Ex No: 10

Date:

IMPLEMENT CODE OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES DEAD CODE AND COMMON SUB EXPRESSION ELIMINATION

AIM:

To write a C program to implement the dead code elimination and common sub expression elimination (code optimization) techniques.

ALGORITHM:

- Start
- Create the input file which contains three address code.
- Open the file in read mode.
- If the file pointer returns NULL, exit the program else go to 5.
- Scan the input symbol from left to right.
- Store the first expression in a string.
- Compare the string with the other expressions in the file.
- If there is a match, remove the expression from the input file.
- Perform these steps 5-8 for all the input symbols in the file.
- Scan the input symbol from the file from left to right.
- Get the operand before the operator from the three address code.
- Check whether the operand is used in any other expression in the three address code.
- If the operand is not used, then eliminate the complete expression from the threeaddress code else go to 14.
- Perform steps 11 to 13 for all the operands in the three address code till end of the file is reached.
- Stop.

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct op
{ char l;
   char
   r[20];
} op[10],
pr[10];

void main()
```

```
\{ \text{ int a, i, k, j, n, z} = 0, m, \}
 q; char * p, * 1; char
 temp, t; char * tem;
 clrscr(); printf("enter no of
 values"); scanf("%d", &
 n); for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
  printf("\tleft\t");
  op[i].l = getche();
  printf("\tright:\t");
  scanf("%s", op[i].r); }
 printf("intermediate
 Code\n"); for (i = 0; i < n;
 i++)
{ printf("%c=",
  op[i].l);
  printf("%s\n",
 op[i].r); } for (i = 0; i
 < n - 1; i++)
{ temp = op[i].1; for (j
  = 0; j < n; j++)
\{ p = strchr(op[j].r, temp); \}
   if(p)
     pr[z].1 = op[i].1;
     strcpy(pr[z].r, op[i].r);
     z++;
 pr[z].1 = op[n - 1].1;
 strcpy(pr[z].r, op[n -
 1].r); z++;
 printf("\nafter dead code elimination\n");
 for (k = 0; k < z; k++)
  printf("\%c\t=", pr[k].l);
  printf("%s\n", pr[k].r);
 //sub expression elimination
 for (m = 0; m < z; m++)
{ tem = pr[m].r; for (j = m
  +1; j < z; j++)
    p = strstr(tem, pr[j].r);
    if(p)
```

```
{
     t = pr[j].1;
     pr[j].1 =
     pr[m].1;
     for (i = 0; i < z; i++)
{
      l = strchr(pr[i].r, t);
       if (1) {
        a = 1 - pr[i].r;
        //printf("pos: %d",a);
        pr[i].r[a] = pr[m].1;
 printf("eliminate common expression\n");
 for (i = 0; i < z; i++) {
  printf("%c\t=", pr[i].1);
  printf("%s\n", pr[i].r);
 // duplicate production elimination
 for (i = 0; i < z; i++)
{ for (j = i + 1; j < z;
 j++)
\{ q = strcmp(pr[i].r, pr[j].r); if
   ((pr[i].1 == pr[j].1) \&\& !q)
     pr[i].1 = '\0';
     strcpy(pr[i].r, '\0');
 } printf("optimized
 code"); for (i = 0; i < z;
 i++)
  if (pr[i].1 != '\0') {
    printf("%c=", pr[i].l);
    printf("%s\n", pr[i].r);
  }
getch(); }
```

OUTPUT:

```
[root@localhost-live 210701261]# vi exp10.c
[root@localhost-live 210701261]# cc exp10.c
[root@localhost-live 210701261]# ./a.out
Enter number of values: 3
Enter left and right values:
       left: a
       right: 9
       left: b
       right: c+d
       left: f
       right: b+e
Intermediate Code:
a=9
b=c+d
f=b+e
Optimized Code:
b=c+d
f=b+e
```