# 实验报告:数据流工具

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## 涵盖工具

本实验涵盖以下数据流工具:

- 1. Apache Kafka
- 2. AWS Kinesis
- 3. Apache NiFi
- 4. Flume

# 实验任务

- 1. 任务一: 使用 Apache Kafka 进行数据流
  - 要求: 安装 Apache Kafka。
  - 任务: 生产和消费一个简单的消息。
  - 验证: 确认 Kafka 主题中的消息。
- 2. 任务二: 使用 AWS Kinesis 进行实时数据摄取
  - 要求: 在 AWS 控制台中创建一个 Kinesis 流。
  - 任务: 使用 AWS SDK 发送一批消息。
  - 验证: 在 Kinesis 控制台中监控传入数据。
- 3. 任务三: 使用 Apache NiFi 进行数据流管理

- 要求: 安装 Apache NiFi。
- 任务: 创建一个简单的数据流,将数据从平面文件移动到数据库。
- 验证: 确认数据库中的记录。
- 4. 任务四: 使用 Flume 收集日志
  - 要求: 安装 Flume。
  - 任务: 配置 Flume 以收集日志并将其存储在 HDFS 中。
  - 验证: 确认 HDFS 中存储的日志。

## 实验难点

- 未使用过该配置
- 构造数据
- 我使用的是阿里云而不是 AWS, 配置上可能会有差距

### 任务一

任务流程参照:https://blog.csdn.net/sun\_hong\_likeIT/article/details/123502688

下载 Apache Kafka:sudo wget https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/apache/kafka/3.5.1/k这里使用的是清华镜像网站,比教程给的网站更好用。

使用 bin/zookeeper-server-start.sh -daemon config/zookeeper.properties 以守护进程启动)

启动 Kafka:bin/kafka-server-start.sh config/server.properties

&

新建终端创建主题:bin/kafka-topics.sh --bootstrap-server localhost:9092

--create --topic test --partitions 2 --replication-factor 1

在主题终端发送消息:bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --broker-list

localhost:9092 --topic test

服务终端接收到消息:bin/kafka-console-consumer.sh --bootstrap-server

localhost:9092 --topic test --from-beginning

消息生产和消费过程:

```
root@iZbp16pklhyqcuwpyk0cmiZ:~/opt/kafka_2.12-3.5.1
plication-factor 1
Created topic test.
root@iZbp16pklhyqcuwpyk0cmiZ:~/opt/kafka_2.12-3.5.1
>
>hello
>how are you today
>
```

- 学 华东1(杭州)i-bp16pklhyqcuwpyk0cmi iZbp16pklhyqcuwpyk0cmiZ
- >\_ 3. root@iZbp16pklhyqcuwpyk0cmiZ: ~/opt/kafka\_2.12-3.5.1 ×

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ion 0 (\_\_consumer\_offsets-2) (reason: Adding new men ason: rebalance failed due to MemberIdRequiredExcept [2023-09-25 09:29:36,612] INFO [GroupCoordinator 0]: a.coordinator.group.GroupCoordinator)

[2023-09-25 09:29:36,672] INFO [GroupCoordinator 0]: console-consumer-4801 for generation 1. The group h

hello how are you today

## 任务二

由于我使用的不是 AWS,我在阿里云上使用了数据总线来进行平替: https://www.aliyun.com/product/bigdata/datahub

### 任务三

#### 步骤一:

NiFi 安装:wget https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/apache/nifi/1.23.2/nifi-1.23.2-bin.z 解压: unzip nifi-1.23.2.zip

提示:不知道为什么,网上大多数下载方法(使用镜像)我都无法成功下载,只能用官网的来下,真的巨慢······最后还是自己找了清华镜像自己wget,别看网上教程了

用官网会很慢,建议使用国内镜像

#### 步骤二:

配置 JAVA\_HOME, sudo update-alternatives --config java 这个指令可以快速帮你找到 java 路径。export JAVA\_HOME= 你的 Java 所在的路径,比如我的就是 /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64
NiFi, 启动! ./bin/nifi.sh start

### 任务四

参考:https://www.cnblogs.com/j-y-s/p/16018612.html 安装 Flume:wget https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/apache/flume/1.11.0/apache-flume-1.11.0-bin.tar.gz解压 tar -zvxf 包名中途遇到了云实例不允许 root 使用密码登录,解决办法: VNC 关防火墙: (sudo) ufw disable 云实例没办法使用 jps 指令: 修复 dpkg: sudo dpkg --configure -a 安装: sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk-headless 途中遇到了云实例连接超时的问题,网络上所有的关于配置 ip 白名单的都试过了,都没用,到最后还是因为防火墙没关,登录 vnc,sudo ufw disable 即可