PUBLIC TRANSPORT OPTIMIZATION USING IOT

Project Planning:

Before diving into coding, need to plan project thoroughly. Identifying our goals, target audience, and the specific features want to implement. Decide on the IoT sensors use to gather real-time data.

Selecting IoT Sensors:

To collect real-time location, ridership, and arrival time data, we will need IoT sensors. These sensors may include GPS devices for location data, passenger counters for ridership data, and RFID/NFC sensors for arrival time tracking.

Database Setup:

Creating a database to store the data from IoT sensors.can use technologies like MySQL, PostgreSQL, or NoSQL databases like MongoDB, depending on our data structure and requirements.

Front-End Development:

Building the user interface of your platform using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript. Here's what the front-end could include:

Dashboard: A central dashboard to display real-time transit information.

Interactive Map: Use libraries like Leaflet or Google Maps to show real-time bus/tram/train locations.

Graphs and Charts: Display ridership data in the form of charts or graphs.

Arrival Time Predictions: Calculate and display predicted arrival times based on real-time data.

User Authentication: Implement user accounts for customization and personalization.

Responsive Design: Ensure that your platform works on various devices and screen sizes.

Back-End Development:

Developing the server-side of your platform using a programming language like Node.js, Python, or Ruby. Key back-end tasks include:

API Integration: Building APIs to receive data from IoT sensors and provide it to the front-end.

Data Processing: Processing and clean the data from sensors to make it suitable for display.

Real-Time Data Updates: Using WebSockets or Server-Sent Events (SSE) to push real-time updates to the front-end.

User Management: Handling user accounts, authentication, and authorization.

Database Integration: Connecing our back-end to the database where we store sensor data.

IoT Sensor Integration:

Set up our IoT sensors to send data to your back-end via APIs or other communication protocols. Ensuring that the data sent is in a format that your system can process.

Real-Time Transit Data Display:

Implementing real-time data display on our platform. This can include live maps, arrival time predictions, ridership statistics, and other relevant information.

Testing:

Thoroughly test your platform to ensure that it works correctly. Test different scenarios, user interactions, and real-time data updates.

CODE FOR FRONT END

Html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Public Transit Information</title>
link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
<header>
```

```
<h1>Real-Time Transit Information</h1>
</header>
<main>
<div id="map-container">
<!-- Real-time map will be inserted here -->
</div>
<div id="ridership">
<h2>Ridership Data</h2>
<div id="ridership-chart">
<!-- Ridership chart will be inserted here -->
</div>
</div>
<div id="arrival-times">
<h2>Arrival Times</h2>
<!-- Arrival time data will be inserted here -->
</div>
</main>
<script src="app.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
   CSS
 body {
 font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
header {
 background-color: #0073e6;
color: #fff;
 text-align: center;
```

```
padding: 20px;
main {
max-width: 1200px;
margin: 0 auto;
padding: 20px;
#map-container {
height: 400px;
}
#ridership {
margin-top: 20px;
padding: 20px;
background-color: #f2f2f2;
}
#arrival-times {
margin-top: 20px;
}
#ridership-chart {
height: 300px;
 }
     JS
     .// Fetch and display real-time map data using Leaflet
     const map = L.map('map-container').setView([latitude, longitude], zoomLevel);
     L.tile Layer ('https://{s}.tile.openstreetmap.org/{z}//{x}//{y}.png').add To(map);\\
     #Fetch and display ridership chart using a charting library like Chart.js
     const ridershipData = {
```

```
labels: ['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May'],
  datasets: [
     {
       label: 'Ridership',
       data: [1200, 1500, 1300, 1800, 1600],
       borderColor: 'blue',
       backgroundColor: 'rgba(0, 115, 230, 0.2)',
     },
  ],
};
const ctx = document.getElementById('ridership-chart').getContext('2d');
new Chart(ctx, {
  type: 'line',
  data: ridershipData,
});
// Fetch and display arrival time data
const arrivalTimes = ['09:15 AM', '09:30 AM', '09:45 AM', '10:00 AM', '10:15 AM'];
const arrivalTimesList = document.getElementById('arrival-times-list');
arrivalTimes.forEach((time) => {
  const li = document.createElement('li');
  li.textContent = time;
  arrivalTimesList.appendChild(li);
});
```