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Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur

## **PROGRAMMING IN JAVA**

### **Assignment 3**

**TYPE OF QUESTION: MCQ**

**Number of questions: 10**

**Total mark:  $10 \times 1 = 10$**

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#### **QUESTION 1:**

**In which of the following scenario(s), the static block is used in Java?**

- a. To create static variables.
- b. To initialize instance variables.
- c. To initialize static variables.
- d. To create new objects.

**Correct Answer: c**

#### **Detailed Solution:**

The static keyword can be used to create a block to be used to initialize static variables.

This static block executes when classloader loads the class.

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**QUESTION 2 :**

**Consider the following piece of code.**

```
public class Question {  
    private static int count = 0;  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        incrementCount();  
        System.out.println("Count: " + count);  
    }  
  
    _____ incrementCount() {  
        count++;  
    }  
}
```

**Fill in the blank with the appropriate keyword(s) from the list given below so that the program compiles successfully.**

- a.     public void
- b.     private void
- c.     public static void
- d.     private static void

**Correct Answer: c, d**

**Detailed Solution:**

Option c and d are correct keyword(s).

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**QUESTION 3:**

**Consider the following piece of code.**

```
class A {  
    public void display() {  
        System.out.println("A's display method");  
    }  
}  
  
class B extends A {  
    public void display() {  
        System.out.println("B's display method");  
    }  
}  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        A a = new B();  
        a.display();  
        ((B) a).display();  
    }  
}
```

**What is the output of the above code?**

- a. A's display method  
B's display method
- b. A's display method  
A's display method
- c. B's display method  
B's display method
- d. B's display method  
A's display method

**Correct Answer: c**

**Detailed Solution:**

Test by run.



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**QUESTION 4:**

**Which of the following statement(s) is/are false?**

- a. You can write a new instance method in the subclass with the same signature as the one in the superclass, thus overriding it.
- b. You can write a new static method in the subclass with the same signature as the one in the superclass, thus hiding it.
- c. A subclass inherits all of its parent's public and protected members, no matter what package the subclass is in.
- d. You cannot declare new methods in the subclass that are not in the superclass.

**Correct Answer: d**

**Detailed Solution:**

You can declare new methods in the subclass that are not in the superclass.

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**QUESTION 5:**

**Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?**

- a. You will get a compile-time error if you attempt to change an instance method in the superclass to a static method in the subclass.
- b. You can prevent a class from being subclassed by using the final keyword in the class's declaration.
- c. An abstract class can be instantiated.
- d. Common behaviour can be defined in a superclass and inherited into a subclass using the extends keyword.

**Correct Answer: a, b, d**

**Detailed Solution:**

An abstract class cannot be instantiated.

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**QUESTION 6:**

**Consider the following program.**

```
public class Question{  
    public static void main(String[] args){  
        String str = " programming in java ";  
        System.out.println(str.substring(1,3)+str.substring(4,5)+  
                           str.substring(6,8));  
    }  
}
```

**What is the output of the above program?**

- a. prgam
- b. program
- c. gramm
- d. ing in

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:**

Test by a run.

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**QUESTION 7:**

**Consider the following piece of code.**

```
class Question{
    static int a =10;
}

class Question1 extends Question{
    static int a =20;
}

public class Quest extends Question1{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        a =100;
        System.out.println(Question.a);
        System.out.println(Question1.a);
    }
}
```

**Which of the following is the output of the above program?**

- a. 10  
100
- b. 10  
20
- c. 100  
10
- d. 10  
10

**Correct Answer: a**



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**Detailed Solution:**

Test by run.

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**QUESTION 8:**

**Consider the following program.**

```
class Question {  
    int a=400;  
    int b=200;  
}  
  
public class Child1 extends Question {  
    int a=1000;  
    int b=2000;  
  
    void add(int a,int b) {  
        System.out.println(a+this.b-super.a);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Child1 c = new Child1();  
        c.add(100,300);  
    }  
}
```

**If the program is executed, then what will be the output from the execution?**

- a. 1700
- b. 1300
- c. 0
- d. 2600

**Correct Answer: a**



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**Detailed Solution:**

a = 100 , this.b=2000, super.a=400 ,  $100+2000-400=1700$

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**QUESTION 9:**

**Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?**

- a. Hiding internal data from the outside world and accessing it only through publicly exposed methods is known as data encapsulation.
- b. Static methods in interfaces are never inherited.
- c. The term "class variable" is another name for a non-static field.
- d. A local variable stores a temporary state; it is declared inside a method.

**Correct Answer: a, b, d**

**Detailed Solution:**

The term "class variable" is another name for a static field.

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**QUESTION 10:**

**All classes in java are inherited from which class?**

- a. java.lang.class
- b. java.class.inherited
- c. java.class.object
- d. java.lang.Object

**Correct Answer: d**

**Detailed Solution:**

All classes in java are inherited from Object class.

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