

1. Implement the AI Game Strategy

Part 1 –(a). Inst-all the Python Libraries required for Game Strategy

1. Install the python libraries - collections, random, math, functools, cache = functools.lru_cache(10**6)
2. Implement a Game Class Constructor using action, is terminal, result, utility functions

```
In [1]: from collections import namedtuple, Counter, defaultdict
import random
import math
import functools
cache = functools.lru_cache(10**6)
```

```
In [2]: class Game:
        """A game is similar to a problem, but it has a terminal test in
        a goal test, and a utility for each terminal state. To create a
        subclass this class and implement `actions`, `result`, `is_termi
        and `utility`. You will also need to set the .initial attribute
        initial state; this can be done in the constructor."""

        def actions(self, state):
            """Return a collection of the allowable moves from this state
            raise NotImplementedError

        def result(self, state, move):
            """Return the state that results from making a move from a s
            raise NotImplementedError

        def is_terminal(self, state):
            """Return True if this is a final state for the game."""
            return not self.actions(state)

        def utility(self, state, player):
            """Return the value of this final state to player."""
            raise NotImplementedError
```

1. Implement a Player Game using the Game Class Constructor.

```
In [3]: def play_game(game, strategies: dict, verbose=False):
        """Play a turn-taking game. `strategies` is a {player_name: func
        where function(state, game) is used to get the player's move."""
        state = game.initial
        while not game.is_terminal(state):
```

```

    player = state.to_move
    move = strategies[player](game, state)
    state = game.result(state, move)
    if verbose:
        print('Player', player, 'move:', move)
        print(state)
    return state

```

Part 2 – Implement the Game Strategy Algorithms

1. Implement the **MiniMax Search Algorithm**

```

In [4]: def minimax_search(game, state):
        """Search game tree to determine best move; return (value, move)

        player = state.to_move

        def max_value(state):
            if game.is_terminal(state):
                return game.utility(state, player), None
            v, move = -infinity, None
            for a in game.actions(state):
                v2, _ = min_value(game.result(state, a))
                if v2 > v:
                    v, move = v2, a
            return v, move

        def min_value(state):
            if game.is_terminal(state):
                return game.utility(state, player), None
            v, move = +infinity, None
            for a in game.actions(state):
                v2, _ = max_value(game.result(state, a))
                if v2 < v:
                    v, move = v2, a
            return v, move

        return max_value(state)

infinity = math.inf

```

1. Implement the **Alpha-Beta Search Algorithm**

```
In [5]: def alphabeta_search(game, state):
        """Search game to determine best action; use alpha-beta pruning.
        """Search all the way to the leaves."""

        player = state.to_move

        def max_value(state, alpha, beta):
            if game.is_terminal(state):
                return game.utility(state, player), None
            v, move = -infinity, None
            for a in game.actions(state):
                v2, _ = min_value(game.result(state, a), alpha, beta)
                if v2 > v:
                    v, move = v2, a
                    alpha = max(alpha, v)
                if v >= beta:
                    return v, move
            return v, move

        def min_value(state, alpha, beta):
            if game.is_terminal(state):
                return game.utility(state, player), None
            v, move = +infinity, None
            for a in game.actions(state):
                v2, _ = max_value(game.result(state, a), alpha, beta)
                if v2 < v:
                    v, move = v2, a
                    beta = min(beta, v)
                if v <= alpha:
                    return v, move
            return v, move

        return max_value(state, -infinity, +infinity)
```

Part 3 – Implement the Game Strategy using TicTocToe

1. Implement TicTocToe game using **init** , **actions**, **result**, **is terminal**, **utility**, **display** constructors

```
In [6]: class TicTacToe(Game):
        """Play TicTacToe on an `height` by `width` board, needing `k` in
        'X' plays first against 'O'."""

        def __init__(self, height=3, width=3, k=3):
```

```

        self.k = k # k in a row
        self.squares = {(x, y) for x in range(width) for y in range(height)}
        self.initial = Board(height=height, width=width, to_move='X')

    def actions(self, board):
        """Legal moves are any square not yet taken."""
        return self.squares - set(board)

    def result(self, board, square):
        """Place a marker for current player on square."""
        player = board.to_move
        board = board.new({square: player}, to_move=('O' if player == 'X' else 'X'))
        win = k_in_row(board, player, square, self.k)
        board.utility = (0 if not win else +1 if player == 'X' else -1)
        return board

    def utility(self, board, player):
        """Return the value to player; 1 for win, -1 for loss, 0 otherwise"""
        return board.utility if player == 'X' else -board.utility

    def is_terminal(self, board):
        """A board is a terminal state if it is won or there are no moves left"""
        return board.utility != 0 or len(self.squares) == len(board)

    def display(self, board): print(board)

def k_in_row(board, player, square, k):
    """True if player has k pieces in a line through square."""
    def in_row(x, y, dx, dy): return 0 if board[x, y] != player else 1
    return any(in_row(*square, dx, dy) + in_row(*square, -dx, -dy) - 1
               for (dx, dy) in ((0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1)))

```

1. Implement a Game Board using **defaultdict** using **init** , **new**, **missing** , **hash** ,**repr**

```

In [7]: class Board(defaultdict):
    """A board has the player to move, a cached utility value,
    and a dict of {(x, y): player} entries, where player is 'X' or 'O'
    empty = '.'
    off = '#'

    def __init__(self, width=8, height=8, to_move=None, **kwds):
        self.__dict__.update(width=width, height=height, to_move=to_move, **kwds)

    def new(self, changes: dict, **kwds) -> 'Board':
        """Given a dict of {(x, y): contents} changes, return a new Board
        board = Board(width=self.width, height=self.height, **kwds)

```

```

        board.update(self)
        board.update(changes)
        return board

    def __missing__(self, loc):
        x, y = loc
        if 0 <= x < self.width and 0 <= y < self.height:
            return self.empty
        else:
            return self.off

    def __hash__(self):
        return hash(tuple(sorted(self.items()))) + hash(self.to_move)

    def __repr__(self):
        def row(y): return ' '.join(self[x, y] for x in range(self.width))
        return '\n'.join(map(row, range(self.height))) + '\n'

```

1. Implement **random player(game,state)** and **player(search algorithm)**

In [8]:

```

def random_player(game, state): return random.choice(list(game.actions))

def player(search_algorithm):
    """A game player who uses the specified search algorithm"""
    return lambda game, state: search_algorithm(game, state)[1]

```

Part 4 – Evaluate the AI Game Strategy using TicTocToe

In [9]:

```

play_game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=random_player, O=player(alphabeta_search)))

```

Player X move: (2, 2)

```

. . .
. . .
. . X

```

Player O move: (1, 1)

```

. . .
. 0 .
. . X

```

Player X move: (1, 2)

```

. . .
. 0 .
. X X

```

Player O move: (0, 2)

```

. . .
. 0 .
0 X X

```

Player X move: (2, 1)

```
. . .  
. 0 X  
0 X X
```

Player 0 move: (2, 0)

```
. . 0  
. 0 X  
0 X X
```

Out [9]: -1

In [10]: `play_game(TicTacToe(), dict(X=player(alphabeta_search), O=player(min`

Player X move: (0, 1)

```
. . .  
X . .  
. . .
```

Player 0 move: (2, 1)

```
. . .  
X . 0  
. . .
```

Player X move: (1, 2)

```
. . .  
X . 0  
. X .
```

Player 0 move: (0, 0)

```
0 . .  
X . 0  
. X .
```

Player X move: (1, 1)

```
0 . .  
X X 0  
. X .
```

Player 0 move: (1, 0)

```
0 0 .  
X X 0  
. X .
```

Player X move: (2, 0)

```
0 0 X  
X X 0  
. X .
```

Player 0 move: (0, 2)

```
0 0 X  
X X 0  
0 X .
```

Player X move: (2, 2)

```
0 0 X  
X X 0  
0 X X
```

Out [10]: 0