

Implementation Breadth first Search Algorithm

```
from queue import Queue
```

```
graph = {0: [1, 3], 1: [0, 2, 3], 2: [4, 1, 5], 3: [4, 0, 1], 4: [2, 3, 5], 5: [4, 2], 6: []}
```

```
print("The adjacency List representing the graph is:")
```

```
print(graph)
```

```
def bfs(graph, source):
```

```
    Q = Queue()
```

```
    visited_vertices = set()
```

```
    Q.put(source)
```

```
    visited_vertices.update({0})
```

```
    while not Q.empty():
```

```
        vertex = Q.get()
```

```
        print(vertex, end="-->")
```

```
        for u in graph[vertex]:
```

```
            if u not in visited_vertices:
```

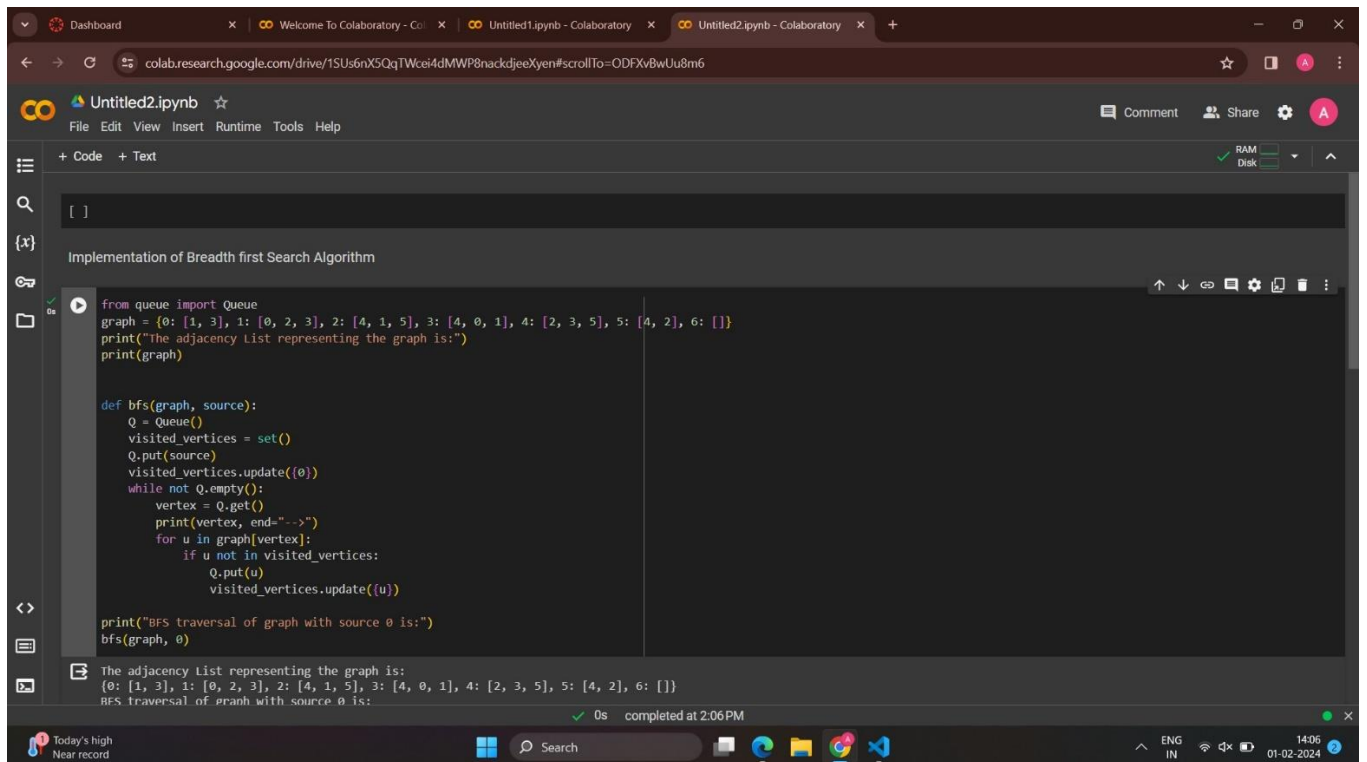
```
                Q.put(u)
```

```
                visited_vertices.update({u})
```

```
print("BFS traversal of graph with source 0 is:")
```

```
bfs(graph, 0)
```

output:-



The screenshot shows a Google Colaboratory notebook titled "Untitled2.ipynb". The code in the notebook implements a Breadth First Search (BFS) algorithm. The graph is defined as follows:

```
graph = {0: [1, 3], 1: [0, 2, 3], 2: [4, 1, 5], 3: [4, 0, 1], 4: [2, 3, 5], 5: [4, 2], 6: []}
```

The BFS function is defined as:

```
def bfs(graph, source):  
    Q = Queue()  
    visited_vertices = set()  
    Q.put(source)  
    visited_vertices.update({0})  
    while not Q.empty():  
        vertex = Q.get()  
        print(vertex, end="-->")  
        for u in graph[vertex]:  
            if u not in visited_vertices:  
                Q.put(u)  
                visited_vertices.update({u})  
    print("BFS traversal of graph with source 0 is:")  
    bfs(graph, 0)
```

The output of the code is:

```
The adjacency List representing the graph is:  
{0: [1, 3], 1: [0, 2, 3], 2: [4, 1, 5], 3: [4, 0, 1], 4: [2, 3, 5], 5: [4, 2], 6: []}  
BFS traversal of graph with source 0 is:
```

The notebook interface shows the code is executed successfully, with a status bar indicating "0s completed at 2:06 PM".

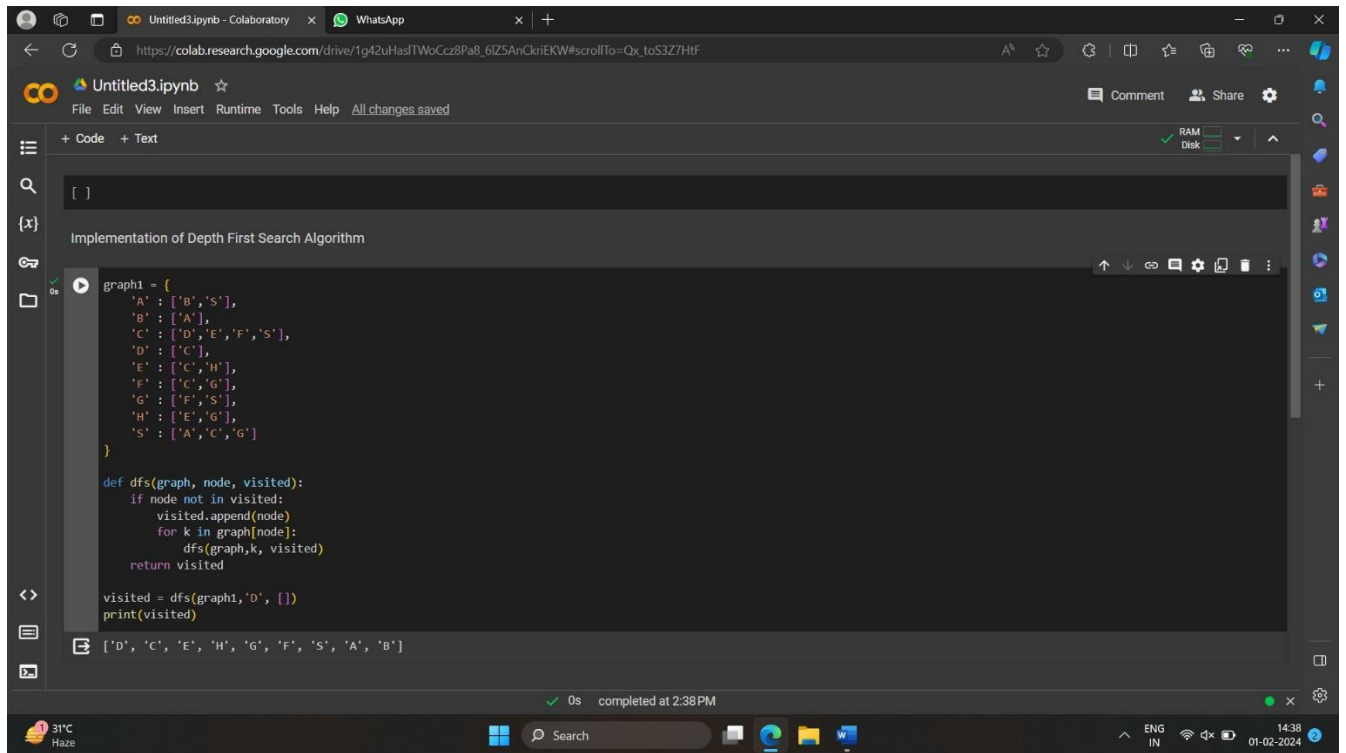
Implementation of Depth First Search Algorithm

```
graph1 = {  
    'A' : ['B','S'],  
    'B' : ['A'],  
    'C' : ['D','E','F','S'],  
    'D' : ['C'],  
    'E' : ['C','H'],  
    'F' : ['C','G'],  
    'G' : ['F','S'],  
    'H' : ['E','G'],  
    'S' : ['A','C','G']  
}
```

```
def dfs(graph, node, visited):  
    if node not in visited:  
        visited.append(node)  
        for k in graph[node]:  
            dfs(graph,k, visited)  
    return visited
```

```
visited = dfs(graph1,'D', [])  
print(visited)
```

output:-



Implementation of Depth First Search Algorithm

```
graph1 = {
    'A': ['B', 'S'],
    'B': ['A'],
    'C': ['D', 'E', 'F', 'S'],
    'D': ['C'],
    'E': ['C', 'H'],
    'F': ['C', 'G'],
    'G': ['F', 'S'],
    'H': ['E', 'G'],
    'S': ['A', 'C', 'G']
}

def dfs(graph, node, visited):
    if node not in visited:
        visited.append(node)
        for k in graph[node]:
            dfs(graph, k, visited)
        return visited

visited = dfs(graph1, 'D', [])
print(visited)
```

['D', 'C', 'E', 'H', 'G', 'F', 'S', 'A', 'B']

0s completed at 2:38 PM