## Implementation of Univariate Linear Regression

### 'Aim:

To implement univariate Linear Regression to fit a straight line using least squares.

### Equipment's required:

- 1. Hardware PCs
- 2. Anaconda Python 3.7 Installation / Moodle-Code Runner

## Algorithm:

- 1. Get the independent variable X and dependent variable Y.
- 2. Calculate the mean of the X -values and the mean of the Y -values.
- 3. Find the slope m of the line of best fit using the formula.

$$m=rac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n}ig(x_{i}-\overline{X}ig)ig(y_{i}-\overline{Y}ig)}{\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n}ig(x_{i}-\overline{X}ig)^{2}}$$

$$b = \overline{Y} - m\overline{X}$$

- 4. Compute the y -intercept of the line by using the formula:
- 5. Use the slope m and the y -intercept to form the equation of the line.
- 6. Obtain the straight line equation Y=mX+b and plot the scatterplot.

### <sup>2</sup> Program

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Program for Univariate linear regression using the least squares method.

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import numpy as np

## **Preprocessing Input data**

X = np.array(eval(input())) Y = np.array(eval(input()))

# **Building the model**

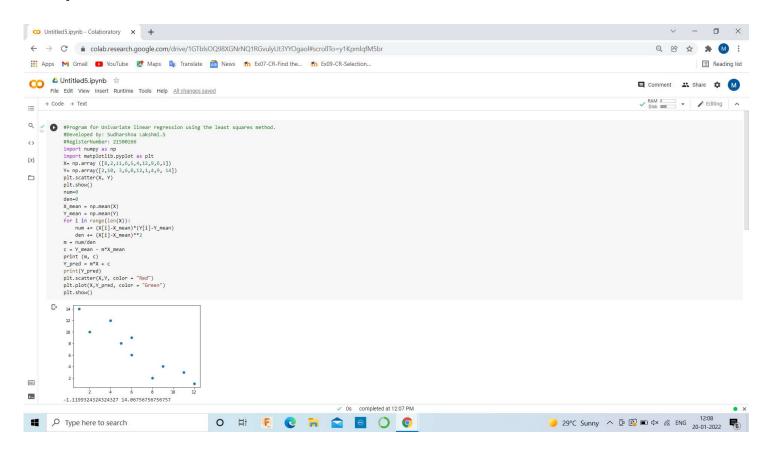
 $X_{mean} = np.mean(X) Y_{mean} = np.mean(Y) num = 0 den = 0 for i in range(len(X)): num += (X[i] - X_{mean})(Y[i] - Y_{mean}) den += (X[i] - X_{mean})**2 m = num / den c = Y_{mean} - mX_{mean}$ 

# write your code here

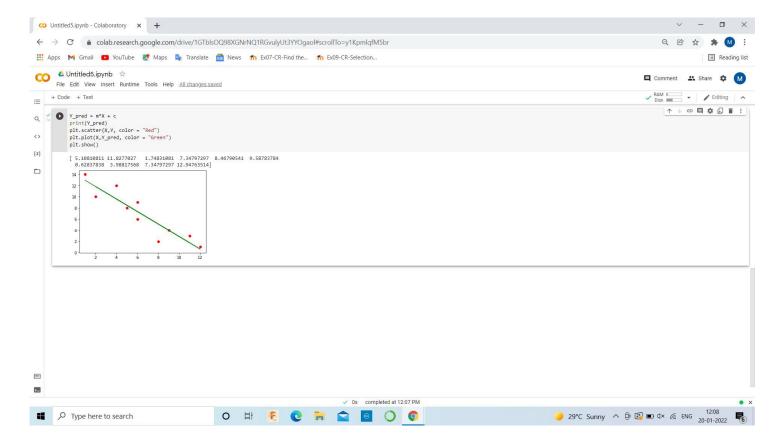
print (m, c)  $Y_pred = m*X + c$ 

#Predict the output print (Y\_pred)

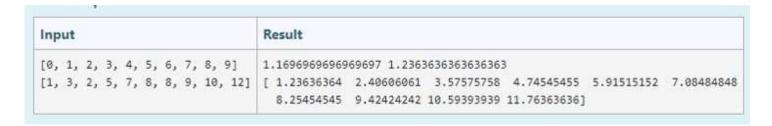
### <sup>'</sup>Output



#### Output



### Sample Input and Output



#### Result

Thus the univariate Linear Regression was implemented to fit a straight line using least squares.