

## Steps to create a Git Repository:

1. Open Git Bash.
2. Navigate to the root directory of your project.
3. Initialize the local directory as a Git repository. By default, the initial branch is called `main`.

If you're using Git 2.28.0 or a later version, you can set the name of the default branch using `-b`.

```
git init -b main
```

If you're using Git 2.27.1 or an earlier version, you can set the name of the default branch using `git symbolic-ref`.

```
git init && git symbolic-ref HEAD refs/heads/main
```

4. Add the files in your new local repository. This stages them for the first commit.
5. `$ git add .`
6. # Adds the files in the local repository and stages them for commit. To unstage a file, use `'git reset HEAD YOUR-FILE'`.
7. Commit the files that you've staged in your local repository.
8. `$ git commit -m "First commit"`
9. # Commits the tracked changes and prepares them to be pushed to a remote repository. To remove this commit and modify the file, use `'git reset --soft HEAD~1'` and commit and add the file again.