Network Computing courses

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ENSIBS - UBS

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Figure: teaching.auzias.net

Course details

Objectives

- ► How do *computers* communicate?
- What are the mechanisms under an HTTP request or a telegram message?
- Networks are all around us, better study them!



Course details



Evaluation

- ► Short test at the beginning of every lesson (5 min) ?
- Project
- ► Final exam (1 hour)
- ► All same weighting

Material

Slides available at teaching.auzias.net (github too)

Presentation Outline

Introduction

Definitions and presentation

Network classification

HTTP request/response example

Models overview (OSI and TCP/IP)

Layers

Physical

Data Link

Network

Transport

Session

Presentation

Application

Definitions and presentation

Definitions

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- ▶ **IP:** Internet **Protocol** provides the functions necessary to deliver a package of bits from a source to a destination over a network
- (world wide) Web: network consisting of a collection of Internet websites using HTTP

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- ▶ RFC: Request For Comments (Internet Draft (ID), RFC, Internet Standard)

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- ► NAT: Network Address Translation, router modifying IP address into another IP address.

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- ▶ WAN: Wide Area Networks cover a broad area (Internet)

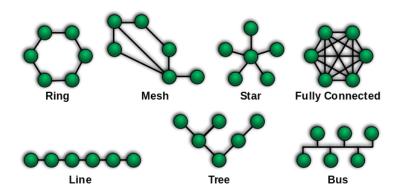


Figure: upload.wikimedia.org

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- ▶ **Tree:** hierarchical topology, such as a binary tree.

¹Hong Kong protesters use a mesh network to organize ← → ← 章 → ← 章 → ← 章 → ◆ △ ←

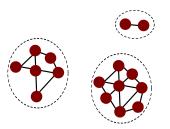


Figure: Disconnected MANET illustration [1]

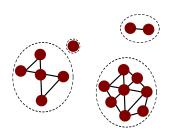


Figure: Store-carry-and-forward [1]

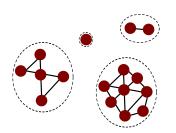


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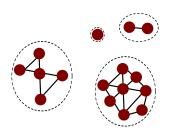


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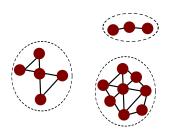


Figure: Store-carry-and-forward [1]

HTTP request/response example

Enter getbootstrap.com in your browser

☐ Introduction

HTTP request/response example

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Enter getbootstrap.com in your browser

| Source | Destination | Protocol | ength Info | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------|-------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| 192.168.0.48 | | | | | | | |
| 208.67.222.222 | 192.168.0.48 | DNS | 108 Standar | d query respon | se 0x4797 | A 192.30.252.154 | A 192.30.252.153 |

Figure: DNS request/response

HTTP request/response example

Enter getbootstrap.com in your browser

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Length | Info |
|----------------|--------------|----------|--------|--|
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Figure: DNS request/response

| Source | Destination | Protocol | Length Info |
|------------|-------------|----------|--|
| 127.0.0.1 | | | 74 36159 > http [SYN] Seq=0 Win=43690 Len=0 MSS=65495 SACK PERM=1 TSval=12 |
| 127.0.0.13 | 127.0.0.1 | TCP | 74 http > 36159 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=43690 Len=0 MSS=65495 SACK PERM |
| 127.0.0.1 | 127.0.0.13 | TCP | 66 36159 > http [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=43776 Len=0 TSval=122257 TSecr=12225 |
| 127.0.0.1 | 127.0.0.13 | HTTP | 356 GET /index.html HTTP/1.1 |
| 127.0.0.13 | 127.0.0.1 | TCP | 66 http > 36159 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=291 Win=44800 Len=0 TSval=122259 TSecr=122 |
| 127.0.0.13 | 127.0.0.1 | HTTP | 354 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html) |
| 127.0.0.1 | 127.0.0.13 | TCP | 66 36159 > http [ACK] Seq=291 Ack=289 Win=44800 Len=0 TSval=122259 TSecr=1 |
| 127.0.0.1 | 127.0.0.13 | HTTP | 357 GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1 |
| 127.0.0.13 | 127.0.0.1 | HTTP | 565 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html) |
| 127.0.0.1 | 127.0.0.13 | TCP | 66 36159 > http [ACK] Seq=582 Ack=788 Win=45952 Len=0 TSval=122269 TSecr=1 |

Figure: HTTP request/response

How do messages reach their destination?

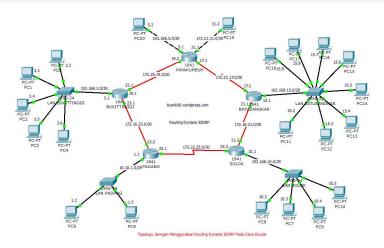
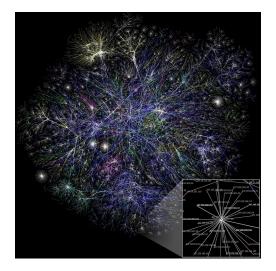


Figure: acenk90.files.wordpress.com

More like this...

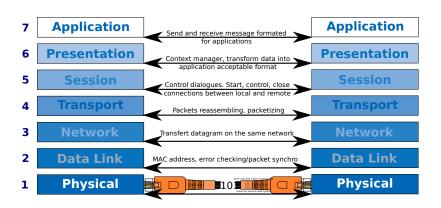


How does it work? From signal to application...

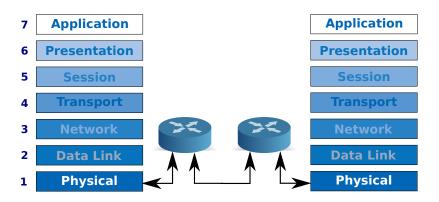
```
Application
 6
     Presentation
       Session
5
      Transport
4
3
       Network
2
      Data Link
       Physical
```

Figure: OSI model

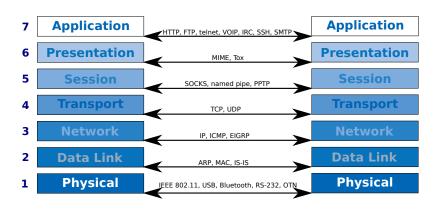
Nth layer communicate with Nth layer..



.. thanks to 3-th layers



One single protocol, one single layer



Encapsulation

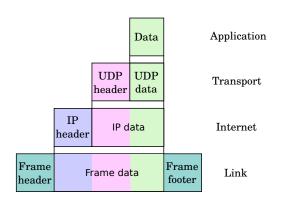


Figure: Encapsulation

Presentation Outline

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Definitions and presentation

Network classification

HTTP request/response example

Models overview (OSI and TCP/IP)

Layers

Physical

Data Link

Network

Transport

Session

Presentation

Application

Aims

► Interface data link layer,

Aims

- Interface data link layer,
- ► (De)Encode,

Aims

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- ► (De)Encode,
- ► Transmit: 1 after 0 (after 0 or 1, after 0... or 1)

Physical

Hardware medium

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- ▶ USB, serial port such as RS-232...

Hardware medium: IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)



Figure: RJ45 connector

Hardware medium: IEEE 802.15.1 (Bluetooth)

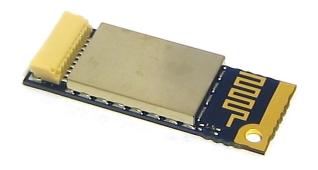


Figure: Bluetooth card

Physical

Hardware medium: IEEE 802.15.4 (ZigBee)



Figure: ZigBee card

Hardware medium: IEEE 802.16 (Wi-Max)



Figure: Wi-Max antenna

Hardware medium: IEEE 1394 (Firewire)



Figure: Firewire connector

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Encoding: Multi-Level Transmit

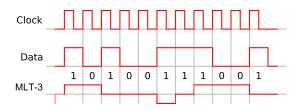


Figure: Multi-Level Transmit

Encoding: Alternate Mark Inversion

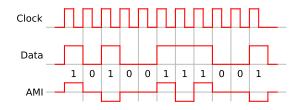


Figure: Alternate Mark Inversion

Encoding: Manchester

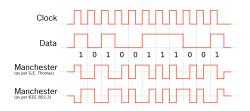


Figure: Manchester

Encoding: Biphase Mark Code

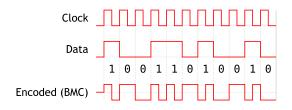


Figure: Biphase Mark Code

Physical

Transmitting

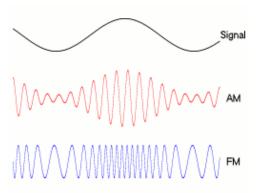


Figure: Amplitude and phase modulation

Repetition (hum...)

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Error correcting

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- ► MDPC (Multidimensional parity-check code)

Correction: MDPC

Raw data to send: 0x01 02 03 04

Figure: Data received with MDPC

Data sent (with MDPC): 0x01 02 03 03 04 07 04 06

Interface network layer,

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- Delivery to unique(?) hardware addresses,

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Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance

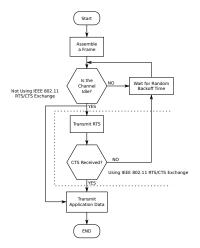


Figure: CSMA CA

Layer 2 Ethernet packet

| MAC dest. (6) | MAC src. (6) | VLAN tag* (4) | Ethertype (2) |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Payload (42-1500) | | Frame check sequence (4) | |

Figure: Layer 2 Ethernet packet

optional, Content (size in bytes)

| Ethertype 0x | Protocol | |
|--------------|-------------|--|
| 0800 | IPv4 | |
| 0806 | ARP | |
| 0842 | Wake-on-LAN | |
| 86dd | IPv6 | |

Figure: Data received with MDPC

ARP example

```
0000
            ff
                 ff
                      ff
                           ff
                               ff
                                    fa
                                         ba
                                                  00
                                                       ab
                                                            ab
                                                                 af
                                                                      80
                                                                          06
                                                                               00
                                                                                    01
                                              ba
0010
       80
            00
                 06
                     04
                          00
                               01
                                    fa
                                                  00
                                                                 af
                                                                          11
                                                                               22
                                                                                    37
                                         ba
                                              ba
                                                       ab
                                                            ab
                                                                      ac
0020
       00
            00
                 00
                     00
                          00
                               00
                                         11
                                              00
                                                  f9
                                                       00
                                                            00
                                                                 00
                                                                      00
                                                                          00
                                                                               00
                                                                                    00
                                    ac
0030
       00
            00
                 00
                      00
                          00
                               00
                                    00
                                         00
                                              00
                                                  00
                                                       00
                                                            00
```

Figure: Layer 2 Ethernet packet

Layers
Data Link

ARP example

```
0000
                      ff
                           ff
                                ff
                                     fa
                                          ha
                                              ha
                                                   00
                                                        ah
                                                             ah
                                                                  af
                                                                       08
                                                                            06
                                                                                      01
0010
       08
            00
                 06
                      04
                           00
                                01
                                          ha
                                              ba
                                                   00
                                                        ab
                                                             ab
                                                                  af
                                                                                      37
                                                                       ac
0020
                           00
                                          11
                                              00
                                                             00
                                                                  00
                                                                       00
       00
            00
                 00
                      00
                                00
                                     ac
                                                   f9
                                                        00
                                                                            00
                                                                                 00
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0030
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```

Figure: Layer 2 Ethernet packet

MAC address destination MAC address source Ethertype Hardware type Protocol type IP address source IP address destination

Layers

Network

Transport

Session

Presentation

References



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