

1.1) Write a Java Program to display Default values of all primitive data types of Java.

Aim: Java Program to print default values of all primitive data types in Java.

Program:

```
class DefaultVals
```

```
{
```

```
    static byte b;
```

```
    static short s;
```

```
    static int i;
```

```
    static long l;
```

```
    static float f;
```

```
    static double d;
```

```
    static char c;
```

```
    static boolean bl;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.println("The default values of primitive data types are:");
```

```
        System.out.println("Byte :"+b);
```

```
        System.out.println("Short :"+s);
```

```
        System.out.println("Int :"+i);
```

```
        System.out.println("Long :"+l);
```

```
        System.out.println("Float :"+f);
```

```
        System.out.println("Double :"+d);
```

```
        System.out.println("Char :"+c);
```

```
        System.out.println("Boolean :"+bl);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac DefaultVals.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java DefaultVals
```

```
The default values of primitive data types are:
```

```
Byte :0
```

```
Short :0
```

```
Int :0
```

```
Long :0
```

```
Float :0.0
```

```
Double :0.0
```

```
Char :
```

```
Boolean :false
```

1.2) Write a Java program to find the discriminant value D and find out the roots of the quadratic equation of the form $ax^2+bx+c=0$

Aim: Java Program to find discriminant value D and find roots of quadratic equations of form $ax^2+bx+c=0$

Program:

```
public class QuadEq
{
    public static void main(String[] Strings)
    {
        double a=Double.parseDouble(Strings[0]);
        double b=Double.parseDouble(Strings[1]);
        double c=Double.parseDouble(Strings[2]);
        double d=b *b -4.0 * a *c;
        System.out.println("Discriminant Value:" +Math.pow(d,0.5));
        if(Double.isNaN(d))
            System.out.println("Equation has no roots");
        if(d>0.0)
        {
            double r1=(-b+Math.pow(d,0.5))/(2.0*a);
            double r2=(-b-Math.pow(d,0.5))/(2.0*a);
            System.out.println("The roots are"+r1+"and"+r2);
        }
        else if(d==0.0)
        {
            double r1=-b/(2.0*a);
            System.out.println("The root is:"+r1);
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("Roots are not real");
        }
    }
}
```

}

}

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac QuadEq.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java QuadEq 1 5 4
```

```
Discriminant Value:3.0
```

```
The roots are-1.0and-4.0
```



1.3) Five Bikers Compete in a race such that they drive at a constant speed which may or may not be the same as the other. To qualify the race, the speed of a racer must be more than the average speed of all 5 racers. Take as input the speed of each racer and print back the speed of qualifying racers.

Aim: Java Program to print the racer whose speed is greater than the average speed.

Program:

```
public class Bikers
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main (String[] Strings)
```

```
    {
```

```
        double a=Double.parseDouble(Strings[0]);
```

```
        double b=Double.parseDouble(Strings[1]);
```

```
        double c=Double.parseDouble(Strings[2]);
```

```
        double d=Double.parseDouble(Strings[3]);
```

```
        double e=Double.parseDouble(Strings[4]);
```

```
        double avg_speed=(a+b+c+d+e)/5;
```

```
        System.out.println("the average speed for qualifying racers are:"+avg_speed);
```

```
        if(a>avg_speed)
```

```
            System.out.println("racer 1 is qualified with speed "+a+"which is more than avg speed"+avg_speed);
```

```
        if(b>avg_speed)
```

```
            System.out.println("racer 2 is qualified with speed "+b+"which is more than avg speed"+avg_speed);
```

```
        if(c>avg_speed)
```

```
            System.out.println("racer 3 is qualified with speed "+c+"which is more than avg speed"+avg_speed);
```

```
        if(d>avg_speed)
```

```
            System.out.println("racer 4 is qualified with speed "+d+"which is more than avg speed"+avg_speed);
```

```
        if(e>avg_speed)
```

```
            System.out.println("racer 5 is qualified with speed "+e+"which is more than avg speed"+avg_speed);
```

```
else  
    System.out.println("none of the racers qualify the race:");  
  
}  
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac Bikers.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java Bikers 10 20 30 40 50
```

```
the average speed for qualifying racers are:30.0
```

```
racers 4 is qualified with speed 40.0which is more than avg speed30.0
```

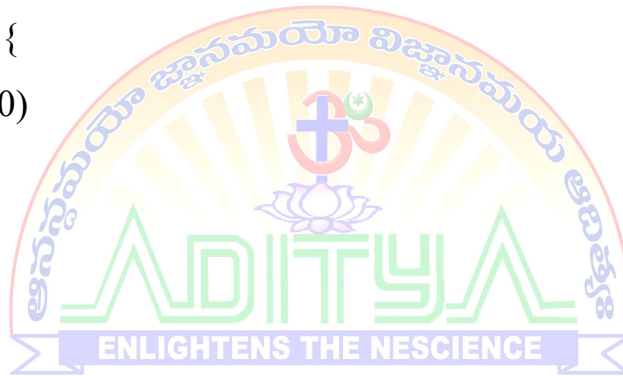
```
racers 5 is qualified with speed 50.0which is more than avg speed30.0
```

2.1) Write a Java program to select all the prime numbers within the range of 1 to 100.

Aim: Write a Java program to select all the prime numbers within the range of 1 to 100.

Program:

```
public class PrimeNums
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int ct=0,n=0,i=1,j=1;
        while(n<25){
            j=1;
            ct=0;
            while(j<=i){
                if(i%j==0)
                    ct++;
                j++;
            }
            if(ct==2){
                System.out.printf("%d ",i);
                n++;
            }
            i++;
        }
    }
}
```



Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac PrimeNums.java

D:\21A95A0503>java PrimeNums

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97
```



2.2) Write a Java program to Find the sum of all even terms in the Fibonacci sequence up to the given range N.

Aim: Write a Java program to Find the sum of all even terms in the Fibonacci sequence up to the given range N.

Program:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Fibonacci
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int f=0,s=1;
        int t=0,sum=0;
        int a[]=new int[100];
        Scanner input=new Scanner(System.in);
        a[0]=0;
        a[1]=1;
        System.out.println("enter the range for fibonacci series:");
        int range=input.nextInt();
        System.out.println("the fibonacci series is as follows:");
        System.out.print(0);
        System.out.print(" "+1);
        for(int i=2;i<range;i++)
        {
            t=f+s;
            System.out.print(" "+t);
            a[i]=t;
            f=s;
            s=t;
        }
        for(int i=2;i<=range;i++)
```



```
{  
    if(i%2==0)  
        sum=sum+a[i];  
}  
  
System.out.println("\n"+"Sum of Even Terms in Fibonacci Series upto a range  
"+range+" is:"+sum);  
  
}  
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac Fibonacci.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java Fibonacci
```

```
Enter the range for fibonacci series:
```

```
11
```

```
The fibonacci series is as follows:
```

```
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55
```

```
Sum of Even Terms in Fibonacci Series upto a range 11 is:88
```

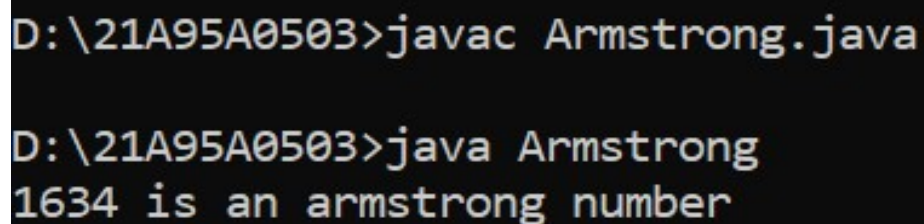
2.3) Write a Java program to check whether a given number is Armstrong or not.

Aim: To write a Java program to check whether a given number is Armstrong or not.

Program:

```
public class Armstrong
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        int number=1634,originalNumber,remainder,result=0,n=0;
        originalNumber=number;
        for(;originalNumber!=0;originalNumber/=10,++n);
        originalNumber=number;
        for(;originalNumber!=0;originalNumber/=10)
        {
            remainder=originalNumber%10;
            result+=Math.pow(remainder, n);
        }
        if(result==number)
            System.out.println(number+" is an armstrong number");
        else
            System.out.println(number+" is not an armstrong number");
    }
}
```

Output:



```
D:\21A95A0503>javac Armstrong.java
D:\21A95A0503>java Armstrong
1634 is an armstrong number
```

3.1) Write a Java program to implement binary search.

Aim: Write a Java program to implement binary search.

Program:

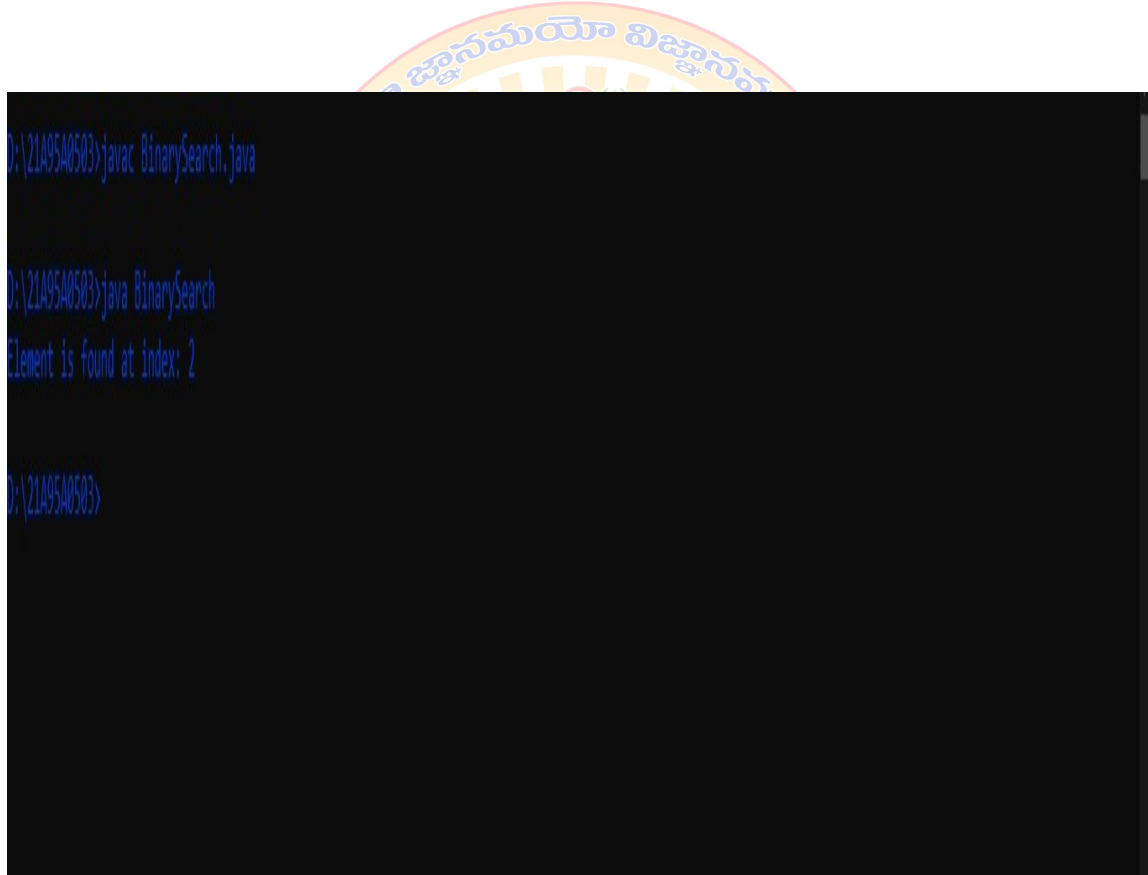
```
class BinarySearch
{
    public static int binarySearch(int arr[], int first, int last, int key)
    {
        if (last >= first)
        {
            int mid = first + (last - first)/2;
            if (arr[mid] == key)
            {
                return mid;
            }
            if (arr[mid] > key)
            {
                return binarySearch(arr, first, mid-1, key);
            }
            else
            {
                return binarySearch(arr, mid+1, last, key);
            }
        }
        return -1;
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {

```

```
int arr[] = {10,20,30,40,50};  
int key = 30;  
int last=arr.length-1;  
int result = binarySearch(arr,0,last,key);  
if (result == -1)  
    System.out.println("Element is not found!");  
else  
    System.out.println("Element is found at index: "+result);  
}  
}
```

Output:



```
D:\21A95A0503>javac BinarySearch.java  
D:\21A95A0503>java BinarySearch  
Element is found at index: 2  
D:\21A95A0503>
```

3.2) Write a Java program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using bubble sort.

Aim: Write a Java program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using bubble sort.

Program:

```
class BubbleSort
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int a[]={31,19,9,23,41};
        int i,j,temp;
        for(i=0;i<5-1;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<5-1-i;j++)
            {
                if(a[j]>a[j+1])
                {
                    temp=a[j];
                    a[j]=a[j+1];
                    a[j+1]=temp;
                }
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Sorted elements are:");
        for(i=0;i<a.length;i++)
        {
            System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
        }
    }
}
```

}

}

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac BubbleSort.java

D:\21A95A0503>java BubbleSort
Sorted elements are:
9 19 23 31 41
D:\21A95A0503>
```

3.3) Write a Java program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using merge sort.

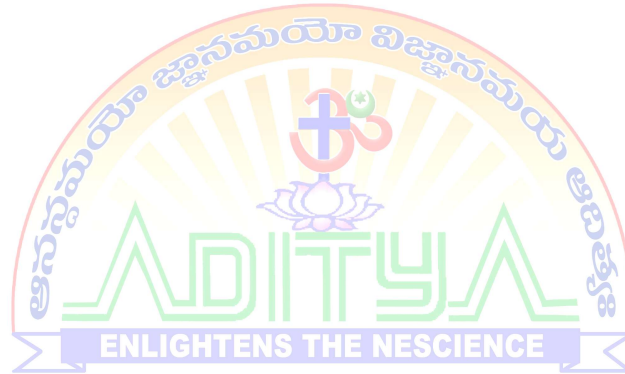
Aim: Write a Java program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using merge sort.

Program:

```
class MergeSort
{
void merge(int a[], int beg, int mid, int end)
{
    int i, j, k;
    int n1 = mid - beg + 1;
    int n2 = end - mid;
    int LeftArray[] = new int[n1];
    int RightArray[] = new int[n2];
    for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
        LeftArray[i] = a[beg + i];
    for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
        RightArray[j] = a[mid + 1 + j];
    i = 0;
    j = 0;
    k = beg;

    while (i < n1 && j < n2)
    {
        if(LeftArray[i] <= RightArray[j])
        {
            a[k] = LeftArray[i];
            i++;
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
else  
{  
    a[k] = RightArray[j];  
    j++;  
}  
k++;  
}  
while (i<n1)  
{  
    a[k] = LeftArray[i];  
    i++;  
    k++;  
}  
  
while (j<n2)  
{  
    a[k] = RightArray[j];  
    j++;  
    k++;  
}  
}
```



```
void mergeSort(int a[], int beg, int end)  
{  
    if (beg < end)  
    {
```



```
int mid = (beg + end) / 2;
mergeSort(a, beg, mid);
mergeSort(a, mid + 1, end);
merge(a, beg, mid, end);
}
}

void printArray(int a[], int n)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        System.out.print(a[i] + " ");
}

public static void main(String args[])
{
    int a[] = { 11, 30, 24, 7, 31, 16, 39, 41 };
    int n = a.length;
    MergeSort m1 = new MergeSort();
    System.out.println("\nBefore sorting array elements are - ");
    m1.printArray(a, n);
    m1.mergeSort(a, 0, n - 1);
    System.out.println("\nAfter sorting array elements are - ");
    m1.printArray(a, n);
    System.out.println("");
}
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac MergeSort.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java MergeSort
```

```
Before sorting array elements are -
```

```
11 30 24 7 31 16 39 41
```

```
After sorting array elements are -
```

```
7 11 16 24 30 31 39 41
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>
```

4.1) Write a Java program to display the details of a person. Personal details should be given in one method and the qualification details in another method.

Aim: Write a Java program to display the details of a person. Personal details should be given in one method and the qualification details in another method.


Program:

```
class Details
```

```
{  
  
    void details()  
    {  
        String name="Nikhil";  
        int age=19;  
        String gender="Male";  
        System.out.println("Name of the person:"+name);  
        System.out.println("Age of the person:"+age);  
        System.out.println("Gender of the person:"+gender);  
    }  
    void qualification()  
    {  
        String quali="Diploma";  
        System.out.println("Qualification of the person:"+quali);  
    }  
}  
  
class Show  
{  
  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        Details d=new Details();  
    }  
}
```

```
        d.details();  
        d.qualification();  
    }  
}
```

Output:



```
D:\21A95A0503>javac Show.java  
  
D:\21A95A0503>java Show  
Name of the person:Nikhil  
Age of the person:19  
Gender of the person:Male  
Qualification of the person:Diploma
```

4.2) Write a Java program to implement constructor and constructor overloading

Aim: Write a Java program to implement constructor and constructor overloading

Program:**Constructor:**

```
class Company
```

```
{
```

```
    String name;
```

```
    Company()
```

```
{
```

```
        name = "Infosys";
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class Main
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
{
```

```
        Company obj = new Company();
```

```
        System.out.println("Company name = " + obj.name);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac Main.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java Main
```

```
Company name = Infosys
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>
```

Constructor Overloading:

```
class Box
{
    int width,height,depth;
    Box()
    {
        width=10;
        height=20;
        depth=30;
    }
    Box(int w,int h,int d)
    {
        width=w;
        height=h;
        depth=d;
    }
    Box(int x)
    {
        width=x;
        height=x;
        depth=x;
    }
    void volume()
    {
        System.out.println(width*height*depth);
    }
}

class DisCon
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
    }
```



```
{  
    Box b1=new Box();  
    Box b2=new Box(2,5,19);  
    Box b3=new Box(27);  
    b1.volume();  
    b2.volume();  
    b3.volume();  
}  
}
```

Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac DisCon.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java DisCon
```

```
6000
```

```
190
```

```
19683
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>
```

4.3) Write a Java program to implement method overloading.

Aim: Write a Java program to implement method overloading.

Program:

```
class MethodOverloading
{

    private static void display(int a)
    {
        System.out.println("Got Integer data.");
    }

    private static void display(String a)
    {
        System.out.println("Got String object.");
    }

    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        display(1);
        display("Hello");
    }
}
```


Output:

```
D:\21A95A0503>javac MethodOverloading.java
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>java MethodOverloading
```

```
Got Integer data.
```

```
Got String object.
```

```
D:\21A95A0503>
```

ADITYA
ENLIGHTENS THE NESCIENCE