

Java Servlets

CSCI 201
Principles of Software Development

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Outline

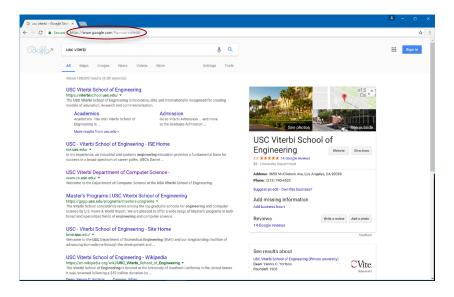
- Java Servlets
- Program

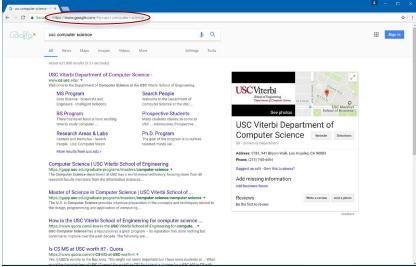


Dynamic Web Content



- Dynamic web content allows different data to be shown on the same web page
 - For example, the Google search result page is the same page that loads different data based on the search terms







Front-End vs Back-End









Request web page

Return HTML, CSS, JavaScript



Web Server

Web Languages



- Most dynamic content is based on a server program running and generating the front-end code in real-time
- There are many back-end web languages
 - > Java Servlets, JSPs, JavaBeans, Enterprise Java Beans (EJBs)
 - > .NET C#, VB
 - > PHP
 - > Ruby
 - > Python
 - > Server-side JavaScript node.js
 - > CGI C, Perl
- There are three front-end web languages
 - > HTML
 - > CSS
 - > JavaScript
 - > (Browser plug-ins could be used on the front-end as well)

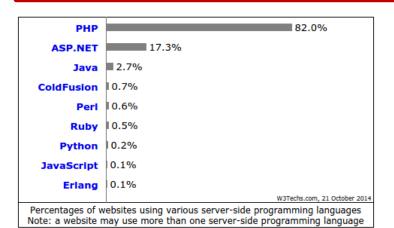




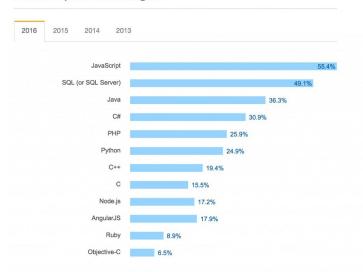


Which Back-End Language to Choose?

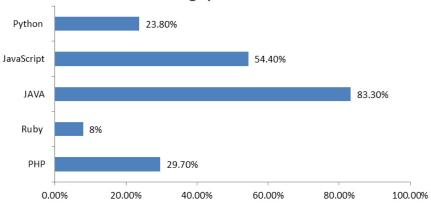




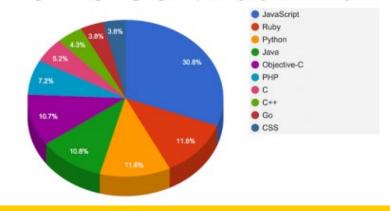
I. Most Popular Technologies



Most Used Programming Languages (% Usage)



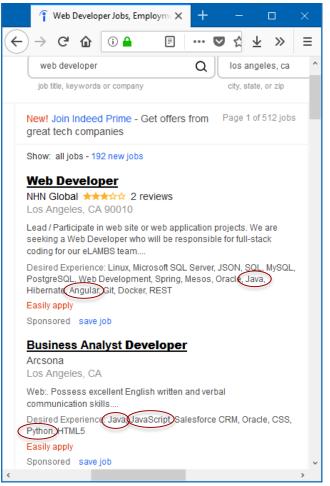
Programming Language Popularity By Github Projects

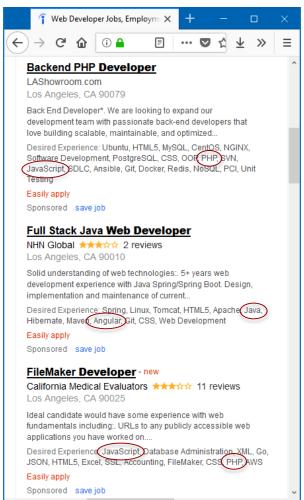


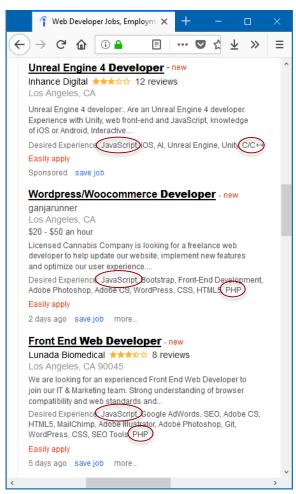


Which Back-End Language to Choose?



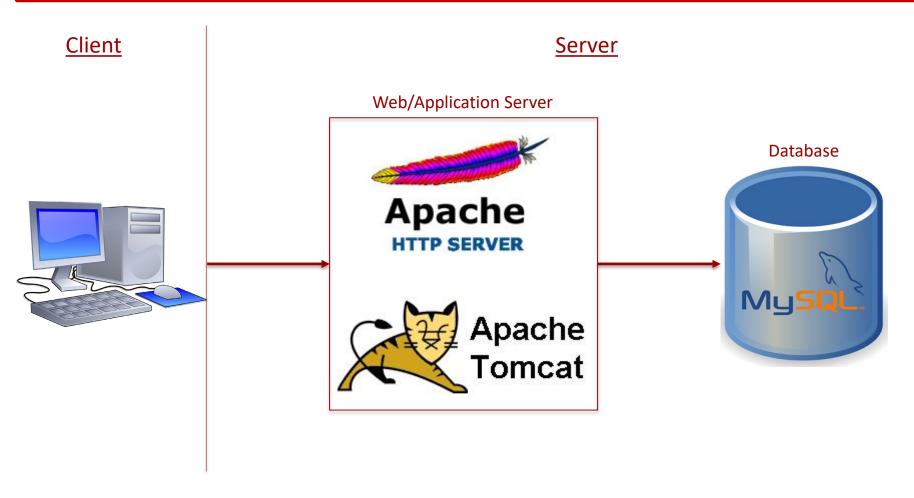






Servlet 3-Tier Architecture







Java Servlets



- Servlets are Java classes that can serve dynamic web content
- Servlets get compiled and executed on the server and generate client-side code to send back out to the browser
 - > Client-side code is HTML, CSS, and JavaScript
- To create a servlet, extend the HttpServlet class
 - void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
 - void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
 - > void service(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
 - Dispatches to doGet or doPost if not overridden
 - void init(ServetConfig config)



My First Servlet



```
package csci201;
   import java.io.IOException;
                                                                             localhost:8080/TestWeb/
   import javax.servlet.ServletConfig;
                                                                                       (i) localhost:8080/TestWeb/FirstServlet
   import javax.servlet.ServletException;
   import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
   import javax.servlet.http.*;
   @WebServlet("/FirstServlet")
   public class TestServlet extends HttpServlet {
      private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
10
11
      public TestServlet() {
12
        super();
13
        System.out.println("in constructor");
14
      public void init(ServletConfig config) throws ServletException {
15
        System.out.println("in init");
16
17
18
      protected void service (HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
19
        System.out.println("in service");
20
21
                                      🏽 Markers 📃 Properties 🙌 Servers 🏙 Data Source Explorer 🖺 Snippets 🥷 Problems 📮 Console 🔀
22 }
                                     Tomcat v9.0 Server at localhost [Apache Tomcat] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jan 26, 2017, 8:07: INFU: Server Startup III 045 IIIS
                                      in constructor
                                      in init
                                      in service
                                      in service
                                      in service
                                      in service
```



Annotations



- Annotations allow us to specify configuration parameters that are used by the application server in our .java files
- Before annotations (or even now if you want), you would have to modify the web.xml file of the application server

```
<servlet>
     <servlet-name>mytest</servlet-name>
     <init-param>
       <param-name>n1</param-name>
       <param-value>v1</param-value>
     </init-param>
     <init-param>
       <param-name>n2</param-name>
       <param-value>v2</param-value>
     </init-param>
11 </servlet>
12 <servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-name>mytest</servlet-name>
13
     <url-mapping>/myurl</url-mapping>
15 </servlet-mapping>
```

 Instead, we can write the following line immediately above the class declaration of our servlet





My Second Servlet



```
package csci201;
   import java.io.IOException;
   import java.io.PrintWriter;
   import javax.servlet.ServletException;
   import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
   import javax.servlet.http.*;
8
   @WebServlet("/SecondServlet")
   public class TestServlet extends HttpServlet {
10
     private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
     protected void service(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
11
12
       throws ServletException, IOException {
13
       response.setContentType("text/html");
14
       PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
                                                             My Second Servlet
15
       out.println("<!DOCTYPE html>");
       out.println("<html>");
16
                                                                C | O localhost:8080/TestWeb/SecondServlet
       out.println("<head>");
17
18
       out.println("<title>My Second Servlet</title>");
                                                           Hello CSCI 201
19
       out.println("</head>");
20
       out.println("<body>");
       out.println("<h1>Hello CSCI 201</h1>");
2.1
2.2
       out.println("</body>");
23
       out.println("</html>");
24
25 }
```



Color Servlet

```
// omitted package and imports for space
                                                         31
                                                                out.println("");
   @WebServlet("/Colors")
                                                         32
                                                                out.println("Red");
  public class TestServlet extends HttpServlet {
                                                         33
                                                                out.println("Green");
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
                                                         34
                                                                out.println("Blue");
                                                         35
                                                                out.println("Color");
    private String getColor(int r, int g, int b) {
       String color = "";
                                                         36
                                                                for (int red=0; red < 255; red+=50) {
       color += makeHex(r);
                                                         37
                                                                  for (int green=0; green < 255; green+=50) {
       color += makeHex(q);
                                                         38
                                                                    for (int blue=0; blue < 255; blue+=50) {
       color += makeHex(b);
                                                         39
                                                                      out.println("");
10
       return color;
                                                         40
                                                                      out.print("" + red + "");
11
                                                         41
                                                                      out.print("" + green + "");
    private String makeHex(int color) {
                                                         42
                                                                      out.print("" + blue + "");
12
13
      String hexString = Integer.toHexString(color);
                                                         43
                                                                      String color = getColor(red, green, blue);
                                                                      out.print("");
14
      if (hexString.length() == 1) {
                                                         44
        hexString = "0" + hexString;
                                                                      out.print(" ");
                                                         45
15
                                                                                              My Second Servlet ×
16
                                                         46
                                                                      out.println("");
                                                                                              ← → C | □ localhost:8080/TestWeb/Colors
17
       return hexString;
                                                         47
18
                                                         48
                                                                                              Color Table
                                                         49
19
    protected void service (HttpServletRequest request,
                           HttpServletResponse response) 50
                                                                out.println("");
20
                                                                                              Red Green Blue Color
21
       throws ServletException, IOException {
                                                         51
                                                                out.println("</body>");
                                                                                                   0
       response.setContentType("text/html");
                                                         52
                                                                out.println("</html>");
                                                                                                   50
22
                                                                                                0
                                                                                                   100
23
       PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
                                                         53
                                                                                                   150
       out.println("<!DOCTYPE html>");
                                                         54 }
24
                                                                                                   200
25
      out.println("<html>");
                                                                                                   250
26
      out.println("<head>");
       out.println("<title>My Second Servlet</title>");
27
       out.println("</head>");
28
                                                                                                   150
                                                                                                   200
       out.println("<body>");
29
                                                                                                   250
      out.println("<h1>Color Table</h1>");
30
                                                                                                100
                                                                                                100
                                                                                                   200
                                                                                                100
                                                                                                   250
```



150 0 150 50

Color Servlet Generated HTML



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
2 < html >
3 <head>
4 <title>My Second Servlet</title>
5 </head>
6 <body>
7 <h1>Color Table</h1>
8 
9 RedGreenBlueColor
10 
11 0
12 0
13 0
14  
15 
16 
17 0
18 0
19 50
20  
21 
22 
23 0
24 >0
25 100
26  
27 
1306 
1307 </body>
1308 </html>
```



Color Table

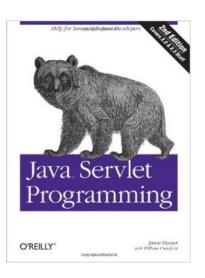
Red	Green	Blue	Color
0	0	0	
0	0	50	
0	0	100	
0	0	150	
0	0	200	
0	0	250	
0	50	0	
0	50	50	
0	50	100	
0	50	150	
0	50	200	
0	50	250	
0	100	0	
0	100	50	
0	100	100	
0	100	150	
0	100	200	
0	100	250	
0	150	0	
0	150	50	



Servlets and HTML Forms



- Servlets can be used to process the data submitted from an HTML form through the HttpServletRequest variable in the doGet, doPost, or service method
- Here are a few of the more commonly used methods
 - > Cookie[] getCookies()
 - > String getQueryString()
 - > HttpSession getSession()
 - > String getParameter(String)
 - > Enumeration<String> getParameterNames()
 - > String[] getParameterValues(String)
 - Returns all of the values associated with a specific parameter name



Servlet Form Example



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
     <head>
       <title>Sample Form</title>
     </head>
     <body>
        <form name="myform" method="GET" action="FormServlet">
          First Name <input type="text" name="fname" /><br />
          Last Name <input type="text" name="lname" /><br />
10
          <input type="submit" name="submit" value="Submit" />
       </form>
                                                     ×
    </body>
                                ₩ Samp ×
13 </html>
                                      (i) localhost:8080/TestWeb/form.html
                               First Name
                               Last Name
                               Submit
```

Servlet Form Example



```
// package and imports omitted for space
   @WebServlet("/FormServlet")
   public class FormServlet extends HttpServlet {
      private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
      protected void service (HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
                                                                   💽 Markers 🗏 Properties 🤲 Servers 🛍 Data Source Explorer 🔝 Snippets 🚉 Problems 💂 Console 🗵 🔗 Search
                                                                   Tomcat v9.0 Server at localhost [Apache Tomcat] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_101\bin\javaw.exe (Jan 27, 2017, 1:36:43 PM)
        String fname = request.getParameter("fname");
                                                                   Jan 27, 2017 1:37:05 PM org.apache.catalina.core.StandardContext reload
        String lname = request.getParameter("lname");
                                                                   INFO: Reloading Context with name [/TestWeb] has started
                                                                   Jan 27, 2017 1:37:05 PM org.apache.catalina.core.StandardContext reload
        System.out.println("fname = " + fname);
10
                                                                   INFO: Reloading Context with name [/TestWeb] is completed
11
        System.out.println("lname = " + lname);
                                                                   fname = Bill
                                                                   lname = Gates
12
13
        response.setContentType("text/html");
14
        out.println("<html>");
        out.println("<head><title>Form Submission</title></head>");
1.5
        out.println("<body>");
16
        out.println("<h1>Submitted Data</h1>");
        out.println("First Name:<strong> " + fname + "</strong><br />");
        out.println("Last Name:<strong> " + lname + "</strong>");
        out.println("</body>");
20
21
        out.println("</html>");
                                                  Form Submission
22
                                                           ① localhost:8080/TestWeb/FormServlet?fname=Bill&Iname=Gates&submit=Submit ☆
23 }
                                                Submitted Data
                                                First Name: Bill
                                                Last Name: Gates
```



Forwarding from a Servlet



- Because servlets have a lot of overhead when generating client-side code, forwarding to a different page is often used
 - > The request and response objects can be forwarded to the page too
 - The servlet can do some processing of the data, possibly even modify or amend it, then forward to another page
 - > This is separating the display and business logic (view and controller in MVC)

```
// omitted package and import statements for space
   @WebServlet("/FormServlet")
   public class FormServlet extends HttpServlet {
     private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    protected void service(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
       throws ServletException, IOException {
       String username = request.getParameter("username");
       String next = "/invalidUsername.jsp";
       if (username != null && username.equals("csci201")) {
         next = "/validUsername.jsp";
10
11
12
       RequestDispatcher dispatch = getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher(next);
13
       dispatch.forward(request, response);
14
15 }
```

Java Servlet Frameworks



- There is a popular Java Servlet framework currently called Spring Boot (https://projects.spring.io/spring-boot/)
 - Spring Boot tries to remove all configuration and allow a programmer to focus solely on writing Java code

Spring Boot makes it easy to create stand-alone, production-grade Spring based Applications that you can "just run". We take an opinionated view of the Spring platform and third-party libraries so you can get started with minimum fuss. Most Spring Boot applications need very little Spring configuration.

Features

- Create stand-alone Spring applications
- Embed Tomcat, Jetty or Undertow directly (no need to deploy WAR files)
- Provide opinionated 'starter' POMs to simplify your Maven configuration
- Automatically configure Spring whenever possible
- Provide production-ready features such as metrics, health checks and externalized configuration
- Absolutely no code generation and no requirement for XML configuration



More Servlets



- For more information on Servlets
 - Go to https://docs.oracle.com/javaee/7/tutorial/servlets.htm
 - Go through one of the many servlet tutorials online





Outline

- Java Servlets
- Program



Program



 Create the following form and process the submitted data with a servlet to display the page on the right with a servlet.

