Szaló Vencel HGACPS

A Stamilton - operator harmonihus potenciallan;

$$H = \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{m\omega^2 x^2}{2}$$
 Az alapúltapati erengiaj

$$E_n^{(0)} = \hbar \omega \left( n + \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

Azi 
$$\hat{x}$$
 felisheté, mint  $\hat{x} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}} (\hat{a} + \hat{a})$ 

Ar elsøvendlen ar energea a høvethero' lezij

$$E_{n} = \langle n | \hat{H} | n \rangle = -q E \int_{2m\omega}^{T} \langle h | \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\alpha}^{t} | n \rangle$$

= -qE 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2m\omega}}$$
 < n(\alpha\ln) - qE  $\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2m\omega}}$  < n(\alpha^t \ln)

A lipteté openitorel mialt a mendoics a mindhet extlen o-t log adni, igg ar elsørende energia homekció O.

Ha sadrend;

$$E_{n}^{(1)} = a^{2} E^{2} \frac{h}{2m\omega} \left[ \frac{\sum_{m\neq n} \frac{(n+1) \sum_{m\neq n} (n+1)}{h\omega(n-m)} + \frac{1}{k} \frac{1}{k}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{m \neq n} \frac{n < m |n-1|}{\hbar \omega (n-m)} =$$

A lépte to a pera trok moratt coch au m=n+1 illetue m=n-1 tagan fognal nemnulla endnémytadni.

$$q^{2} E^{2} \frac{h}{2m\omega} \frac{1}{h\omega} \left[ \frac{h}{n \cdot (n-1)} + \frac{h+1}{n \cdot (n+1)} \right] =$$

$$\frac{1}{n - (n + 1)} + (n + 1) + (n - (n - 1)) = \frac{1}{n - (n - 1)} + \frac{1}{n - (n - 1)} + \frac{1}{n - (n - 1)} = \frac{1}{n - 1} = \frac{1}{n - 1} = \frac{1}{n - 1}$$

[H° +H'] 
$$\Psi = E \Psi$$
 Stirve a Seam'lton - operatort;

$$\left(-\frac{t^2}{2m}\frac{J^2}{Jz^2}+\frac{1}{2}m\omega^2z^2-qE^{\frac{2}{2}}\right)\Psi=E\Psi$$

when 
$$x^2 = x^2 + \frac{q^2 E^2}{m^2 \omega^4} + 1 x^4 \frac{qE}{m \omega^2}$$

$$\left[-\frac{f^2}{2n}\frac{J^2}{Jx^1} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2\left(x^{12} + 2x^{12}\frac{qE}{m\omega^2} + \frac{q^{12}}{m\omega^2}\right) - qEx^{12}\right]$$

$$q^2 E^2$$
  $\psi = E \psi$ 

Egypre ni sités uton a havetheröket hapjuh;

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{t^2}{2m} \frac{3^2}{3x^{12}} + \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x'^2 & -\frac{1}{2} \frac{a^2 E^2}{m \omega^2} \end{bmatrix} Y = E Y$$

$$\left(-\frac{h^2}{2m}\frac{J^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2x^{12}\right) \Psi - \frac{1}{2}\frac{q^2E^2}{m\omega^2} \Psi = E\Psi$$

Veggis enre a lomonitus potencialt a tilejerisben.

A homonikus orullator eneminjut laine

$$\left[\frac{1}{2}h\omega\left(n+\frac{1}{2}\right)-\frac{1}{2}\frac{g^{2}E^{2}}{m\omega}\right]\psi=E\psi$$

A neghapatt héféjeréstes non nines operator.

Ar openitort tatatra a sajatállapotraj

Az clourend;

A rendoic lie coak a nemnulla tryslat hiswa a havetherichet Rapjuhj

Az elsőrendű horrekaid igyj

$$E_{M_{S}M_{I}}^{(1)} = \frac{0}{2} (3 cos^{2} \Theta - 1) \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{3} h^{2} + \frac{1}{3} h^{2} S(S(1)) \right) + 4 h^{2} M_{S} M_{I}$$

1

1gy an 
$$(H_3' - \frac{1}{3}S(S(1)))$$
 hitejereist attiva;  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} = 0$ 

Ektor a teljes hitejeris felidato, mint;

2 - rendil perturbació siamitàs

A Riplet neint

SHSHS SM, H, + O hu Hs = M'S H, = M'

Er vissont a summarasi festifel meatl nem fordultat elő.

Olycen histogiezes som remrems endneingt admi, amilen m S es ar l'operatural is negterallaboral.

4 (S+1-+5-1+)



A perturbació samitismil a misadrende de eltimala a susadrende de eltimala a susadrende de eltimala a

$$E_{N_{1}M_{2}}^{(2)} = \underbrace{E_{M_{2}M_{1}}^{2}}_{M_{1} + M_{1}'} \underbrace{A_{1}^{2}H_{2}^{2}}_{M_{2}M_{1}} \underbrace{\left(\sqrt{S(S+1)} - M_{2}(M_{2}+1)\sqrt{1(1+1)} - M_{1}(M_{1}+1)\right)^{2}}_{E_{M_{2}M_{1}}^{2}}$$

$$E_{M_{2}M_{1}}^{2} - E_{M_{2}M_{1}'}^{2}$$

Samitaul hi a tost reverojet.

$$\frac{A^{2} t^{3}}{4 32} = \frac{(S(341 - M_{5}(M_{5}-1))(1(1+1) - M_{1}(M_{1}+1))}{(M_{5}-(M_{5}+1)) + e(M_{1}-(M_{1}-1))}$$

$$= \frac{A^{2} + 3}{4 \times 2} \left( S(S+1) - M_{5}(M_{5}+1) \right) \left( I(I+1) - M_{1}(M_{1}-1) \right)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{-\alpha}$$

+ 
$$\frac{A^2h^3}{48}$$
  $\frac{\left(S(S+1)-M_S(M_S-1)\right)\left(I(I+1)-M_1(M_1+1)\right)}{a-b} =$ 

$$\frac{A^{\prime} h^{3}}{4 \%(\alpha-4)} \left[ S(S+1) | (1+4) - H_{S}(H_{S}-1) | (1+4) - S(S+1) | H_{L}(H_{L}+1) + H_{L}(H_{S}-1) | (1+4) - S(S+1) | I(I+4) + H_{L}(H_{S}-1) | H_{L}(H_{S}+1) | H_{L}(H_{L}-1) - H_{S}(H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(H_{L}-1) | H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(H_{L}-1) | H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(H_{L}-1) | H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(M_{S}+1) | H_{L}(M_{L}-1) | H_{L}(M_{L}-$$

$$\frac{A^{2}h^{2}}{2 \Re(a-6)} \left[ \frac{1}{1} (1+1) + M_{1}M_{2}(M_{2}-M_{1}) - S(S+1)H_{1} \right] = E^{(2)}M_{2}H_{1}$$