# Data Wrangling (1)

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# Objectives of this Lecture

This lecture introduces data wrangling with R. Using V-Dem data as an example, we will learn how to use the wrangle data with a set of tidyverse functionality. Specifically, we will focus on functions...

- 1. to import and export data: read\_csv , write\_csv (with a brief introduction to other data import/export functions from readr).
- 2. to take a subset of columns in the existing data: select
- 3. to rename columns: rename
- 4. to take a subset of *rows* by some simple conditions: slice\_
- 5. to take a subset of *rows* by some more complicated conditions: filter
- 6. to sort the rows based on the value of one or multiple columns: arrange
- 7. to perform (4) (5) (6) group by group: group\_by, ungroup
- 8. to create new columns in the data: group by, mutate, ungroup
- 9. to summarize the data: group\_by, summarise, ungroup

#### Outline of In-Class Demo

To demonstrate the above functionality, we will use real-world political data from V-Dem. Specifically, we will use the above function to explore the state of global economic development from 1984 to 2022. Our effort will take the following step (with one-on-one mappings with the above tools).

- 1. Read a part of pre-processed V-Dem data into R: 1984-2022 "external" data in the V-Dem dataset.
- 2. Consulting the dataset's codebook and take a **subset** of indicators of *economic development* (along with country-year identifiers).
  - See a list of country-yer identifiers on p. 5 of the codebook (under "1.7 Identifier Variables in the V-Dem Datasets").
  - See a list of development indicators on p. 23 of the codebook (under "9. Background Factors").
- 3. Rename the column to name their names informative to readers.
- 4. Find the country-year with the *highest* and *lowest* level of economic development. In addition, create a dataset containing a random sample of country-year in the dataset.
- 5. Create a dataset focusing on the economic development of Asian countries and regions; Create a dataset that contains only countries/ regions whose development level pass certain threshold.
- 6. Create a dataset whose rows are sorted by the development level of country-year.
- 7. Create a dataset that contains the year of the higest development level for each country/ region respectively.
- 8. Add the following economic indicators to the data:
  - 1. Country-year development level with reference to that of 1984.
  - 2. Year-on-year economic growth.

- 9. Perform a data availability/ integrity check. Then aggregate the data into a new country-level dataset which contains the following indicators:
  - 1. Average development level from 1984 to 2022.
  - 2. Magnitude of growth from 1984 to 2022.

#### In-Class Exercise

The quality of education has a decisive effect on a country's future development. Applying the data wrangling tools we introduce in this lecture, perform the following task:

- 1. Coodbook lookup. Look up the codebook, answer the following questions:
  - 1. What indicators regarding the quality of education are available in the V-Dem datasets?
  - 2. What are the data's coverage (i.e., for which countries and years do we have data?)
  - 3. What are their sources? Provide the link to least 1 source.

#### 2. Subset by columns

- 1. Create a dataset containing only the country-year identifiers and indicators of education quality.
- 2. Rename the columns of education quality to make them informative.

#### 3. Subset by rows

- 1. List 5 countries-years that have the highest education level among its population.
- 2. List 5 countries-years that suffer from the most severe inequality in education.

#### 4. Summarize the data

- 1. Check data availability: For which countries and years are the indicators of education quality available?
- 2. Create two types of country-level indicators of education quality
  - 1. Average level of education quality from 1984 to 2022
  - 2. Change of education quality from 1984 to 2022
- 3. Examine the data and *briefly* discuss: Which countries perform the best and the worst in terms of education quality in the past four decades?

Submission requirement: You will submit your outputs through Moodle. In your submission:

- 1. Attach a PDF document rendered by Rmarkdown
- 2. In the text field of your submission, include the link to the corresponding Rmarkdown file in your DaSPPA portfolio GitHub repo.

**Due:** October 6, 2023

Note: Please only use the functions we cover in this lecture for this exercise. There is <u>absolutely no need</u> to perform any data visualization for this exercise... We will get there in later lectures.

## Further reading

- R for Data Science (2e) Chapters 4, 5, 8: https://r4ds.hadley.nz/
- readr documentation (note: read the "cheatsheet"): https://readr.tidyverse.org/
- dplyr documentation (note: read the "cheatsheet"): https://dplyr.tidyverse.org/
- V-Dem documentation: https://v-dem.net/

#### Demo

#### 0. Load the tidyverse Packages

This section loads the packages we need in this lecture.

library(tidyverse)

#### 1. Import and Export the V-Dem Data

This section loads the VDEM dataset and describe its basic information

```
d <- read_csv("_DataPublic_/vdem/1984_2022/vdem_1984_2022_external.csv")

## Rows: 6789 Columns: 211

## -- Column specification -------

## Delimiter: ","

## chr (3): country_name, country_text_id, histname

## dbl (207): country_id, year, project, historical, codingstart, codingend, c...

## date (1): historical_date

##

## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.</pre>
```

#### 2. Select economic development indicators

We start by examining the dataset. name() is almost always the first function I apply to a dataset. It gives us the names of all the columns

## i Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

#### names(d)

```
##
     [1] "country_name"
                                        "country_text_id"
     [3] "country_id"
                                        "year"
##
##
     [5] "historical_date"
                                        "project"
##
     [7] "historical"
                                        "histname"
##
     [9] "codingstart"
                                        "codingend"
##
    [11] "codingstart_contemp"
                                        "codingend_contemp"
##
   [13] "codingstart_hist"
                                        "codingend_hist"
##
   [15] "gapstart1"
                                        "gapstart2"
   [17] "gapstart3"
                                        "gapend1"
##
##
    [19] "gapend2"
                                        "gapend3"
                                        "COWcode"
##
   [21] "gap_index"
##
   [23] "e_v2x_api_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_api_4C"
   [25] "e v2x api 5C"
                                        "e v2x civlib 3C"
##
    [27] "e v2x civlib 4C"
                                        "e v2x civlib 5C"
##
                                        "e_v2x_clphy_4C"
##
   [29] "e_v2x_clphy_3C"
   [31] "e_v2x_clphy_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_clpol_3C"
##
   [33] "e_v2x_clpol_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_clpol_5C"
##
    [35] "e_v2x_clpriv_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_clpriv_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_corr_3C"
   [37] "e_v2x_clpriv_5C"
##
##
   [39] "e_v2x_corr_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_corr_5C"
    [41] "e_v2x_cspart_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_cspart_4C"
##
##
    [43] "e_v2x_cspart_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_delibdem_3C"
##
   [45] "e_v2x_delibdem_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_delibdem_5C"
   [47] "e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_4C"
##
    [49] "e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_5C"
##
                                        "e v2x egal 3C"
   [51] "e_v2x_egal_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_egal_5C"
##
##
   [53] "e v2x egaldem 3C"
                                        "e_v2x_egaldem_4C"
##
   [55] "e_v2x_egaldem_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_elecoff_3C"
    [57] "e_v2x_elecoff_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_elecoff_5C"
##
  [59] "e_v2x_execorr_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_execorr_4C"
##
   [61] "e v2x execorr 5C"
                                        "e v2x feduni 3C"
   [63] "e_v2x_feduni_4C"
                                        "e v2x feduni 5C"
##
   [65] "e_v2x_frassoc_thick_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_frassoc_thick_4C"
```

```
[67] "e_v2x_frassoc_thick_5C"
                                        "e v2x freexp 3C"
##
    [69] "e_v2x_freexp_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_freexp_5C"
    [71] "e_v2x_freexp_altinf_3C"
                                        "e v2x freexp altinf 4C"
   [73] "e_v2x_freexp_altinf_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_gencl_3C"
##
##
    [75] "e_v2x_gencl_4C"
                                        "e v2x gencl 5C"
##
    [77] "e_v2x_gencs_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_gencs_4C"
   [79] "e_v2x_gencs_5C"
                                        "e v2x gender 3C"
    [81] "e_v2x_gender_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_gender_5C"
##
    [83] "e_v2x_genpp_3C"
##
                                        "e_v2x_genpp_4C"
##
   [85] "e_v2x_genpp_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_jucon_3C"
   [87] "e_v2x_jucon_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_jucon_5C"
   [89] "e_v2x_libdem_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_libdem_4C"
##
##
   [91] "e_v2x_libdem_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_liberal_3C"
  [93] "e_v2x_liberal_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_liberal_5C"
##
## [95] "e_v2x_mpi_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_mpi_4C"
##
   [97] "e_v2x_mpi_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_partip_3C"
##
  [99] "e_v2x_partip_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_partip_5C"
## [101] "e_v2x_partipdem_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_partipdem_4C"
## [103] "e_v2x_partipdem_5C"
                                        "e_v2x_polyarchy_3C"
## [105] "e v2x polyarchy 4C"
                                        "e v2x polyarchy 5C"
## [107] "e_v2x_pubcorr_3C"
                                        "e_v2x_pubcorr_4C"
## [109] "e_v2x_pubcorr_5C"
                                        "e v2x suffr 3C"
## [111] "e_v2x_suffr_4C"
                                        "e_v2x_suffr_5C"
## [113] "e v2xcl rol 3C"
                                        "e v2xcl rol 4C"
## [115] "e_v2xcl_rol_5C"
                                        "e v2xcs ccsi 3C"
## [117] "e_v2xcs_ccsi_4C"
                                        "e_v2xcs_ccsi_5C"
## [119] "e_v2xdd_dd_3C"
                                        "e_v2xdd_dd_4C"
## [121] "e_v2xdd_dd_5C"
                                        "e_v2xdl_delib_3C"
                                        "e_v2xdl_delib_5C"
## [123] "e_v2xdl_delib_4C"
## [125] "e_v2xeg_eqdr_3C"
                                        "e_v2xeg_eqdr_4C"
## [127] "e_v2xeg_eqdr_5C"
                                        "e_v2xeg_eqprotec_3C"
## [129] "e_v2xeg_eqprotec_4C"
                                        "e_v2xeg_eqprotec_5C"
                                        "e_v2xel_frefair_4C"
## [131] "e_v2xel_frefair_3C"
## [133] "e_v2xel_frefair_5C"
                                        "e_v2xel_locelec_3C"
## [135] "e_v2xel_locelec_4C"
                                        "e v2xel locelec 5C"
## [137] "e_v2xel_regelec_3C"
                                        "e_v2xel_regelec_4C"
## [139] "e v2xel regelec 5C"
                                        "e v2xlg legcon 3C"
## [141] "e_v2xlg_legcon_4C"
                                        "e_v2xlg_legcon_5C"
## [143] "e_v2xme_altinf_3C"
                                        "e_v2xme_altinf_4C"
## [145] "e_v2xme_altinf_5C"
                                        "e_v2xps_party_3C"
## [147] "e_v2xps_party_4C"
                                        "e v2xps party 5C"
## [149] "e_boix_regime"
                                        "e_democracy_breakdowns"
## [151] "e_democracy_omitteddata"
                                        "e_democracy_trans"
## [153] "e_fh_cl"
                                        "e_fh_pr"
## [155] "e_fh_rol"
                                        "e_fh_status"
## [157] "e_wbgi_cce"
                                        "e_wbgi_gee"
## [159] "e_wbgi_pve"
                                        "e_wbgi_rle"
                                        "e_wbgi_vae"
## [161] "e_wbgi_rqe"
## [163] "e_lexical_index"
                                        "e_uds_median"
## [165] "e_uds_mean"
                                        "e_uds_pct025"
## [167] "e_uds_pct975"
                                        "e_coups"
## [169] "e_legparty"
                                        "e_autoc"
## [171] "e_democ"
                                        "e_p_polity"
## [173] "e_polcomp"
                                        "e_polity2"
```

```
## [175] "e_bnr_dem"
                                        "e_chga_demo"
## [177] "e_ti_cpi"
                                        "e_vanhanen"
## [179] "e_peaveduc"
                                        "e_peedgini"
## [181] "e_area"
                                        "e_regiongeo"
## [183] "e_regionpol"
                                        "e_regionpol_6C"
## [185] "e_cow_exports"
                                        "e_cow_imports"
## [187] "e_gdp"
                                        "e_gdp_sd"
## [189] "e_gdppc"
                                        "e_gdppc_sd"
## [191] "e_miinflat"
                                        "e_pop"
## [193] "e_pop_sd"
                                        "e_total_fuel_income_pc"
## [195] "e_total_oil_income_pc"
                                        "e_total_resources_income_pc"
## [197] "e_radio_n"
                                        "e_miferrat"
## [199] "e_mipopula"
                                        "e_miurbani"
## [201] "e_miurbpop"
                                        "e_pefeliex"
## [203] "e_peinfmor"
                                        "e_pelifeex"
## [205] "e_pematmor"
                                        "e_wb_pop"
## [207] "e_civil_war"
                                        "e_miinteco"
## [209] "e_miinterc"
                                        "e_pt_coup"
## [211] "e_pt_coup_attempts"
```

We may use some alternative functions that provides information about the dataset. The str() provides not only variable names, but also their data types and a few example data points.

#### str(d)

```
## spc_tbl_ [6,789 x 211] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
                            : chr [1:6789] "Mexico" "Mexico" "Mexico" "Mexico" ...
## $ country_name
##
   $ country_text_id
                            : chr [1:6789] "MEX" "MEX" "MEX" "MEX" ...
## $ country_id
                           : num [1:6789] 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
                           : num [1:6789] 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 ...
## $ year
## $ historical_date
                           : Date[1:6789], format: "1984-12-31" "1985-12-31" ...
## $ project
                           : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ historical
                           : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ histname
                           : chr [1:6789] "United Mexican States" "United Mexican States" "United
## $ codingstart
                           : num [1:6789] 1789 1789 1789 1789 ...
##
                           : num [1:6789] 2022 2022 2022 2022 ...
   $ codingend
## $ codingstart_contemp
                           : num [1:6789] 2022 2022 2022 2022 ...
## $ codingend_contemp
##
   $ codingstart_hist
                            : num [1:6789] 1789 1789 1789 1789 ...
                           ## $ codingend_hist
## $ gapstart1
                            : num [1:6789] NA ...
                            : num [1:6789] NA ...
## $ gapstart2
## $ gapstart3
                            : num [1:6789] NA ...
## $ gapend1
                           : num [1:6789] NA ...
                           : num [1:6789] NA ...
## $ gapend2
                           : num [1:6789] NA ...
## $ gapend3
                           : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ gap_index
## $ COWcode
                           : num [1:6789] 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 ...
## $ e_v2x_api_3C
                           : num [1:6789] NA NA NA NA O.5 O.5 O.5 O.5 O.5 O.5 ...
                            : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_api_4C
## $ e_v2x_api_5C
                            ## $ e_v2x_civlib_3C
                           : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                           : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_civlib_4C
## $ e_v2x_civlib_5C
                           ## $ e_v2x_clphy_3C
                            : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1 1 1 ...
```

```
: num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_clphy_4C
## $ e_v2x_clphy_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
                         : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_clpol_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_clpol_4C
                          ## $ e_v2x_clpol_5C
## $ e_v2x_clpriv_3C
                         : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                         : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 1
## $ e_v2x_clpriv_4C
                          ## $ e_v2x_clpriv_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
   $ e_v2x_corr_3C
## $ e_v2x_corr_4C
                         : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_corr_5C
                         : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
##
   $ e_v2x_cspart_3C
                         : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333
## $ e_v2x_cspart_4C
## $ e_v2x_cspart_5C
                         ## $ e_v2x_delibdem_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
##
   $ e_v2x_delibdem_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 ...
## $ e_v2x_delibdem_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 ...
## $ e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0.333 0.333 0.667 0.667 0.667 ...
## $ e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_4C
## $ e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
## $ e_v2x_egal_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
## $ e_v2x_egal_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0
## $ e_v2x_egal_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ e_v2x_egaldem_3C
## $ e_v2x_egaldem_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ e_v2x_egaldem_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.25 0.25 0.25 ...
## $ e_v2x_elecoff_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_elecoff_4C
## $ e_v2x_elecoff_5C
                         : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_execorr_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_execorr_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_execorr_5C
                          ## $ e_v2x_feduni_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_feduni_4C
## $ e v2x feduni 5C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_frassoc_thick_3C : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e v2x frassoc thick 4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_frassoc_thick_5C
                          ## $ e_v2x_freexp_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_freexp_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
                          ## $ e_v2x_freexp_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_freexp_altinf_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_freexp_altinf_4C
## $ e_v2x_freexp_altinf_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_gencl_3C
## $ e_v2x_gencl_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
                          : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
## $ e_v2x_gencl_5C
## $ e_v2x_gencs_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1 ...
## $ e_v2x_gencs_4C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333
## $ e_v2x_gencs_5C
                          : num [1:6789] 0.25 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
## $ e_v2x_gender_3C
                         : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                         : num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
## $ e_v2x_gender_4C
## $ e_v2x_gender_5C
                         ## $ e_v2x_genpp_3C
                          : num [1:6789] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
: num [1:6789] 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0.667 0
   $ e_v2x_genpp_4C
## $ e_v2x_genpp_5C
                              : num [1:6789] 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
                              ## $ e_v2x_jucon_3C
                              : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333
## $ e_v2x_jucon_4C
##
   $ e_v2x_jucon_5C
                              ## $ e_v2x_libdem_3C
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ e_v2x_libdem_4C
##
   $ e_v2x_libdem_5C
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.25 0.25 0.25 ...
##
   $ e_v2x_liberal_3C
                              ## $ e_v2x_liberal_4C
                              : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333
## $ e_v2x_liberal_5C
                              ##
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
   $ e_v2x_mpi_3C
##
   $ e_v2x_mpi_4C
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ e_v2x_mpi_5C
                              : num [1:6789] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.25 ...
## $ e_v2x_partip_3C
                              : num [1:6789] 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
##
   $ e_v2x_partip_4C
                              : num [1:6789] 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333 0.333
##
    [list output truncated]
##
   - attr(*, "spec")=
##
    .. cols(
##
         country_name = col_character(),
##
         country_text_id = col_character(),
##
        country_id = col_double(),
    . .
##
        year = col_double(),
        historical_date = col_date(format = ""),
##
    . .
##
        project = col_double(),
##
        historical = col_double(),
##
        histname = col_character(),
##
        codingstart = col_double(),
    . .
##
        codingend = col_double(),
##
        codingstart_contemp = col_double(),
##
    . .
        codingend_contemp = col_double(),
##
        codingstart_hist = col_double(),
    . .
##
        codingend_hist = col_double(),
##
         gapstart1 = col_double(),
##
         gapstart2 = col_double(),
    . .
##
        gapstart3 = col_double(),
    . .
##
        gapend1 = col_double(),
    . .
##
        gapend2 = col_double(),
##
         gapend3 = col_double(),
    . .
##
         gap_index = col_double(),
##
        COWcode = col_double(),
    . .
##
         e_v2x_api_3C = col_double(),
##
        e_v2x_api_4C = col_double(),
    . .
##
        e_v2x_api_5C = col_double(),
##
        e_v2x_civlib_3C = col_double(),
##
         e_v2x_civlib_4C = col_double(),
    . .
##
        e_v2x_civlib_5C = col_double(),
##
         e_v2x_clphy_3C = col_double(),
##
         e_v2x_clphy_4C = col_double(),
##
        e_v2x_clphy_5C = col_double(),
##
        e_v2x_clpol_3C = col_double(),
    . .
##
    .. e_v2x_clpol_4C = col_double(),
##
    .. e_v2x_clpol_5C = col_double(),
##
        e_v2x_clpriv_3C = col_double(),
```

```
##
          e v2x clpriv 4C = col double(),
##
          e_v2x_clpriv_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x corr 3C = col double(),
          e_v2x_corr_4C = col_double(),
##
##
          e_v2x_corr_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x cspart 3C = col double(),
##
          e v2x cspart 4C = col double(),
     . .
          e_v2x_cspart_5C = col_double(),
##
##
          e_v2x_delibdem_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_delibdem_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_delibdem_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_EDcomp_thick_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_egal_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_egal_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_egal_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x egaldem 3C = col double(),
##
          e_v2x_egaldem_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
          e_v2x_egaldem_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_elecoff_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_elecoff_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_elecoff_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_execorr_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e v2x execorr 4C = col double(),
          e_v2x_execorr_5C = col_double(),
##
##
          e_v2x_feduni_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_feduni_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_feduni_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_frassoc_thick_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_frassoc_thick_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_frassoc_thick_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_freexp_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_freexp_4C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x freexp 5C = col double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_freexp_altinf_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e v2x freexp altinf 4C = col double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_freexp_altinf_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_gencl_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_gencl_4C = col_double(),
          e_v2x_gencl_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_gencs_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_gencs_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e_v2x_gencs_5C = col_double(),
          e_v2x_gender_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_gender_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e_v2x_gender_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_genpp_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_genpp_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_genpp_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_jucon_3C = col_double(),
##
     . .
          e_v2x_jucon_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_jucon_5C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e v2x libdem 3C = col double(),
```

```
##
          e v2x libdem 4C = col double(),
##
          e_v2x_libdem_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x liberal 3C = col double(),
          e_v2x_liberal_4C = col_double(),
##
##
          e_v2x_liberal_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x mpi 3C = col double(),
##
          e v2x mpi 4C = col double(),
##
          e_v2x_mpi_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_partip_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_partip_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_partip_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_partipdem_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_partipdem_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_partipdem_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_polyarchy_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_polyarchy_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_polyarchy_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2x pubcorr 3C = col double(),
##
          e_v2x_pubcorr_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
          e_v2x_pubcorr_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_suffr_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2x_suffr_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2x_suffr_5C = col_double(),
          e_v2xcl_rol_3C = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e v2xcl rol 4C = col double(),
##
          e_v2xcl_rol_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xcs_ccsi_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xcs_ccsi_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xcs_ccsi_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xdd_dd_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xdd_dd_4C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2xdd_dd_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xdl_delib_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xdl_delib_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xdl_delib_5C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2xeg_eqdr_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e v2xeg eqdr 4C = col double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2xeg_eqdr_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xeg_eqprotec_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2xeg_eqprotec_4C = col_double(),
##
          e v2xeg eqprotec 5C = col double(),
##
          e v2xel frefair 3C = col double(),
          e_v2xel_frefair_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e_v2xel_frefair_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xel_locelec_3C = col_double(),
          e_v2xel_locelec_4C = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e_v2xel_locelec_5C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_v2xel_regelec_3C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xel_regelec_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xel_regelec_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xlg_legcon_3C = col_double(),
     . .
##
     . .
          e_v2xlg_legcon_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xlg_legcon_5C = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e v2xme altinf 3C = col double(),
```

```
##
          e v2xme altinf 4C = col double(),
##
          e_v2xme_altinf_5C = col_double(),
##
          e v2xps party 3C = col double(),
##
          e_v2xps_party_4C = col_double(),
##
          e_v2xps_party_5C = col_double(),
##
          e_boix_regime = col_double(),
##
          e democracy breakdowns = col double(),
     . .
          e_democracy_omitteddata = col_double(),
##
##
          e_democracy_trans = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_fh_cl = col_double(),
          e_fh_pr = col_double(),
##
##
          e_fh_rol = col_double(),
##
          e_fh_status = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_wbgi_cce = col_double(),
##
          e_wbgi_gee = col_double(),
##
          e_wbgi_pve = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_wbgi_rle = col_double(),
##
          e_wbgi_rqe = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_wbgi_vae = col_double(),
##
     . .
          e_lexical_index = col_double(),
##
          e_uds_median = col_double(),
##
          e_uds_mean = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_uds_pct025 = col_double(),
          e_uds_pct975 = col_double(),
##
     . .
##
          e_coups = col_double(),
##
          e_legparty = col_double(),
##
          e_autoc = col_double(),
##
          e_democ = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_p_polity = col_double(),
##
          e_polcomp = col_double(),
     . .
##
     . .
          e_polity2 = col_double(),
##
          e_bnr_dem = col_double(),
##
          e_chga_demo = col_double(),
##
          e_ti_cpi = col_double(),
##
          e_vanhanen = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_peaveduc = col_double(),
     . .
##
     . .
          e peedgini = col double(),
##
          e_area = col_double(),
##
          e_regiongeo = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_regionpol = col_double(),
##
          e regionpol 6C = col double(),
          e_cow_exports = col_double(),
##
##
          e_cow_imports = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_gdp = col_double(),
##
          e_gdp_sd = col_double(),
##
          e_gdppc = col_double(),
##
          e_gdppc_sd = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_miinflat = col_double(),
##
          e_pop = col_double(),
##
          e_pop_sd = col_double(),
##
          e_total_fuel_income_pc = col_double(),
     . .
##
     . .
          e total oil income pc = col double(),
##
          e_total_resources_income_pc = col_double(),
     . .
##
          e_radio_n = col_double(),
```

```
##
          e_miferrat = col_double(),
##
          e_mipopula = col_double(),
##
          e_miurbani = col_double(),
          e_miurbpop = col_double(),
##
##
          e_pefeliex = col_double(),
##
          e_peinfmor = col_double(),
##
          e_pelifeex = col_double(),
          e_pematmor = col_double(),
##
          e_wb_pop = col_double(),
##
##
          e_civil_war = col_double(),
##
          e_miinteco = col_double(),
##
          e_miinterc = col_double(),
##
          e_pt_coup = col_double(),
##
          e_pt_coup_attempts = col_double()
##
     ..)
    - attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>
identify the distinct levels of identifiers
```

Usually, the second step of my data inquiry is having an overview of the *identifiers* of data points. In our case, the identifiers are country names, country IDs, and years. Using the distinct() function can effectively

```
d |> select(country_name, country_id, year) |> distinct()
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 3
##
      country_name country_id year
##
      <chr>
                        <dbl> <dbl>
##
   1 Mexico
                            3 1984
##
   2 Mexico
                            3 1985
  3 Mexico
                            3 1986
                            3 1987
##
  4 Mexico
##
   5 Mexico
                            3 1988
##
  6 Mexico
                            3 1989
                            3 1990
##
   7 Mexico
   8 Mexico
                            3 1991
##
##
   9 Mexico
                            3
                              1992
## 10 Mexico
                            3
                              1993
## # i 6,779 more rows
# Which countries are in this dataset
d |> select(country_name) |> distinct()
## # A tibble: 181 x 1
##
      country_name
##
      <chr>
##
   1 Mexico
##
   2 Suriname
##
   3 Sweden
  4 Switzerland
##
   5 Ghana
##
   6 South Africa
##
   7 Japan
##
   8 Burma/Myanmar
   9 Russia
## 10 Albania
## # i 171 more rows
```

```
d |> select(year) |> distinct()
## # A tibble: 39 x 1
##
      year
##
     <dbl>
## 1 1984
## 2 1985
## 3 1986
## 4 1987
## 5 1988
##
  6 1989
## 7 1990
## 8 1991
## 9 1992
## 10 1993
## # i 29 more rows
Select both the country identifiers, GDP, and GDP per capita.
d_gdp <- d |>
 select(country_name, country_id, year, e_gdp, e_gdppc)
d_gdp
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 5
##
     country_name country_id year e_gdp e_gdppc
     <chr>
             <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Mexico
                         3 1984 93563.
                                           11.7
## 2 Mexico
                         3 1985 94259.
                                           11.5
## 3 Mexico
                         3 1986 92750.
                                          11.1
## 4 Mexico
                         3 1987 93220.
                                          10.9
                         3 1988 94687.
## 5 Mexico
                                          10.8
## 6 Mexico
                         3 1989 98145.
                                         11.0
## 7 Mexico
                         3 1990 103254.
                                          11.4
## 8 Mexico
                         3 1991 107374.
                                          11.6
## 9 Mexico
                         3 1992 111533.
                                           11.9
                         3 1993 114611.
## 10 Mexico
                                           12.0
## # i 6,779 more rows
3. Rename Columns to Make Names Informative
d_gdp <- d_gdp |>
 rename("GDP" = "e_gdp", "GDP_per_capita" = "e_gdppc",
        "Country" = "country_name", "ID" = "country_id",
        "Year" = "year")
d_gdp
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 5
     Country ID Year
                          GDP GDP_per_capita
##
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
                         <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
## 1 Mexico 3 1984 93563.
                                        11.7
             3 1985 94259.
## 2 Mexico
                                        11.5
              3 1986 92750.
## 3 Mexico
                                        11.1
            3 1987 93220.
## 4 Mexico
                                        10.9
```

```
5 Mexico
                  3 1988 94687.
                                              10.8
##
                      1989
                           98145.
                                              11.0
    6 Mexico
                  3
##
   7 Mexico
                  3
                      1990 103254.
                                              11.4
                     1991 107374.
##
                  3
                                              11.6
   8 Mexico
   9 Mexico
                  3
                      1992 111533.
                                              11.9
                  3
                      1993 114611.
                                              12.0
## 10 Mexico
## # i 6,779 more rows
```

## 4. Subset Rows of the Data Using slice\_

The set of slice\_ functions will become handy when you want to take a subset of rows based on some simple rules

If you would like to get 10 obervations (countries-years) with the maximum GDP, use slice\_max:

```
# Want countries-years with highest GDP
d_gdp |>
slice_max(order_by = GDP, n = 10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##
      Country
                                   ID Year
                                                  GDP GDP_per_capita
##
      <chr>>
                                <dbl> <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
##
    1 China
                                  110
                                       2019 2279809.
                                                                 15.4
##
    2 China
                                       2018 2205730.
                                                                 14.9
                                  110
##
   3 China
                                  110
                                       2017 2136176.
                                                                 14.5
##
   4 United States of America
                                   20
                                       2019 2118706.
                                                                 60.6
##
   5 United States of America
                                   20
                                       2018 2077898.
                                                                 59.6
##
   6 China
                                  110 2016 2039529.
                                                                 13.9
   7 United States of America
##
                                   20
                                       2017 2023242.
                                                                 58.5
    8 United States of America
                                   20
                                       2016 1980809.
                                                                 57.6
##
  9 China
                                  110
                                       2015 1953127.
                                                                 13.3
## 10 United States of America
                                   20
                                       2015 1942092.
                                                                 56.7
```

Similiarily, if you want a subset of countries-years with mimnimal GDP, use slice\_min:

```
# Get countries-years with the lowest GDP
d_gdp |> slice_min(order_by = GDP, n = 10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##
      Country
                                            GDP GDP_per_capita
                                ID Year
##
      <chr>
                             <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
##
    1 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1988
                                           24.0
                                                           2.04
   2 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1987
                                           24.0
                                                           2.08
##
   3 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1986
                                           24.4
                                                           2.17
##
   4 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1984
                                           24.7
                                                           2.29
##
   5 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1985
                                           24.9
                                                          2.26
   6 Sao Tome and Principe
                                    1989
                                           25.0
                                                          2.06
                               196
                                                          2.03
   7 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1990
                                           25.2
    8 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1992
                                           25.2
                                                           1.95
                                           25.3
                                                           1.99
   9 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1991
## 10 Sao Tome and Principe
                               196
                                    1993
                                           25.5
                                                           1.93
```

Finally, if you wish to take a random sample of observations in the data, use slice\_sample. Note that you may tell R the exact sample size you want:

```
set.seed(52)
d_gdp |> slice_sample(n = 10) # Sample 10 observations
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##
                                      GDP GDP_per_capita
      Country
                      ID
                          Year
                   <dbl> <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
##
      <chr>
                                                    <dbl>
                           1988
                                     76.5
                                                     2.18
##
    1 Cape Verde
                      70
##
    2 Oman
                     187
                           1991
                                   2955.
                                                    14.7
    3 Romania
                     190
                           2010
                                 30202.
                                                    14.0
##
    4 South Korea
                           2001 124701.
##
                      42
                                                    24.6
##
    5 Mozambique
                      57
                           2012
                                   3589.
                                                     1.41
##
    6 Bulgaria
                      152
                           1992
                                   8739.
                                                     9.53
                           2001
##
    7 Morocco
                      90
                                 15549.
                                                     5.03
    8 Vietnam
                       34
                           1990
                                  10537.
                                                     1.47
                           1985
##
    9 Canada
                      66
                                  83713.
                                                    30.4
## 10 Serbia
                      198
                           1987
                                 17430.
                                                     7.64
```

Or you may define the sample size as a poroportion of the original data size:

```
set.seed(52)
d_gdp |> slice_sample(prop = 0.1)
```

```
## # A tibble: 678 x 5
##
      Country
                       ID
                           Year
                                      GDP GDP_per_capita
                   <dbl> <dbl>
##
      <chr>
                                    <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
##
    1 Cape Verde
                      70
                           1988
                                     76.5
                                                     2.18
##
                           1991
    2 Oman
                     187
                                   2955
                                                    14.7
##
    3 Romania
                     190
                           2010
                                  30202.
                                                    14.0
##
    4 South Korea
                      42
                           2001 124701.
                                                    24.6
    5 Mozambique
                      57
                           2012
                                   3589.
##
                                                     1.41
    6 Bulgaria
                           1992
                                                     9.53
##
                      152
                                   8739.
                           2001
                                                     5.03
    7 Morocco
                      90
                                 15549.
    8 Vietnam
                      34
                           1990
                                 10537.
                                                     1.47
##
##
    9 Canada
                       66
                           1985
                                  83713.
                                                    30.4
## 10 Serbia
                      198
                           1987
                                 17430.
                                                     7.64
## # i 668 more rows
```

The set.seed function specify a random seed with which the system uses to generate the "random sample." Long story short, "random" stuff generated by a machine are never really random. Instead, the random outputs (in our case, a random subset of the data) are results of the computer input some "random seed" to some complicated formula. When you define a random seed, you can guarantee that you obtain the same random sample every time you run the program – this makes your data science research reproducible. As we have discussed, reproducibility is a desired feature of a data science project. So I would strongly recommend setting a random seed every time.

## 5. Subset Rows of the Data Using filter

For example, we may take the observations whose Year variable ranges from 2000 to 2005.

```
# Want: 2000-2005 data
d_gdp |> filter(Year >= 2000 & Year <= 2005)</pre>
```

```
##
  # A tibble: 1,062 x 5
##
                   ID
                       Year
      Country
                                 GDP GDP_per_capita
      <chr>
                <dbl> <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
##
##
    1 Mexico
                    3
                       2000 145206.
                                               13.7
    2 Mexico
                    3
                       2001 146993.
                                               13.6
##
    3 Mexico
                    3
                       2002 148549.
                                               13.6
##
##
    4 Mexico
                    3
                       2003 151035.
                                               13.7
                       2004 156578.
    5 Mexico
                                               14.1
```

```
6 Mexico
                       2005 162094.
                                               14.3
##
                    4
                       2000
                                                7.67
    7 Suriname
                                383.
                                                7.93
    8 Suriname
                    4
                       2001
                                402.
    9 Suriname
                       2002
                                423.
                                                8.25
                    4
## 10 Suriname
                    4
                       2003
                                451.
                                                8.67
## # i 1,052 more rows
```

We may subset observations whose Country variable, a character variable, equals to the text "China".

```
d_gdp |> filter(Country == "China")
```

```
## # A tibble: 39 x 5
##
      Country
                  ID
                      Year
                                GDP GDP_per_capita
##
      <chr>
               <dbl> <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
##
    1 China
                 110
                      1984 243976.
                                               2.21
##
    2 China
                 110
                      1985 265805.
                                               2.36
                                               2.50
##
    3 China
                 110
                      1986 285707.
                      1987 308227.
##
    4 China
                                               2.65
                 110
##
    5 China
                 110
                      1988 322596.
                                               2.73
##
                                               2.74
    6 China
                 110
                      1989 327739.
    7 China
                 110
                      1990 315683.
                                               2.63
                                               2.71
##
    8 China
                      1991 329836.
                 110
    9 China
                      1992 359817.
                                               2.90
                 110
                      1993 393449.
## 10 China
                 110
                                               3.15
## # i 29 more rows
```

We may also stack multiple filter functions. For example, you may do the following if you want to look at a subset of the data whose Year ranges from 2000 to 2005 and Country equals to "China":

```
# Want: 2000 - 2005 from China
d_gdp |>
  filter(Year >= 2000 & Year <= 2005) |>
  filter(Country == "China")
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
```

```
##
                 ID Year
                               GDP GDP_per_capita
     Country
              <dbl> <dbl>
##
     <chr>>
                             <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
## 1 China
                110
                     2000 633740.
                                              4.74
                                              5.05
## 2 China
                     2001 682141.
                110
## 3 China
                     2002 738393.
                                              5.43
                110
## 4 China
                     2003 798702.
                                              5.83
                110
## 5 China
                110
                     2004 871314.
                                              6.31
## 6 China
                110
                     2005 956102.
                                              6.89
```

## 6. Sort the Data based on Values of Rows using arrange

Now we will try to sort the dataset d\_gdp by the value of GDP per capita using the arrange. We may have country-year with small values of GDP\_per\_capita appearing first and those with larger values of GDP\_per\_capita coming after them.

```
# Want: sort the row by GDP per capita
d_gdp |> arrange(GDP_per_capita)
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 5
```

```
##
      Country
                                                  Year
                                                           GDP GDP_per_capita
##
      <chr>
                                                         <dbl>
                                           <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                          <dbl>
    1 Liberia
                                              86
                                                  1995
                                                          62.3
                                                                          0.286
##
    2 Liberia
                                              86
                                                  1994
                                                          65.5
                                                                          0.307
```

```
## 3 Liberia
                                             1996
                                                     70.6
                                                                   0.309
                                          86
                                                     81.5
## 4 Liberia
                                          86
                                              1993
                                                                   0.383
## 5 Liberia
                                          86
                                              1997 107.
                                                                   0.429
## 6 Liberia
                                              1992
                                                    113.
                                          86
                                                                   0.53
   7 Democratic Republic of the Congo
                                         111
                                              2002 2966.
                                                                   0.538
## 8 Democratic Republic of the Congo
                                              2001 2890.
                                                                   0.54
                                         111
## 9 Liberia
                                          86
                                              1998 147.
                                                                   0.543
## 10 Democratic Republic of the Congo
                                         111 2003 3141.
                                                                   0.552
## # i 6,779 more rows
```

Want the countries-years with larger values of GDP\_per\_capita appear first? Simply reverse the value using -GDP\_per\_capita. Alternatively, you may replace desc(GDP\_per\_capita).

## d\_gdp |> arrange(-GDP\_per\_capita)

```
## # A tibble: 6,789 x 5
##
     Country
                              ID Year
                                          GDP GDP_per_capita
##
      <chr>
                           <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
   1 United Arab Emirates
                                  1984 16817.
                                                       115.
##
                             207
                                  1985 15946.
##
   2 United Arab Emirates
                             207
                                                       103.
  3 Qatar
                              94 2012 23055.
                                                       101.
## 4 Qatar
                              94 2011 21273.
                                                       100.
## 5 Qatar
                              94 2013 24074.
                                                        98.9
## 6 United Arab Emirates
                             207 1991 20567.
                                                        96.5
## 7 United Arab Emirates
                             207 1992 21506.
                                                        95.7
                             94 2014 24194.
## 8 Qatar
                                                        95.3
## 9 Qatar
                              94 2010 18107.
                                                        94.4
## 10 United Arab Emirates
                             207 2000 31871.
                                                        93.3
## # i 6,779 more rows
```