Develop a RESTful Service Using Test Driven Development

Welcome to the Develop a RESTful Service Using Test Driven Development hands-on lab. In this lab, you will begin to build the service that you will eventually deploy to OpenShift. You will follow the plan that you created in the Agile Planning lab, and use good test driven development technique to drive the design. You will also use the coverage tool to ensure you get at least 95% test coverage.

Objectives

In this lab, you will:

- Follow the plan from your kanban board
 Write test cases for the code you "wish you had"
 Create several REST AP! endpoints to make the test cases pass
 Perform unit testing with nose and coverage
 Achieve 95% code coverage
 Conduct a sprint review to demonstrate that your REST service works

Note: Important Security Information

Welcome to the Cloud IDE with OpenShift. This is where all your development will take place. It has all the tools you will need to use Docker for deploying a PostgreSQL database.

It is important to understand that the lab environment is ephemeral. It only lives for a short while before it is destroyed. It is imperative that you push all changes made to your own GitHub repository so that it can be recreated in a new lab environment any time it is needed.

Also note that this environment is shared and therefore not secure. You should not store any personal information, usernames, passwords, or access tokens in this environment for any purpo

Your Task

- 1. If you haven't generated a GitHub Personal Access Token you should do so now. You will need it to push code back to your repository. It should have repo and write permissions, and be set to expire in 60 days. When Git prompts you for a password in the Cloud IDE environment, use your Personal Access Token instead.
- 2. The environment may be recreated at any time so you may find that you have to perform the Initialize Development Environment each time the environment is created.

Note on Screenshots

Throughout this lab, you will be prompted to take screenshots and save them on your device. You will need these screenshots to either answer graded quiz questions or upload as your submission for peer review at the end of this course. Your screenshot must have either the .jpg or .png extension To take screenshots, you can use various free screen-capture tools or your operating system's shortcut keys. For example

- Mac: you can use Shift + Command + 3 (** + ** + 3) on your keyboard to capture your entire screen, or Shift + Command + 4 (** + ** + 4) to capture a window or area. They will be saved as a file on your Desktop
- Windows: you can capture your active window by pressing Alt + Print Screen on your keyboard. This command copies an image of your active window to the clipboard. Next, open an image editor, paste the image from your clipboard to the image editor, and save the image.

Initialize Development Environment

Because the Cloud IDE with OpenShift environment is ephemeral, it may be deleted at any time. The next time you come into the lab, a new environment may be created. Unfortunately, this means that you will need to initialize your development environment every time it is recreated. This shouldn't happen too often as the environment can last for several days at a time but when it is removed, this is the procedure to recreate it.

Overview

Each time you need to set up your lab development environment you will need to run three commands.

Each command will be explained in further detail, one at a time, in the following section.

{your_github_account} represents your GitHub account username

The commands include:

1. git clone https://github.com/{your_github_account}/devops-capstone-project.git
2. cd devops-capstone-project
3. bash //bin/setup.sh
4. exit

Now, let's discuss each of these commands and explain what needs to be done.

Task Details

Initialize your environment using the following steps:

1. Open a terminal with Terminal -> New Terminal if one is not open already.

2. Next, use the export GITHUB_ACCOUNT= command to export an environment variable that contains the name of your GitHub account

Note: Substitute your real GitHub account for the {your_github_account} placeholder below:

3. Then use the following commands to clone your repository, change into the devops-capstone-project directory, and execute the ./bin/setup.sh command

```
3. 3
1. git clone https://github.com/SGITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git
2. cd devops-capstone-project
3. hash./Sidy.setup.sh
Copiedl Executedl
```

You should see the follow at the end of the setup execution:

```
*************
Capstone Environment Setup Complete
************
Use 'exit' to close this terminal and open a new one to initialize the environment
theia@theiadocker-rofrano:/home/project/devops-capstone-project$
```

4. Finally, use the exit command to close the current terminal. The environment will not be fully active until you open a new terminal in the next step.

Validate

In order to validate that your environment is working correctly, you must open a new terminal because the Python virtual environment will only activate when a new terminal is created. You should have ended the previous task by using the exit command to exit the terminal

 $1. \ Open\ a\ terminal\ with\ {\tt Terminal} \ {\tt > New\ Terminal}\ and\ check\ that\ everything\ worked\ correctly\ by\ using\ the\ {\tt which\ python\ command:}$

```
(venv) theia:project$
```

Check which Python you are using:

```
1. 1
1. which python
Copied! Executed!
```

You should get back

```
(veny) theia:project$ which python
 /home/theia/venv/bin/p<u>y</u>thon
 (venv) tneia:projects -
Check the Python version:
```

1. 1 1. python --version Copied! Executed!

You should get back some patch level of Python 3.9:

```
(venv) <mark>theia:project</mark>$ python --version
Python 3.9.15
(venv) theia:project$
```

This completes the setup of the development environment. Anytime your environment is recreated, you will need to follow this procedure

Project Overview

You have been asked by the customer account manager at your company to develop an Account microservice to keep track of the customers on your e-commerce website. In the Agile Planning lab, you created a plan to do just that. Since it is a microservice, it is expected to have a well-formed REST API that other microservices can call. This service initially needs the ability to create, read, update, delete, and list customers.

You have also been informed that someone else has started on this task and has already developed the database model and a Python Flask-based REST API with an endpoint to create a customer account. You should already have this code from when you created your own repo for the Agile Planning lab. If you have not completed that lab, please stop and do so now.

REST API Guidelines Review

For your review, these are the guidelines for creating REST APIs that enable you to write the test cases for this lab

RESTful API Endpoints

Action	Method	Return code	Body	URL Endpoint
List	GET	200_OK	Array of accounts [{}]	GET /accounts
Create	POST	201_CREATED	An account as json {}	POST /accounts
Read	GET	200_OK	An account as json {}	GET /accounts/{id}
Update	PUT	200_OK	An account as json {}	PUT /accounts/{id}
Delete	DELETE	204_NO_CONTENT		DELETE /accounts/{id

Following these guidelines, you can make assumptions about how to call the web service and assert what it should return

HTTP Status Codes

Here are some other HTTP status codes that you will need for this lab:

Code	Status	Description
200	HTTP_200_OK	Success
201	HTTP_201_CREATED	The requested resource has been created
204	HTTP_204_NO_CONTENT	There is no further content
404	HTTP_404_NOT_FOUND	Could not find the resource requested
405	HTTP_405_METHOD_NOT_ALLOWED	Invalid HTTP method used on an endpoint
409	HTTP 409 CONFLICT	There is a conflict with your request

All of these codes are defined in service/common/status.py and are already imported for your use.

Exercise 1: Implement Your First User Story

It is now time to implement the plan that you created in the previous lab. You will start by moving the user story from the top of your Sprint Backlog to the In Progress column and assigning it to yourself. Then you will read the story to understand what is required and create a branch in the lab environment to begin working on it. You will start by writing a test case for the code you "wish you had" and then writing the code to make the test case pass. You will do this for each story in the Sprint Backlog until the backlog is empty.

If you ranked your Sprint Backlog correctly, the first story at the top should be **Set up the development environment** with a label of technical debt. It is time to pay this debt. In addition to the work you just did to get the lab environment ready, you should also configure your setup. cfg file to have your nosetests display in color by default when running your test suite.

Recall from the Introduction to TDD course, the command to show color and run coverage with nosetests is:

1. nosetests -vv --with-spec --spec-color --with-coverage --cover-erase --cover-package=service

Copied! Executed!

You must place these flags in the setup.cfg file so that all you have to do is run nosetests and all of those flags will be active.

Your Task

- 1. Take the story titled "Set up the development environment" from the top of the Sprint Backlog and move it to the In Progress column and assign it to yourself.
- 2. Create a new branch called dev-setup to begin working on the story.
- Click here for a hint.Click here for the answer.
- 3. Edit the setup.cfg file and add the flags in the example above, under the [nosetests] stanza
- 4. Run nosetests just to be sure that the file is being read correctly and does not cause an error. If it does, fix it.
- 5. Use the git commit -am command to commit your changes with the message "added nose arguments" `, and the git push' command to push those changes to your repository.
 - Note: You will be prompted to set up your git user and email the first time you push:
- 1. git config --local user.name "{your GitHub name here}" 2. git config --local user.email {your GitHub email here} Copied!
- ► Click here for a hint.► Click here for the ans
- 6. Create a pull request on GitHub to merge your changes into the main branch, and, since there is no one else on your team, accept the pull request, merge it, and delete the branch.
- 7. Finally, go to your kanban board and move your story into the Done column to show it has been completed.

Now that you have established your setup. cfg file, you can get better test output from Nose without including the parameters in your com

Evidence

- 1. Open your setup. cfg file in GitHub or the Cloud IDE, take a screenshot of the contents, and save the screenshot as rest-setupcfg-done.jpg (or rest-setupcfg-done.png).
- 2. Take a screenshot of your kanban board and save it as rest-techdebt-done.jpg (or rest-techdebt-done.png).

Congratulations! You have just completed your first story.

Reference: RESTful Service

Here are some hints on the RESTful behavior of each of your stories. Use these to carry out the testing and implementation in the following exercises.

List

- List should use the Account.all() method to return all of the accounts as a list of dict and return the HTTP_200_0K return code.
 It should never send back a 404_NOT_FOUND. If you do not find any accounts, send back an empty list ([]) and 200_0K.

Read

- Read should accept an account_id and use Account.find() to find the account.
 It should return a HTP_488_NOT_FOND if the account cannot be found.
 It should return is found, it should call the serialize() method on the account instance and return a Python dictionary with a return code of HTTP_288_OK.

Update

- Update should accept an account_id and use Account.find() to find the account.
 It should return a HTTP_488_NOT_FOWND if the account cannot be found.
 If the account is found, if should call the describing late() method to the account instance passing in request.get_json() and call the update() method to update the account in the datal
 It should call the serialize() method on the account instance and return a Python dictionary with a return code of MTTP_288_OK.

Delete

- Delete should accept an account_id and use Account.find() to find the account.
 If the account is not found, it should do nothing.
 If the account is found, it should do nothing.
 If the account is found, it should call the delete() method on the account instance to delete it from the databae. It should return an empty body "" with a return code of MTP_284_NO_CONTENT.

Use these hints to write your test cases first, and then write the code to make the test cases pass

Exercise 2: Create a REST API with Flask

It is now time to implement the rest of the stories. Since you may have ranked them in a different order than is outlined here, you might implement them in the order that you ranked them. However, since both Update and Delete require that you can Read an account, it is strongly recommended that Read is ranked higher than Update or Delete. The List story is independent of any other and can be implemented anytime after Create, which is already implemented.

If you are unfamiliar with Flask, note that all the routes for the accounts service are the same, only the method changes. The function and route to create an account is already provided in the sample code, which you can use while running the tests.

The structure of the existing code is covered in the REAME. md file in your repository. It is recommended that you refer to this so that you know where things are, but you will mostly be working with tests/test_routes.py and service/routes.py

It is time to implement the next four stories. Here is the general workflow

- 1. Get the next highest ranked story to work on.
- Create a branch to work in.
 Implement a test case that asserts the correct behat Implement the code to make the test case pass.
 Maintain code coverage of 95% or better.

- Make a pull request to merge your changes.
 Update the kanban board by moving your story to **Done**.
 Take a screen shot to document your progress.

Here is a more detailed breakdown using "Read an Account" as the story. Be sure to check the next page for hints on the requirements for each of these REST APIs

- 1. Go to your Zenhub kanban board, take the next story from the top of the Sprint Backlog, and move it to the In Progress column
- 2. Open the story and assign it to yourself.
- 3. Read the story to understand what you need to implement.

Task 2: Create a Branch

1. Since you are working in branches, you must pull the latest changes from the main branch to stay up to date as you merge each story

The steps are:

- 4. 4
 1. git checkout main
 2. git pull
 3. git branch -d {old_branch_name}
 4. git checkout -b {new_branch_name}
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 - This will switch to the main branch, pull the latest changes, delete your old branch, and create a new branch

Task 3: Write a Test Case and Watch It Fail

Following test driven development, you write a test case to assert that the code you are about to write will have the correct behavior as outlined in the acceptance criteria of the story.

For example if the story is Read an account from the service, then you might do the following:

Open test_routes.py in IDE

- 1. Create a test case called test_read_an_account(self).
 2. Make a self.client.post() call to accounts to create a new account passing in some account data.
 3. Get back the account id that was generated from the json.
 4. Make a self.client.get() call for Jorcanost/Jolp passing in that account id.
 5. Assert that the return code was HTP_280_0X.
 6. Check the joon that was returned and assert that it is equal to the data that you sent.
 7. Run nosetests and watch it fail because there is no code yet.

Task 4: Write the Code to Make the Test Case Pass

Once you have a test case, you can begin to write the code to make it pass. Assuming that you are working on the "read an account" story, you might do the following

- 1. Create a Flask route that responds to the GET method for the endpoint /accounts/cid>.
 2. Create a function called read_account(id) to hold the implementation.
 3. Call the Account.find() which will return an account by id.
 4. Abort with a return code HTTP_404_HOT_FOUND if the account was not found.
 5. Call the serialize() method on an account to serialize it to a Python dictionary.
 6. Send the serialized data and a return code of HTTP_200 to back to the caller.
 7. Run nosetests until all of the tests are green, which means they passed.

- Click here for a hint.
 Click here to check your solution

You must maintain code coverage of 95% or greater. You will not achieve this by only testing the happy paths. The test case you wrote probably did not test for an account that was not found, so you will need to write another test case that reads an account with an account id that does not exist. This should get your test coverage back up to where it needs to be.

- 1. Create a test case called test account not found(self)
- 2. Make a self. client.get() call to /accounts/(14) passing in 0 as the account id.

 3. Assert that the return code was HTP_404_NOT_FOUND.

 4. Run nosetests and fix the code in routes.py until it passes.

- ► Click here for a hint.
 ► Click here to check your solution.

Task 6: Make a Pull Request

Now you are ready to push the code back to Github and make a pull request

- 1. Run nosetests to make sure that all of the tests pass. If they are not, fix them.
 2. Use git comit: -an "(comit nessage here)" to commit your changes.
 3. Use git push --set-upstream origin (your branch name) to push your changes to GitHub.
 4. Create a pull request on GitHub to merge your changes into the ania branch.
 5. Since there is no one else on your team, accept the pull request, merge it, and delete the branch.

Your final task is to update the kanban board to let everyone else on the team know that you are done

1. Move your story into the Done column to show it has been completed. Evidence

Take a screenshot of your kanban after each story is moved to Done. Name these screenshots list-accounts.jpg, read-accounts.jpg, update-accounts.jpg, delete-accounts.jpg (or .png), respectively.

Now, go back to Task 1 and work on the next story until all of the stories are implemented. On the following page, you will find the remaining hints and solutions. You may refer to them while writing your code

Hints and Solutions

This page contains the remaining hints and solutions for the List, Update, and Delete REST APIs, now that you have implemented Read.

List

First write a test for the List function:

- ► Click here for a hint.
 ► Click here to check your solution.

Now write the code to make the List test case pass

- ► Click here for a hint.
 ► Click here to check your solution.

Update

Write a test for the Update function:

- ► Click here for a hint.► Click here to check your solution.

Now write the code to make the Update test case pass:

- ► Click here for a hint.► Click here to check your solution.

First write a test for the Delete function:

- ▶ Click here for a hint.
 ▶ Click here to check your solution.

Now write the code to make the Delete test case pass:

Error Handlers

It is important to also test the error handlers to make sure they are working properly. Here are some suggestions for doing this:

Method Not Allowed

To cause a method not allowed error, simply make a GET, POST, PUT, or DELETE on an endpoint that doesn't support that HTTP method.

- ► Click here for a hint.► Click here to check your solution.

Exercise 3: Run the REST service

In this exercise, you will run the service and ensure that you can access it locally.

In the bash terminal, use the flask db-create command to refresh the database.

Copied! Executed!

Use the make run command to start the service with the new database.

1. 1

Copied! Executed!

Launch the application in a web browser by pressing the Launch Account Service button below:

Launch Account Service

Results

You should get back the following web page:

https://rofrano-5000.theiadocker-3-labs-prod-theiak8s-4-tor01.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/

{"name": "Account REST API Service", "version": "1.0"}

You are now ready to test your running service.

Exercise 4: Sprint Review

Now that all of the implementation is done, it is time to demo your new service at the Sprint Review meeting. The product owner and stakeholders are excited to see what you have implemented.

In this exercise, you will use the cur1 command to make REST calls for the Create, Read, Update, Delete, and List functions of the service that you have created. With the service running, open a second Bash terminal and enter the following curl commands to make REST calls. Do not forget to take screenshots after demonstrating each command so your stakeholders have proof of what you have accomplished in this sprint.

Demo Create an Account

```
1. Enter the following command to create an account:
```

```
3. 3
1. cul -i -X POST http://127.0.0.1:5000/accounts \
2. -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
3. -d '('name': "john Doe", "enail': "john@doe.com", "address": "123 Main St.", "phone_number": "555-1212")'
Copied Decuder.
```

Check the account id that was returned. It should have been 1 but if it was not, substitute the account id that was returned for all of the remaining calls.

2. Take a screenshot of the output and save the screenshot as rest-create-done.jpg (or rest-create-done.png).

Demo List All Accounts

1. Enter the following command to list all accounts:

```
1. 1
1. curl -i -X GET http://127.0.0.1:5000/accounts

[Copied! | Executed!]
```

2. Take a screenshot of the output and save the screenshot as rest-list-done.jpg (or rest-list-done.png).

Demo Read an Account

1. Enter the following command to read the account:

```
1. 1
1. curl -i -X GET http://127.0.0.1:5000/accounts/1
Copied! Executed!
```

2. Take a screenshot of the output and save the screenshot as rest-read-done.jpg (or rest-read-done.png).

Demo Update an Account

1. Enter the following command to update the account:

3. 3 1. curl -1 -X PUT http://127.0.6.1:5000/accounts/1 \ 2. -H "Content-Type: application/json" \ 3. -d "("name": "John Doe", "earli": "john/doe.com", "address": "123 Main St.", "phone_number": "555-1111")'

Copied! Executed!

Note: You are sending a new phone number. Check that the phone number returned is 555-1111.

 $2. \ Take \ a \ screenshot \ of \ the \ output \ and \ save \ the \ screenshot \ as \ rest-update-done. \texttt{jpg} \ (or \ rest-update-done.png).$

Demo Delete an Account

1. Enter the following command to delete the account:

```
1. 1
1. curl -i -X DELETE http://127.0.0.1:5000/accounts/1
[Copied!] [Executed!]
```

2. Take a screenshot of the output and save the screenshot as rest-delete-done.jpg (or rest-delete-done.png).

You have completed the demo of the REST calls you implemented, and the product owner has agreed that they are all done as expected.

Move Stories to Closed

Move all of your stories from the Done column to the Closed column. Great job!

Conclusion

Congratulations! You have completed creating your first sprint for the capstone project. You have implemented your Account microservice, moved stories along the kanban board, made pull requests to merge your code back into the main branch, and moved your stories to the Done column.

Next Steps

In a real Agile team, you would conduct a sprint retrospective. Do not deny yourself this valuable ceremony.

Pause for a moment and think about:

- What went right?
 What went wrong?
 What would you change for the next sprint?

Write these reflections down somewhere so that you do not forget. Reflecting on your performance is critical for becoming a high performer, and feedback, even if it is just from yourself, is always welcome

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Change Log

 Date
 Version
 Changed by
 Change Description

 2022-10-05 0.1
 Tapas Mandal Initial version created

 2022-10-06 0.2
 John Rofrano
 Added more details and reformatted

 2022-10-14 0.3
 Amy Norton
 ID review

 2022-10-14 0.4
 John Rofrano
 Updated screenshot image names

 2022-10-27 0.5
 John Rofrano
 Add hints and solutions

 2022-10-27 0.6
 Beth Larsen
 QA pass