PART-4

Exception Handling

GitHub Repository Link: https://github.com/21ce114/JAVA-Practicals.git

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Question
          WAP to show the try - catch block to catch the different types of exception.
1:
          /*ID: 21CE114
Answer:
         Name: Harsh Rana
         Git Repository Link:
         AIM :WAP to show the try - catch block to catch
              the different types of exception.*/
         public class Practical4 1 {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                  //ArithmeticException Example
                  try{
                      int a = 114;
                      int result = a/0;
                  catch(ArithmeticException e){
                      System.out.println(e);
                  //NullPointer Exception
                      String a = null;
                      System.out.println(a.charAt(0));
                  catch(NullPointerException e1){
                      System.out.println(e1);
                  //StringIndexOutOfBound Exception
                  try{
                      String s = "Harsh";
                      char c = s.charAt(10);
                  catch(StringIndexOutOfBoundsException e2){
                      System.out.println(e2);
```

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//ArrayIndexOutOfBounds Exception
                   try{
                       int a[] = new int[5];
                       a[6] = 114;
                   catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e3){
                       System.out.println (e3);
          OutPut:
          PS C:\Users\HARSH> & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.12\bin\java.exe' '-cp' 'C:
           ppData\Local\Temp\vscodesws 7880c\jdt ws\jdt.ls-java-project\bin' 'Practical4 1'
           java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
           java.lang.NullPointerException
           java.lang.StringIndexOutOfBoundsException: String index out of range: 10
           java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Index 6 out of bounds for length 5
           PS C:\Users\HARSH>
Question
          WAP to generate user defined exception using "throw" and "throws" keyword.
          /*ID: 21CE114
Answer:
          Name: Harsh Rana
          Git Repository Link:
          AIM :WAP to generate user defined exception
               using "throw" and "throws" keyword.*/
          class NegativeNumber extends Exception{
              public NegativeNumber(String s){
                   super(s);
          public class Practical4_2 {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                   int a = -2;
                   try{
                            if (a<0){
                                throw new NegativeNumber("The number cannot be
          negative.");
                   catch (NegativeNumber e){
                       System.out.println(e);
```

```
Output:
           PS C:\Users\HARSH> & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.12\bin\java.exe' '-cp'
           'C:\Users\HARSH\AppData\Local\Temp\vscodesws_7880c\jdt_ws\jdt.ls-java-project
           \bin' 'Practical4 2
           NegativeNumber: The number cannot be negative.
           PS C:\Users\HARSH>
Question
           Write a program that raises two exceptions. Specify two 'catch' clauses for the
           two exceptions. Each 'catch' block handles a different type of exception. For
3:
           example the exception could be 'ArithmeticException' and
           'ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException'. Display a message in the 'finally' block.
          /*ID: 21CE114
Answer:
          Name: Harsh Rana
          Git Repository Link:
          AIM : Write a program that raises two exceptions.
          Specify two 'catch' clauses for the two exceptions.
          Each 'catch' block handles a different type of exception.
          For example the exception could be 'ArithmeticException'
          and 'ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException'. Display a message
          in the 'finally' block.*/
          public class Practical4 3 {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                      try{
                           int a[]=new int[5];
                           //Only the arithmeticexception is handled.
                           //After first exception is encountered catch block
                           //is execuated. Remaining statements in try block
          are not execuated.
                           a[5]=114/0;
                           a[6]=6;
                          catch(ArithmeticException e)
                               System.out.println("Arithmetic Exception
          occurs");
                          catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
                               System.out.println("ArrayIndexOutOfBounds
          Exception occurs");
```