Module 12 DevOps

CS 169: Software Engineering

1 Overview

At this point, you and your team of software engineers are more than capable of deploying a full fledged Ruby on Rails web application with a JavaScript-enhanced, HTML/CSS based front end along with a Rails back end equipped with ActiveRecord. On top of that, you've continually added to your fantastic suite of tests to verify correctness and behavior. Give yourselves a pat on the back!

That being said, as the old adage goes, even "The best-laid plans of mice and men often go awry". No matter how carefully a project is planned, something may still go wrong with it. DevOps encapsulates a set of practices which compliments Agile, and is meant to help streamline software quality improvement. In this worksheet, we'll investigate different techniques for identifying and resolving post-deployment issues.

2 The Basics

Performance and security are the general focus of this module. Specifically, performance stability is qualified as responsiveness, resource management, scalability, and availability. On the other hand, security is a matter of privacy and authentication. Which aspects of application scalability are not automatically handled for you in a PaaS environment?
3 Three Tier Architecture
With the new revenue you've gotten from the application your team developed, you decide to purchase more devices to scale your application, developed in a shared nothing, three tier architecture format.
Out of the three layers, the Presentation and Logic tiers are much easier to scale than the Persistence tier. In max 2 sentences, explain how the shared nothing design helps with scalability, and what communication protocol + protocol's feature make this possible.

4 SLO Calculations

During your last retrospective meeting, you and your team decided on an SLO regarding request latency: 90% of
requests within any 1 minute window should have a latency below 1000ms. A couple days later, your profiling
reports come back in 20 minute intervals, and you notice an average of 10000 requests are made during each 20
min interval.

What is the maximum number of slow or dropped requests (> 1000ms) that can occur before you fail to meet the SLO's standard? (Note: You do <i>not</i> know the timestamp of each request. However, you do know that at least 5 requests are being made each minute). In your answer, box your solution and show work.
5 Feature Flag Configurations
Which of the following are appropriate places to store the value of a simple Boolean feature flag and why:
(a) a YAML file in the app's config directory
(b) a column in an existing database table
(c) a separate database table Keep in mind, an app's source code shouldn't have to be modified for a feature flag.
Keep III IIIIIII, all app's source code shouldn't have to be mouniculion a leature hag.
6 Databases
6.1
The textbook mentions that passing :layout=>false to caches_action provides most of the benefit of action caching even when the page layout contains dynamic elements such as the logged-in user's name. Why doesn't the caches_page method also allow this option?
puge memer and opener.

An index on a database table usually speeds up at the exp	rpense of and

7 SQL Injection

Let's assume your application implements a login script using the following JavaScript code + SQL syntax:

```
var username = req.body.username;
var password = req.body.password;
var query = "SELECT_*_FROM_Users_WHERE_username_=_'" + username + "'_and
____password_=_'" + password + "'";

db.get(query, function(err, row) {
    if (err) {
        // Login Fails
    } else {
        // Login succeeds as the user
    }
}
```

The above code is vulnerable to SQL Injection!

7.1 Let the Table Drop

Describe what input could be passed in for username and password to exploit this vulnerability such that you would drop the Users table. Assume that "Mallory" is a valid username.

- 1. Set the value of username
- 2. Set the value of password

7.2 Identity Theft is not a Joke, Jim!

A jealous user knows that there is a rich user with username "Dwight".

Describe what input could be passed in for username and password to exploit this vulnerability such that one could log in as "Dwight" without knowing Dwight's PIN.

- 1. Set the value of username
- 2. Set the value of password