

# Machine Learning LAB ASSIGNMENT

Abhishek Bhatt MCA 3c 20711157

1. Write a program to use the mathematical operators.
2. write a program to take an input of numbers from the user and print the Fibonacci series to the terminal number.
3. Write a program to print the factorial of the number input by the user.
4. Write a program to check whether a given number is a prime number or not using loops.
5. Write a program to demonstrate the importing of modules of python.
6. Write a program to demonstrate the use of nested if statements.
7. Write a program to demonstrate the use of the else clause.
8. Write a program to illustrate the usage of Tuples.
9. Write a program for searching an element and sorting a List.
10. Write a program to illustrate the usage of Dictionaries.

## **Programs on Statistical Concepts and introduction to Linear Algebra using Python**

1. Write a program to find the mean, mode and median of the given range of numbers.
2. Write a program to calculate the standard deviation of a given set of numbers.
3. Write a program to calculate the addition of two 3x3 matrices.
4. Write a program to calculate the multiplication of two 3x3 matrices.
5. Write a program to calculate the inverse of the given matrix.
6. Write a program to calculate the transpose of the given matrix.

```
localhost:8888/nbconvert/html/python/college1/assignment%201.ipynb?download=false
Apps exam 10 Type PDF futures Udemv Coursera mp3 btcomp SOAP mca Reading list

In [1]: a=99
        b=1
        c=a+b
        print(c)

100

In [4]: n = int(input("How many terms? "))
        n1, n2 = 0, 1
        count = 0

        if n <= 0:
            print("Please enter a positive integer")
        elif n == 1:
            print("Fibonacci sequence upto",n,":")
            print(n1)
        else:
            print("Fibonacci sequence:")
            while count < n:
                print(n1)
                nth = n1 + n2
                n1 = n2
                n2 = nth
                count += 1

How many terms? 5
Fibonacci sequence:
0
1
1
2
3
```

```
localhost:8888/nbconvert/html/python/college1/assignment%201.ipynb?download=false
Apps exam 10 Type PDF futures Udemv Coursera mp3 btcomp SOAP mca Reading list

In [6]: n = int(input("How many terms? "))
        factorial = 1
        if n <= 0:
            print("Sorry, factorial does not exist for negative numbers")
        elif n == 0:
            print("The factorial of 0 is 1")
        else:
            for i in range(1,n + 1):
                factorial = factorial*i
            print("The factorial of",n,"is",factorial)

How many terms? 5
The factorial of 5 is 120

In [7]: num = int(input("How many terms? "))

        if num > 1:

            for i in range(2, int(num/2)+1):

                if (num % i) == 0:
                    print(num, "is not a prime number")
                    break
                else:
                    print(num, "is a prime number")

            else:
                print(num, "is not a prime number")

How many terms? 5
5 is a prime number
```

```
In [7]: num = int(input("How many terms? "))

        if num > 1:

            for i in range(2, int(num/2)+1):

                if (num % i) == 0:
                    print(num, "is not a prime number")
                    break
                else:
                    print(num, "is a prime number")

            else:
                print(num, "is not a prime number")
```

How many terms? 5  
5 is a prime number

```
In [8]: import math
        print("The value of pi is", math.pi)

The value of pi is 3.141592653589793
```

```
In [10]: a=99
b=1
def add(a, b):
    """This program adds two numbers and return the result"""

    result = a + b
    return result
```

```
In [27]: i = 10
if (i == 10):
    if (i < 15):
        print("i is smaller than 15")
    if (i < 12):
        print("i is smaller than 12 too")
    else:
        print("i is greater than 15")

i is smaller than 15
i is smaller than 12 too
```

```
In [31]: num = int(input("How many terms? "))
if num >= 0:
    print("Positive or Zero")
else:
    print("Negative number")
```

How many terms? 6  
Positive or Zero

```
In [7]: my= "Laksh", "abhishek ", "Gehu"
print(my)

a, b, c = my

print(a)
print(b)
print(c)
```

('Laksh', 'abhishek ', 'Gehu')  
Laksh  
abhishek  
Gehu

```
In [6]: m = ()
print(m)
m = (1, 2, 3)
print(m)
m = (1, "Laksh", 3.4)
print(m)
m = ("Hero", [10, 44, 66], (11, 42, 43))
print(m)
```

()  
(1, 2, 3)  
(1, 'Laksh', 3.4)  
('Hero', [10, 44, 66], (11, 42, 43))

```
In [10]: m = ('p','e','r','m','i','t')
print(m[0])
print(m[5])
n = ("Gehu", [8, 4, 6], (1, 2, 3))
print(n[0][3])
print(n[1][1])
print(n[2][1])
```

p  
t  
u  
4  
2

```
In [11]: my_tuple = ('G', 'e', 'H', 'u', 'D', 'u', 'N')
```

```
print(my_tuple[-1])
```

```
print(my_tuple[-6])
```

N  
e

```
In [14]: def linearsearch(arr, x):
          for i in range(len(arr)):
              if arr[i] == x:
                  return i
          return -1
          arr = ['t','u','t','o','g','i','a','l']
          x = 'a'
          print("element found at index "+str(linearsearch(arr,x)))
```

element found at index 6

```
In [15]: def bubblesort(list):

          for iter_num in range(len(list)-1,0,-1):
              for idx in range(iter_num):
                  if list[idx]>list[idx+1]:
                      temp = list[idx]
                      list[idx] = list[idx+1]
                      list[idx+1] = temp
          list = [19,2,31,45,6,11,121,27]
          bubblesort(list)
          print(list)
```

[2, 6, 11, 19, 27, 31, 45, 121]

```
In [16]: my_dict = {'Place': 'Doon', 'Continent': 'Asia'}
          my_dict['Date'] = 10
          print(my_dict)
          my_dict['address'] = 'India'
          print(my_dict)

          {'Place': 'Doon', 'Continent': 'Asia', 'Date': 10}
          {'Place': 'Doon', 'Continent': 'Asia', 'Date': 10, 'address': 'India'}
```

```
In [26]: import statistics
          n_num = [1, 2, 3, 34, 35,35,2,3,3,8]
          n = len(n_num)

          get_sum = sum(n_num)
          mean = get_sum / n
          n_num.sort()

          if n % 2 == 0:
              median1 = n_num[n//2]
              median2 = n_num[n//2 - 1]
              median = (median1 + median2)/2
          else:
              median = n_num[n//2]

          print("Median is: " + str(median))
          print("Mean / Average is: " + str(mean))
          print("Mode of given data set is % s" % (statistics.mode(n_num)))

          Median is: 3.0
          Mean / Average is: 12.6
          Mode of given data set is 3
```

```
In [31]: X = [[1,2,-3],
              [-4,5,6],
              [7,18,9]]

          Y = [[9,-1,7],
              [6,0,4],
              [-3,-20,-1]]

          result = [[X[i][j] + Y[i][j] for j in range
                      (len(X[0])) for i in range(len(X))]

          for r in result:
              print(r)

          [10, 1, 4]
          [2, 5, 10]
          [4, -2, 8]
```

```
In [32]: X = [[1,2,-3],
              [-4,5,6],
              [7,18,9]]

          Y = [[9,-1,7],
              [6,0,4],
              [-3,-20,-1]]

          result = [[sum(a*b for a,b in zip(X_row,Y_col)) for Y_col in zip(*Y)] for X_row in X]

          for r in result:
              print(r)

          [30, 59, 18]
          [-24, -116, -14]
          [144, -187, 112]
```

In [34]:

```
import numpy as np

A = np.array([[[1., 2.], [3., 4.]],
              [[1, 3], [3, 5]]])

print(np.linalg.inv(A))

[[-2.    1. ]
 [ 1.5  -0.5]]

[[-1.25  0.75]
 [ 0.75 -0.25]]
```

In [35]:

```
X = [[12,7],
      [4,5],
      [3,8]]
result = [[0,0,0],
          [0,0,0]]
for i in range(len(X)):
    for j in range(len(X[0])):
        result[j][i] = X[i][j]
for r in result:
    print(r)

[12, 4, 3]
[7, 5, 8]
```