

ECONOMETRICS 1 - HOMEWORK

PILI Pierre

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1 The Basics

1.1

var	median	mean	min	max	sd	NAs
agro_emp	18.6	25.1	0.1	86.3	22.3	30
bribery	11.7	17.0	0.0	67.1	14.7	87
gfce	16.5	17.7	5.1	62.9	8.4	36
literacy	93.0	83.6	24.2	100.0	19.3	61
log_gdp	9.4	9.3	6.6	11.6	1.2	22
pop_total	6.2e+06	3.4e+07	1.1e+04	1.4e+09	1.4e+08	2
self_emp	35.0	40.9	0.4	94.8	27.0	30
stocks	6.4	28.8	0.0	538.7	66.8	131
sample_size	715.1	3.6e+03	120.1	1.4e+05	1.3e+04	2

Table 1: Descriptive statistics

1.2

(a)

Figure 1 shows a clear negative relationship between the share of self employment and gdp. The empirical correlation coefficient is equal to -0.89 which is very close to -1 . The anticorrelation is very strong.

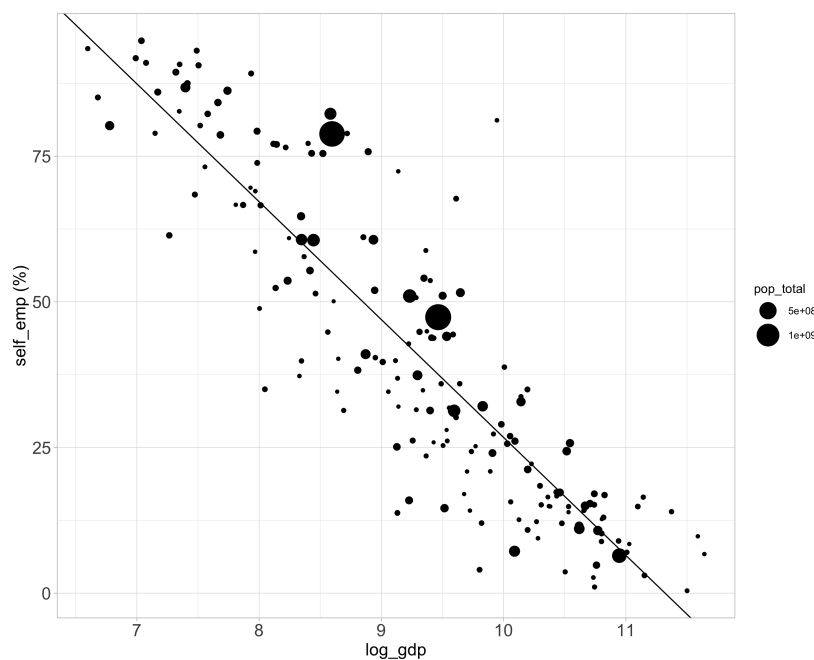


Figure 1: Self employment rate with respect to GDP

(b)

As in the previous question, Figure 2 shows a clear positive relationship between the share of self employment and share of employment in the agricultural sector. The empirical correlation coefficient is equal to 0.91 which is very close to 1. The correlation is very strong.

(c)

Figure 3 seems to demonstrate a negative relationship between the literacy category of the population and the self employment rate.

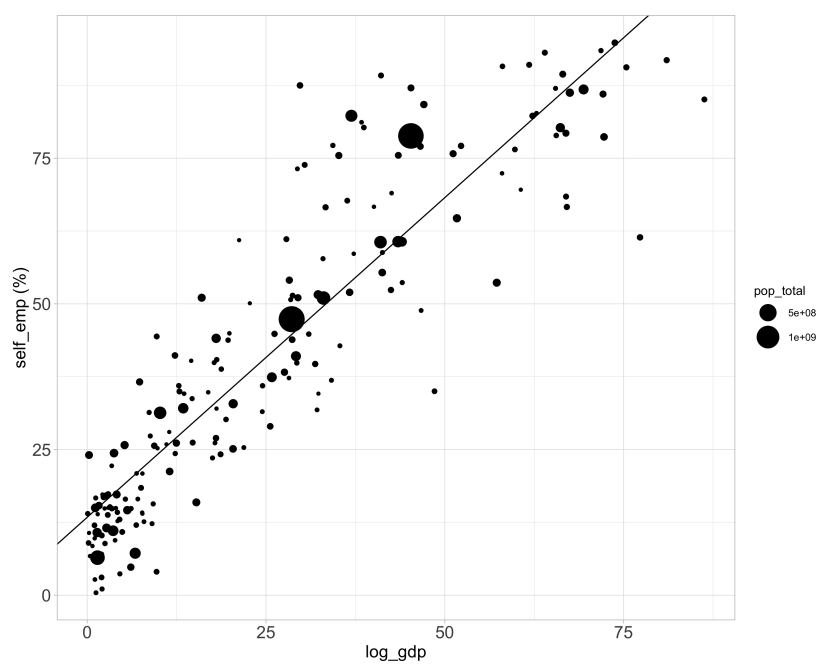


Figure 2: Self employment rate with respect to employment share in the agricultural sector

Table 2: Results

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>	
	self_emp	
	(1)	(2)
log_gdp	−6.506*** (1.755)	−5.520 (4.042)
literacy	−0.313*** (0.070)	−0.358** (0.175)
agro_emp	0.592*** (0.080)	0.628*** (0.176)
gfce		−0.922** (0.380)
stocks		0.110* (0.061)
bribery		−0.111 (0.156)
Constant	113.219*** (16.361)	121.953*** (41.265)
Observations	143	49
R ²	0.845	0.828
Adjusted R ²	0.841	0.804
Residual Std. Error	10.574 (df = 139)	9.262 (df = 42)
F Statistic	252.152*** (df = 3; 139)	33.720*** (df = 6; 42)

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

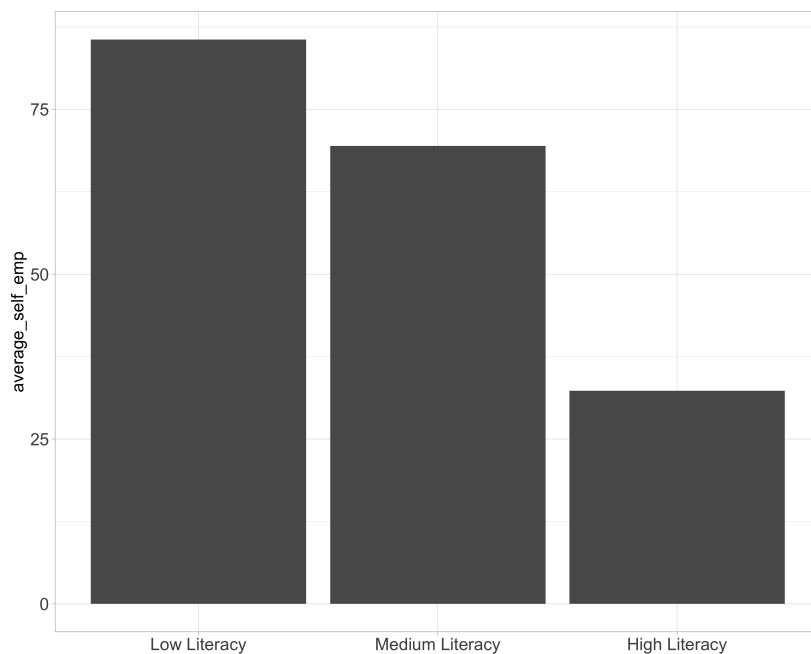


Figure 3: Average self employment rate as a function of the literacy category

1.3

2 Heteroskedasticity & Monte Carlo Simulations

3 Instrumental Variables

3.1

Table 3 shows the descriptive statistics of the table made of 900 hundred municipalities. First, the data is remarkably clean as there is no NA values in it.

var	median	mean	min	max	sd	NAs
business_crea	0.1	0.1	5.6e-02	0.3	3.1e-02	0
nb_crimes	73.0	149.8	9.0	1.0e+04	451.3	0
nb_households	9.8e+03	1.9e+04	3.7e+03	1.4e+06	5.3e+04	0
pop	2.0e+04	3.5e+04	1.0e+04	2.2e+06	8.8e+04	0
income	2.0	2.9	1.0	6.0	1.1	0
crime_rate	7.2e-03	7.9e-03	1.0e-03	3.0e-02	4.1e-03	0

Table 3: Descriptive statistics

Table 4: Results

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>
	crime_rate
business_crea	0.018*** (0.005)
log(pop)	0.001*** (0.0002)
income	0.00001 (0.0001)
com_typeC	-0.003*** (0.0003)
com_typeI	-0.002*** (0.001)
Constant	0.001 (0.002)
Observations	899
R ²	0.150
Adjusted R ²	0.145
Residual Std. Error	0.004 (df = 893)
F Statistic	31.568*** (df = 5; 893)
<i>Note:</i>	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01