Lab 3: Hexadecimal digit to seven-segment decoder

Objectives

The purpose of this laboratory exercise is to design a 7-segment display decoder and to become familiar with the VHDL structural description that allows you to build a larger system from simpler or predesigned components.

Materials

You will use push buttons and slide switches on the CoolRunner-II CPLD starter board (XC2C256-TQ144, manual, schematic) as inputs and light emitting diodes (LEDs) and 7-segment display as output devices.

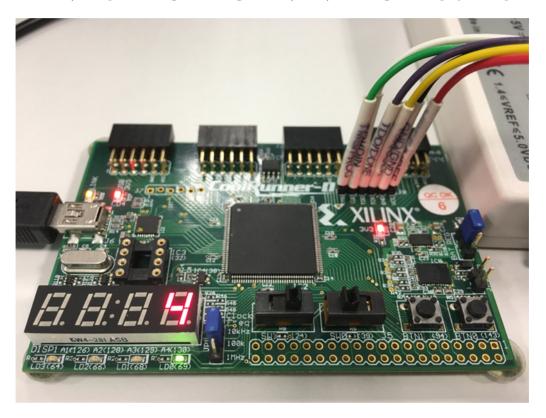


Figure 1: CoolRunner-II CPLD starter board

1 Preparation tasks (done before the lab at home)

- 1. See schematic or reference manual of the board and find out the connection of 7-segment display. How can you change the position of the character on the display?
- 2. Draw the patterns for hexadecimal digits and complete the decoder conversion table for **common** anode display.

Hex	Input	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
0	0000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0001	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								

Hex	Input	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
9								
A								
b								
С								
d								
\mathbf{E}	1110	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
F	1111	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

2 Synchronize Git and create a new folder

1. Open a Linux terminal, use cd commands to change path to your Digital-electronics-1 working directory, and synchronize the contents with GitHub.

```
$ pwd
/home/lab661
$ cd Documents/your-name/Digital-electronics-1/
$ pwd
/home/lab661/Documents/your-name/Digital-electronics-1
$ git pull
```

2. Create a new folder Labs/03-segment

```
$ cd Labs/
$ mkdir 03-segment
$ cd 03-segment/
$ touch README.md
$ 1s
README.md
```

3 VHDL code for hexadecimal digit to seven-segment decoder

- 1. Follow instructions from wiki, create a new project in ISE titled hex_to_segment for XC2C256-TQ144 CPLD device. Make sure the project location is /home/lab661/Documents/your-name/Digital-electronics-1/La, ie in your local folder.
- 2. Create a new source file **Project** > **New Source...** > **VHDL Module**, name it hex_to_7seg and copy/paste the following code template.



Figure 2: Ports of hexadecimal digit to seven-segment decoder

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity hex_to_7seg is
port (
   hex_i : in std_logic_vector(4-1 downto 0);
   seg_o : out std_logic_vector(7-1 downto 0)
end entity hex_to_7seg;
architecture Behavioral of hex_to_7seg is
begin
   seg_o <= "0000001" when (hex_i = "0000") else -- 0
            "1001111" when (hex_i = "0001") else -- 1
             "0110000" when (hex_i = "1110") else
             "0111000";
end architecture Behavioral;
```

- 3. See how signals can be assigned outside the process, complete the decoding table for all input combinations, and define the output signals to display hexadecimal symbols (0, 1, ..., 9, A, b, C, d, E, F). Save all files in menu **File** > **Save All**.
- 4. In menu Tools > Schematic Viewer > RTL... select Start with a schematic of top-level block and check the hierarchical structure of the module.

4 VHDL code for top level

1. Create a new source file **Project** > **New Source...** > **VHDL Module**, name it top and copy/paste the following code template.

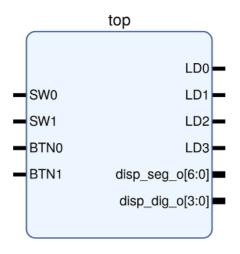


Figure 3: Ports of top module

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
port (
                  in std_logic;
   SWO, SW1:
   BTNO, BTN1:
                       in std_logic;
   LDO, LD1, LD2, LD3 : out std_logic;
   disp_seg_o :
                       out std_logic_vector(7-1 downto 0);
   disp_dig_o :
                        out std_logic_vector(4-1 downto 0)
end entity top;
architecture Behavioral of top is
   signal s_hex : std_logic_vector(4-1 downto 0); -- Internal signals
begin
   s_hex(3) \le SW1;
   s_hex(2) \le SW0;
   s_hex(1) <= not BTN1;</pre>
   s_hex(0) <= not BTNO;</pre>
```

```
-- Sub-block of hex_to_Tseg entity

HEX2SSEG : entity work.hex_to_Tseg

port map (

-- <component_signal> => <actual_signal>,

-- <component_signal> >> <actual_signal>,

-- <cother signals>...

-- WRITE YOUR CODE HERE
);

-- Select display position

disp_dig_o <= "1110";

-- Turn on LD3 if the input value is equal to "0000"

-- WRITE YOUR CODE HERE

-- Turn on LD2 if the input value is A, B, C, D, E, or F

-- WRITE YOUR CODE HERE

-- Turn on LD1 if the input value is odd, ie 1, 3, ..., F

-- WRITE YOUR CODE HERE

-- Turn on LD0 if the input value is a power of two, ie 1, 2, 4, or 8

-- WRITE YOUR CODE HERE

end architecture Behavioral;
```

- 2. Use onboard push buttons and slide switches as 4-bit input. How is the sub-block of hex to 7-segment decoder connected to the top module?
- 3. What coding style is used to name the input, output, and internal signals in VHDL?
- 4. Follow instructions from wiki, create a constraints file, and implement your design to CoolRunner-II CPLD starter board.
- 5. Write logic functions for LEDs. Let two functions are defined using VHDL construction when else and two functions using low-level gates and , or , not , etc.
- 6. In menu Tools > Schematic Viewer > RTL... select Start with a schematic of top-level block and check the hierarchical structure of the module.
- 7. In menu Project > Design Summary/Reports check CPLD Fitter Report (Text) for implemented functions in section ******** Mapped Logic ********* .

5 Clean project and synchronize git

1. In Xilinx ISE, clean up all generated files in menu **Project > Cleanup Project Files...** and close the project using **File > Close Project**.

Warning: In any file manager, make sure the project folder does not contain any large (gigabyte) files. These can be caused by incorrect simulation in ISim. Delete such files.

2. Use cd .. command in Linux terminal and change working directory to Digital-electronics-1 . Then use git commands to add, commit, and push all local changes to your remote repository. Check the repository at GitHub web page for changes.

```
$ pwd
/home/lab661/Documents/your-name/Digital-electronics-1/Labs/03-segment
$ cd ..
$ cd ..
$ pwd
```

```
/home/lab661/Documents/your-name/Digital-electronics-1

$ git status
$ git add <your-modified-files>
$ git status
$ git commit -m "[LAB] Adding 03-segment lab"
$ git status
$ git push
$ git status
```

Experiments on your own

- 1. Program and simulate a 4-to-1 multiplexer consists of four data input lines data_i two select lines sel_i and a single output line y_o .
- 2. Complete your README.md file with notes and screenshots from the implementation.