.txt 文件中也有相关说明。

#### 1.1 准备

用户可直接通过 maven 中央库来获取 jar。

#### 1.1.1 基于 SDK"数据快速上链"方式的 maven 坐标

#### 1.1.2 基于"快速开发合约代码"方式的 maven 坐标

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.jd.blockchain</groupId>
  <artifactId>contract-model</artifactId>
  <version>0.8.3.RELEASE</version>
</dependency>
```

## 2 数据快速上链

#### 2.1 服务连接

### 2.2 用户注册

```
// 创建服务代理;
        BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
        // 在本地定义注册账号的 TX:
        TransactionTemplate txTemp = service.newTransaction(ledgerHash);
        SignatureFunction signatureFunction =
asymmetric Cryptography.get Signature Function (CryptoAlgorithm. ED25519);\\
        CryptoKeyPair cryptoKeyPair = signatureFunction.generateKeyPair();
        BlockchainKeyPair user = new BlockchainKeyPair(cryptoKeyPair.getPubKey(),
cryptoKeyPair.getPrivKey());
        txTemp.users().register(user.getIdentity());
        // TX 准备就绪;
        PreparedTransaction prepTx = txTemp.prepare();
        // 使用私钥进行签名;
        CryptoKeyPair keyPair = getSponsorKey();
        prepTx.sign(keyPair);
        // 提交交易;
        prepTx.commit();
```

### 2.3 数据账户注册

```
// 创建服务代理;
        BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
        // 在本地定义注册账号的 TX;
        TransactionTemplate txTemp = service.newTransaction(ledgerHash);
        SignatureFunction signatureFunction =
asymmetricCryptography.getSignatureFunction(CryptoAlgorithm.ED25519);
        CryptoKeyPair cryptoKeyPair = signatureFunction.generateKeyPair();
        BlockchainKeyPair dataAccount = new BlockchainKeyPair(cryptoKeyPair.getPubKey(),
cryptoKeyPair.getPrivKey());
        txTemp.dataAccounts().register(dataAccount.getIdentity());
        // TX 准备就绪;
        PreparedTransaction prepTx = txTemp.prepare();
        // 使用私钥进行签名;
        CryptoKeyPair keyPair = getSponsorKey();
        prepTx.sign(keyPair);
        // 提交交易;
        prepTx.commit();
```

### 2.4 写入数据

```
// 创建服务代理;
       BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
       HashDigest ledgerHash = getLedgerHash();
       // 在本地定义注册账号的 TX;
       TransactionTemplate txTemp = service.newTransaction(ledgerHash);
       // 将商品信息写入到指定的账户中;
       // 对象将被序列化为 JSON 形式存储,并基于 JSON 结构建立查询索引;
       String commodityDataAccount = "GGhhreGeasdfasfUUfehf9932lkae99ds66jf==";
       Commodity 1 = new Commodity();
       txTemp.dataAccount(commodityDataAccount).set("ASSET_CODE",
commodity1.getCode().getBytes(), -1);
   // TX 准备就绪;
       PreparedTransaction prepTx = txTemp.prepare();
       String txHash = ByteArray.toBase64(prepTx.getHash().toBytes());
       // 使用私钥进行签名;
       CryptoKeyPair keyPair = getSponsorKey();
       prepTx.sign(keyPair);
       // 提交交易;
       prepTx.commit();
```

#### 2.5 查询数据

注:详细的查询可参考模块 sdk-samples 中 SDK\_GateWay\_Query\_Test\_相关测试用例

```
// 创建服务代理;
BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
// 查询区块信息;
// 区块高度;
long ledgerNumber = service.getLedger(LEDGER_HASH).getLatestBlockHeight();
// 最新区块:
LedgerBlock latestBlock = service.getBlock(LEDGER HASH, ledgerNumber);
// 区块中的交易的数量;
long txCount = service.getTransactionCount(LEDGER_HASH, latestBlock.getHash());
// 获取交易列表:
LedgerTransaction[] txList = service.getTransactions(LEDGER_HASH, ledgerNumber, 0, 100);
// 遍历交易列表
for (LedgerTransaction ledgerTransaction: txList) {
    TransactionContent txContent = ledgerTransaction.getTransactionContent();
    Operation[] operations = txContent.getOperations();
    if (operations != null && operations.length > 0) {
         for (Operation operation : operations) {
             operation = ClientOperationUtil.read(operation);
             // 操作类型: 数据账户注册操作
             if (operation instanceof DataAccountRegisterOperation) {
                  DataAccountRegisterOperation daro = (DataAccountRegisterOperation) operation;
                  BlockchainIdentity blockchainIdentity = daro.getAccountID();
             // 操作类型: 用户注册操作
             else if (operation instanceof UserRegisterOperation) {
                  UserRegisterOperation uro = (UserRegisterOperation) operation;
                  BlockchainIdentity blockchainIdentity = uro.getUserID();
             }
       // 操作类型: 账本注册操作
             else if (operation instanceof LedgerInitOperation) {
                  LedgerInitOperation ledgerInitOperation = (LedgerInitOperation)operation;
                  LedgerInitSetting ledgerInitSetting = ledgerInitOperation.getInitSetting();
                  ParticipantNode[] participantNodes = ledgerInitSetting.getConsensusParticipants();
              }
```

```
// 操作类型: 合约发布操作
             else if (operation instanceof ContractCodeDeployOperation) {
                 ContractCodeDeployOperation ccdo = (ContractCodeDeployOperation) operation;
                 BlockchainIdentity blockchainIdentity = ccdo.getContractID();
             }
             // 操作类型: 合约执行操作
             else if (operation instanceof ContractEventSendOperation) {
                 ContractEventSendOperation ceso = (ContractEventSendOperation) operation;
             }
             // 操作类型: KV 存储操作
             else if (operation instanceof DataAccountKVSetOperation) {
                 DataAccountKVSetOperation.KVWriteEntry[] kvWriteEntries =
                          ((DataAccountKVSetOperation) operation).getWriteSet();
                 if (kvWriteEntries != null && kvWriteEntries.length > 0) {
                      for (DataAccountKVSetOperation.KVWriteEntry kvWriteEntry: kvWriteEntries) {
                          BytesValue bytesValue = kvWriteEntry.getValue();
                          DataType dataType = bytesValue.getType();
                          Object showVal = ClientOperationUtil.readValueByBytesValue(bytesValue);
                          System.out.println("writeSet.key=" + kvWriteEntry.getKey());
                          System.out.println("writeSet.value=" + showVal);
                          System.out.println("writeSet.type=" + dataType);
                          System.out.println("writeSet.version=" + kvWriteEntry.getExpectedVersion());
                      }
        }
    }
}
    // 根据交易的 hash 获得交易; 注: 客户端生成 PrepareTransaction 时得到交易 hash;
     HashDigest txHash = txList[0].getTransactionContent().getHash();
    Transaction tx = service.getTransactionByContentHash(LEDGER_HASH, txHash);
```

```
// 获取数据;
String commerceAccount = "GGhhreGeasdfasfUUfehf9932lkae99ds66jf==";
String[] objKeys = new String[] { "x001", "x002" };
KVDataEntry[] kvData = service.getDataEntries(LEDGER_HASH, commerceAccount, objKeys);
long payloadVersion = kvData[0].getVersion();

// 获取数据账户下所有的 KV 列表
KVDataEntry[] kvData = service.getDataEntries(ledgerHash, commerceAccount, 0, 100);
if (kvData!= null && kvData.length > 0) {
    for (KVDataEntry kvDatum: kvData) {
        System.out.println("kvData.key=" + kvDatum.getKey());
        System.out.println("kvData.version=" + kvDatum.getVersion());
        System.out.println("kvData.type=" + kvDatum.getType());
        System.out.println("kvData.value=" + kvDatum.getValue());
    }
}
```

#### 2.6 合约发布

```
// 创建服务代理;
    BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
    // 在本地定义 TX 模板
    TransactionTemplate txTemp = service.newTransaction(ledgerHash);
    // 合约内容读取
    byte[] contractBytes = FileUtils.readBytes(new File(CONTRACT_FILE));
    // 生成用户
    BlockchainIdentityData blockchainIdentity = new BlockchainIdentityData(getSponsorKey().getPubKey());
    // 发布合约
    txTemp.contracts().deploy(blockchainIdentity, contractBytes);
    // TX 准备就绪;
    PreparedTransaction prepTx = txTemp.prepare();
    // 使用私钥进行签名;
    CryptoKeyPair keyPair = getSponsorKey();
    prepTx.sign(keyPair);
    // 提交交易;
    TransactionResponse \ transactionResponse = prepTx.commit(); \\
    assertTrue(transactionResponse.isSuccess());
    // 打印合约地址
    System.out.println(blockchainIdentity.getAddress().toBase58());
```

#### 2.7 合约执行

```
// 创建服务代理;
    BlockchainService = serviceFactory.getBlockchainService();
    // 在本地定义 TX 模板
    TransactionTemplate txTemp = service.newTransaction(ledgerHash);
    // 合约地址
    String contractAddressBase58 = "";
    // Event
    String event = "";
    //args (注意参数的格式)
    byte[] args = "20##30##abc".getBytes();
    // 提交合约执行代码
    txTemp.contractEvents().send(contractAddressBase58, event, args);
    //TX 准备就绪;
    PreparedTransaction prepTx = txTemp.prepare();
    // 生成私钥并使用私钥进行签名;
    CryptoKeyPair keyPair = getSponsorKey();
    prepTx.sign(keyPair);
    // 提交交易;
    TransactionResponse transactionResponse = prepTx.commit();
    assertTrue(transactionResponse.isSuccess());
```

## 3 快速开发合约代码

#### 3.1 开发

入门样例可参照: com.jd.blockchain.contract.AssetContract3, 合约类实现EventProcessingAwire 接口, 同时在合约的入口方法上添加注解: @ContractEvent(name = "xxx"), 形参为: ContractEventContext eventContext。格式如下:

```
public class AssetContract3 implements EventProcessingAwire{
    @ContractEvent(name = "xxx")
    public void test1(ContractEventContext eventContext){
    }
}
```

合约中可以通过 ContractEventContext 对象来调用账本中的相关方法,例如:

BlockchainAccount holderAccount = eventContext.getLedger().getAccount(currentLedgerHash(), assetHolderAddress);

#### 3.2 编译

编译工作在 contract-compile 工程中进行。在控制台中执行:

```
mvn clean package
```

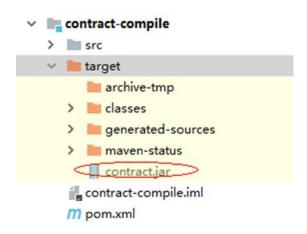
来直接编译生成所需的合约压缩包。

注意修改 pom.xml 文件中〈filename〉和〈mainClass〉这两个属性:

```
</rachive>
<descriptorRefs>
<descriptorRef>jar-with-dependencies</descriptorRef>
</descriptorRefs>
</configuration>
<executions>
<execution>
<id>make-assembly</id>
<phase>package</phase>
<goals>
<goal>single</goal>
</goals>
</execution>
</execution>
</execution>
</execution>
</execution>
</execution>
</execution>
```

### 3.3 发布

编译完成之后,根据如上的配置,会在 target 目录下生成对应的合约压缩文件: contract.jar。



#### 3.3.1 sys-contract.properties

```
#常规使用;
ownerPubPath=xxx/conf/jd-com.pub
ownerPrvPath=xxx/conf/jd-com.priv
ownerPassword=xxx/conf/ownerPassword.txt
ledgerHash=6Gw3cK4uazegy4HjoaM81ck9NgYLNoKyBMb7a1TK1jt3d

host=192.168.151.45
port=8081
#合约使用如下;
event = issue-asset
chainCodePath=xxx/AssetContract3.contract
contractArgs=10##4##abc
```

### 3.3.2 发布与执行方法

运行jdchain-starter/src/test/.../IntegrationTest.java 中的如下方法来发布和执行合约:

```
one_deploy_exe_contract_on_test_gateway()
```

具体代码如下:

```
/**
                   * 在测试链上仅发布和执行合约;
              private void deploy_exe_contract_on_test_gateway(){
                             //then exe the contract;
                             //由于合约发布之后需要后台进行共识处理,需要一定的时间消耗,先休息1秒钟之后再执行;
                             try {
                                            Thread.sleep(1000L);
                                            boolean deployResult = ContractDeployExeUtil.instance.deploy(host, port,
ledger,ownerPubPath, ownerPrvPath, ownerPassword, chainCodePath,contractPub);
                                            System.out.println("deployResult="+deployResult);
                                            Thread.sleep(2000L);
                                            boolean exeResult = false:
                                            exeResult = ContractDeployExeUtil.instance.exeContract(ledger, ownerPubPath, ownerPrvPath, ownerPr
ownerPassword,eventName,contractArgs);
                                            System.out.println("execute the contract,result= "+exeResult);
                             } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                                            e.printStackTrace();
                             }
               }
              // 发布完成之后, 会在控制台中生成如下信息:
          contract's\ address=5SmDBPXfXoSsJmfJskkpeVbZkxfkawqWE9CE
          deployResult=true
```

### 3.4 执行

执行即如上的方法:

ContractDeployExeUtil.instance.exeContract(ledger,ownerPubPath, ownerPrvPath, ownerPassword,eventName,contractArgs);

在执行完成之后,可以在API接口中查询相关的信息。

#### 3.4.1 根据合约地址查询

访问格式如下:

http://192.168.151.45:7080/ledgers/6Gw3cK4uazegy4HjoaM81ck9NgYLNoKyBMb7a1TK1jt3d/contracts/5SmDBPXfXoSsJmfJskkpeVbZkxfkawqWE9CE

#### 结果:

```
"data": {
"address": "5SmDBPXfXoSsJmfJskkpeVbZkxfkawqWE9CE",
"chainCode":
"UEsDBBQACAgIAACAIE0AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAJAAQATUVUQS1JTkYv/soAAAMAUEsHCAAAAAAC
Lk1G803My0xLLS7RDUstKs7Mz7NSMNQz4OVyLkpNLEIN0XWqBAIY6BnEG5qYKGj4FyUm56QqOOcXFeQ\\
AAAY29udHJhY3QucHJvcGVydGllc1OOKTU1MbCIKTV3dTQDkmZuQLapobkxkHQ2dY0pNTMwMuflUg7JKF
VwSU1WMDJQMDSzMjCwMjBUcA4OAfINLXi5kvPzSooSk0tsk/Nz9bJS9JJy8pOzkzMSM/P0YFJ6jsXFqSXOUJ
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAABNRVRBLUIORi/+ygAAUEsBAhQAFAAICAgAAICUTZ58dINEAAAARQAAABQAA
AAAAegAAABMAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAWwAAAGNvbnRyYWN0LnByb3BlcnRpZXNQSwUGAAAAA
MAAwC+AAAAbwEAAAAA",
"chaincodeProof": {
"dataHash": {
"value": "6LwUAHD8zZbANkdJL8bBHpYM2BYduZpQXzaV5T92XxyLL"
},
"dataNode": {
"key": "CHAIN-CODE",
"level": 0,
"nodeHash": {
"value": "6LwUAHD8zZbANkdJL8bBHpYM2BYduZpQXzaV5T92XxyLL"
},
"sN": 0,
"version": 0
},
"levels": 1,
"rootHash": {
"value": "65WEJwZWpdpv5A8BWDqsJQxW33qBR16q4Bx8tzUTbSUWv"
},
"sN": 0
},
"chaincode Version": 0,
"pubKey": {
"value": "mayaPm1C7opEhSyRtmH7rkbmxAX2MvrzUguFkgcJ7mpfQY"
},
"rootHash": {
"value": "65WEJwZWpdpv5A8BWDqsJQxW33qBR16q4Bx8tzUTbSUWv"
}
},
```