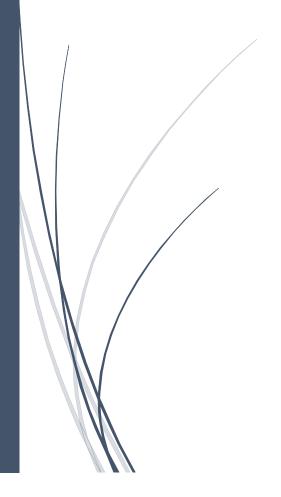
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9/9/2023

Python Practical File

Full Time Diploma in Computer Engineering 5th Semester



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	15	_	nent(base, exp) that returns an int value of base	
,	16	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

17	Write a program to create function func1() to accept a variable length of arguments and print their value.	
	Note: Create a function in such a way that we can pass any number of arguments to this function, and the function should process them and display each argument's value.	
18	Write a program to create function calculation() such that it can accept two variables and calculate addition and subtraction. Also, it must return both addition and subtraction in a single return call	
19	Write a program to create a function show_employee() using the following conditions.	
	It should accept the employee's name and salary and display both.	
	• If the salary is missing in the function call then assign default value 9000 to salary	
20	Create an inner function to calculate the addition in the following way	
	Create an outer function that will accept two parameters, a and b	
	Create an inner function inside an outer function that will calculate the addition of a and b	
	At last, an outer function will add 5 into addition and return it	
21	Write a program to create a recursive function to calculate the sum of numbers from 0 to 10.	
22	Assign a different name to function and call it through the new name	
	Below is the function display_student(name, age). Assign a new name show_tudent(name, age) to it and call it using the new name.	

23	Generate a Python list of all the even numbers between 4 to 30	
24	Find the largest item from a given list	
25	Write a program that defines a function count_lower_upper() that accepts a string and calculates the number of uppercase and lowercase alphabets in it. It should return these values as a dictionary. Call this function for some sample strings.	
26	Write a program that defines a function compute() that calculates the value of $n + nn + nnn + nnnn$, where n is digit received by the function. Test the function for digits 4 and 7.	
27	Write a program that defines a function create_array() to create and return a 3D array whose dimensions are passed to the function. Also initialize each element of this array to a value passed to the function.	
28	Write a program that defines a function create_list() to create and return a list which is an intersection of two lists passed to it.	
29	Write a program that defines a function sanitize_list() to remove all duplicate entries from the list that it receives	
30	Write a program to receive three integers from keyboard and get their sum and product calculated through a user-defined function cal_sum_prod().	
31	Pangram is a sentence that uses every letter of the alphabet. Write a program that checks whether a given string is pangram or not, through a user-defined function ispangram().	
32	Write a Python program that accepts a hyphen-separated sequence of words as input and calls a function convert() which converts it into a hyphen-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically.	
	For example, if the input string is here-come-the-dots-followed-by-dashes Then, the output must be: by-come-dashes-dots-followed-here-the	

33	Write a python function to create and return a list containing tuples of the form (x, x2, x3) for all x between 1 and 20 (both included).		
34	Write a program that defines a function ispalindrome() which checks whether a given string is a palindrome or not. Ignore spaces and case mismatch while checking for palindrome.		
35	Write a program that defines a function convert() that receives a string containing a sequence of whitespace separated words and returns a string after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.		
36	Write a program that defines a function convert() that receives a string containing a sequence of whitespace separated words and returns a string after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.		
37	Write a program that defines a function convert() that receives a string containing a sequence of whitespace separated words and returns a string after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.		
38	Write a program that defines two functions called create_sent1() and create_sent2(). Both receive following 3 lists: subjects = ['He','She'] verb = ['loves','hates'] objects = ['TV Serials','Netflix'] Both functions should form sentences by picking elements from the lists and returns them. Use for loops in create_sent1() and list comprehension in create sent2()		
39	Perform the following operations on a list of names. - Create a list of 5 names - 'Anil','Amol','Aditya','Avi','Alka' - Insert a name 'Anuj' before 'Aditya' - Append a name 'Zulu' - Delete 'Avi' from the list - Replace 'Anil' with 'AnilKumar' - Sort all the names in the list - Print reversed sorted list		

40	Perform the following operations on a list of numbers.	
	- Create a list of 5 odd numbers	
	- Create a list of 5 even numbers	
	- Combine the two lists	
	– Add prime numbers 11,17,29 at the beginning of the combined list	
	- Report how many elements are present in the list	
	- Replace last 3 numbers in the list with 100, 200, 300	
	– Delete all the numbers in the list	
	– Delete the list	
41	Write a program to implement a Stack data structure. Stack is a Last In First	
	Out (LIFO) list, in which addition and deletion takes place at the same end.	
42	Write a program to implement a Queue data structure. Queue is a First In	
	First Out (FIFO) list, in which addition takes place at the rear end of the	
	queue and deletion takes place at the front end of the queue.	
43	Write a program to generate and store in a list 20 random numbers in the	
	range 10 to 100. From this list delete all those entries which have value	
	between 20 and 50. Print the remaining list.	
44	Write a program to add two 3x4 matrices.	
45	Pass a tuple to divmod() function and obtain the quotient and the remainder.	
46	Write a Python program to perform the following operations:	
	Pack first 10 multiples of 10 into a tuple	
	- Unpack the tuple into 10 variables, each holding 1 value	
	- Unpack the tuple such that first values gets stored in variable x, last value	
	in y and all values in between into disposable variables	
	— Unpack the tuple such that first values gets stored in variable i, last value	
	in j and all values in between into disposable variables	
47	A list contains names of boys and girls as its elements. Boys' names are	
	stored as tuples. Write a Python program to find out number of boys and girls	
	in the list.	
48	A list contains tuples containing roll number, names and age of student. Write	
	a Python Program to gather all the names from this list into another list.	

49	Given the following tuple	
	('F','l','a','b','e','r','g','a','s','t','e','d')	
	Write a Python program to carry out the following operations:	
	- Add an! at the end of the tuple	
	- Convert a tuple to a string	
	- Extract ('b', 'b') from the tuple	
	- Find out number of occurrences of 'e' in the tuple	
	- Check whether 'r' exists in the tuple	
	- Convert the tuple to a list	
	- Delete characters 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r' from the tuple	
50	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$a = \{10,20,30,40,50,60,70\}$	
	$b = \{33,44,51,10,20,50,30,33\}$	
	print(a b)	
	print(a & b)	
	print(a - b)	
	print(b-a)	
	print(a ^ b)	
	$print(a \ge b)$	
	$print(a \le b)$	
51	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$a = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$	
	$b = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$	
	$c = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$	
	$d = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$	
	$e = \{3,4,1,0,2,5,8,9\}$	
	a = e	
	print(a)	
	b &= e	
	print(b)	
	c -=e	
	print(c)	
	d = e	
52	print(d) White a present to community the fellowing appreciant on the given set	
32	Write a program to carry out the following operations on the given set	
	$s = \{10, 2, -3, 4, 5, 88\}$ - number of items in set s	
	- number of items in set s - maximum element in set s	
	– minimum element in set s	
	- sum of all elements in set s	
	Sum of an elements in set s	

	- obtain a new sorted set from s, set s remaining unchanged	
	- report whether 100 is an element of set s	
	*	
52	- report whether -3 is an element of set s	
53	What will be the output of the following program?	
	1 = [10,20,30,40,50]	
	t = (`Sundeep', 25, 79.58)	
	s = 'set theory'	
	s1 = set(1)	
	s2 = set(t)	
	s3 = set(s)	
	print(s1)	
	print(s2)	
	print(s3)	
54	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$s = \{1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 4\}$	
	s.discard(10)	
	s.remove(10)	
	print(s)	
55	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$s1 = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50)\}$	
	s2 = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)	
	print(id(s1), id(s2))	
56	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$s1=\{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\}$	
	$s2 = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\}$	
	s3 = (*s1, *s2)	
57	What will be the output of the following program?	
	s= set('KanLabs')	
	t= s[:-1]	
	print(t)	
58	What will be the output of the following program?	
	$num = \{10, 20, \{30, 40\}, 50\}$	
	print(num)	
59	What will be the output of the following program?	
	s=(Tiger', 'Lion', 'Jackal')	
	, c	
	del(s)	
60	print(s) What will be the output of the following and grows?	
60	What will be the output of the following program?	
	fruits = ('Kiwi, 'Jack Fruit', 'Lichi')	

	fruits.clear() print(fruits)	
61	What will be the output of the following program? $s = \{10, 25, 4, 12, 3, 8\}$ $s = sorted(s)$	
62	print(s) What will be the output of the following program? s = {} t = {1,4,5,2,3} print(type(s), type(t))	
63	print(type(s), type(t)) A set contains names which begin either with A or with B. write a program to separate out the names into two sets, one containing names beginning with A and another containing names beginning with B.	
64	Create an empty set. Write a program that adds five new names to this set, modifies one existing name and deletes two names existing in it.	
65	Write a program to create a set containing 10 randomly generated numbers in the range 15 to 45. Count how many of these numbers are less than 30. Delete all numbers which are greater than 35.	
66	What will be the output of the following program? s = {'Mango', 'Banana', 'Guava', 'Kiwi'} s.clear() print(s) del(s) print(s)	

Calculate the multiplication and sum of two numbers

Code

```
num1 = int(input("Enter num1: "))
num2= int(input("Enter num2: "))

mul = num1*num2
if mul <= 1000:
    print(num1, " * ", num2, " = ", mul)
else:
    print(num1, " + ", num2, " = ", num1+num2)</pre>
```

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.11.4 (tags/v3.11.4:d2340ef, Jun 7 2023, 05:45:37) [MSC v.1934 64 bit ( AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex1_multiplication_and_su m_two_numbers.py
Enter num1: 80
Enter num2: 12
80 * 12 = 960

>>> = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex1_multiplication_and_su m_two_numbers.py
Enter num1: 90
Enter num2: 70
90 + 70 = 160
```

Print the sum of the current number and the previous number

Code:

```
prev_num = 0
rangelen = range(10)
currentnum=0
for i in rangelen:
    currentnum = prev_num + i
    print("Previous number is ", prev_num, " currentnum is ", currentnum)
    prev_num = currentnum
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex2_print_sum_of_current_num_and_prev_num.py
Previous number is 0 currentnum is 0
Previous number is 0 currentnum is 1
Previous number is 1 currentnum is 3
Previous number is 3 currentnum is 6
Previous number is 6 currentnum is 10
Previous number is 10 currentnum is 15
Previous number is 15 currentnum is 21
Previous number is 21 currentnum is 28
Previous number is 28 currentnum is 36
Previous number is 36 currentnum is 45
>>>
```

Print characters from a string that are present at an even index number

Code:

```
user_string = input("Enter string: ")
length = len(user_string)
range_len = range(0,length,2)
for i in range_len:
    print(user_string[i])
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex3_print_chars_from_stri
ng_at_even_index_num.py
Enter string: ABHISHEK
A
H
S
E
```

Remove first n characters from a string

Code:

```
user_string = input("Enter string: ")
num_of_chars = int(input("Enter number of characters to remove from beginning:
"))
new_string = user_string[num_of_chars:-1]
print("Your string after removing first ", num_of_chars, " is: ", new_string)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex4_remove_first_n_chars_from_string.py
Enter string: Hello, Python! I am a Developer.
Enter number of characters to remove from beginning: 10
Your string after removing first 10 is: hon! I am a Developer
```

Check if the first and last number of a list is the same

Code:

```
num = int(input("Enter number of elements to add in list: "))
rangeLen = range(num)
user_list = []
for i in rangeLen:
    print("Enter element no.", i+1, " : ", end="")
    user_num = int(input())
    user_list.append(user_num)
if user_list[0] == user_list[-1]:
    print("First and last numbers are same.")
else:
    print("First and last numbers are not same.")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex5 check first and last
num of list same.py
Enter number of elements to add in list: 5
Enter element no. 1 : 32
Enter element no. 2
Enter element no. 3 : 67
Enter element no. 4 : 12
Enter element no. 5 : 14
First and last numbers are not same.
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex5 check first and last
num of list same.py
Enter number of elements to add in list: 5
Enter element no. 1 : 32
Enter element no. 2 : 45
Enter element no. 3 : 67
Enter element no. 4 : 12
Enter element no. 5 : 32
First and last numbers are same.
```

Practiaal 6

Display numbers divisible by 5 from a list

Code:

```
user_list = []
length = int(input("Enter number of elements to be entered in list: "))
rangeLen = range(length)
for i in rangeLen:
    print("Enter element no.", i, " : ", end="")
    num = int(input())
    user_list.append(num)

for i in user_list:
    if i%5==0:
        print(i," is divisible by 5.")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex6_display_nums_divisibl
e_by_5_from_list.py
Enter number of elements to be entered in list: 5
Enter element no. 0 : 123
Enter element no. 1 : 145
Enter element no. 2 : 23670
Enter element no. 3 : 234
Enter element no. 4 : 5675
145 is divisible by 5.
23670 is divisible by 5.
5675 is divisible by 5.
```

Return the count of a given substring from a string

Code:

string_to_examin = "Hello, World! I am a Python Developer. I am a freelancer. Also work on web development. Hello, Development"

```
to_find_string = "Hello"
```

print(to_find_string, " occured ", string_to_examin.count(to_find_string), " times
in ", string to examin)

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex7_return_count_of_give_
substring_from_string.py
Hello occured 2 times in Hello, World! I am a Python Developer. I am a freel
ancer. Also work on web development. Hello, Development
```

```
Print the following pattern
```

```
1
2 2
3 3 3
4 4 4 4
5 5 5 5 5
```

Code:

```
num= int(input("Enter number for triangle: "))
heightRangeLen = range(num)
for i in heightRangeLen:
    lengthRangelen = range(i+1)
    for j in lengthRangelen:
        print(i+1, end=" ")
    print()
```

```
=== RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex8_print_pattern.py ==
Enter number for triangle: 5
1
2 2
3 3 3
4 4 4 4
5 5 5 5 5
```

Check Palindrome Number

Code:

```
user_num = input("Enter number: ")

if user_num == user_num[::-1]:
    print(user_num, " is a palindrome number.")

else:
    print(user_num," is not a palindrome number.")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex9_check_palindrome_num.
py
Enter number: 12521
12521 is a palindrome number.

= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex9_check_palindrome_num.
py
Enter number: 12345
12345 is not a palindrome number.
```

Create a new list from a two list using the following condition

• new list should contain odd numbers from the first list and even numbers from the second list.

Code:

```
list1= [23,44,567,67,88,987]
list2 = [24, 45, 89, 90, 33]
new_list = []
for i in list1:
    if i%2==1:
        new_list.append(i)

for i in list2:
    if i%2==0:
        new_list.append(i)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex10_merge_2_list_odd_fro m_first_even_from_second.py
New list is: [23, 567, 67, 987, 24, 90]
```

Write a Program to extract each digit from an integer in the reverse order.

Code:

```
num = int(input("Enter integer: "))
new_num=0
store_orginal_num = num
while num>0:
    new_num = new_num*10 + num%10
    num = num // 10
print("Digits of ", store_orginal_num, " extracted in reverse order is: ", new_num)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex11_extract_digit_from_i
nt_in_reverse_order.py
Enter integer: 12345
Digits of 12345 extracted in reverse order is: 54321
```

Calculate income tax for the given income by adhering to the below rules

Taxable Income	Rate (in %)
First \$10,000	0
Next \$10,000	10
The remaining	20

Code:

Taxable income

** ** **

```
10,000 0

next 10,000 10

remaining 20

"""

income_tax = 0

your_income = float(input("Your income is $ "))

income_division = []

if your_income<10000:

    income_tax=0

elif your_income < 20000:
    income_division.append(10000)

    income_division.append(your_income-10000)
```

Rate

```
else:
    income_division.append(10000)
    income_division.append(10000)
    income_division.append(your_income-20000)

length = len(income_division)

rangeLen = range(length)

for i in rangeLen:
    if i == 1:
        income_tax += income_division[i]*0.1
    elif i > 1:
        income_tax += income_division[i]*0.2

print("Your income tax is: $", income_tax, "/-")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex12_calculate_income_tax
.py
Your income is $ 50000000
Your income tax is: $ 9997000.0 /-
```

Print multiplication table form 1 to 10

Code:

```
table_of = range(1,11)
table_numbers = range(1,11)
for i in table_of:
  print("Table of ", i)
  for j in table_numbers:
    print(i, " x ", j, " = ", i*j)
  print()
```

```
Table of 3
     1 =
           3
  х
3
     2
  х
3
     3 =
           9
  Х
3
           12
  Х
     4
3
     5
       =
           15
  Х
3
     6 =
           18
  Х
     7 =
3
           21
  Х
3 x 8
        = 24
     9
3 x
       = 27
3 \times 10 = 30
Table of
     1
  Х
     2
       =
          8
4
  х
4
  х
     3
       =
           12
     4 =
4
           16
  Х
     5 =
4
           20
  Х
     6 =
          24
4
  х
4
  Х
     7
       =
           28
4
     8 = 32
  Х
4 \times 9 = 36
4 \times 10 = 40
Table of 5
5 x
     1
       =
           5
5
     2
           10
  х
5
     3
       =
           15
  Х
5
     4 =
           20
  Х
     5 =
5
  Х
           25
5
  x 6 =
           30
5
  x 7 = 35
5
  x 8 = 40
5
     9 = 45
  х
5
     10 = 50
```

```
Table of 6
     1
       = 6
  х
     2
6
  х
       = 12
     3
       =
6
  Х
          18
6
     4 =
           24
  Х
6 \times 5 =
          30
6
  Х
     6 =
           36
    7 =
6
          42
  Х
6 x
     8 = 48
     9 = 54
6 x
6
     10 =
           60
  х
Table of
        7
7 x
    1 = 7
     2 =
  Х
          14
     3 =
           21
  х
7
  х
     4 =
          28
7
  х
     5 =
           35
7
    6
      =
  Х
           42
7
     7 =
           49
  х
7
  x 8 = 56
7 \times 9 =
           63
7 \times 10 = 70
Table of
        8
     1
       = 8
8
  Х
  х
     2
          16
8
     3 =
          24
  Х
8
  х
     4 =
           32
8
    5 =
  Х
          40
8
    6 = 48
  х
8
     7 = 56
  х
8
    8 =
  х
           64
8
  x 9 = 72
8
  x 10 = 80
```

```
Table of 9
  х
     1 = 9
9
  х
     2 =
          18
9
     3
          27
  х
       =
9
    4 =
          36
  Х
9
    5 =
  Х
          45
9
    6 = 54
  х
9
     7
  х
          63
9
     8 =
          72
  х
9
  x 9 =
          81
9
    10 = 90
  х
Table of
        10
     1
        =
           10
10 x
      2
           20
10
   х
     3
10
   Х
           30
10 x
     4
           40
     5
           50
10
   Х
        =
10 x
     6
           60
     7 =
10 x
           70
10 x
     8 = 80
      9 = 90
10 x
10 \times 10 = 100
```

Print downward Half-Pyramid Pattern with Star (asterisk)

```
* * * * * *

* * * *

* * *

* *
```

Code:

```
length_of_triangle_height = int(input("Enter height of triangle: "))
order_of_height = range(length_of_triangle_height,0,-1)
for i in order_of_height:
    elements_range = range(i)
    for j in elements_range:
        print("*",end=" ")
    print()
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex14_half_pyramid_inverte
d.py
Enter height of triangle: 5
* * * * *
* * *
* * *
* *
```

Write a function called exponent(base, exp) that returns an int value of base raises to the power of exp.

Code:

```
def exponent(base, exp):
    return base ** exp
base = float(input("base= "))
exp = float(input("exponent= "))
print(base, " ^ ", exp, " = ", exponent(base, exp))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\lab\ex15_exponent_function.py
base= 4
exponent= 5
4.0 ^ 5.0 = 1024.0
```

Write a program to create a function that takes two arguments, name and age, and print their value.

Code:

```
def function(name, age):
    print("name is: ", name)
    print("age is: ", age)

function("John","20")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Use
ate_function.py
name is: John
age is: 20
```

Write a program to create function func1() to accept a variable length of arguments and print their value.

Note: Create a function in such a way that we can pass any number of arguments to this function, and the function should process them and display each argument's value.

Code:

```
def func1(*args):
    print("sum",args, " is: ", sum(args))

func1(20,30,40)

func1(10,30,50,60,100)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\D
iabl_number_args.py
sum (20, 30, 40) is: 90
sum (10, 30, 50, 60, 100) is: 250
```

Write a program to create function calculation() such that it can accept two variables and calculate addition and subtraction. Also, it must return both addition and subtraction in a single return call

Code:

```
def calculation(num1,num2):
    return num1+num2, num1-num2

x = float(input("x = "))
y = float(input("y = "))
result = calculation(x,y)
print("x + y = ", result[0])
print("x - y = ", result[1])
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\Or
urn_multiple_values.py
x = 17866437423
y = 28520759751
x + y = 46387197174.0
x - y = -10654322328.0
```

Write a program to create a function show_employee() using the following conditions.

- It should accept the employee's name and salary and display both.
- If the salary is missing in the function call then assign default value 9000 to salary

Code:

```
def show_employee(name, salary=9000):
    print("Employee name: ", name)
    print("Employee salary: ", salary)

name = input("Enter name: ")

salary = int(input("Enter salary: "))

print("\nPassing name only:-")

show_employee(name)

print("\nPassing name and salary")

show_employee(name, salary)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\Or
ault_arg.py
Enter name: Rohan
Enter salary: 4000
Passing name only:-
Employee name: Rohan
Employee salary: 9000
Passing name and salary
Employee name: Rohan
Employee salary: 4000
```

Create an inner function to calculate the addition in the following way

- Create an outer function that will accept two parameters, a and b
- Create an inner function inside an outer function that will calculate the addition of a and b
- At last, an outer function will add 5 into addition and return it

Code:

```
def calculation(a,b):
    result = 0
    def addition():
        return a+b
    result += addition()
    result += 5
    return result
print(calculation(3,5))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\U
er_function.py
13
```

Write a program to create a recursive function to calculate the sum of numbers from 0 to 10.

Code:

```
def sumNumbers(n):
    if n==0:
       return 0
    else:
       return n+sumNumbers(n-1)
print(sumNumbers(10))
```

```
= RESTART: C:
ursive.py
55
```

Assign a different name to function and call it through the new name

Below is the function display_student(name, age). Assign a new name show_tudent(name, age) to it and call it using the new name.

Code:

```
def display_student(name, age):
    print("Student name is: ", name)
    print("Student age is: ", age)

show_student = display_student
show_student("Rohan",18)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\
_name_to_func.py
Student name is: Rohan
Student age is: 18
```

<u>Practical – 23</u>

Generate a Python list of all the even numbers between 4 to 30

Code:

```
def even_numbers_4_to_30():
    return list(range(4,30,2))

print("List is: ", even_numbers_4_to_30())
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab
n_nos_bw_4_and_30.py
List is: [4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28]
```

Find the largest item from a given list

Code:

```
myList = [4,6,5,8,80,90,10,3,2]
print("Largest item in the list: ", max(myList))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDri
gest_of_list.py
Largest item in the list: 90
```

Practical-25

Write a program that defines a function count_lower_upper() that accepts a string and calculates the number of uppercase and lowercase alphabets in it. It should return these values as a dictionary. Call this function for some sample strings.

```
def count_lower_upper(userstring):
  record = {"lower":0, "upper":0}
  characterRange = list(range(65,91)) + list(range(97,123))
  for i in userstring:
    if ord(i) in characterRange:
       if i.islower():
          record["lower"]+=1
       elif i.isupper():
          record["upper"]+=1
  return record
while True:
  user = input("Enter String: ")
  print(count_lower_upper(user))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\I
ingLowerandUpper.py
Enter String: 123#thesunofthewest
{'lower': 15, 'upper': 0}
Enter String: He110
{'lower': 1, 'upper': 1}
Enter String: •
```

Write a program that defines a function compute() that calculates the value of n + nn + nnn + nnnn, where n is digit received by the function. Test the function for digits 4 and 7.

Code:

```
def compute(n):
    return n * (1+11+111+1111)

print(compute(4))

print(compute(7))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Use
te_function.py
4936
8638
```

Write a program that defines a function create_array() to create and return a 3D array whose dimensions are passed to the function. Also initialize each element of this array to a value passed to the function.

```
def create_array(dims,values):
  1=0
  array = []
  if len(values)==dims[0]*dims[1]*dims[2]:
    for i in range(dims[0]):
       subarray=[]
       for j in range(dims[1]):
         subsubarray=[]
         for k in range(dims[2]):
            subsubarray.append(values[1])
            1+=1
         subarray.append(subsubarray)
       array.append(subarray)
  return array
```

```
aList = []
for i in range(3*8*3):
    aList.append(i)
print(create_array((3,8,3), aList))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Py
thon\lab\1_09_2023\q3_create_3d_array_and_initialize_
and_return.py
[[[0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], [9, 10, 11], [12,
13, 14], [15, 16, 17], [18, 19, 20], [21, 22, 23]], [
[24, 25, 26], [27, 28, 29], [30, 31, 32], [33, 34, 35], [36, 37, 38], [39, 40, 41], [42, 43, 44], [45, 46,
47]], [[48, 49, 50], [51, 52, 53], [54, 55, 56], [57,
58, 59], [60, 61, 62], [63, 64, 65], [66, 67, 68],
[69, 70, 71]]]
```

Write a program that defines a function create_list() to create and return a list which is an intersection of two lists passed to it.

Code:

```
def create_array(list1,list2):
    list3=[]
    for i in list1:
        if i in list2:
            list3.append(i)
        return list3
print(create_array([3, 2, 5, 2, 8, 8, 8, 7, 4, 2],[8, 1, 7, 7, 1, 8, 5, 4, 2, 6]))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive
thon\lab\1_09_2023\q4_create_ret_]
_two_lists.py
[2, 5, 2, 8, 8, 8, 7, 4, 2]
```

Write a program that defines a function sanitize_list() to remove all duplicate entries from the list that it receives.

Code:

```
def sanitize_list(givenList):
    newList = []
    for i in set(givenList):
        newList.append(i)
    return newList
print(sanitize_list([8, 8, 6, 4, 1, 6, 1, 5, 8, 5]))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\ud
ython\lab\1_09_2023\q5
[1, 4, 5, 6, 8]
```

Write a program to receive three integers from keyboard and get their sum and product calculated through a user-defined function cal_sum_prod().

Code:

```
def cal_sum_prod(num1,num2,num3):
    return num1+num2+num3, num1*num2*num3

n1 = int(input("Enter first integer: "))
n2 = int(input("Enter second integer: "))
n3 = int(input("Enter third integer: "))
result = cal_sum_prod(n1,n2,n3)

print("Sum is: ", result[0])
print("Product is: ", result[1])
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDri
_int_sum_prod_from_function.py
Enter first integer: 5
Enter second integer: 2
Enter third integer: 5
Sum is: 12
Product is: 50
```

Pangram is a sentence that uses every letter of the alphabet. Write a program that checks whether a given string is pangram or not, through a user-defined function ispangram().

```
def ispangram(sentence):
    alphabets = [chr(i) for i in range(65,91)] + [chr(i) for i in range(97,123)] #list of
all alphabets lowercase and uppercase
    for i in set(sentence):
        if i not in alphabets:
            return False
        return True

statement = input("Enter statment to check for pangram: ")

if ispangram(statement):
        print("It is a pangram.")

else:
        print("It is not a pangram.")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\P_
_sentence_for_pangram_of_alphabets.py
Enter statment to check for pangram: Hello
It is a pangram.
>>>
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\P_
_sentence_for_pangram_of_alphabets.py
Enter statment to check for pangram: Hello, World!
It is not a pangram.
```

Write a Python program that accepts a hyphen-separated sequence of words as input and calls a function convert() which converts it into a hyphen-separated sequence after sorting them alphabetically. For example, if the input string is

here-come-the-dots-followed-by-dashes

Then, the output must be:

by-come-dashes-dots-followed-here-the

Code:

```
def convert(sentence):
    return "-".join(sorted(sentence.split("-")))
user_input = input("Enter string: ")
print(convert(user_input))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\P:
hypen_separated.py
Enter string: here-come-the-dots-followed-by-dashes
by-come-dashes-dots-followed-here-the
```

Write a python function to create and return a list containing tuples of the form (x, x2, x3) for all x between 1 and 20 (both included).

Code:

```
def x_square_cube():
    returnList = []
    for x in range(1,21):
        returnList.append((x,x**2,x**3))

    return returnList

print(x_square_cube())
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\8_09_2023\p4_retur
n_list_of_tuple_of_x_square_cube.py
[(1, 1, 1), (2, 4, 8), (3, 9, 27), (4, 16, 64), (5, 25, 125), (6, 36, 216), (7,
49, 343), (8, 64, 512), (9, 81, 729), (10, 100, 1000), (11, 121, 1331), (12, 144
, 1728), (13, 169, 2197), (14, 196, 2744), (15, 225, 3375), (16, 256, 4096), (17
, 289, 4913), (18, 324, 5832), (19, 361, 6859), (20, 400, 8000)]
```

Write a program that defines a function ispalindrome() which checks whether a given string is a palindrome or not. Ignore spaces and case mismatch while checking for palindrome.

```
def ispalindrome(arg_string):
    arg_string = arg_string.replace(" ","").lower()
    if arg_string == arg_string[::-1]:
        return True
    return False
user_string = input("Enter string: ")
print("Palindrome condition: ",ispalindrome(user_string))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Coli
    indrome.py
    Enter string: Ni tin
    Palindrome condition: True
>>>
    = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Coli
    indrome.py
    Enter string: Malayalam
    Palindrome condition: True
>>>
    = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Coli
    indrome.py
    Enter string: Murder for a jar of red rum
    Palindrome condition: True
    = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Coli
    indrome.py
    Enter string: Rats live on no evil star
    Palindrome condition: True
>>>
    = RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Coli
    indrome.py
    Enter string: Python
    Palindrome condition: False
>>>
```

Write a program that defines a function convert() that receives a string containing a sequence of whitespace separated words and returns a string after removing all duplicate words and sorting them alphanumerically.

```
def convert(arg_string):
    x = sorted(set(arg_string.split(" ")))
    return " ".join(x)

sentence = input("Enter string: ")
print(convert(sentence))

Output:

= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\8_09_2023\p6_strin g_remove_space_duplicate_sort.py
Enter string: Sakhi was a singer because her mother was a singer, and Sakhi's mother was a singer because her father was a singer.
Sakhi Sakhi's a and because father her mother singer singer, singer. was
```

Write a program that defines a function count_alphabets_digits() that accepts a string and calculates the number of alphabets and digits in it. It should return these values as a dictionary. Call this function for some sample strings.

```
def count_alphabets_digits(userstring):
  record = {"alphabets":0, "digits":0}
  characterRange = list(range(65,91)) + list(range(97,123)) + list(range(48,58))
  for i in userstring:
    if ord(i) in characterRange:
       if i.isalpha():
          record["alphabets"]+=1
       elif i.isdigit():
          record["digits"]+=1
  return record
while True:
  user = input("Enter String: ")
  print(count_alphabets_digits(user))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Donatorial
_alphas_and_digits.py
Enter String: Hello, World!
{'alphabets': 5, 'digits': 5}
Enter String:
```

Write a program that defines a function called frequency() which computes the frequency of words present in a string passed on it. The frequencies should be returned in sorted order by words in the string.

Code:

```
def frequency(arg_string):
    returnDict = {}
    arg_string = arg_string.split(" ")
    for i in set(arg_string):
        returnDict[i] = 0
    for i in arg_string:
        returnDict[i] +=1
    return returnDict
    user_string = input("Enter string: ")
    print(frequency(user_string))
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\8_09_2023\p8_frequency_of_word.py
Enter string: It is true for all that that that that that refers to is not the same that that that that refers to
{'It': 1, 'for': 1, 'the': 1, 'to': 2, 'refers': 2, 'is': 2, 'that': 10, 'not': 1, 'true': 1, 'all': 1, 'same': 1}
```

Write a program that defines two functions called create_sent1() and create_sent2().

```
Both receive following 3 lists:

subjects = ['He','She']

verb = ['loves','hates']

objects = ['TV Serials','Netflix']
```

Both functions should form sentences by picking elements from the lists and returns them. Use for loops in create_sent1() and list comprehension in create_sent2().

```
def create_sent1(sub,verb,obj):
    # using for loop
    sentences = []
    for i in sub:
        for j in verb:
            for k in obj:
                  sentences.append(" ".join((i,j,k)))
        return sentences

def create_sent2(sub,verb,obj):
```

```
# Using list comprehension
  return [" ".join((i,j,k)) for i in sub for j in verb for k in obj]
subject = ['He','She']
verb = ['loves', 'hates']
obj = ['TV Serial','Netflix']
print("Using create_sent1() function which uses for loop:")
for i in create_sent1(subject,verb,obj):
  print(i)
print("\nUsing create_sent2() function which uses list comprehension:")
for i in create_sent2(subject,verb,obj):
  print(i)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\8 09 2023\p9 sente
   nce creation.py
   Using create sent1() function which uses for loop:
   He loves TV Serial
   He loves Netflix
   He hates TV Serial
   He hates Netflix
   She loves TV Serial
   She loves Netflix
    She hates TV Serial
   She hates Netflix
   Using create sent2() function which uses list comprehension:
   He loves TV Serial
   He loves Netflix
   He hates TV Serial
   He hates Netflix
   She loves TV Serial
   She loves Netflix
   She hates TV Serial
   She hates Netflix
>>>
```

Perform the following operations on a list of names.

- Create a list of 5 names –'Anil','Amol','Aditya','Avi','Alka'
- Insert a name 'Anuj' before 'Aditya'
- Append a name 'Zulu'
- Delete 'Avi' from the list
- Replace 'Anil' with 'AnilKumar'
- Sort all the names in the list
- Print reversed sorted list

```
#initializing the list

namelist=['Anil','Amol','Aditya','Avi','Alka']

#inserting Anuj before Aditya in list.

namelist.insert(namelist.index('Aditya'),'Anuj')

print("Name list after inserting 'Anuj' before 'Aditya': ", namelist)

# Appeding name Zulu to the list

namelist.append('Zulu')

print("Name list after appending name 'Zulu' to list: ", namelist)
```

```
# removing Avi from the list
namelist.remove('Avi')
print("Name list after removing 'Avi' from the list: ", namelist)
# replacing Anil with AnilKumar
namelist[namelist.index('Anil')]='AnilKumar'
print("Name list after replacing 'Anil' with 'AnilKumar' in the list: ", namelist)
# Sorting the list
namelist.sort()
print("Name list after names in the list: ", namelist)
# reversing the list
namelist.reverse()
print("Name list after reversing the order of names in the list: ", namelist)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2023\q1_oper
ation_on_names_list.py •
Name list after inserting 'Anuj' before 'Aditya' : ['Anil', 'Amol', 'Anuj', 'Ad
itya', 'Avi', 'Alka']
Name list after appending name 'Zulu' to list: ['Anil', 'Amol', 'Anuj', 'Aditya
', 'Avi', 'Alka', 'Zulu']
Name list after removing 'Avi' from the list: ['Anil', 'Amol', 'Anuj', 'Aditya'
, 'Alka', 'Zulu']
Name list after replacing 'Anil' with 'AnilKumar' in the list: ['AnilKumar', 'A
mol', 'Anuj', 'Aditya', 'Alka', 'Zulu']
Name list after names in the list: ['Aditya', 'Alka', 'Amol', 'AnilKumar', 'Anu
j', 'Zulu']
Name list after reversing the order of names in the list: ['Zulu', 'Anuj', 'Ani
lKumar', 'Amol', 'Alka', 'Aditya']
```

Perform the following operations on a list of numbers.

- Create a list of 5 odd numbers
- Create a list of 5 even numbers
- Combine the two lists
- Add prime numbers 11,17,29 at the beginning of the combined list
- Report how many elements are present in the list
- Replace last 3 numbers in the list with 100, 200, 300
- Delete all the numbers in the list
- Delete the list

```
odd_num_list = list(range(1,10,2)) # created list of 5 odd numbers
even_num_list = list(range(2,11,2)) # created list of 5 even numbers
combined_list = odd_num_list + even_num_list # combining both list
print("Combinded list: ", combined_list)
combined_list = [11,17,29] + combined_list
print("After adding prime number to the beginning of the list: ", combined_list)
print("Number of elements present in th e list = ", len(combined_list))
combined_list[-3:len(combined_list)] = [100,200,300]
print("list after replacing last 3 numbers with 100, 200, 300: ", combined_list)
del combined_list[0:]
```

```
print("list after deleting all numbers: ", combined_list)

del combined_list

print("List deleted!")
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2023\q2_oper ations_on_numbers_list.py
Combinded list: [1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
After adding prime number to the beginning of the list: [11, 17, 29, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
Number of elements present in the list = 13
list after replacing last 3 numbers with 100, 200, 300: [11, 17, 29, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 100, 200, 300]
list after deleting all numbers: []
List deleted!
```

Write a program to implement a Stack data structure. Stack is a Last In First Out (LIFO) list, in which addition and deletion takes place at the same end.

```
stack = []
def push(element):
  stack.append(element)
def poping():
  print("Popped: ",stack.pop())
while True:
  print("""\n\nOperations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: """, end=" ")
  option = input()
  if option=='1':
```

```
element = input("Enter element to push: ")
push(element)
elif option=='2':
    poping()
elif option=='3':
    print("Stack is: ", stack)
elif option.lower() == 'e':
    print("Program Terminated...")
    break
else:
    print("Invalid option!")
```

Push

```
Operations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: 1
Enter element to push: 1
Operations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: 1
Enter element to push: 2
Operations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: 1
Enter element to push: 3
```

Pop

```
Operations to be done on stack:

1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: 2
Popped: 3
```

Display (Traverse)

```
Operations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: 3
Stack is: ['1', '2']
```

Exit

```
Operations to be done on stack:
1. Push
2. Pop
3. Display stack
e. Exit
Enter: e
Program Terminated...
```

Write a program to implement a Queue data structure. Queue is a First In First Out (FIFO) list, in which addition takes place at the rear end of the queue and deletion takes place at the front end of the queue.

```
queue = []
def enqueue(element):
  queue.append(element)
def dequeue():
  global queue
  print("Dequeued element: ", queue[0])
  queue=queue[1:]
while True:
  print("""\n\nOperations to be done on queue:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
```

```
Enter: """, end=" ")
  option = input()
  if option=='1':
     element = input("Enter element to enqueue: ")
     enqueue(element)
  elif option=='2':
     dequeue()
  elif option=='3':
     print("queue is: ", queue)
  elif option.lower() == 'e':
     print("Program Terminated...")
     break
  else:
     print("Invalid option!")
```

Enqueue

```
Operations to be done on queue:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit•
Enter: 1
Enter element to enqueue: 1
Operations to be done on queue:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
Enter: 1
Enter element to enqueue: 2
Operations to be done on queue:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
Enter: 1
Enter element to enqueue: 3
```

Dequeue

```
Operations to be done on queue:

1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
Enter: 2
Dequeued element: 1
```

Display (Traverse)

```
Operations to be done on queue:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
Enter: 3
queue is: ['2', '3']
```

Exit

```
Operations to be done on queue:

1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display queue
e. Exit
Enter: e
Program Terminated...
```

Write a program to generate and store in a list 20 random numbers in the range 10 to 100. From this list delete all those entries which have value between 20 and 50. Print the remaining list.

Code:

```
import random
random_num_list = [random.randrange(10,101) for i in range(20)]
print("Random number list: ", random_num_list)
i=0
while i<len(random_num_list):
    if random_num_list[i]>=20 and random_num_list[i]<=50:
        del random_num_list[i]
    else:
        i+=1
print("List after removing elements between 20 and 50: ", random_num_list)</pre>
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2023\q5_rand om_list_remove_between_20_50.py
Random number list: [86, 23, 58, 57, 74, 73, 11, 34, 14, 93, 20, 46, 88, 56, 35, 92, 65, 44, 45, 42]
List after removing elements between 20 and 50: [86, 58, 57, 74, 73, 11, 14, 93, 88, 56, 92, 65]
```

Write a program to add two 3x4 matrices.

```
Code:
mat1=[[1,2,3,4],
   [5,6,7,8],
   [9,10,11,12]]
mat2=[[1,2,3,4],
   [5,6,7,8],
   [9,10,11,12]]
mat3 = [[0,0,0,0],
   [0,0,0,0]
   [0,0,0,0]
i,j=0,0
while i<3:
  while j<4:
     mat3[i][j] = mat1[i][j] + mat1[i][j]
    j+=1
  i+=1
  j=0
print("Sum is: ", mat3)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2023\q6_matr ix_addition.py
Sum is: [[2, 4, 6, 8], [10, 12, 14, 16], [18, 20, 22, 24]]
```

Pass a tuple to divmod() function and obtain the quotient and the remainder.

Write a Python program to perform the following operations:

- Pack first 10 multiples of 10 into a tuple
- Unpack the tuple into 10 variables, each holding 1 value
- Unpack the tuple such that first values gets stored in variable x, last value in y and all values in between into disposable variables _
- Unpack the tuple such that first values gets stored in variable i, last value in j and all values in between into disposable variables _

Code:

```
multiple_of_ten = tuple([i for i in range(10,110,10) if i%10==0])
v1,v2,v3,v4,b5,v6,v7,v8,v9,v10 = multiple_of_ten
x,*_,y = multiple_of_ten
i,*_,j = multiple_of_ten
print(x,_,y)
print(i,_,j)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\Collaration_on_tuple.py
10 [20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90] 100
10 [20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90] 100
```

A list contains names of boys and girls as its elements. Boys' names are stored as tuples. Write a Python program to find out number of boys and girls in the list.

Code:

```
names_list =
["Nidhi","Niharika","Meena",("Abhishek","Bunty","Manan","Rohit"),"Rashmi","
Drishti"]
girls = 0
boys=0
i=0
while i<len(names_list):
    if type(names_list[i]) is tuple:
        boys=len(names_list[i])
    else:
        girls+=1
    i+=1
print("Number of boys=", boys, "\nNumber of girls=",girls)</pre>
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\0
f_boys_and_girls.py
Number of boys= 4
Number of girls= 5
```

A list contains tuples containing roll number, names and age of student. Write a Python Program to gather all the names from this list into another list.

Code:

```
data = [(1,"Abhishek",19),(2,"Bunty",18),(3,"Manan",19),(4,"Rohit",19)]
names = []
for i in data:
    names.append(i[1])
print("Names of student in data: ", names)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2
her_names.py
Names of student in data: ['Abhishek', 'Bunty', 'Manan', 'Rohit']
```

Given the following tuple

Write a Python program to carry out the following operations:

- Add an! at the end of the tuple
- Convert a tuple to a string
- Extract ('b', 'b') from the tuple
- Find out number of occurrences of 'e' in the tuple
- Check whether 'r' exists in the tuple
- Convert the tuple to a list
- Delete characters 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r' from the tuple

Code:

```
data = ('F','l','a','b','b','e','r','g','a','s','t','e','d') #create tuple

# adding '!' in end of tuple.

data = list(data) #unpacking tuple

data.append('!')

data=tuple(data)#packing tuple

print("tuple after appending '!' in it: ", data)
```

```
# converting tuple to string
tupletostring = "".join(data)
print("After converting tuple to string: ", tupletostring)
# extracting ('b','b') from given tuple
if data[data.index('b')+1] == 'b':
  print(data[data.index('b'):data.index('b')+2])
# Counting occurance of 'e' in given tuple
print("Number of occurance of 'e' is ", data.count('e'))
# checking 'r' exists in data or not
print("'r' exists in given tuple: ", 'r' in data)
# converting tuple to list
data = list(data)
print("After converting tuple to list: ", data)
# deleting characters 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r' from given tuple
data = tuple("".join(data).replace('bber',""))
print("tuple after deleting characters 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r': ", data)
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\15_09_2023\q11_tup
le_operations.py
tuple after appending '!' in it: ('F', 'l', 'a', 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r', 'g', 'a',
's', 't', 'e', 'd', '!')
After converting tuple to string: Flabbergasted!
('b', 'b')
Number of occurance of 'e' is 2
'r' exists in given tuple: True
After converting tuple to list: ['F', 'l', 'a', 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r', 'g', 'a', 's', 't', 'e', 'd', '!']
tuple after deleting characters 'b', 'b', 'e', 'r': ('F', 'l', 'a', 'g', 'a', 's', 't', 'e', 'd', '!')
```

Practical-50

What will be the output of the following program?

```
a = {10,20,30,40,50,60,70}
b = {33,44,51,10,20,50,30,33}
print(a | b)
print(a & b)
print(a - b)
print(b - a)
print(a ^ b)
print(a >=b)
print(a <= b)</pre>
```

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Deskto
{33, 70, 40, 10, 44, 50, 51, 20, 60, 30}
{50, 10; 20, 30}
{40, 60, 70}
{33, 51, 44}
{33, 70, 40, 44, 51, 60}
False
False
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
a = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}
```

$$b = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$$

$$c = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$$

$$d = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\}$$

$$e = \{3,4,1,0,2,5,8,9\}$$

$$a = e$$

print(a)

$$b \& = e$$

print(b)

print(c)

$$d = e$$

print(d)

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\uday0\OneD
{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9}
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
{6, 7}
{0, 6, 7, 8, 9}
```

Write a program to carry out the following operations on the given set

```
s = \{10, 2, -3, 4, 5, 88\}
```

- number of items in set s
- maximum element in set s
- minimum element in set s
- sum of all elements in set s
- obtain a new sorted set from s, set s remaining unchanged
- report whether 100 is an element of set s
- report whether -3 is an element of set s

Code:

```
s = {10,2,-3,4,5,88}
print("Number of items in s= ",len(s))
print("Maximum element in s= ", max(s))
print("Minimum element in s= ", min(s))
print("Sum of all elements in s= ", sum(s))
k=set(sorted(list(s)))
print("New set is: ", k)
print("100 is element of s: ", 100 in s)
print("-3 is element of s: ", -3 in s)
```

```
Number of items in s= 6

Maximum element in s= 88

Minimum element in s= -3

Sum of all elements in s= 106

New set is: {2, 4, 5, 10, 88, -3}

100 is element of s: False
-3 is element of s: True
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
1 = [10,20,30,40,50]
t = ('Sundeep', 25, 79.58)
s = 'set theory'
s1 = set(1)
s2 = set(t)
s3 = set(s)
print(s1)
print(s2)
print(s3)
```

```
{50, 20, 40, 10, 30}
{25, 'Sundeep', 79.58}
{'h', 'r', 'o', 's', 'v', 't', 'e', ''}
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
s = \{1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 4\}
```

s.discard(10)

s.remove(10)

print(s)

Output:

Element 10 is not present in set s.discard() would do nothing, whereas, remove() would report an error.

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\29_9_2023\ex5.py", 1
ne 3, in <module>
        s.remove(10)
KeyError: 10
```

$\underline{Practical-55}$

What will be the output of the following program?

$$s1 = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50)\}$$

$$s2 = (10, 20, 30, 40, 50)$$

print(id(s1), id(s2))

Output:

2366633340352 2366640225216

What will be the output of the following program?

```
- RESIANI. C.\USELS\UGG
{40, 10, 50, 20, 30}
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
s= set('KanLabs')
t= s[:-1]
print(t)
```

Output:

Error: set is not a subscriptable object. In other words [] cannot be used with a set.

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\29_9_2023\ex8.py", li
ne 2, in <module>
        t = s[::-1]
TypeError: 'set' object is not subscriptable
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
num = {10, 20, {30, 40}, 50)
print(num)
```

Output:

Error: Nested sets are illegal.

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\29_9_2023\ex9.py", li
ne 1, in <module>
    num = {10,20, {30, 40}, 50}
TypeError: unhashable type: 'set'
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
s=(Tiger', 'Lion', 'Jackal')
del(s)
print(s)
```

Output:

Error: name 's' is not defined. This happens because del() deletes the set object.

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\29_9_2023\ex10.py", 1
ine 3, in <module>
        print(s)
NameError: name 's' is not defined
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
fruits = ('Kiwi, 'Jack Fruit', 'Lichi')
fruits.clear()
print(fruits)
```

Output:

set(). After calling clear(), fruits becomes an empty set.

set()

What will be the output of the following program?

Output:

[3, 4, 8, 10, 12, 25]

<u>Practical – 62</u>

What will be the output of the following program?

```
s = {}
t = {1,4,5,2,3}
print(type(s), type(t))
```

Output:

<class 'dict'> <class 'set'>

A set contains names which begin either with A or with B. write a program to separate out the names into two sets, one containing names beginning with A and another containing names beginning with B.

Code:

```
simple_set = {'Abhishek','Bunty','Ashish','Bhawna','Bimal','Aman','Bhavesh'}
A_name_set = set()
B_name_set = set()
for i in simple_set:
    if i.lower().startswith('a'):
        A_name_set.add(i)
    else:
        B_name_set.add(i)
print("Set with names begins with A: ", A_name_set)
print("Set with names begins with B: ", B_name_set)
```

```
Set with names begins with A: {'Ashish', 'Abhishek', 'Aman'}
Set with names begins with B: {'Bhawna', 'Bunty', 'Bhavesh', 'Bimal'}
```

Create an empty set. Write a program that adds five new names to this set, modifies one existing name and deletes two names existing in it.

Code:

```
names = set()
names.add("Abhishek")
names.add("Bunty")
names.add("Manan")
names.add("Rohit")
names.add("Nidhi")
print(names)
names = set(((" ".join(names)).replace("Abhishek","AbhishekRoka")).split(" "))
print(names)
names.discard("Rohit")
names.discard("Nidhi")
print(names)
Output:
{'Bunty', 'Nidhi', 'Rohit', 'Abhishek', 'Manan'}
{'Bunty', 'AbhishekRoka', 'Nidhi', 'Rohit', 'Manan'} {'Bunty', 'AbhishekRoka', 'Manan'}
```

Write a program to create a set containing 10 randomly generated numbers in the range 15 to 45. Count how many of these numbers are less than 30. Delete all numbers which are greater than 35.

Code:

```
from random import randrange

nums = set([randrange(15,46) for i in range(10)])

count = 0

greaterthan35 = []

for i in nums:

if i<30:

count+=1

elif i > 35:

greaterthan35.append(i)

for i in greaterthan35:

nums.discard(i)

print("Numbers less than 30 in given set: ", count)

print("Set after deleting all numbers greater than 35: ", nums)
```

```
Numbers less than 30 in given set: 6 Set after deleting all numbers greater than 35: \{32, 18, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27\}
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
s = \{ 'Mango', 'Banana', 'Guava', 'Kiwi' \}
s.clear( )
print(s)
del(s)
print(s)
Output:
set()
NameError: name 's' is not defined
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "C:\Users\uday0\OneDrive\Desktop\College\Python\lab\29 9 2023\ex17.py", 1
ine 5, in <module>
   print(s)
NameError: name 's' is not defined
```