```
In [6]:
          a = [[1, 2]]
          for i in range(len(a)):
              a[i].reverse()
          for i in a:
              print(*i)
         2 1
          pip install translate
         Collecting translate
           Downloading translate-3.6.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
         Requirement already satisfied: click in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from translate) (8.0.3)
         Requirement already satisfied: lxml in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from translate) (4.6.3)
         Collecting libretranslatepy==2.1.1
           Downloading libretranslatepy-2.1.1-py3-none-any.whl (3.2 kB)
         Requirement already satisfied: requests in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from translate) (2.26.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from click->translate) (0.4.4)
         Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from requests->translate) (3.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer~=2.0.0 in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from requests->translate) (2.0.4)
         Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from requests->translate) (1.26.7)
         Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in c:\users\murthy\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from requests->translate) (2021.10.8)
         Installing collected packages: libretranslatepy, translate
         Successfully installed libretranslatepy-2.1.1 translate-3.6.1
         Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
 In [5]:
          from translate import Translator
          translator=Translator(to_lang="Telugu")
          translation=translator.translate("Good Morning")
          print(translation)
         శుభోదయం
 In [6]:
          def m1(a,b): # 1st m1 defined here
              print(a+b)
          def m1(a,b,c): # later changed the m1 method
              print(a*b*c)
          print(m1(10,20)) # same method name , diff signatures -->it is method overloading
          print(m1(10,20,30))
          # same method signature , different classes --> method overriding
          class A:
              def m1(self):
                  print("in class A")
          class B(A):
              def m1(self):
                  print("in class B")
          obj=B()
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         ~\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_17072/3087974266.py in <module>
               3 def m1(a,b,c): # later changed the m1 method
                     print(a*b*c)
         ----> 5 print(m1(10,20))
               6 print(m1(10,20,30))
         TypeError: m1() missing 1 required positional argument: 'c'
In [10]:
          class animal():
              def speaks(method):
                  return "Animals speaks in their own language"
          class dog(animal):
              def speaks(self):
                  return "Dog barks"
          class cat(animal):
              def spaeks(self):
                  return "Cat meow"
          class lion(animal):
              def speaks(self):
                  return "Lion roars"
          obj=lion()
          print(obj.speaks())
         Lion roars
In [11]:
          #there is no key word for abstract class but it has abc package
          from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
          class Area(ABC): # area class is abstract coz inherited ABC
              @abstractmethod
              def calculate_area(self):
                  pass
          class Square(Area):
              def calculate_area(self):
                  print("in square method")
          class Rectabgle(Area):
              def calculate_area(self):
                  print("in rectangle method")
          ob=Square()
          ob.calculate_area
         <bound method Square.calculate_area of <__main__.Square object at 0x0000022629E92BE0>>
Out[11]:
 In [6]:
          print(1<<2) # left shift</pre>
          print(16>>2) # rigth shift 16/2=8/2=4
          print(7<<3) # 7*2=14*2=28*2=56
          print(11<<3) # 11*2=22*2=44*2=88
          print(7>>1) # 7/2=3
         4
         4
         56
         88
         3
 In [7]:
          # 16 8 4 2 1
          # 0 0 0 0 1
          #a 0 0 1 0 0 = 2
          # 1 0 0 0 0
          # 0 0 1 0 0 = 4
In [ ]:  # TIC-TAC-TOE
          def update_board(board, chance, marker, x, y):
            #player1 chance
            if chance==True:
              board[x][y]=marker
              if check_for_win(board):
                print('Player1 wins!!')
                return 'Game Over'
              chance=False
            else:
              board[x][y]=marker
              if check_for_win(board):
                print('Player2 wins!!')
                return 'Game Over'
              chance=True
          def play_game():
            player1=0
            player2=0
            m1, m2=get_markers()
            print(f"player 1: {m1}")
            print(f"player 2: {m2}")
            chance=True
            while True:
              print_board(board)
              x,y=Get_coordinates()
              if chance:
                chance=update_board(board, chance, m1, x, y)
                if chance=='Game Over':
                  break
              else:
                chance=update_board(board,chance,m2,x,y)
                if chance=='Game Over':
                  break
          play_game()
          def check_for_win(board):
            for row in board:
              if row[0]==row[1] and row[1]==row[2] and row[1]!='':
                return True
            for i in range(len(board)):
              if board[0][i]==board[1][i] and board[1][i]==board[2][i] and board[2][i]!='':
            if board[0][0]==board[1][1] and board[1][1]==board[2][2] and board[2][2]!='':
            if board[0][-1]==board[1][1] and board[1][1]==board[2][0]:
              return True
```